

Agency Information

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1992 (44 USC 2107 Note). Case#:NW/
88296 Date: 09-01-2022

Document Information

ORIGINATOR : DOD
FROM : MILLER, JUDITH A.
TO : BLAKEY, G. ROBERT.

TITLE :

DATE : 06/22/1978
PAGES : 22

SUBJECTS :

CIA.
OSWALD, LEE; PRE-RUSSIAN PERIOD-MILITARY SERVICE.
NAVAL INVESTIGATIVE SERVICE (1960-64).
DOD, FILES.

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Assassination Records Collection Act of
1992 (44 USC 2107 Note). Case#:NW/
88296 Date: 2025



OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20301

JFK
009385

June 22, 1978

G. Robert Blakey, Esq.
Chief Counsel and Director
Select Committee on Assassinations
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Mr. Blakey:

Attached are fact sheets submitted by the Department of the Navy in response to inquiries from the Select Committee dated March 15 and 20 (date of receipt); April 12, 20, 28; May 3 and 9; and June 1, 1978.

For your information, the Air Force, DIA and DIS have now completed their reviews for information requested in all letters received at DoD by June 6, 1978. With the exception of your May 8, 1978 request (on which a search is still proceeding), the Navy has also completed its review for all information requested through June 6, 1978. The Army has completed its search efforts for the first twenty-six of your letters, dated between December 27, 1977, and May 11, 1978. The results of these searches have been made available for review at this Department--with the exception of a few items where further information has been requested to permit completion of the search.

Sincerely,

Judith A. Miller
Assistant to The Special Assistant

Attachments

FACT SHEET ON SELECT COMMITTEE REQUESTS FOR

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY RECORDS

Date of
Request

3/15/78 1. Valeriy Valdimirovich Kostiko - no records identifiable within the Department of the Navy.

2. Yuri Ivanovich Nosenko - no records identifiable within the Department of the Navy.

3/20/78 1. William P. Dolzel - no records identifiable.
(received)

2. Alberto Hernández Hechevarri - no records identifiable.

3. Orest Pena - no records identifiable.

4. Rolando Pelasz - no records identifiable.

5. Clay Shaw - no records identifiable.

6. Kerry Wendall Thornley - no records identifiable.

7. Jonquin Villoda - no records identifiable.

8. Luis Balbuena - no records identifiable other than what DIA possesses (previously made available).

4/20/78 1. Eleanor E. Archer - no records identifiable.

2. Anthony Colosacco - no records identifiable.

3. Herman Milton - no records identifiable.

4. John M. Geizzaffi - no records identifiable.

5. Maurice Lerner - no records identifiable.

6. Gordon McLendon - no records identifiable.

7. Albert Meadows - no records identifiable.

8. Isadore Miller - no records identifiable.

9. Thomas R. Peasner - no records identifiable.

10. Victor Periera - no records identifiable.

Date of
Request

4/20/78
(con't)

11. Harry Raymond Pope - no records identifiable.
12. Helen Kay Smith - no records identifiable.
13. John Eli Stone - no records identifiable.
14. Charles Tourine - no records identifiable.
15. John Benton Turns - no records identifiable.
16. Anthony Zoppi - no records identifiable.

4/28/78
(Ltr #2)

1. Richard Cain - no records identifiable within the Department of the Navy.
2. Jorge Alonso Pujol - no records identifiable.
3. Henry Savaadra - no records identifiable.
4. I. Irving Davidson - no records identifiable.
5. James Plumeri - no records identifiable.
6. Salvadore Granello - no records identifiable.
7. John La Rocca - The Naval Investigative Service (NIS) holds a file on an enlisted member of the U.S. Marine Corps by the name of John Andrew LaRocca. This individual is not believed to be identifiable with "John LaRocca, Pennsylvania mobster arrested in 1957", as he was born in 1948.
8. Angelo Bruno - The NIS holds a file containing the results of a January 1978, investigation conducted at Naples, Italy, concerning an individual named Angelo Frank Bruno. That individual's date and place of birth is listed as January 25, 1902 or 1903, at Licato, Sicily, Italy. At the time of the investigation Bruno was incarcerated in a Federal prison in the United States. Nevertheless, there is nothing in the file which would indicate this individual is identifiable as the Angelo Bruno, "Philadelphia Crime Boss."
9. Sam Mannarino - no records identifiable.
10. Garbriel Mannarino - no records identifiable.
11. Joseph Shimon - no records identifiable.
12. Sergio Arcaha Smith - file has been made available.
13. George Woodcock, Jr. - a copy of the NIS Report of Investigation is available.

