12-0000 104-10333-10002 2025 RELEASE UNDER THE PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY ASSASSINATION RECORDS ACT OF 1992

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Highlighted changes between 2025/104-10333-10002.pdf and 2023/104-10333-10002.pdf

AGENDA

Meeting with JFK ARRB Staff

Monday, 17 March 1997 2C06 IP Building 1:00 p.m.

1. Records Management Briefing

Becky Rant, DA/IRO
Carol Johnson, DA/IMO

2. Cable Process

John Rovito, Agency Network Mgt. Center, OIT

3. Questions & Answers



John -

Thank you for agreeing to participate in briefing the JFK Assassination Records Review Board (ARRB) to be held on Monday, 17 March, at 2:00 p.m., in 2C06 IP Bldg.) I regret the short notice. As we discussed, the ARRB has asked for information relating to the creation, transmission, and dissemination of cables and your name instantly came to mind. Their specific questions are:

1- Can you describe the cable process in place in the Agency during the 1960-1964 time period?

Prior to 1962 messages were delivered to the DPD (Development Products Division) at 1717 H Street or to the Communications Center at "L" Street. In addition there also was a Q building that received special traffic.

After 1962 messages came into the CIA Headquarters and were processed in different areas depending on the types of traffic.

Imagery traffic would be sent to to a specific floor for the imagery personnel. Intercept and Special Programs would either be passed to a Special Sections Area of the Communications Center or to the Cable Secretariat.

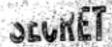
2- How did cables come in?

Messages came in from the field via the Brandy Station State

Channels or military channels.

3- How were they decrypted?

Messages were deciphered using a OTT (One Time Tape)
or a OTP (One Time Pad) process.



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4- What happened from the time a cable was sent from a field site until it arrived

Messages sent from a field site would be passed to a communicator, encrypted and transmitted via

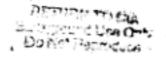
High Frequency Radio. The message received from Brandy and relayed to headquarters and then it was decrypted.

The analyst of the Cable Secretariat would then read the message and match what they read against customer requirements. They then would have a typist type the dissemination on the message. The message then would be picked up from the message center by the various staffs and or divisions.

5- How were cables disseminated?See item four.

Please let me or Becky Rant, DA/IRO, know if you have any other questions or concerns prior to the briefing.

CC: Becky L. Rant Andrea E. Boyce Sent on 13 March 1997 at 03:17:34 PM



Briefing for the JFK Assassination Records Review Board Staff on Records Management in the DA

17 March 1997

Carol M. Johnson

DA Information Management Officer

2B17 IP Bldg.

703-613-1205 Secure 31205

Becky Rant
DA Information Review Officer
2B17 IP Bldg.
703-613-1204 Secure 31204

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TOPICS

- CIA Information Services Strategic Plan
- Information Management Program Segments
- Information Management Goals
- Organization of Records Management In the Agency
- DA Information Management Officer (IMO)
- DA Information Review Officer (IRO)
- Deputy Director for Support (DDS) 1965
- Deputy Director for Administration (DDA) 1997
- DA Records

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CIA Information Services Strategic Plan

- "Information and Records Management, including Classification Management, is a fundamental and essential business requirement for the Agency."
- "The CIA's Information Services shall...ensure that each official record is appropriate, accurate, secure and retrievable throughout its life cycle regardless of physical form or media."

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Information Management Program Segments

- Records Management Identification, etoroge
- Classification Management Executive Orders
- Information Disclosure search, retueval, revew for disclosure
- Information Automation electronic format

