

diff-jfk: record 104-10182-10000 - Page 1 - (diff between 2025 and 2023)

Highlighted changes between 2025/104-10182-10000.pdf and 2023/104-10182-10000.pdf

MATERIAL REVIEWED AT C.I.A. HEADQUARTERS BY

**HOUSE SELECT COMMITTEE ON ASSASSINATIONS STAFF MEMBERS**

FILE NUMBER/VOLUME: WINSTON, HENRY

201-6887 Vol II - 1

**INCLUSIVE DATES:** 1966

**CUSTODIAL UNIT/LOCATION:**

BOOK

DELETIONS, IF ANY: Third Agency Documents

NO DOCUMENTS MAY BE COPIED OR REMOVED FROM THIS FILE

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Third Agency Docs Henry Winston 207-6887 Vol II

Third Agency Docs Henry Winston Vol II 201-6887

C-O-N-F-I-D-E-N-T-I-A-L  
When Filled In

1975

(date)

Review of 201 File on U.S. Citizen

In accordance with the DDO's notice of 9 December 1974,  
I have reviewed the 201 file on JOHN MCFARLANE (surname)  
(201 number indicated below), and have determined that it can  
most accurately be categorized as indicated below.

should be closed.

witling collaborator. OI Code A1.

potential witling collaborator; date opened \_\_\_\_\_  
OI Code A2.

former witling collaborator (relationship terminated).  
OI Code A3.

potential witling collaborator never contacted (security  
reasons, derogatory information). OI Code A4.

counterintelligence case (i.e., involving a foreign  
intelligence or security service). OI Code A5.

all others. OI Code A6.

Signed John H. Miller  
(name)

(title) Asst. Asst. Director  
(component)

This assignment of category has been entered into STAR.

Signed                     
(initials)                     
(date) 1975

This document is a permanent part of this file.

When Filled In  
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RJ IMPDET  
CL BY 054979

201-006282

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There is information on an individual  
who may be identical with the subject  
of this 201 in OPS/ITG. For details  
call extension 5020.

KEEP THIS NOTICE FILED ON TOP  
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S E C R E T

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WINSTON, HENRY  
201-CC6887 074-006-733705  
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MENTIONED IN DEBRIEFINGS OF SOVIET EMIGRES  
PDSCLE/1 AND PDSCLE/2.

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WINSTON, HENRY  
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RES USA. MENTIONED IN ANALYSIS OF STORY OF AN  
AMERICAN COMMUNIST BY JOHN GATES.

DATE 22 MAR 74

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277 U.S. 205 (1928) 27-1251-40-U.S.J.L.-711

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FRANCIS HENRY

## TO PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK

SUTCLIFFE/SUTCLIFFE

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Douglas J. B. C. de Putter

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SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS 01102-1000, IN MASSACHUSETTS 01102-1000.

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L-62254 PRAGUE TO ENGLISH AGENTS

PRADING, BOBOSTIC TELEVISION SERVICE INC., CLEVELAND 1600 J. 331-7324 724-6

(INTERVIEW GIVEN TO PRAGUE TELEVISION BY DR. JUDITH WINSTON, CONSULTANT, COAL-TEA)

OF THE U.S. COMMUNIST PARTY, ALLEGEDLY LINEAR AND VAPID, IS AN

MEMBER OF THE PRESIDENCE AND SECRETARY OF THE CONFIDENTIAL COMMITTEE

RECORDED IN POLISH WITH CZECH TRANSLATION SUPER

14-00000  
K  
OF THE U.S. PUBLICLING OF YOUR PARTY TO THE RECENT EVENTS

IN VIETNAM?

(C. ANTHONY) THE ATTITUDE OF THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES IS ONE OF HORROR AT THE GENOCIDAL POLICY BEING CONDUCTED BY THE NIXON ADMINISTRATION IN INDOCHINA. THE PEACE MOVEMENT IN THE UNITED STATES MIGHT IS A MOVEMENT OF THE MAJORITY. IT COMPRISSES SEVENTYSIX 7% PERCENT OF ALL THE PEOPLE IN THE UNITED STATES.

IT UNITES PEOPLE OF VARYING POLITICAL VIEWS; BLACK, WHITE, BROWN, YELLOW, RED, AND IT IS A PROGRAM FOR THEIR UNITY. IT LEADS THEM TO UNITY AROUND THE PROGRAM FOR ENDING THE WAR NOW IN VIETNAM, FOR THE COMPLETE WITHDRAWAL OF THE TROOPS, AND A PROGRAM WHICH GIVES AND CREATES THE CONDITIONS FOR THE VIETNAMESE PEOPLE TO HAVE THE RIGHT TO DETERMINE THEIR OWN FUTURE.

IMPERIALISM, arises from the economic crises at sea. IT WAS FOR THIS REASON THAT GUS HALL, SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES, WHO IS NOW THE POLITICAL DIRECTOR OF THE LEAGUE OF YOUNG WORKERS, AND ITS DEPUTY PRESIDENT, RENE WENTZ, TO HANOI AND SAIGON. THERE CAN FEEL THE CRIMINALITY OF THE WASHINGTON PIRATES, WHO BROKE SERIES AGAINST THEIR OWN AIR BASE, PLANES AND USED ALL KINDS OF CHEMICAL, CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES

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THREE THOUSAND VILLAGES DESTROYED BY BOMBING OF THE  
PLAINS OF U.S. MONARCHISTS, BY B-52 RPT 1-52 PLACES. THREE  
THOUSAND VILLAGES HAS THREE THOUSAND 3,000 LIVES. THESE  
BOMBS ARE BEING DROPPED BY THE U.S. MONARCHY SUBSIDIARIES,  
WHICH DIRECTS NINJA AGAINST THE PEOPLE OF VIETNAM.

(QUESTION) WOULD YOU TELL ME IN THIS CONTEXT WHAT IS THE  
RESPONSE TO THE SOVIET PEACE OFFENSIVE IN THE UNITED STATES?

