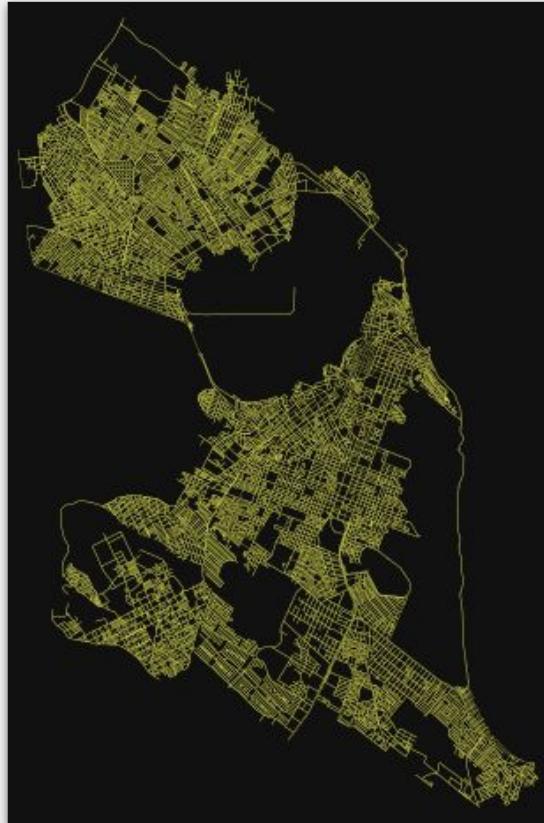


# Algorithms & Data Structures II

## DCA 0209

[ivanovitch.silva@ufrn.br](mailto:ivanovitch.silva@ufrn.br)  
@ivanovitchm

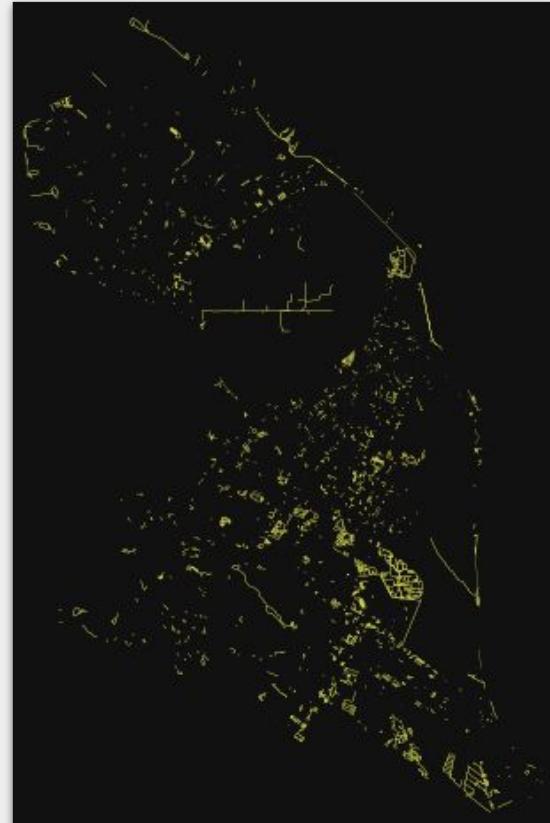




Drive



Bike



Bike - Drive

**PRAZOS E CARGAS HORÁRIAS**

**Total Mínima:** 3885h

**Carga Horária Obrigatória**

**Subtotal de CH de Aula:** 2970h

**Subtotal de CH de Orientação Acadêmica/Profissional:** 220h

**Total:** 3190h

**Carga Horária Optativa Mínima:** 495h

**Carga Horária Complementar Mínima:** 200h

**Carga Horária Obrigatória Atividade Acadêmica Específica:** 0h

**Carga Horária Máxima de Componentes Eletivos:** 120h

**Carga Horária Máxima por Período Letivo:** 600h

**Prazo Para Conclusão (em semestres): Mínimo: 10 Médio: 10 Máximo: 12**

Optativas	Complementares	1º Nível	2º Nível	3º Nível	4º Nível	5º Nível	6º Nível	7º Nível	8º Nível	9º Nível	10º Nível
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**7º NÍVEL**