Undated Committee Request:

1. Zack Stout - 1607642. Latest available mailing address provided Select Committee by phone.
2. George Arthur Wilkins, Jr. - Latest available mailing address provided Select Committee by phone.
3. Robert Augg - Identified as former Marine Robert Royce Augg - 1596827. Personnel record has been made available for inspection.
4. Nelson Delgado - Identified as former Marine Nelson Delgado 1644884. Personnel record has been made available for inspection.
5. Carson Roberts - Has been previously identified as Lieutenant General Carson A. Roberts, 04463, U.S. Marine Corps Retired. Mailing address previously provided the Committee.
6. Thomas Arthur Vallee - 1114455. Identified as a former Marine. Personnel record has been made available for inspection.
7. Allan O. Thompson - Has been tentatively identified as a former Marine by the name of Alva Owen Thompson. Marine Corps personnel record has been made available for inspection.
8. Kerry Wendall Thornley - A former Marine with same name but the date of birth of 4/17/38 instead of 4/19/38 has been identified and a certified copy of Thornley's Marine record has been made available for inspection.
9. John E. Donovan - A former Marine with same name but with date of birth of 8/31/34 instead of 8/21/34 has been identified and a certified copy of Donovan's personnel record has been made available for inspection. It was noted that correspondence in the Marine Corps jacket indicated that Donovan joined the U.S. Army subsequent to his tour with the Marine Corps.
10. Chief Warrant Officer Morgan - This officer has been identified as Captain Roger G. Morgan, U.S. Marine Corps Retired. His mailing address is Route 1, Sewalls Point, Jensen Beach, Florida 33457.

Date of
Request

- 5/3/78
1. Colonel Mario Silvesto - no record identifiable.
 2. Thomas Arthur Vallee - no record identifiable.
 3. Gary Taylor - no record identifiable.

Date of
Request

5/3/78
(con't)

4. Leonard Calvery - no record identifiable.
5. Jack Brown - no record identifiable.
6. Robert Augg - all information previously forwarded.
7. Zack Stout - all information previously forwarded.
8. Richard Call - all information previously forwarded.
9. Nelson Delgado - no record identifiable.
10. Aline Mosley - no record identifiable.
11. Pauline Bates - no record identifiable.
12. Carson Roberts - no record identifiable.
13. Adrian Alba - no record identifiable.
14. Mrs. G. Stanley Brown Vera - no record identifiable.
15. Emmet Charles Babe, Jr. - no record identifiable.
16. Lt. Francis Martello - no record identifiable.

FACT SHEET ON NAVAL INVESTIGATIVE SERVICE, 1960-64

With regard to the last two paragraphs of the undated request received in the Office of the Secretary of Defense on March 20, 1978, the Naval Investigative Service has been unable to identify any personnel presently or formerly associated with its Service, or its predecessor organizations, who were involved in the activities described. In general, the monitoring of activities or the utilization of sources within the Cuban anti-Castro groups in Miami and New Orleans during the period 1960 to 1964 was under the primary jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA).

The NIS was established in 1966 under the Naval Intelligence Command (NIC). At that time, the Service assumed the basic mission of what previously had been known as the Investigations Branch (Op-921D), and the Counterintelligence Branch (Op-921E) of the Security Division (Op-921) of the Office of Naval Intelligence (ONI). During the period 1960 to 1964, the primary activity of those branches involved criminal investigations, counterintelligence investigations, and background investigations of Navy military and civilian personnel and Department of Defense civilian contractor personnel for security clearance. Contacts with both current and former NIS personnel knowledgeable of the activities of both Op-921D and Op-921E during the period in question revealed no recollection of assignment of agents or other employees to maintain sources or otherwise investigate or monitor the Cuban anti-Castro groups in those cities. Their recollection was that the FBI and CIA did investigate such activities.