(ANSWER) THE PEACE MAJORITY ABOUT THIS I SPOKE IN  
THE UNITED STATES REFLECTS ITSELF IN UPGRADING THE POSITIONS  
TAKEN BY THE PEOPLE IN EUROPE IN GENERAL ON THE BASIS OF THE  
SOVIET POSITION. THE POSITION OF THE PEOPLE IN EUROPE IS THE  
SOVIET INITIATIVE AND IT IS HOPING TO CREATE A ZONE WHERE  
WORLD HUMANITY WILL AGAIN BE FACED WITH THE DANGER OF  
NUCLEAR WAR. THAT IS WHY YOU FIND SUCH STRONG SUPPORT FOR  
THIS INITIATIVE TAKING PLACE IN A THOUGHTLESS FORM  
AND DEVELOPING FURTHER. THE AGREEMENT ON EUROPEAN SECURITY  
HOLDS A PROMINENT POSITION OF WHICH THE PEOPLES OF EUROPE ARE  
SUCH CAN UNITE AGAINST THE REACTIONISTS AND KERIMOVETS AND ONCE  
AND FOR ALL PREVENT A WAR, WHICH COULD ONLY PRODUCE HAVOC AND  
FOR MILLIONS OF LIVES DESTROYED AND BURNED BY THE NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

(QUESTION) THE CRISIS OF U.S. SOCIETY ALSO ENCLURES THE

DAVIS. IT IS GENERALLY KNOWN THAT CZECHOSLOVAKIA ALONE  
THE ENTIRE PROGRESSIVE PUBLIC, FULLY SUPPORTS T-15 WELL-KNOWN  
U.S. COMMUNIST. IN YOUR OPINION WHAT WILL BE THE FURTHER  
COURSE OF THE TRIAL?

(ANSWER) FIRST OF ALL I BRING GREETINGS FROM THE U.S.  
COMMUNIST PARTY, FROM THE COMMITTEE FOR THE DEFENSE OF ANGELA  
DAVIS AND FROM ANGELA DAVIS PERSONALLY. MOST CORDIAL GREETINGS  
AND THANKS TO THE CZECHOSLOVAK PEOPLE WHO SO COURAGEOUSLY AND  
SELFLESSLY STRUGGLE FOR THE FULL FREEDOM OF THE POLITICAL PRISONERS,  
PERSECUTED BY THE MONOPOLISTS AND RACISTS IN THE UNITED STATES.

(QUESTION) THANK YOU VERY MUCH.

(ANSWER) ANGELA DAVIS CASE IS A PERPETRATION OF THE REACTIONARY  
PROFASCIST POLICY WHICH IS ON GOING AGAINST THE COUNTRY  
AND IT IS PART AND PARCEL OF THE CAPTION OF EXTERMINATION  
AGAINST THE PEOPLE OF VIETNAM, AND IT IS PART AND PARCEL  
EXAMPLE OF THE POLICY THROUGH WHICH THE UNITED STATES SUPPORTS  
ALL POSSIBLE SORTS OF MILITARISTS AND REVENANTS IN WEST  
GERMANY AND THE APARTHEID GOVERNMENT IN SOUTH AFRICA. U.S.  
IMPERIALISM DOES NOT SUPPORT ANY PROGRESSIVE REGIME ANYWHERE  
IN THE WORLD. BUT IT SUPPORTS ALL REACTIONARY REGIMES EVERYWHERE  
BUT THAT IS WHAT IN TERMS OF DOMESTIC POLICY LEADS TO THE STAGGER

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SIR JACKIE DAVIS, WHEN REFERRED TO THE TALKS WITH THE UNITED STATES, STATED THAT THEY WERE GOING ON CONCERNING THE UNITED STATES.

IT BEGAN WITH AN ATTACK ON ALL BLACK PEOPLE IN THE UNITED STATES, THAT IS ANY THE NIXON ADMINISTRATION IS NOW TAKING STEPS TO PACK THE SUPREME COURT IN SUCH A WAY THAT IS BECOMES A NIXON COURT, WHOSE RULINGS WILL BE TO RIP OUT ALL THE PROGRESSIVE PEACEFUL LEGISLATION OF THE CONGRESS AND EVERY PROGRESSIVE DECISION OF THAT COURT, AND THAT IS WHY EFFORTS ARE BEING MADE TO PREPARE THE APPROVAL OF NEW LAWS AND REGULATIONS WHICH ARE AIMED AT CURING DEMOCRACY AND AT MAKING IT POSSIBLE NOT ONLY TO TRADE THE WAR BEYOND THE SEA BUT ALSO TO SUPPORT FORCES INSIDE THE UNITED STATES WHICH WOULD CRUSH THE BLACK LIBERATION MOVEMENT AND CRACK THE UNITY OF THE WORKING PEOPLE. 671807 CG/BROWN/HB

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CRUSA CHAIRMAN WINTON ENDS STAY IN CSSR

CRUSA CHAIRMAN WINTON ARRIVED IN PRAGUE MAY 16 1979

MAY 18

(CITED) PRAGUE MAY EIGHT - DETERA HENRY WINTON, CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES, LEFT PRAGUE AFTER A THREE-DAY VISIT.

He was seen off by foreign officials of the international affairs department of the communist party central committee.

WINTON AND THE EDITORIAL STAFF OF THE RED MARXIST REVIEW.

*King  
Wintor  
J. C. Weston*

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RECORDED STATEMENT - HE SAID THAT IN THE LAST SIX MONTHS  
CZECHOSLOVAKIA IS CLEAR TO HIM AS ANOTHER SOCIALIST MEANS  
IN PEACEFUL LIFE. HE STATED WITH GREAT SINCERITY OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA'S  
FRIENDSHIP WITH THE SOVIET UNION, AND SAID THAT THE UNITY OF  
THE SOCIALIST COUNTRIES, LED BY THE USSR, AND THEIR PEACE  
INITIATIVE ARE GUARANTEES THAT PEACE WILL BE PRESERVED IN THE  
WORLD.

HE ALSO THANKED THE PEOPLE OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA FOR THEIR  
SUPPORT OF ANGELA DAVIS, AND SAID THAT HIS IMPRESSIONS FROM  
CZECHOSLOVAKIA WILL BE AN INSPIRATION FOR HIS FUTURE WORK.

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II. 10 May 72

EAST GERMANY

The Czechoslovak guests were officially received on 5 May 1972 at Berlin-Schonefeld Airport by Erich Honecker, Party head of the German Democratic Republic, and other collaborators of the SED Central Committee, as well as by representatives of the CSSR Embassy in the GDR.