DCA0108 - SISTEMAS OPERACIONAIS - 60h

Obrigatória



DCA0114 - COMPUTACAO GRAFICA - 60h

Obrigatória



DCA0119 - SISTEMAS DIGITAIS - 60h

Obrigatória



DCA0200 - INTELIGÊNCIA ARTIFICIAL - 60h

Obrigatória



**DCA0209 - ALGORITMOS E ESTRUTURAS DE DADOS II - 60h**

Obrigatória



DCA0210 - LINGUAGENS FORMAIS E AUTÔMATOS - 45h

Obrigatória



DCA0211 - COMPILADORES - 45h

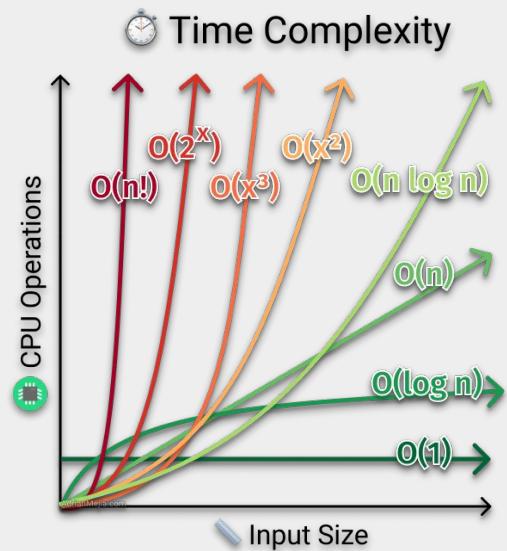
Obrigatória