As further background, it is noted that the establishment of the Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA) in the early 1960's created shifts of mission and personnel from ONI to that organization. Prior to the establishment of the DIA, the structure of ONI included, in addition to the above-mentioned Security Division (Op-921), the Intelligence Production Division (Op-922) and the Administrative Division (Op-923). The former, Op-922, was sometimes referred to as the Foreign Intelligence Division and most of its functions were transferred to DIA. That transfer of functions also included transfers of ONI personnel and records. OP-922H was the branch responsible for collection and dissemination of foreign intelligence. A knowledgeable individual currently assigned with the NIC stated that the activities of Op-922H included interviews of anti-Castro Cubans at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, but noted that any necessary contacts or utilization of anti-Castro Cubans in Miami or New Orleans were required to be coordinated through the FBI or the CIA, because of the jurisdiction of those organizations in those geographical locations.

FACT SHEET ON APRIL 12 REQUESTS CONCERNING LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The following information has been provided by the Naval Investigative Service and responds to those portions of the April 12, requests by the Select Committee for all records regarding: Lee Harvey Oswald; any and all records concerning or referring to investigations into Oswald's background conducted by the 112th Military Intelligence Group, circa 1963; a detailed statement explaining why a photograph of Oswald in the possession of the Navy was contained in an envelope marked "Received 14 Nov 1963" and "CIA 77978," and answers to other questions regarding actions in connection with the photograph.

A written list of those persons who were either connected with, responsible for, or knowledgeable about the Office of Naval Intelligence (ONI) file pertaining to Oswald is attached, as Appendix A.

All available records held by the NIS pertaining to Lee Harvey Oswald have previously been made available to the Select Committee, with the exception of records which were originated by or under the release authority of the Department of State, the Office of the Attorney General, the CIA, the FBI, and the DIA. The latter records were referred to those agencies for processing and a direct response to the Select Committee.

The NIS holds no records concerning or referring to investigations into Oswald's background by the 112th Military Intelligence Group. Copy pages of the NIS file numbered 253 through 255 (previously forwarded to the Select Committee) consists of a U.S. Continental Army Command (USCONARC) message. It contains information concerning Oswald which was provided to the "112th INTC GP" by an Assistant Chief of Police with the Dallas Police Department.

Enclosure (1) to Appendix B is a copy of the envelope which the Select Committee referred to in connection with a photograph of Oswald. The notations on the envelope refer to a Chief of Naval Operations (CNO) message with a date/time group of 251800Z October 1963, which readdressed a CIA teletype numbered 77978. The ONI file on Oswald, which is the file maintained by the NIS, did not contain a copy of the CNO message in question, and it is not known why a copy of it was not contained therein. On 25 April 1978 a representative of NIS obtained a copy of CIA teletype number 77978 of 24 October 1963 (enclosure (2), appendix B). That copy is in the format in which the CIA has released it to the public in response to Freedom of Information Act requests. Enclosure (2), is addressed to the Department of the

Navy; refers to a CIA teletype number 74673 of 10 October 1963 (referring the possible presence of Oswald in Mexico City), and requests that two copies of the most recent photograph of Oswald be provided to the CIA for purposes of determining whether he and the individual in Mexico City were one and the same. Enclosure (3) to appendix C is a copy of CIA teletype number 74673 of 10 October 1963. It was also obtained from the CIA on 25 April 1978, and is in the format in which the CIA has released it to the public in response to Freedom of Information Act requests. The ONI file on Oswald contained a copy of a CNO message with a date/time group of 102012Z October 1963, which readdressed CIA teletype number 74673. A copy of that CNO message was one of the documents referred by NIS to the CIA on 15 August 1977.