POLITBURO MEMBER AXEN RECEIVES SOVIET LEADERS

East Berlin NEUES DEUTSCHLAND in German 10 May 72 p2 A

BERLIN (ID) - On Thursday, Hermann Axen, Politburo member and SED Central Committee secretary, received the Minister Chairman of the CPUSA, who is currently in the GDR for a friendship visit. In the headquarters of the Central Committee. During the meeting, which was marked by a spirit of warmth and the close fraternal friendship between the two parties, the chairman of the fraternal U.S. party reported on the results of the eighth congress, the party's successes in the struggle for democracy, socialism and peace in the presidential elections in November 1972, on problems of the struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggression in Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia and on the struggle for the defense of Comrade Angela Davis.

Hermann Axen conveyed the greetings of Erich Honecker, First Secretary of the SED Central Committee, to Gus Hall, secretary general of the CPUSA, and to all U.S. communists, reassuring them of the continued fraternal solidarity of the SED and the GDR working people in their struggle for peace, democracy and social progress, for the defense of civil rights and the liberation of Comrade Angela Davis.

Hermann Axen extensively informed the U.S. workers leader about the implementation of the decisions of the Eighth SED Congress and the GDR's struggle for peace and security in Europe.

The talk once again confirmed the full agreement of the SED and the CPUSA on all basic questions of the struggle of the world communist movement and served the further deepening of the fraternal relations between the two parties.

At a very cordial meeting with representatives of the GDR Committee for Human Rights, Henry Winston, chairman of the CPUSA, movingly outlined the efforts of thousands of U.S. citizens in defense of Angela Davis.

BRIEFS

HONECKER VIEWS SOVIET FILM --The two final parts of the Soviet film epic "Liberation" are having their solemn first night in the GDR at the Kosmos Cinema in Berlin. Guests of honor at this event are First Secretary of the SED Central Committee Erich Honecker and USSR Ambassador Mikhail Yefremov. [Text]. [East Berlin Voice of the GDR Domestic Service in German 1700 GMT 8 May 72 L].

GDR-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP EXHIBIT --Berlin--"Linked by Friendship--for the Happiness of our Peoples" is the motto of the exhibition which opened in Berlin on 8 May on the 25th anniversary of the German-Soviet Friendship Society. Guests at the opening ceremony were Klaus Dysi, GDR minister of culture, M.T. Yefremov, USSR ambassador in the GDR, and a delegation of the Soviet Society for Friendship with the DDR. [East Berlin ADN International Service in German 2027 GMT 8 May 72 L]

HENRY WINSTON

A. Personal History

Birth and Early Back Ground

Henry Winston, CGIO, was born April 11, 1914, at Hattiesburg, Mississippi, to Josephine Lucille Bingham Winston, both of whom were born in Mississippi. The family moved to Kansas City, Missouri, about 1927. Joseph Winston died there on October 28, 1958. He and his wife had been separated for many years.

Winston had several sisters and a brother, namely, Dora Humphrey, Lillie Belle Black, Roberta Smith, and Otis D. Winston. Another sister, Anna Lee McConico, is dead. Apparently none of Winston's family ever became affiliated with the CPUSA.

B. Marital Status

On May 2, 1941, Henry Winston and Edna Lerner, a white native-born New Yorker, were married in Brooklyn, New York. Edna was born April 23, 1918. Her father was born in Russia, and her mother in Austria. Henry and Edna have two children, Larry Douglas, born February 14, 1947, and Judith Anne, born September 25, 1950, both in New York City.

Who's Who of Notable Leader  
CPLSH 1969  
SAC 57696 103-4-134  
- 84 - (WPSB, MC 67)

HENRY WINSTON

Guy Owens, a Negro, was born March 5, 1934, in New York City, the illegitimate son of Fred Winston, although Henry Winston is often referred to as his father. He has been active in communist affairs since the late 1930s. At one time, he suffered mental breakdown and spent some time in the Soviet Union, where he was hospitalized. He also attended school there. For a time, he lived with his mother and Winston, although he is currently living in Apartment 3-C, 100 West Street, New York City, and is unemployed.

C. Education

Winston attended Lincoln High School in Kansas City, Missouri, from 1928 to about 1930.

D. Employment

While in Kansas City, he worked at miscellaneous jobs from 1930 to 1932 before going to New York City. Since then, he has given his full time to CPUSA activities.

E. Foreign Travel

In November, 1953, Winston was sent to the Soviet Union by the CPUSA to attend the Lenin School, and remained at this school until May, 1955. In March, 1955, he revisited the Soviet Union.

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Winston, accompanied by his wife, Fern, and their two children, went to the Soviet Union in the Fall of 1961. His wife and children returned to the United States in November, 1961, but Winston remained abroad for two and a half years. During this period, he underwent examination and treatment by Soviet doctors for his virtual blindness. On his return, he stated he had been to East Germany twice and had attended Congresses of the Communist Parties in Hungary, Czechoslovakia, and Bulgaria, in addition to having traveled extensively in the Soviet Union.

Winston has indicated that he has traveled to many socialist countries throughout the world, including Red China as well as Korea, Indonesia, and other places, where he had discussed the international communist movement and the problems connected therewith.

Winston with his wife, Fern, went to Santiago, Chile, in October, 1965, to attend the 13th Congress of the Chilean Communist Party as a delegate-observer.

In March, 1966, they traveled to the Soviet Union to attend the 23rd Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. They revisited that country in the Fall of 1967, as part of the official delegation of the CPUSA, to attend the 30th

Anniversary of the October Revolution.

In September of 1968, they returned to the Soviet Union and visited East Berlin.

Winston together with Gus Hall headed the CPUSA delegation to the World Conference of Communist and Workers Parties in Moscow beginning June 3, 1969.

F. Military Service

Winston was inducted into the United States Army on February 17, 1942, and honorably discharged on October 31, 1945, with the rank of Technician, Fifth Class. During much of his service he acted as a "public relations reporter" and was attached to the London Public Relations Office of the Negro Interest Section.

G. Health

On January 12, 1960, authorities at the United States Penitentiary at Terre Haute, Indiana, where Winston was incarcerated, stated that he was ill and appeared to be losing his equilibrium. Later that month, Winston was examined by a neuropsychiatrist from Indianapolis whose findings showed that he had intracranial pressure which could be caused by a brain tumor or a brain hemorrhage resulting from high blood pressure. As a consequence, Winston was operated on February 2, 1960, for a benign tumor in the brain. A marked degree of uncoordination of his gait was noted, and he was considered to be legally blind. On June 30, 1961, he was released from prison following commutation of his sentence by President Kennedy.