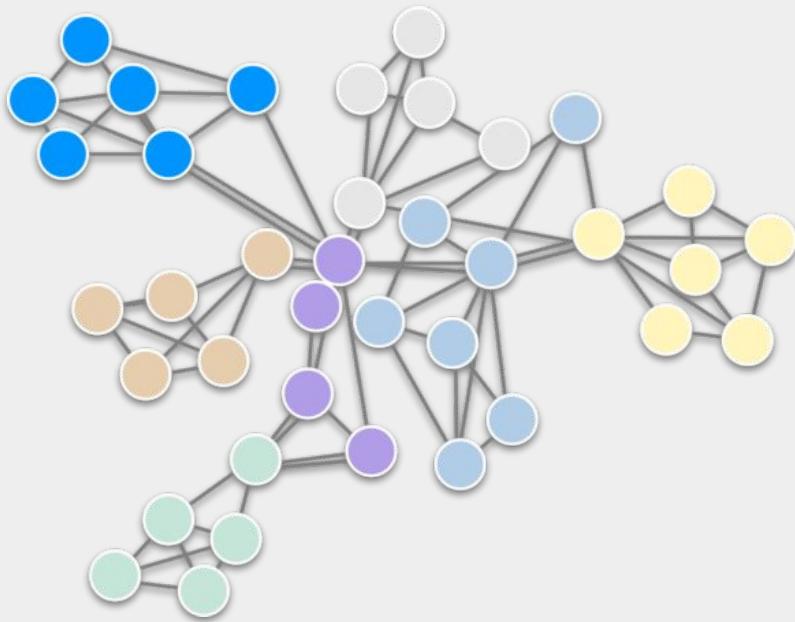
**Carga Horária Total:** 390h



# Course Outline



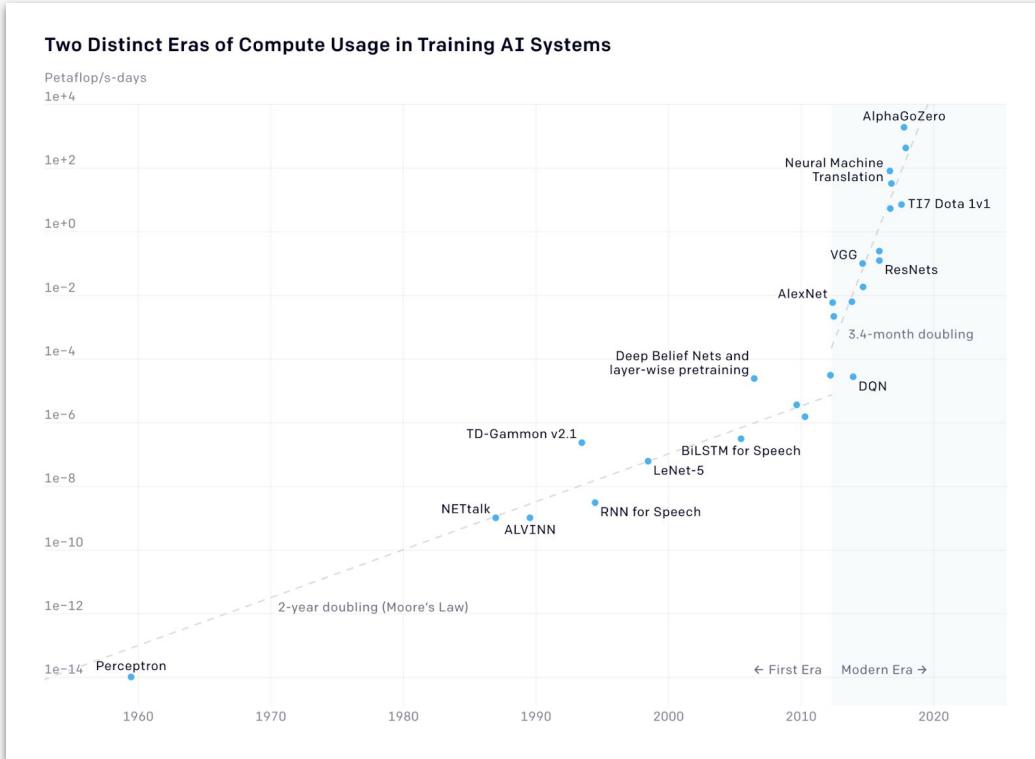
Algorithm Complexity



Graph

# ML Compute Needs (from the 1960s)

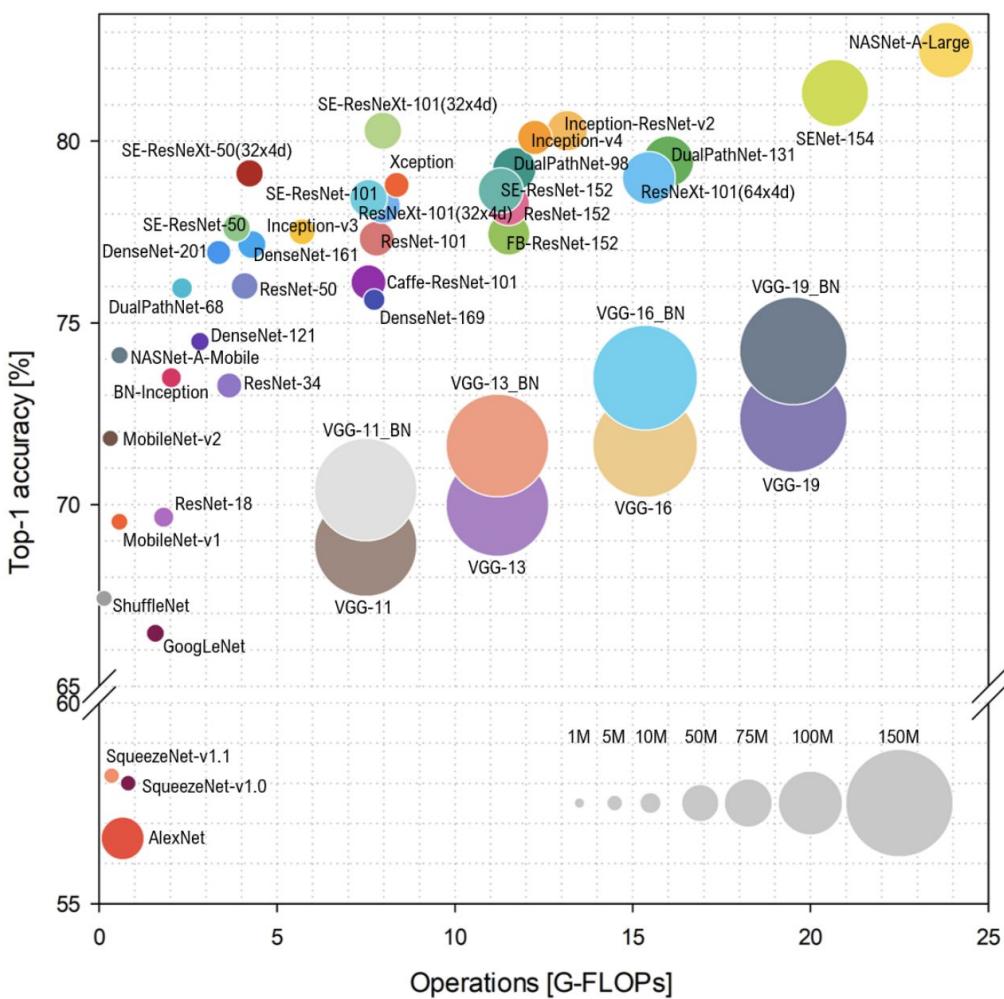
## Algorithm Complexity



In recent years, the amount of computing needed has grown remarkably fast.

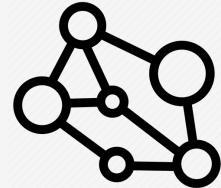
Computer requirements are **doubling nearly every 3 to 4 months.**