Information Management Goals

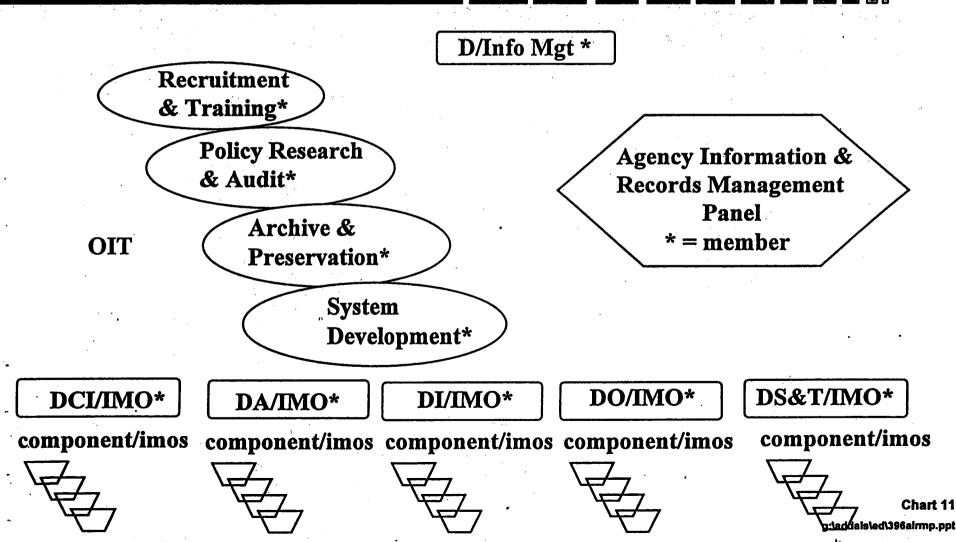
An effective and efficient information management ensures that records are available:

- to meet day-to-day business needs
- to ensure the continuity and consistency of records
- to provide corporate memory and history
- to protect the rights and interests of the organization, the employees and the public
- to meet legal requirements



Organization of Records Management in the Agency

This slide is Administrative Internal Use Only



DA Information Management Officer (DA/IMO)

- The DA/IMO is the Deputy Director for Administration's representative for issues relating to records and classification management.
- The DA/IMO is responsible for protecting equities consistent with existing statues, EO guidance and internal rules and regulations governing the creation, maintenance and use, and disposition of information.

DA Information Review Officer (DA/IRO)

- The DA/IRO is the Deputy Director for Administration's representative for reviewing all DA relevant information for release to the public under FOIA, PA, EO, and other information release programs.
- The DA/IRO is responsible for protecting equities consistent with existing statutes, EO guidance and internal rules and regulations governing the review and release of classified information, specifically, in response to:
 - FOIA/PA/EO Requests
 - Congressional Inquiries
 - DOJ Inquiries/Litigations
 - IG Investigations
 - Special Searches & Other Release Programs

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Deputy Director for Support (DDS) - 1965

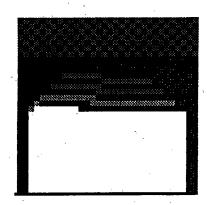
- Office of the DDS (ODDS)
- Office of Security (OS)
- Office of Personnel (OP)
- Office of Medical Services (OMS)
- Office of Logistics (OL)
- Office of Finance (OF)
- Office of Communications (OC)
- Office of Training (OTR)

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Deputy Director for Administration (DDA) - 1997

- Office of the DDA (ODDA)
- Office of Personnel Security (OPS)
- Office of Facilities & Security Services (OFSS)
- Office of Finance & Logistics (OFL)
- Human Resources Management (HRM)
- Office of Medical Services (OMS)
- Office of Communications (OC)
- Office of Information Technology (OIT)
- Office of Training & Education (OTE)
- Center for Security Evaluation (CSE)

DA Records



- **Information Management Officers**
- **Core functions**

- * 1960s) basually the same
- Records Life Cycle general system used by records management