In 1962, when there was a chance to have his brain tumor removed, Winston refused to undergo the operation because he was given only a slight chance for survival. Soviet medical reports in early 1962 allegedly revealed that Winston's condition was much improved. Visits to the U.S. by Soviet physicians and one recent visit by Dr. G. V. Kostylev, a Russian ophthalmologist, did not detect any change in his eyesight.

On April 12, 1963, Soviet doctors after a complete physical examination, stated that the Winston's sight had disappeared. Winston's blindness and complete disappearance

In January, 1968, Fern Winston advised that doctors in the Soviet Union told Winston that he must return to that country for hospitalization and treatment twice a year for periods of four to six weeks. This treatment, consisting of injections, exercises, medicine, and diet, is supposed to reduce the blood pressure and enable Winston to see, at least, some contrast between dark and light.

Winston has claimed on numerous occasions that, while he was in prison, the Government doctors made a wrong diagnosis of his ailment and, as a result, he is now blind. On November 7, 1969, while in prison, Winston brought suit against the U.S. Government for one million dollars under the Federal Torts Claims Act, alleging that the failure of prison authorities to properly diagnose his condition and to treat him for a brain tumor had resulted in his becoming totally blind. On January 18, 1965,

however, Winston's doctor, John Abt, said he was dropping this case because of the difficulty of extracting the necessary information from prison authorities and because the time required would detract from Winston's public activities.

Winston reportedly suffers from some impairment of his metabolism, which causes him to have attacks of rictus lasting for several days.

Winston's Current Address:  
Winston resides at 334 East 108th Street, New York,  
New York.

### II. Communist Party Affiliations

#### A. History

Winston joined the YCL in January, 1931, and became a member of the CPUSA in the Summer of 1931. In December, 1932, he left Kansas City, Missouri, as a YCL delegate to the National Hunger March in Washington, D. C., and then proceeded to New York City, where he worked for the "Young Worker," official organ of the YCL.

In 1933, he was Chairman of the Harlem Youth Section of the Unemployed Councils and was later named Chairman of the Youth Section of the Unemployed Council for the New York City metropolitan area. From April through November, 1933, he was Section Organizer of the YCL in Brooklyn.

From November, 1933, to May, 1935, he was in the Soviet Union, where he attended the Lenin School. Upon his return to the United States, he became Organizational Secretary of the YCL in Cleveland and was named to the Ohio District Committee of the YCL. In March, 1936, Winston was named YCL National Organizational Secretary, and in May, 1937, was elected YCL National Administrative Secretary.

Winston was active in the YCL as editor of the "Young Communist Review," official magazine of the YCL, and as Director of the YCL Training School held at Camp Beacon, New York, during 1937 and 1938. He was reelected YCL National Administrative Secretary in May, 1939, and held this office until his induction into the Army in February, 1942.

Winston became a member of the CPUSA National Committee in June, 1940; was elected a member of the Communist Political Association National Committee while serving in the Armed Forces in 1944; and was renamed to the CPUSA National Committee in July, 1945. From October, 1945, to July, 1946, he served as Secretary of the Party's National Negro Commission. He was named a member of the editorial staff of "Political Affairs" in 1946. In July, 1946, he was elected a member of the Party's National Board and appointed CPUSA National Organizational Secretary. He held the latter position until his disappearance into the Party's underground apparatus in July, 1951.

Winston was indicted from July 2-10, following his return home, and he was convicted of violation of the Smith Act and surrendered to authorities on March 5, 1940.

In August, 1940, Winston was elected to the CPUSA's National Executive Committee and was made CPUSA Vice Chairman. When he returned to the United States in January, 1941, with two and a half years abroad, Winston was elected a member of the Secretariat and the National Executive Board. At the 18th National Convention of the CPUSA in June, 1946, he was elected CPUSA National Chairman.

B. Current Activity

Winston is currently CPUSA National Chairman and a member of the Secretariat, the National Executive Board, and the National Committee.

C. Congressional Testimony

Winston testified before the Senate Armed Services Committee on April 2, 1948, on behalf of the CPUSA in opposition to universal military training and the draft.

D. Indictments and Arrests

Winston was indicted on July 20, 1948, under conspiracy provisions of the Smith Act of 1940. He was tried, convicted, sentenced to five years imprisonment, and fined \$10,000 but

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Failed to appear in Federal Court for commitment to prison on July 2, 1951. He remained a fugitive until his surrender on March 6, 1956, as a result of which he received an additional three-year sentence for contempt of court. Winston remained in prison until his sentence was commuted by President Kennedy on June 30, 1961, for reason of health.

On August 3, 1961, the Department of Justice, in view of Winston's physical condition, dismissed the warrant against Winston which had been placed because of his indictment under the Smith Act. Winston's indictment under the Smith Act was dismissed on May 29, 1963.

### III. Characterization

#### A. Physical appearance

Winston is six feet tall. He is stockily built, weighing around 200 pounds. He has black hair, brown eyes, and a pockmarked face. He dresses neatly, wears a suit and tie, and appears to be well groomed at all times.

#### B. Habits and Idiosyncrasies

Because of his near-total blindness, Winston has to be led or driven around, except when he is at home or at CPUSA Headquarters. His associates read to him, and in this way he is able to keep informed about national and world events and Party affairs.

Winston retains his position as CPUSA General Chairman and the emoluments attending thereto. He does not lack for personal or material comforts; he can travel anywhere in the world anytime he desires. When he goes to the Soviet Union he is paid homage, catered to and afforded all the facilities he wishes.

Winston's wife, Fern, is said to have complained that she has no bus ticket because she frequently has to act as his nurse secretary. Chairman Hall gets nothing in return from him except abusc. Mrs. Hall is reported to have helped patch up their marital difficulties and persuaded them to stay together.

#### C. Effectiveness as Party Leader

Winston occupies his top post in the CPUSA by virtue of the fact that Hall, when he became General Secretary, needed a prominent Negro Party leader to give him support because of his own lack of following among Party Negroes. Since Winston is now an important figure in the national leadership, Hall and other Negro functionaries are obliged to be attentive to and respectful of him.

Hall is apparently resentful that Winston is essential to his continuing Negro support in the Party and that he must necessarily treat Winston with deference. Hall reportedly would like nothing better than to have Soviet doctors keep Winston in the USSR for an indefinite period of time when he visits that country for a medical check-up, thereby preventing Winston

from participating in CPUSA affairs. Daily is said to believe that Winston is mentally ill as a result of his brain tumor.