# Algorithm Complexity

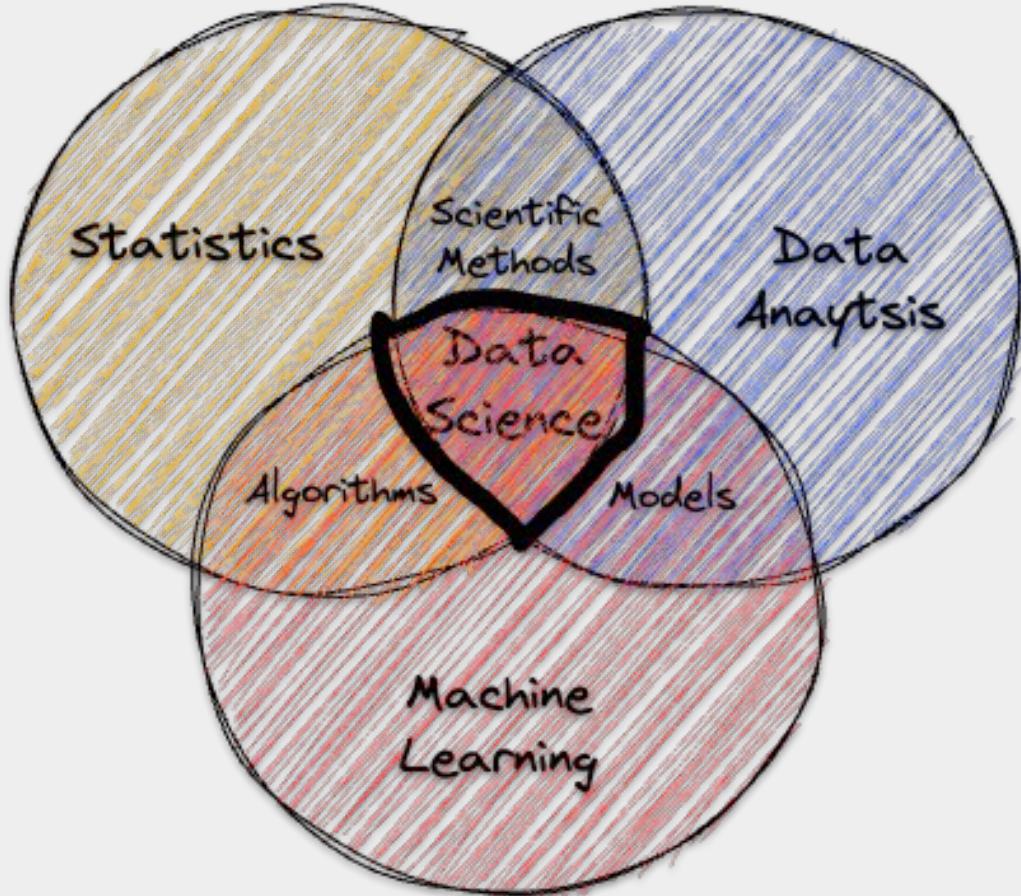


# ML Model Evolution ImageNet

Source: S. Bianco, R. Cadene, L. Celona, and P. Napoletano, "Benchmark analysis of representative deep neural network architectures". IEEE Access, vol. 6, 2018.