To respond directly to the Select Committee's questions, the reason that a photograph of Oswald was at one time contained in an envelope marked "Received 14 Nov 1963" and "CIA 77978" appear to be that it was obtained as a result of the request of the CIA set forth in Enclosure (2) to appendix B. There is no documentation in the Oswald file revealing the manner in which the identification photograph of Oswald was obtained. References to the photograph appear on copy pages numbered 268, 278, and 282 of the material that was forwarded to the Select Committee. Those documents are dated 22 and 23 November 1963, the day of and the day following the assassination of President Kennedy. The references to the photograph on the copy page numbered 278 indicated that Admiral Taylor, who was then the Director of Naval Intelligence (DNI), would "....require at least two extra copies of the photograph of Oswald, for forwarding by DNI to Mexico City, by mail, and for Mr. McCone."

On 25 April 1978, the identification photograph of Oswald which had been mailed to Mexico City, and the envelope in which it was mailed, were viewed at CIA Headquarters, Langley, Virginia. The photograph was a 3" x 3" print which was stapled to a piece of paper indicating it had been received at 1530, Mexico City time, on 26 November 1963. The envelope indicated it was mailed, Air Mail-Special Delivery, by CNO (Op-923M) to an individual at the Embassy of the United States of America, Mexico City, and was postmarked on 23 November 1963. (In 1963, Op-923M was the administrative code for the General Services Branch, Administrative Division, ONI.)

PERSONS KNOWLEDGEABLE ABOUT THE ONI FILE ON OSWALD

For purposes of providing background in regard to the list of persons who were connected with, responsible for, or knowledgeable about the ONI file on Oswald, it is necessary to understand the structure of the ONI during the period starting when Oswald defected to Russia (1959), to the time of the assassination of President Kennedy (1963). During that period of time, the ONI (Op-92) consisted primarily of three divisions, the Security Division (Op-921), the Intelligence Production Division (Op-922), and the Administrative Division (Op-923). As explained in the fact sheet on the NIS, the Naval Investigative Service was established in 1966, at which time the personnel and basic mission of what had previously been known as the Investigations Branch (Op-921D) and the Counterintelligence Branch (Op-921E) of the Security Division, ONI were assumed. There was no ONI file on Oswald prior to his defection to Russia. Because of his inactive duty/civilian status from that time on, the primary investigation jurisdiction in regard to the counterintelligence interest in him rested with the FBI. This is the reason the bulk of the ONI file on Oswald consisted of other agency and administrative documents, and newspaper clippings. The primary responsibility for monitoring the file within ONI was with the Counterintelligence Branch (Op-921E), or, more specifically, the Programs Section (Op-921E2) of the Counterintelligence Branch. In reviewing the file in regard to identification of individuals who originated administrative documentation for signature by individuals further up the chain of command, the names of three junior naval officers appear. This indicates that they probably had the period between Oswald's defection and the assassination. The file identifies those officers as Lieutenant Junior Grade G. M. Fredrickson in 1960, Lieutenant Junior Grade P. C. LeSourd in 1962, and Ensign J. A. Hazelton in 1963. Other individuals who, because of their positions within the ONI, or more particularly, their positions within ONI at the time of the assassination of President Kennedy, would have become connected with and knowledgeable about the file are:

- o Vice Admiral Rufus L. Taylor, USN (Retired), the DNI (Op-92) at the time of the assassination;
- o Captain Robert P. Jackson, Jr., USNR (Retired), the Assistant DNI for Security (Op-921) at the time of assassination;
- o Captain Jack O. Johnson, USN (Retired), the Executive Officer to Captain Jackson at the time of the assassination;
- o Captain John C. Lacy, USNR (Retired), Head, Counterintelligence Branch (Op-921E) in 1959;
- o Commander William H. Clark, USNR (retired), Head Counterintelligence Branch (Op-921E) in 1963;

- o Mr. William Abbott, Civilian, Assistant to the Head, Counter-intelligence Branch, during the entire period of 1959 through 1963;
- o Mr. Prosser W. Palmer, Civilian, assigned to the Programs Section (Op-921E2) during the entire period of 1959 through 1963; and
- o Mr. Donald R. Paschal, Civilian, assigned to Programs Section (Op-921E2) in 1963.