From Winston's earliest days in the communist movement until his release from prison, he - unlike many other Negro Party leaders - was not known to be arrogant or conceited for special recognition or advantage because of his race. But on ascending to the highest level of influence, he began to change. Overhauling the old discipline, Winston became arrogant and demanding in inner Party circles and let it be known to all his associates in the National Office that he was an important figure. He made it obvious that he was to be consulted with his opinion sought, and his approval obtained on all matters. To the office workers in the national headquarters, Winston is a terror; to associates and co-workers, he is arrogant and domineering.

Nevertheless, Winston is considered to be an effective and popular Party leader among the membership, white as well as black. He has an engaging personality and is always smiling or laughing. Because of his pleasant, cooperative demeanor, his rough humor and wisecracking, and his lack of temper, he enjoys an easy relationship with people. He seems to like everyone, and his friendly manner has ingratiated him with the rank and file.

In his rise to the top leadership, Winston was extremely careful to faithfully follow the Soviet and the prevailing CPUSA line at all times and to be in tune with the thinking of his

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superiors. While forceful and decisive in debate, he rarely displayed any independence or initiative, but bowed to the Party line. He avoided becoming angrily contentious in debate or discussion because he wanted to be on the side of those who counted most in terms of authority and leadership. He worked well with people on committees, but became firm when issues of moment were at stake and he knew the desires of higher officials. He never clashed with a person in higher authority or standing but went along as a "good guy."

Winston stays clear of personal intrigue and maneuvering. In the Party's Negro cadre, which is perpetually divided and rife with unending rivalry and backbiting, he strives to play the role of the middleman or the pacifier.

As a speaker, Winston is of the rough-and-tumble type who is a good agitator. He makes an effort to assume a dignified stance on the platform and seldom resorts to exaggerated oratorical antics.

He gives every indication--in speech and in vocabulary--of having had minimal schooling. His extempore language is choppy, disorganized, colloquial, and full of mispronunciation of even simple words. He has virtually no writing skill and is not known to have authored any type of document during his long career in the Party. Speeches, reports, and articles issued under his name are the work of ghost writers.

Winston, who was reelected National Chairman of the CPUSA at its recent 19th National Convention, is along with Gus Hall, the type of loyal traitor the Soviets want in the CPUSA at the present time.

14-00000

HENRY WINKSTON DENOUNCES U.S. POLICY IN INDOCHINA

Russia TASS International Service in English 1916 GM 2 Mar 71 L

[Text] New York March 2 TASS--The National Chairman of the U.S. Communist Party Henry Winston sharply denounced Washington's policy of escalating the war in Indochina and stepping up racism and anti-communism in the United States. Speaking in the past few days at youth meetings over the radio and television in Connecticut he emphasized that if the United States had unilaterally intervened in the war it can and must withdraw from Vietnam in the same way.

1st. 5 Mar 71

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USSR INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS  
(THE AMERICAS)

This is pure demagogic when the administration talks of cutting military spending and of saving the lives of U.S. servicemen. The communists believe that not a cent should be spent on the aggressive war waged thousands of miles away from the shores of our country.

Henry Winston condemned the campaign of political persecution conducted by the U.S. authorities. I am quite sure, he emphasized, that the forthcoming trial of Angela Davis in California is a political conspiracy. I met Angela Davis a few days ago. After my talk with her I became even more convinced of the political character of this trial. The case of Angela Davis has been framed up by the racist and anti-communist forces of the State of California.

201-006897

The Washington DAILY NEWS points out that the 'Peace Corps' program, which costs taxpayers 100 million dollars annually, does not work, and recommends that the administration find better ways to use these funds.

Official Washington has in fact acknowledged the failure of the 'Peace Corps' activity. This is evidenced by the White House's decision to merge the 'Peace Corps' with VISTA, so-called corps of teachers.

The activity of such centralized 'volunteer service', in the opinion of the White House, may bring greater returns for the invested dollars.

But the U.S. press casts serious doubt on the effectiveness of the administration's plans, and not without reason.

The faceless ten-year activity of the 'Peace Corps' made many in America convinced that no one, except for ideological saboteurs, needs this 'volunteer' organization.

#### HENRY WINSTON DESCRIBES U.S. RACIST POLICIES

Moscow TASS International Service in English 0903 GMT 27 Feb 71 L

[Text] New York Feb 27 TASS--Speaking at the law faculty of the Yale University in New Haven on Friday, National Chairman of the Communist Party of the United States Henry Winston has said that Nixon's policy, aimed at expansion of the war in Cambodia, Laos and other areas of Indo-China, is actually the racist policy of American imperialism.

Henry Winston has emphasized that the policy of the present-day government of the United States becomes increasingly menacing. Henry Winston said this policy leads to intensification of racism and anticommunism as component parts of the programme, aimed at elimination of the resistance to the government's line.

Current reprisals against civil right fighters are only the beginning of a campaign which was launched with the aim of breaking the resistance of the Negro people. This campaign is now spearheaded against Angela Davis, a symbol of struggle against racism and anticommunism. These reprisals, if they are not duly rebuffed, will tomorrow spread to the whole of the American people, blacks and whites. The struggle in defence of Angela Davis and other political prisoners is, therefore, the matter of honour for all Americans, who cherish freedom and peace.

#### U.S. COMMUNIST PARTY ISSUES STATEMENT ON ANGELA DAVIS

Moscow TASS International Service in English 0810 GMT 28 Feb 71 L

[Text] New York, Feb 28, TASS--The National Women's Commission of the Communist Party of the USA issued the following statement for International Women's Day:

The vicious frameup persecution of Angela Davis by the Nixon-Agnew-Reagan axis is an attack upon the rights of all who struggle for peace, democratic rights and freedom from capitalist exploitation. In addition, Angela Davis shares the plight of all who would escape the yoke of racist oppression.

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PAGE 1 OF 3 PAGES

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GROUP 1  
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downgrading and  
declassification

COUNTRY: USSR/AFRICA

DOI: LATE APRIL 1970

SUBJECT: PLANS FOR WORLD COMMUNIST MEETING AND FOR MEETING  
OF AFRICAN COMMUNISTS

ACQ: NIGERIA, LAGOS (4 JUNE 1970) FIELD NO: ANL-2514

SOURCE: A NIGERIAN MARXIST WHO FORMERLY HELD A  
RESPONSIBLE POSITION IN THE BANNED SOCIALIST  
WORKERS AND FARMERS PARTY AND IS STILL ACTIVE  
IN OTHER PRO-COMMUNIST ORGANIZATIONS. HIS  
REPORTING ON COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN NIGERIA  
IS USUALLY RELIABLE AND ACCURATE. HE  
OBTAINED THIS INFORMATION DURING CONVERSATIONS  
WITH BALEY, FATOGUN AND GOODLUCK AFTER THEIR  
RETURN FROM THE SOVIET UNION.