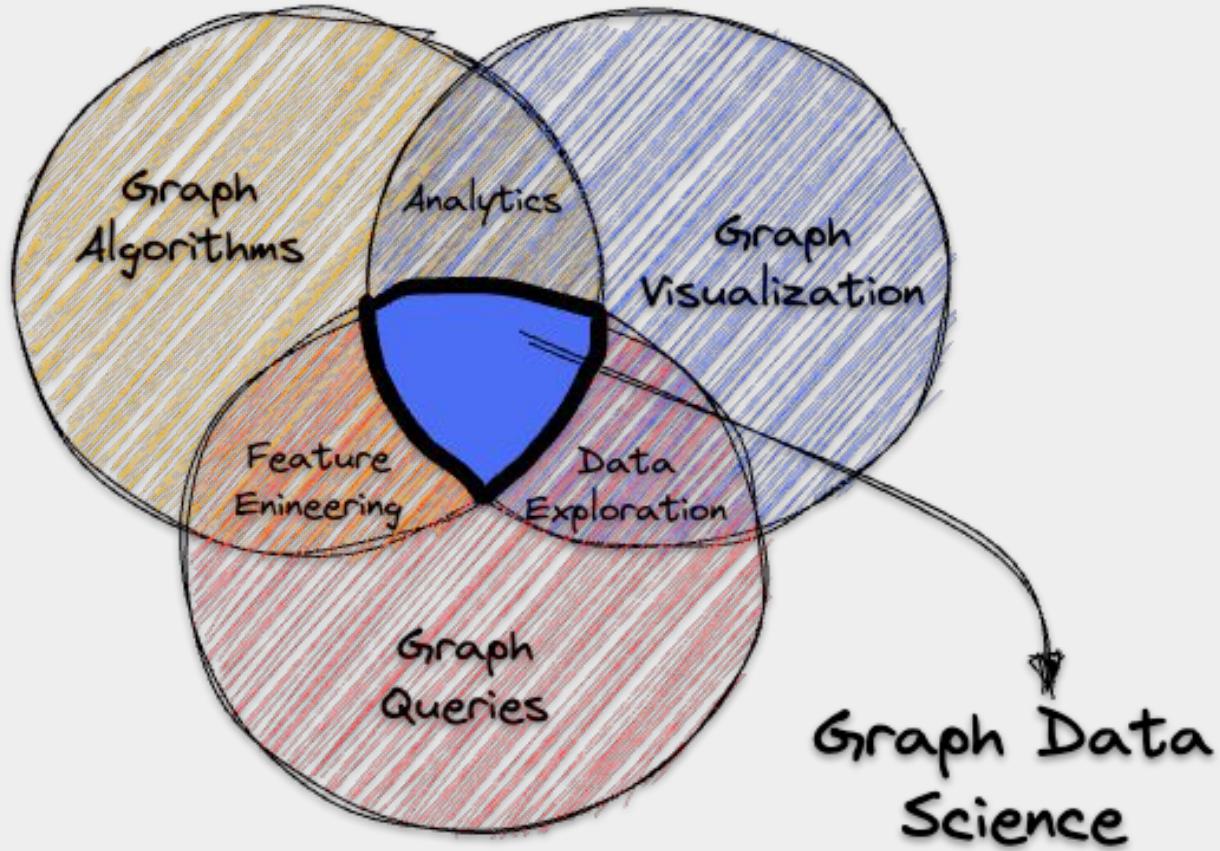


And about graph?  
Where and how use them?



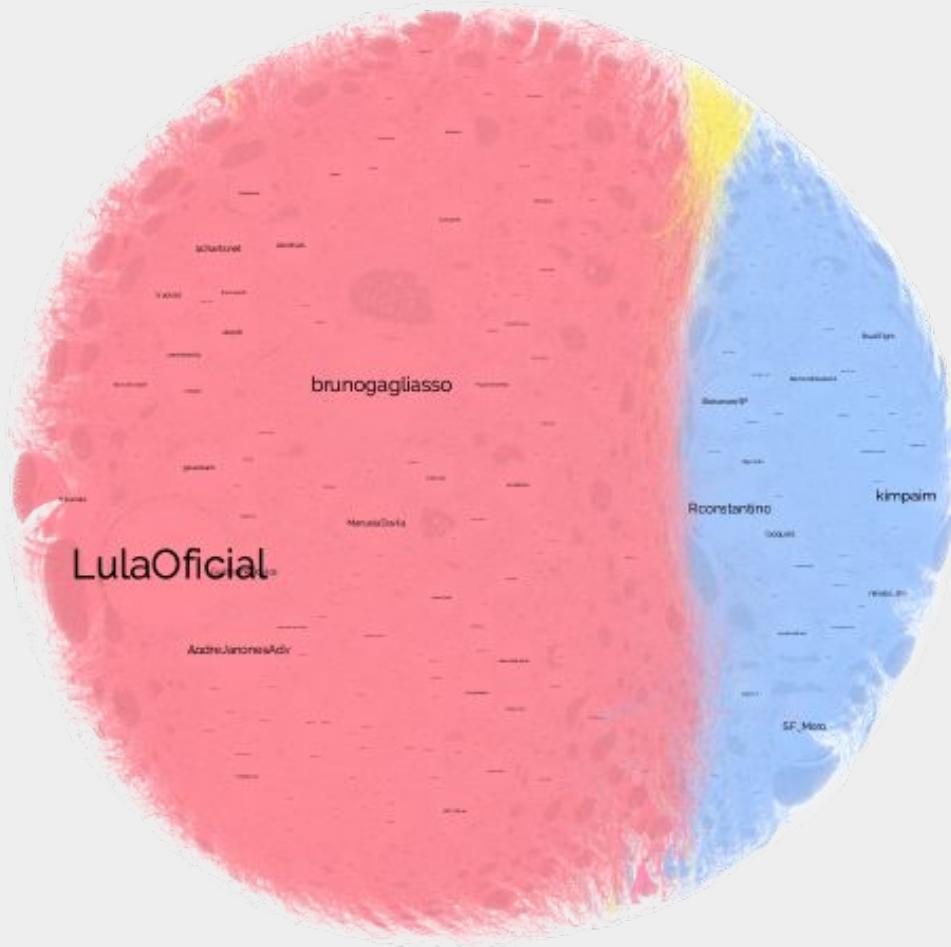
Data Science is an interdisciplinary field that uses scientific methods, processes, algorithms and systems to extract knowledge and insights from structured and unstructured data.