The three junior naval officers have been more fully identified as follows:

- o LTJG George Marsh Fredrickson, USN
Military Service Number (MSN): 559112
Social Security Account Number (SSAN): 503-28-3599
Year of Birth (YOB): 1934
Last Known Address (1966): 91 Reed Street
Lexington, Mass.
- o LTJG Peter Charles LeSourd, USNR
MSN: 638384
SSAN: 0538-34-2364(D)
YOB: 1938
Last Known Address (1971): 1222 East Crockett
Seattle, Washington
- o ENS John Anthony Hazelton, USNR
MSN: 662076
DOB: 15 December 1938
Last Known Address (1972): 6333 Shoreham Drive
Madison, Wisconsin

The addresses of the other officers are as follows:

- o Vice Admiral Rufus L. Taylor, USN (Retired)
Current Address: 90 N. Lakeview Drive
Whispering Pines, North Carolina
- o Captain Robert P. Jackson, Jr., USNR (Retired)
Current Address: Street Address Unknown
Metairie, Louisiana
- o Captain Jack O. Johnson, USN (Retired)
Current Address: 195 East Stanford Street
Bartow, Florida
- o Commander William H. Clark, USNR (Retired)
Current Address: 740th Street, Unit 209
Ocean City, Maryland

- o Mr. William Abbott
Last known Address (1970): 2737 Devonshire Road, NW
Washington, D. C.
- o Mr. Prosser W. Palmer
Last Known Address (1967): 4643 Seminary Road
Apt 303
Alexandria, Virginia
- o Mr. Donald R. Paschal
Current Address: c/o DCI Security Committee
Community Headquarters Building
Washington, D. C. 20505
Telephone: 376-5580

The NIS has unsubstantiated information that Admiral Taylor is terminally ill.

FACT SHEET ON LEE HARVEY OSWALD'S SERVICE IN THE MARINE CORPS
(requested in undated letter received June 1, 1978)

C.1. Oswald's level of security clearance was "confidential." On September 11, 1959, a Security Termination Statement (OPNAV FORM 5511-14) was executed by Oswald.

C.2. Oswald was separated from his unit overseas due to hospitalization from October 27, 1957 through November 15, 1957, and again from October 7, 1958 through October 15, 1958.

Oswald did not sail from Yokosuka, Japan, on September 16, 1958. He remained aboard NAS, Atsugi as part of the MAG-11 rear echelon.

C.3. Oswald was confined at hard labor from June 27, 1958 until he rejoined his unit on August 13, 1958.

For further clarification, Oswald received a sentence for 20 days confinement in April 1958 as a result of a Summary Courts Martial. The confinement was suspended for six months. If Oswald's conduct was satisfactory for the period of suspension the sentence would not have been executed. Oswald committed another offense in June 1958, received another Summary Courts Martial and was awarded confinement at hard labor for 28 days. This second offense caused the suspension of the first sentence to be vacated resulting in an accumulation of 48 days confinement at hard labor minus any credit for good behavior.

The offenses in April and June 1958 were those of:

1. Violation of Article 92, Uniform Code of Military Justice; Violate a lawful general order by having in his possession a privately owned weapon that was not registered.

2. Violation of Article 117, Uniform Code of Military Justice; Wrongfully used provoking words to a Staff Non-Commissioned Officer.

CONFIDENTIAL
11 JUL 1978
RECEIVED

QNY

(APR 21)

Lee H. Oswald (Ex-USMC)

Dates of photo

28700-56

Eus Hazelton Rem. 212

MSC CNO 25/820-000

(Requisitioned by CIA 77778)

REC-2
14 Nov 6

APP B

ENCLOSURE

UNIT
EXT
DATE 10 OCT 1963
☐ INDEX
☐ NO INDEX
☐ FILE IN CS FILE NO.