1. CONSIDERATION IS BEING GIVEN TO HOLDING ANOTHER  
MEETING OF WORLD-WIDE COMMUNIST AND WORKERS PARTIES. A  
PREPARATORY MEETING FOR THIS MAY BE HELD IN BUDAPEST BEFORE

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THE END OF 1970. AMONG SUBJECTS TO BE DISCUSSED AT THE PREPARATORY MEETING WOULD BE WHETHER OR NOT TO CONVENE A MEETING OF AFRICAN COMMUNIST AND IF SO, WHERE AND WHEN IT SHOULD BE HELD. DURING A MEETING WITH THREE LEADING PRO-COMMUNIST NIGERIANS IN MOSCOW ON 30 APRIL 1970, POSTISLAV A. U L Y A N O V S K I Y , A DEPUTY CHIEF OF THE INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION (CC-CPSU) URGED THEM TO CONSIDER ATTENDING THE PREPARATORY CONFERENCE IN ORDER TO PARTICIPATE IN DISCUSSIONS OF THE ALL-AFRICA MEETING (FIELD COMMENT: THE SAME SOURCE REPORTED IN TDCSDB-315/22646-70 ON OTHER ASPECTS OF THIS MEETING BETWEEN OFFICIALS OF THE CC-CPSU AND NIGERIAN TRADE UNION LEADERS W. O. G O O D L U C K AND S. U. B A S S E Y AND NIGERIAN AFRO-ASIAN PEOPLES SOLIDARITY OFFICIAL DAPO FATOGUN.)

2. THE IDEA OF AN ALL-AFRICA MEETING OF COMMUNISTS WAS INITIATED BY AFRICANS ATTENDING THE MEETINGS OF WORLD COMMUNIST LEADERS IN MOSCOW ON 21 AND 22 APRIL 1970. AMONG THE AFRICAN (SIC) COMMUNISTS ATTENDING THE MEETING WERE

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IN 097527

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PAGE 3 OF 3 PAGES

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(Glossy Broadsides) Return Address:

*Haway*  
(FNU) W I M S T O N OF THE UNITED STATES AND DELEGATES  
FROM SOUTH AFRICA, MOZAMBIQUE, ANGOLA AND GUINEA-BISSAU.

3. FIELD DISSEM: STATE (ALSO SENT KADUNA LONDON)  
REPORT CLASS SECRET NO FOREIGN DISSEM CONTROLLED DISSEM GP-1

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DAILY WORLD Saturday, September 6, 1969 Page 1

## Brazil junta GIVES IN

RIO DE JANEIRO, Sept. 5 (UPI) — The Brazil junta government bowed today to the demands of a band of very very determined men who kidnapped U.S. Ambassador C. Burke E. Nick and threatened to execute him.

The Foreign Ministry announced it would free 13 political prisoners as demanded. The announcement came barely an hour and 20 minutes before expiration of an ultimatum that presumably would have meant death for the 61-year-old envoy.

The ambassador was seized by a band of four men on a Rio de Janeiro street Thursday and the kidnappers set a deadline of 48 hours for their demands to be met. They repeated the ultimatum this morning but moved up the deadline for acceptance of their demands 2:30 p.m. to 1:30 p.m. EDT today.

The government announcement came at 12:30 p.m. (11:30 a.m. EDT) after it received a hand-written note from the ambassador to his wife saying that he was alive and well but asking the government to accede to what he called "very, very determined" men.

There had been two original demands—release of the unnamed 13 political prisoners and publication of the kidnappers' code, which described the government as a "dictatorship." The note was published.

The Government has already

commanded the Foreign Minister and high national authorities.

This way the responsibility will be completely upon the head of the kidnappers for the safety of Ambassador D. Burke Elbrick, the statement said.

The kidnappers were believed to be members of "MR8," guerrilla group made up mostly of Brazilian university students. The initials stand for Movement Revolucionaria and the "8" refers to the date of the death of Ernesto Guevara, the Cuban revolutionary killed in Bolivia Oct. 8, 1967.

## Swiss protest Westmoreland planned visit

GENEVA — General Westmoreland, U.S. Chief of Staff, will make an official four-day visit to Switzerland beginning Sept. 11.

Westmoreland, formerly commander-in-chief of U.S. forces in South Vietnam, will familiarize himself with the state of combat readiness of the Swiss armed forces, and will also inspect a number of Swiss military training centers.

"Volk Onriore" (Workers Voice), organ of the Swiss Party of Labor, reports that the progressive public in Switzerland protested against Westmoreland's visit because the bears responsible

DELEGATION TO CUBA, CPUSA: (left to right) Ted Basset, S. Taylor, Henry Winston, Fern Winston, Ronald Stevenson, Juan Loges.

## Blockade of Cuba hits U.S. corporations

BY TOM FOLEY

NEW YORK, Sept. 5 — American consumers pay more for sugar and steel because the United States does not have normal relations with Cuba. Henry Winston, national chairman of the Communist Party, said today.

Daily World 6 Sep 9

The economic blockade of Cuba not only affects that island but hurts the ordinary American by boosting monopoly prices on a number of items, including the steel and nickel that goes into his car and refrigerator," Winston pointed out. Cuba has 30 percent of the world's nickel deposits, he noted.

Winston gave his views to a press conference at Communist Party headquarters here a few days after his return from Cuba. He led a Communist Party delegation that visited every province in Cuba in August.

**See editorial Page 7.**

**The blockade of Cuba affects economic and political relations between U.S. and Latin America, he went on.**

#### U.S. consumers hit

"It's not only a matter of sugar, but also steel, in terms of the U.S. Steel monopoly, and trust," he said.

"It's not only sugar prices — Cuba is the world's second largest sugar producer — but even the price of lobsters."

Instead of receiving Cuban lobsters U.S. consumers get lobsters from the racist, fascist and apartheid regime of South Africa," Winston said. "This trade between U.S. and South Africa actually upholds a regime which opposes everything decent in the world."

He emphasized that reversal of the policy of the Nixon Administration towards Cuba is the only effective answer to achieving new relationships towards Latin America as a whole.