**Data Scientists use data to answer questions.**



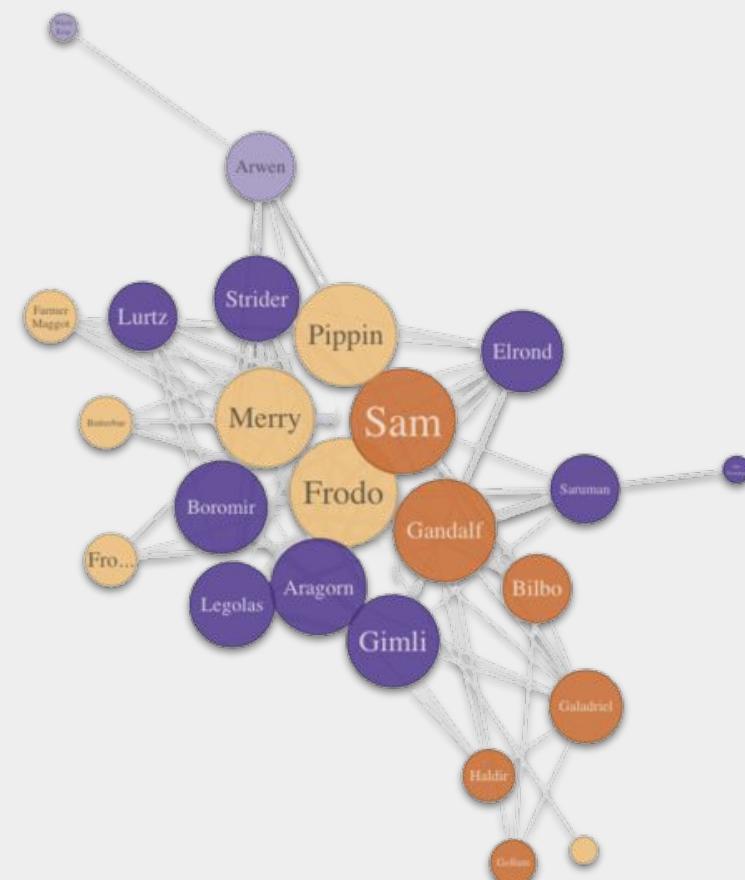
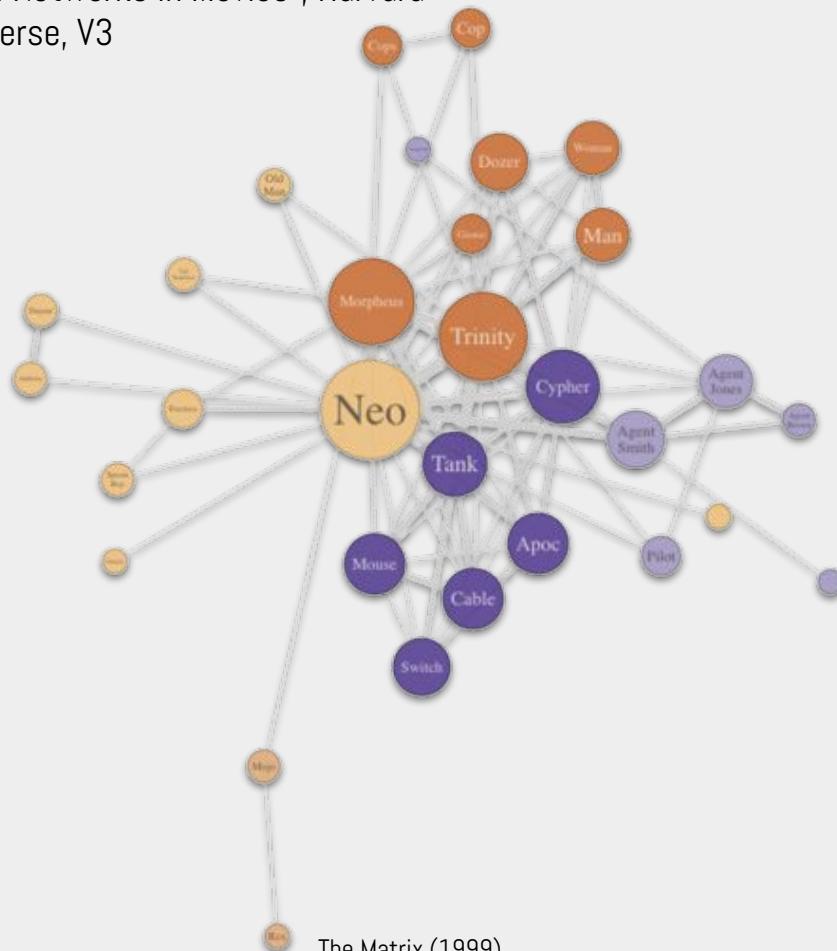
Graph Data Science is a science-driven approach to gain knowledge from the relationships and structures in data, typically to power predictions.

