Chapter I

- 1. The chapter opens in 1956 in Ambassador Gardner's office in Havana where a courtesy call was being paid on the Ambassador by the CIA Central American and Caribbean Chiefe of Station who are holding their annual regional meeting. It is noted that one of the reasons for selecting the place of meeting was the "absence of Communist embassies" (p. 6). The presence of Col. J. C. King, Division Chief, is mentioned. Col. King remarks that Castro was "heavily involved" in the Bogotaso, setting the stage for Hamilton's subsequent comment. [Actually Castro played a junior role in the Bogotago, and it was after the Bay of Pigs that Mr. Dulles assigned Hamilton the takk of determining Castro's role in the Bogotano.] (p. 7). Hamilton states that in the subsequent three years, while funds were being collected in South America for Castro's 26th of July Movement, there were no orders from GIA Headquarters to penetrate pro-Castro groups abroad (p. 10). He then states that in March 1960 he was "having coffee with the newly-elected president of the mountry to which I was assigned." (p.10) [This could reveal the author's relationship with President Nardone of Uraguay who became President in early March 1960.]
 - 2. Mr. Richard Bissell and Mr. Tracy Barnes are mentioned and the author adds that he had worked with Barnes as a member of the team that ousted President Arbens from Guatemala (p. ll). At this point Hamilton is recalled to Headquarters to become Chief of Political Action in an Eisenhower-approved project to assist Caban exiles in overthrowing Castro. His duties would include organizing Caban leaders into a government-inexile which would form a provisional government in Caba when Castro was forced out. Hamilton's base was to be in Costa Rica, provided ex-President Pepe Figueres could obtain Costa Rican agreement (p. ll). [This link could be quite embarrassing in view of Figueres' recent re-election as President of Costa Rica.]
 - 3. At this point the manuscript introduces the Project Chief as Jake [presumably Mr. Esterline], who is referred to as Jake throughout (p. 12). We also meet Droller about whom there is some "diversity in attitudes" among CIA officers. Droller's operational name of Frank Bender is noted (p. 13), and he is referred to as Bender throughout the rest of the manuscript. [This is not the first time Droller has been identified as Bender; his name was blown by Arthur Schlesinger in his book A Thousand Days in 1965.] Bender's cover telephone arrangements in Miami and New York, which allowed him to answer local calls there at his Washington desk, are disclosed (p. 14). Hamilton states that Bender told him that as far as he knew "Richard Helms, Chief of Operations for the Clandestine Services, had not been cut in" (p. 14).



- 6. Hamilton calls on the Project's Propaganda Chief [presumably ere Phillips], whem he calls Knight throughout, noting that Knight had works for him on the Guatemala project. He notes that Knight "had spent most of his CIA exceer on the outside, L.e., under cover", and that he had spent the three proceding years under cover in Havens. At this point Knight was also establishing a claudestine radio on Swan Island (p. 15). The Paramilitary Chief is also introduced and is called Ned throughout. (p. 15). Ned tells Hamilton that Cuben refugees are being recruited and polygraphed at Usoppa Island off Fort Myer, Florida (p. 16). Ramilton is also advised of the role of Roberto Alajos and of the Retabulehu hace in Guatercala; that all this had the concent of Quaternales President Teligoras. [This has all been proviously published.] (p.16). Hamilton tiets certain Caban leaders, most of whom were halped by CIA to fecape from Caba. This Hamilton considered fromis, because the Chief of Station, Havana, Jim Roel, and his deputy, Earl Villiamson, "had been "," enthesizatic over Castro while he was in the Sierra Meestre, and had treated with certain rebel groups ... " (p.17). Hamilton also charges that Assistant Secretary of State Rubottom and William Wieland "exercised con siderable influence" over Col. J. C. King (p.18).
- 5. Hamilton returned to his station, closed out his affairs and then came back to Washington. Resigning from the Foreign Service. "my cover at the time", he then flow to Spain to try to defect the Caban military attache there (p. 20).

SECRET FYES ONLY