#### Scientific exchange affected

He said he was very happy to

receive the invitation to go to Cuba by the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Cuba.

"There I was able to observe the crimes that U.S. imperialism has inflicted on the country and also the courageous manner in which the Socialist government of Cuba has undertaken to erase the effect of these crimes," he said.

The economic blockade of Cuba not only affects normal trade (sugar, steel, lobsters) but also scientific exchange, for example, Winston pointed out.

Doctors are prevented from going to Cuba, exchanging information, from helping to train technicians and other doctors, and from using textbooks, he added.

#### Life span robs

"Despite all this, some most inspiring developments in science are taking place in Cuba today," he said. "Despite this lack of scientific exchange, the life span

of Cubans is longer, longer than ever before. And today there is not a single case of malaria left. Though Cuba used to be known as the source of malaria fever, Cuba has combated malaria by using the folk vaccine variety developed and produced by the Soviet Union."

Now Cuba's main concern today is the battle for industrialization of the country, Winston said, stressing that the fight to produce 10 million tons of sugar is an important one in Cuba and will help it to meet international commitments and improve the mechanization of agriculture.

Cuba is showing how a country can develop under socialism, he concluded. "This, in turn, is having a very dramatic effect on the rest of Latin America. This is why normalizing relations with Cuba is a prerequisite for developing normal relations with Latin America."

Authorized by resolution of its declaration of war, authorized transfer to a foreign country the 15 names required, whose names will be indicated in the government's public statement:

The decision was taken after a meeting of the high military

authorities of the armed forces.

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## Black GIs anti-war action reported in South Vietnam

**(HANOI, LNS)** — More than 100 black GIs staged an anti-war protest July 30 in the port base of Qui Nhon, in Kien Hoa province, according to a report by the Liberation Press Agency of South Vietnam.

The report, as transmitted by Preso Latina, said that the men marched from one end of the base to the other and also marched on the local airport. They reportedly "shouted slogans demanding peace, the end of the U.S. aggression in Vietnam and the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. troops."

At the airport, the black GIs battled with cops who tried to stop the demonstration.

## Episcopalians vote \$200,000 'reparations'

By RICHARD GREENLEAF

**NEW YORK,** Sept. 5 — Church leaders in the U.S. are still striving to evade the principles set forth in the Black Manifesto, even though some churches are making payments on the reparations account which the Manifesto demands they owe black Americans.

Such is the situation following this week's action by a convention of the Episcopal Church, which after two days of heated debate in South Bend, Ind., allocated \$200,000 to the Black Economic Development Conference as a movement for "organizing the self-determination" of the black community.

Negro people for centuries of oppression.

The resolution adopted by the Episcopalians included a passage rejecting the "ideology" of the Manifesto.

The Rev. George M. Murray, Bishop of Alabama, said in the course of the debate: "I cannot vote for a group whose only record is this manifesto, a violent Marxist document."

But the resolution did recognize the Black Economic Development Conference as a movement for "organizing the self-determination" of the black community.

Evanston charged

The action followed by less than two weeks an address by the Rev.

Lucius Walker, Jr., executive director of the Interreligious Foundation for Community Organization, in which he charged that many churches and synagogues were seeking to avoid doing anything about the Black Manifesto.

Walker was addressing the National Catholic Conference for Interracial Justice, meeting in Los Angeles. IFCO is the group which financed the meeting in Detroit earlier this year at which the BEDC was founded and the Manifesto formulated.

"After all the churches' rhetoric about love, brotherhood and justice," Walker said, "at many points it is slipping out when the real proposition is put, acting like a young lady who knows what to do to get a young man's attention, then falling back on her virtue when the question is popped."

He suggested that recourse might be had to the UN or an international court of law.

The 1915 Paris Conference he argued, established the validity of reparations being given to individuals rather than to nations.

One of the most fervent pleas made at the Episcopalians' meeting was that of the Rev. Junius F. Carter, Negro rector of Holy Cross Episcopal Church in Pittsburgh.

"I am sick of you," he cried. "You don't trust me, you don't trust black priests; and you don't trust black people."

**Anti-Nazi Front Formed**

en democrats and police during the neo-Nazi election that occurred in Saarbrücken, Elsenfeld, Recklinghausen and many other towns. A Civil Society of Struggle Against Nazism has been formed.

Mands have been made by organizations that the NPD unites. The West German Union of Employees is the most recent to do so.

**Ex-nationalized**

**INZIBAR** — The government decided to nationalize all public. It will establish a common transport service which will include former bus drivers who will be paid a fixed sum.

**Lean election**

**ANTALOGO** — The Communist Party of Chile will run its own candidate in next year's presidential election. The candidate's name will be disclosed in September.

**ge ban on fascists**

**BERLIN** — The Union of Germans Persecuted Under Nazism again demanded a ban on the fascist National Democratic Party in West Berlin. The West Berlin NDP is preparing for a convention scheduled for October. Adolf von Thadden, NDP leader, will arrive in September to oversee activities and to participate in the rally in October. The West Berlin city administration has not arrested NDP members who were involved in desecration of a monument to victims of fascist violence.

**Rapid progress**

**CARACAS** — The Communist Party of Venezuela, which was legal less than a year ago, celebrated on August 8 its National Day with meetings throughout the country. The central gathering was in Maracay, where the 21st conference of Communists is held 32 years ago.

On October 1, the weekly Tri-nario will become a daily.

**Why wait' til tomorrow  
you can find out  
today's Daily World**

and condemn the anti-socialist 2,000 words manifesto in June 1963. Dostal failed to do so, and this had a bad influence on the elections then being held for the proposed extraordinary Czechoslovak party congress in September.

Some leaders of the party press issued that a date had been set for a meeting of all Warsaw Pact member states in July 1964 in the Polish capital. Cerny said that if he had known a date had been fixed, he would never have voted in the presidium that Czechoslovakia should refuse the

communist leaders to leave town, what I have said, really carried out a two-faced policy. They behaved one way when negotiating officially and another way when they should have defended the collectively worked-out policy.

The 2,000 Words manifesto  
**Continued on page 6**

# 'Blockade must be ended, --U.S. Communists in Cuba

**Special to the Daily World**

**HAVANA**, Aug. 28 — Henry Winston, national chairman of the Communist Party of the U.S.A., who is heading an American Communist delegation visiting here, issued the following statement:

U.S. imperialism before the revolution accounted for 75 percent of Cuba's imports and 66 and two thirds percent of all her exports.