**Data Scientists use relationships to answer questions.**

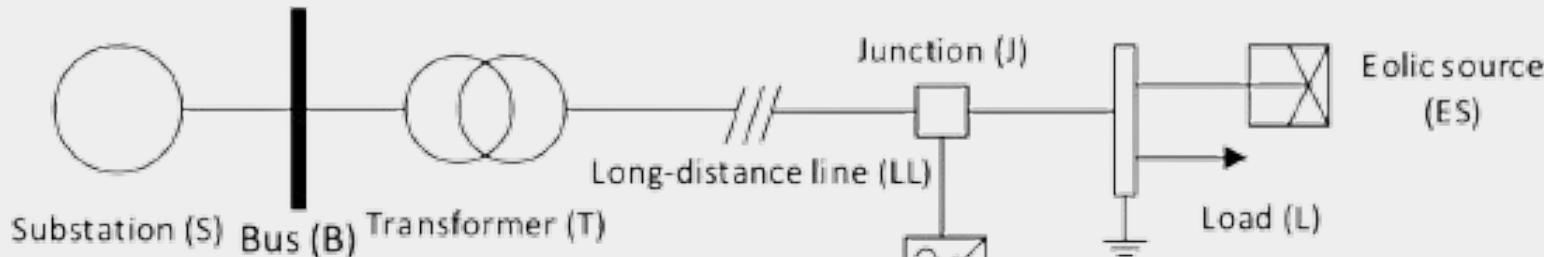


# Visualizing Elections Feedback

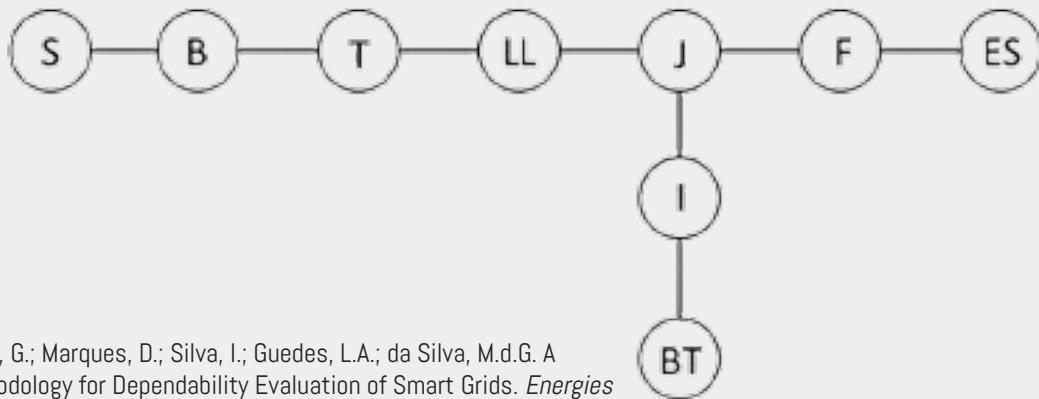
Clustering  
Community Detection  
Mention network



The Lord of the Rings: The Fellowship of the Ring (2001)