ROUTING		
1		4
2		5
3		6

TO : SEE BELOW

CS COPY

0 OCT 63 20 122

FROM: ~~XXXXXX~~ CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

CONF:

INFO:

XX

R ROUTINE

TO: DEPARTMENT OF STATE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
~~DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY~~

CITE DIR 74673

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

SUBJECT: LEE HENRY OSWALD

1. ON 1 OCTOBER 1963

MEXICO REPORTED THAT AN AMERICAN MALE, IDENTIFIED
AS LEE OSWALD, CONTACTED THE SOVIET EMBASSY IN
MEXICO CITY INQUIRING WHETHER THE EMBASSY HAD RECEIVED
ANY NEWS CONCERNING A TELEGRAM WHICH HAD BEEN SENT TO
WASHINGTON. THE AMERICAN WAS DESCRIBED AS APPROXIMATELY
35 YEARS OLD, WITH AN ATHLETIC BUILD, ABOUT SIX FEET TALL,
WITH A RECEDING HAIRLINE.

IS (REALLY)
DESCRIPTION
OF
THE
INDIVIDUAL
WHOSE
APPEARANCE
IS
BEING
DESCRIBED
HERE

2. IT IS BELIEVED THAT OSWALD MAY BE IDENTICAL TO LEE
HENRY OSWALD, BORN ON 18 OCTOBER 1939 IN NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA,
A FORMER U.S. MARINE WHO DEFECTED TO THE SOVIET UNION IN
OCTOBER 1959 AND LATER MADE ARRANGEMENTS THROUGH THE UNITED
STATES EMBASSY IN MOSCOW TO RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES WITH
HIS RUSSIAN-BORN WIFE, MARINA NIKOLAEVNA PUSAKOVA, AND THEIR

(CONTINUED)

10 OCT 63

AUTHENTICATING OFFICER

RELEASING OFFICER

COORDINATING OFFICERS

REPRODUCTION BY OTHER THAN THE ISSUING OFFICE IS PROHIBITED.

Copy No.

ORIG :
UNF :
EXT :
DATE :
☐ INDEX
☐ NO INDEX
☐ FILE IN CS FILE NO.

ROUTING			
1		4	
2		5	
3		6	

TO :
FROM : DIRECTOR
CON :
INFO :

DEFERRED
ROUTINE

PAGE TWO

TO : INFO CITE DIR

CHILD.

3. THE INFORMATION IN PARAGRAPH ONE IS BEING DISSEMINATED TO YOUR REPRESENTATIVES IN MEXICO CITY. ANY FURTHER INFORMATION RECEIVED ON THIS SUBJECT WILL BE FURNISHED YOU. THIS INFORMATION IS BEING MADE AVAILABLE TO THE IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE.

END OF MESSAGE

INFO BASED ON (IN 36017)

RELEASING OFFICER

COORDINATING OFFICERS

AUTHENTICATING OFFICER

REPL. INSTRUCTIONS OTHER THAN THE ISSUING OFFICE PROHIBITED

Copy No.

CLASSIFICATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DATE 10-21 JULY 1960

INFORMATION REPORT OFFICE OF NAVAL INTELLIGENCE

SERIAL NO.	142-60
DATE OF REPORT	30 JULY 1960
EVALUATION	F-3
REQUEST NO.	

FROM U.S. NAVAL ATTACHE, Caracas

Personal Contact

SUBJECT VENEZUELA/CUBA - Request for assistance by former Cuban army officer

BRIEF (FOR REPORTS OF MORE THAN ONE PAGE, ENTER CAREFUL SUMMARY)

This report covers the visit of two Cuban nationals to the office of the Naval Attache.

1. Background. On 18 July, The Chief of the U.S. Naval Mission to Venezuela called the Naval Attache and said that two Cubans had approached him in an effort to obtain assistance in getting visas to the U.S. He stated that he had directed them to the office of the Naval Attache.
2. Interview. Shortly thereafter the two men arrived at the CNA. The identified themselves as:

~~SANTIAGO~~ ~~with~~ ~~CUBA-VENEZ~~
~~AVENIDA~~
 Avenida Urdanota #11, esquina La Pelota NY
 Telephone 32 07 92

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED
 NOT RELEASABLE TO FOREIGN NATIONALS

He possessed a valid Cuban passport and stated that he was married to a Spanish subject who had a valid Spanish passport. Claims his grandfather was an American and that he is a graduate of Columbia University. Stated he had been in the Cuban diplomatic service briefly and that he presently represented several U.S. firms in Venezuela, primarily in textiles. He was acquainted with CHEAVINS from business calls he had made at Venezuelan Naval Headquarters selling uniform equipment. In showing his papers he exposed a police type shield. When queried stated that it was an honorary police badge of the New York Police, given to him by Paul Taylor, whom he said was Deputy Police Commissioner, NYC.

and Rolando BIZARRA-TA...