How to strangle in infancy the greatest event of our time in this hemisphere was the main concern of the U.S. monopolists. They broke off diplomatic and trade relations.

The mass release of revolutionary energy, the unity and creativity established among the people of Cuba, demonstrated what a free people can accomplish.

They found reliable friends in the Soviet Union, other socialist states, and many other countries.

**'Blockade will fail'**

Socialism in Cuba continues developing.

The anti-Cuba policy of U.S. imperialism now includes the blockade. This policy, too, will fail.

Our delegation saw with their



**HENRY WINSTON**

own eyes how an entire people is geared to the accomplishment of the main task of realizing within one year 10 million tons of sugar.

Simply put, this means the achievement of 20 billion pounds of sugar in 12 months. That kind of production could give more than 6 pounds of sugar to each of the 3 billion humans on this earth.

The enthusiastic fight for this goal grips the people. What this means in terms of Cuba, is helping to lay the foundation for the most rapid development of industry and agriculture, which will be based on the latest scientific techniques.

mass building of housing, schools, in short, an advance on every front.

The story of Camaguey shows concretely the boldness in the planning of construction and the mass undertaking in cadre-training to be able to manage this undertaking.

**Hails Cuba's racial equality**

Just imagine a plan which begins with the daily output of 11,000 liters of milk, to be increased to one million per day. And what then? The creation of a milk-processing plant in which all kinds of dairy products will be developed.

Such is the approach in every field.

Of great beauty is that racist practices ended with imperialism and among the many great lessons of this revolution is the equality established between black, white and mulatto.

The cause of Cuba must become the cause not only of Communists but of all democrats, anti-imperialists and radicals.

The story of Cuba must become known to the millions of our land. The economic blockade must go. This barbarity is the essence of U.S. imperialist policy. The people can and must compel the Nixon administration to put an end to this criminality.

**Special to the Daily World**

**HAVANA**, Aug. 28 — A U.S. Communist Party delegation, headed by national chairman Henry Winston has returned here from the interior of the country where it witnessed a tremendous mobilization in the drive to harvest 10 million tons of sugar in a year.

The delegates returned last week from Camaguey, one of the main centers of the sugar industry.

**Greeted by Cuban leaders**

The 10-million-ton goal is the main economic task set by the Cuban Communist Party and the

Revolutionary Government for achievement by the year ending July 26, 1970.

Earlier, after their arrival in Havana on Sunday, Aug. 10, the delegation visited other projects in the Isle of Pines and the provinces of Las Villas and Camaguey.

**Continued on page 12**

*Daily World 29 Aug 69*

# Delegation of CP visiting Cuba

NEW YORK Aug. 12. An official six-person delegation of the Communist Party U.S.A., headed by national chairman Henry Winston, is now in Cuba at the invitation of the Cuban Communist Party. It is first such delegation since 1960.

"We are enthusiastic about the delegation and feel great pride in it and the reinforcement of warm, cordial cooperation between the Cuban Communist Party and ours," James Jackson, chairman of the International Department of the Communist Party, told the Daily World.

He recalled that Cuban President Fidel Castro himself had invited Winston to Cuba to recuperate after the eye operation Winston underwent in prison that resulted in loss of his eyesight. Castro offered to exchange 100 "gusanos" ("worms," a term applied to Cubans who turned against their own country in the service of imperialism) for Winston while in prison.

There have long been warm bonds between the Cuban people and the people of the U.S. Jackson said. The opportunity exists for a change in official relations between the United States and Cuba.

#### COMMUNIST STATEMENT

The Communist Party issued a statement today over the signature of James Jackson, chairman:

"The Communist Party delegation of American Communists headed by Henry Winston, our national chairman, will be on



HENRY WINSTON

cially elected by the national committee and brings to Cuba the warm, comradely greetings of our party and of the American people, who seek normal diplomatic, economic and cultural relations between our country and the first country of socialism in the Western hemisphere.

Comradely relations between our party and the Cuban Communists under the leadership of Fidel Castro will be strengthened by this series of discussions which will contribute to a necessary campaign to end the boycott and reverse the present antagonistic policy of the United States toward Cuba.

"This delegation will have an opportunity to see socialism in process in Cuba and will exchange opinions in the two week period. They will report back to our party and to the American people."

## Romanian CP congress ends with call for socialist unity

BUCHAREST, Aug. 12 (UPI)—President Nicolae Ceausescu today ended Romania's 10th Communist party congress with a resounding cry for unity among socialist nations and in the world. "Our unanimity is living proof

party and of socialism," he told the more than 2,000 delegates.

Ceausescu was re-elected to another four years as party secretary-general.

His closing speech brought the hall to its feet chanting, "Ceau-

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Daily  
World

13 Aug 69

DAILY WORLD, Wed

## Viet patriots hit 137 targets

Continued from page 2

tempt to outflank the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and get into position along its western border. The Pathet Lao counterattacked and captured the important air base of Muong Soui.

Fifteen miles south of Muong Soui lie the two secret CIA bases of Sam Thong and Long Thien held by the CIA, an estimated 1,150 U.S. Special Forces troops, and several Thai artillery units. Theoretically, the two bases are under the control of the Royal Lao General Vang Pao. Actually, they are controlled from the Special Forces headquarters in Udorn, Thailand.

Long Thien, in the mountains on the western edge of the strategic Plain of Jars, is Special Forces headquarters for Laos, containing the "Green Beret" supply and command center.

General Vang Pao, like the units under Special Forces command, is of Meo nationality.

The charges by Laos Premier Souvanna Phouma that "40,000 North Vietnamese" have invaded Laos in violation of the 1962 agreement on the neutralization of the country, are directly related to the fact that Sam Thong and Long Thien are threatened by Pathet Lao attack. It may be predicted that the closer the Pathet Lao get to the CIA "Green Beret" center, the louder Souvanna Phouma's cries will become.

Souvanna Phouma's charges of violations of Laos' "neutrality" come from a man who approved the U.S. bombing of more than 70 percent of his own country over the last several years. The U.S. policy behind this bombing was best stated by an American diplomat in Vietnam: "To make progress in this country, it is necessary to level everything."

## Support Hallie Donaldson memorial Aug. 24

SEATTLE, Aug. 12—A memorial for the late Hallie Donaldson, artist, teacher and founder of the Washington Cultural Cooperative, is scheduled for Washington Hall

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