 Creation

 Maintenance & Use

 Disposition

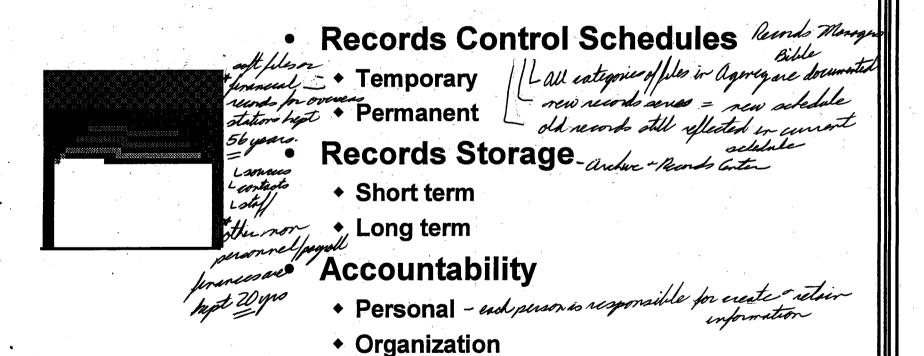
 * Disposition

 * Maintenance & Use

 * most records done by pusonal identifyer— a name medical files hept by code numbers.
- - File organization take with the

a reorganization - Notting is left out or belief

DA Records

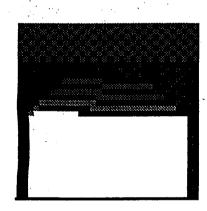


Search & Retrieval

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Directorate of Administration

DA Records



- Access
- Safeguarding
- Preservation
 - Hardcopy
 - + Electronic
- OGC Retention List
- Automation

Combs 1/7 Background Use Only Do Not Reproduce OA Briefing 3/17/97 charles Morrag Onto Management Chart II

DO more certified file management

DA more decentified w/ Ocomponents w/geered polo
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return to cia Background Use Only 2/2 Warehouse at shelving Pagram ongoing to deal w/expired went/purge Records Management / Storage
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Types of Questions for DA Records Briefing March 17, 1997

Budget and Finance

- 1. In Cold Warrior, (p. 52) Mangold refers to a CI secret slush fund which was tightly controlled by Angleton and never audited by the usual procedures. According to Mangold, it was this fund which allowed Angleton to run his own operations without supervision. Did the fund exist? Was this fund ever audited? Are there any records of CI operational expenses for the period 1959-63?
- 2. Mangold also refers (p. 53) to an unnamed CI/B&F officer who says he worked for Angleton from 1958-1964 and never dealt with him directly on a single matter. Is there a list of B&F officers assigned to the CI Staff from 1959-63. Do their records still exist?
- 3. We have seen Directorate of Operations monthly operational reports which contain information on the allocation/distribution of operational funds. Are there other DO or DA records which reflect how a certain project utilized its funding? Can this type of information from the early 1960's still be retrieved?
- 4. What records are kept on disbursements to sources in the field? If, hypothetically, LHO had received money from the Agency, what records would exist?

Personnel

1. What records are maintained on contract personnel? OF Payroll file

Security

- 1. For the period between 1955-65, what was the universe of files that OS had on individuals of groups?
- 2. How are Office of Security records indexed? card to bey punch (SAG)
- 3. What was the function of the Office of Security/Security Research Staff (OS/SRS)? Why were defector records kept in this component?
- 4. In the OS/SRS memo of Oct. 31, 1960, written by Marguerite D. Stevens, the file numbers of several defectors are listed: "Robert Edward Webster, EE-18854; Lee Harvey Oswald, MS-11165; Libero Ricciardelli, MS-8295; Vladimir Sloboda, MS-10565; and Joseph Dutkanicz, MS-10724." What do the "MS" and "EE" file prefixes designate? How are these designations assigned?

- 5. Does OS process security clearances for non-employees (e.g. sources) to receive access to classified information? What kinds of files are created by this process? How long are these files maintained. For example, Clay Shaw was given a security clearance and had access to classified information based on his "responsibilities" as a source for the Domestic Contacts Division (DCD).
- 6. Where are records that would describe liaison (etc.) cooperation or operations between OS and CI located? How are these records organized?
- 7. Where are records regarding operations that OS participated in or ran located. For example, where are the OS records on the Castro assassination attempts?
- 8. How many files did OS have on Oswald? Which OS components maintained files on Oswald? Why did OS have any files on Oswald?