THIS REPORT CONTAINS UNPROCESSED INFORMATION PLANS AND/OR POLICIES SHOULD NOT BE EVOLVED OR RECORDED
 SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED. NOT RELEASABLE TO FOREIGN NATIONALS
 DISTRIBUTION BY ORIGINATOR

DISTRIBUTION BY CNA (only to those addresses preceded by copy number)					
9 CNA	ComSABant	OP25	OP72	ENCLOSURE	
5 STATE	COMSTS	OP32	STIE	AS	
AFCH	ComAll Seafron	OP51	FIC	SI	
3 ACSI	ComCarlo Seafron	OP33	FIE	SI	
WPC	ComEast Seafron	OP34	FIW	112	
1 BSA	ComCarlo Seafron	OP40	621	112	
1 OSI, ASL	ComWest Seafron	OP41	626	113W	
1 FBI	125	OP45	61	CC each add	
ICA	ComMarMoran	OP55	61	CC each rpt.	
Commerce	ComMidEastfor	OP56	KR	1 Justice (1 & NS)	
AEC	ComMarPhal	OP60	EDM	ART. 04291	
WSCG	ComSITPH	OP61	EDT	5099408	
SecAd	ComIYOFB	OP62	EDW	37-3	
SecAd	ComSITPH	OP63	54		
OSD	ComSITPH	OP64	61		
62 LMC	ComSITPH	OP65	62		
1 NA HAVANA	ComSITPH	OP66	64		
1 CG YMF LAUT	ComSITPH	OP67	64		
	ComSITPH	OP68	64		
	ComSITPH	OP69	64		
	ComSITPH	OP70	64		
	ComSITPH	OP71	64		
	ComSITPH	OP72	64		
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	ComSITPH	OP88	64		
	ComSITPH	OP89	64		
	ComSITPH	OP90	64		

50 AUG 25 1960

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

INFORMATION REPORT

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 (7) (REV. 5-22)

CLASSIFICATION CONFIDENTIAL	FROM NA, CARACAS	REPORT NO. 142-60	DATE 30 JULY 1960
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He stated that he was a former Cuban Army Captain in the Batista regime and had been a professional soldier - without politics. Had been officer in charge of the Army detachment at the MATA HERRZ copper mine, Impinalde Rio. He left Cuba and came to Venezuela on 5 June January 1959. He had legal sized piece of paper with photo and signed by the Cuban Minister of Interior giving him permission to leave Cuba. It was captioned "Special Passport". Stated he had been jailed 4 times between 1 January, and 5 June 1959, by CASTRO. ARCACHA stated that he had been arrested and jailed on 29 June during the big cleanup following the attempt on the life of President Betancourt. He was confined for 16 days and released finally on 14 July. ZUBIZARRETA was arrested by DIMEPOL on 1 July and confined without charges until 12 July when he was released. At that time he was given a "Salvoconducto" #P4030-E by the Venezuelan Ministry of Interior dated 13 July, 1960 and expiring 13 January 1961.

ZUBIZARRETA spoke almost no English and it appears that ARCACHA was accompanying him to aid in interpreting if necessary. He said that he feared for his life both in Venezuela and also possible extradition to Cuba where he might be tried and executed although he claimed to have been guilty only of having been in the Army in Batista's time.

Both spoke contemptuously of CASTRO and tried to draw the NA into conversation and controversy. They were taken to the Visa Section of the Consulate and turned over to the Vice Consul.

3. Subsequent Visits. The next morning ZUBIZARRETA appeared with his papers partially filled out and requested assistance in completing them. This was done and he left. Two days later ARCACHA and ZUBIZARRETA returned together, the former claiming that he had additional character and financial references that he wanted to offer to assist ZUBIZARRETA if obtaining this visa more quickly. ARCACHA volunteered that he wanted to warn me about a CASTRO agent, whom he stated was in charge of intelligence for CASTRO in Venezuela. This person, named Juan Antonio SOLLER, was alleged to be a partner in an ~~embroidery~~ service that has recently opened in Caracas. He also advised that another Cuban, ~~Cre...~~ ^{Cuba} ~~ARCACHA~~, a journalist was very dangerous to the U.S. The interview was cut short and they ~~left~~ ^{turned over} to the Vice Consul who stated no additional information was needed and that it would probably be a month before information upon which a visa could be issued would be received from Havana and Washington. ZUBIZARRETA expressed fear that he would be picked up and extradited before that time. The NA mentioned that the U.S. was full of exiles and that sincere anti-Castroites could do more good spreading the gospel in Venezuela. This shook both of them considerably and they replied that at present it was almost as dangerous for an anti-Castro on the streets of Caracas as it was on the streets of Havana. They left after being discouraged by the Consul on the prospects of a decision in the near future. ARCACHA did not appear too worried for himself and a check proved that he had a valid tourist visa issued to him on 18 November, 1959. His wife, being a Spanish subject, is going to have considerably more difficulty.

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INFORMATION REPORT

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 (REV. 5-22-64)

CLASSIFICATION CONFIDENTIAL	FROM NA, CARACAS	REPORT NO. 142-60	DATE 30 JUL 1960
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Source Information: Personal Contact

Preparing and Forwarding Officer's Comments: Local CAS files show nothing on LOIL and VABOWA. The principal owner of the armored car service referred to is a Pan American pilot, ROSE (fmr) and friend of the Army Attache. He has one or two Cuban partners and recent inquiry reveals that their original company in Havana has been expropriated by CASTRO. They state that DOLL was a former employee of theirs but was released some time ago.

Prepared and Forwarded:

[Signature]
ROBERT E. ROSE
CAPT, USA

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UNIT:	<input type="checkbox"/> INDEX	30	ROUTING	
EXT:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO INDEX		1	4
DATE: 23 OCT 1963	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FILE IN CS FILE NO. 1		2	5
			3	6

TO : DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
 FROM : ~~DEFENSE~~ CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

21 OCT 63 19 10 Z
 24 OCT 63

CONF:	DEF
INFO:	ROUTINE

XX *date changed - 23 Oct on run*

TO : INFO *should be 24 Oct* CITE-DIR

SUBJECT: LEE HENRY OSWALD

77978

REFERENCE IS MADE TO CIA OUT TELETYPE NO. 74873, DATED 10 OCTOBER 1963, REGARDING POSSIBLE PRESENCE OF SUBJECT IN MEXICO CITY. IT IS REQUESTED THAT YOU FORWARD TO THIS OFFICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE TWO COPIES OF THE MOST RECENT PHOTOGRAPHS YOU HAVE OF SUBJECT. WE WILL FORWARD THEM TO OUR REPRESENTATIVE IN MEXICO, WHO WILL ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE IF THE LEE OSWALD IN MEXICO CITY AND SUBJECT ARE THE SAME INDIVIDUAL.

END OF MESSAGE

BASED ON: (IN 40357)

24 Oct 63

Document Number **10-6**
 for FOIA Review on APR 1976

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FACT SHEET ON RADIOGRAPH REQUEST

With respect to the May 9, 1978, request for access to radiographs taken the week of November 22, 1963, at Bethesda Naval Hospital by the same unit used to take radiographs at President Kennedy's autopsy, hospital personnel have reported that none of the radiographs are annotated to indicate the particular instrument used; thus, no means are available to determine which radiographs were taken on the same unit as that used during the President Kennedy autopsy. Additionally, the radiographs unit used during the aforementioned autopsy is no longer in use and after a search could not be located.