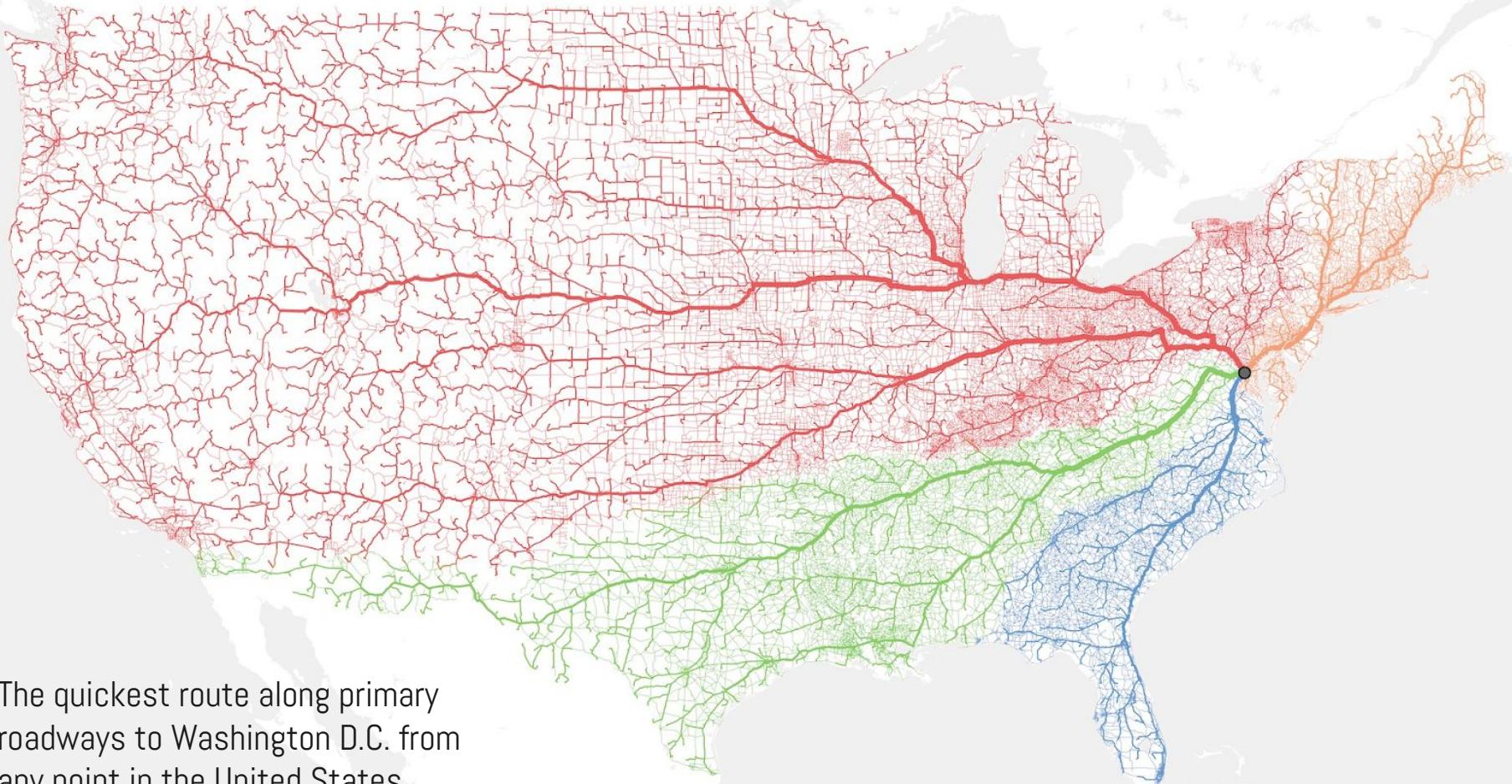


**One-line diagram  
to Graph**



**Adjacency Matrix**

	S	B	T	LL	J	I	BT	F	ES
S	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
T	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
LL	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
J	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
I	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
BT	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
F	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
ES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0



The quickest route along primary  
roadways to Washington D.C. from  
any point in the United States

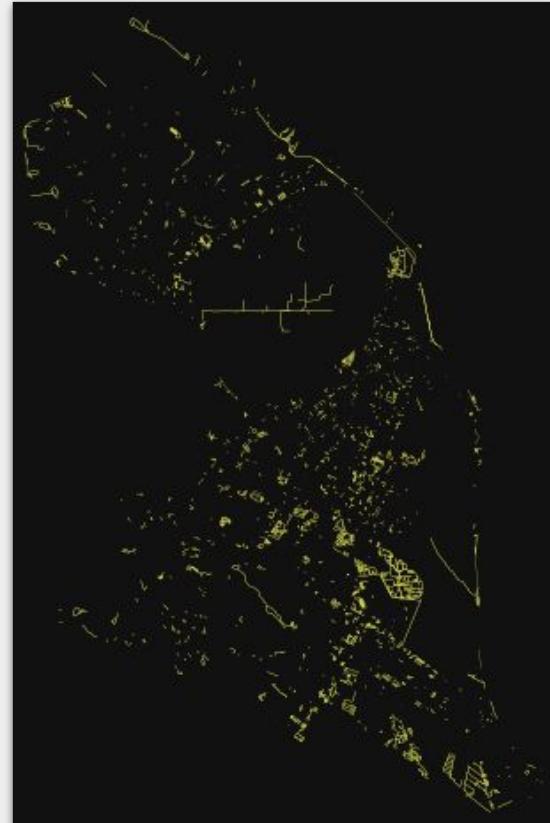
@r/dataisbeautiful/



Drive

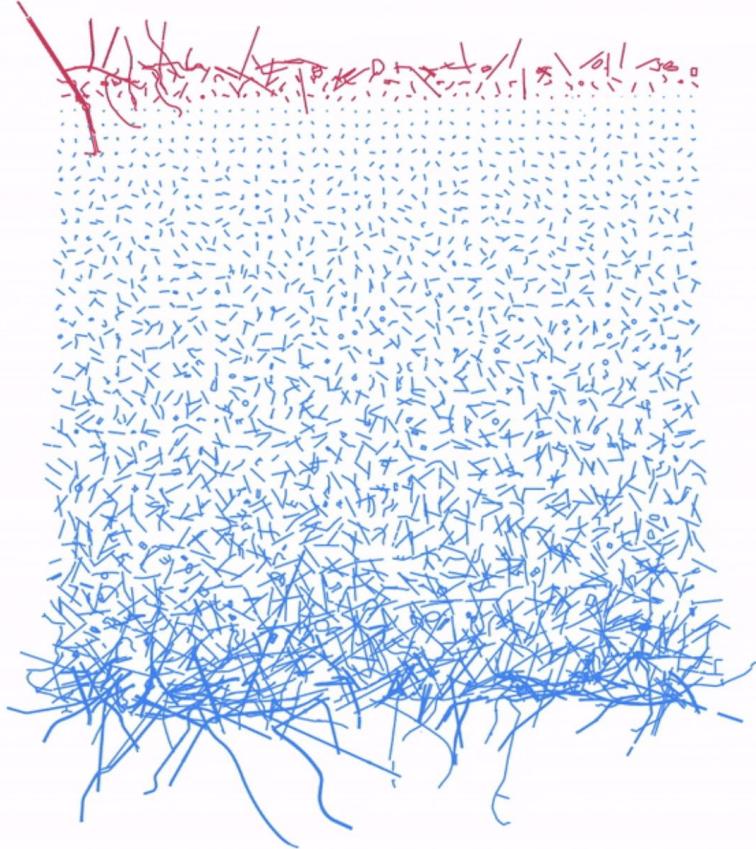


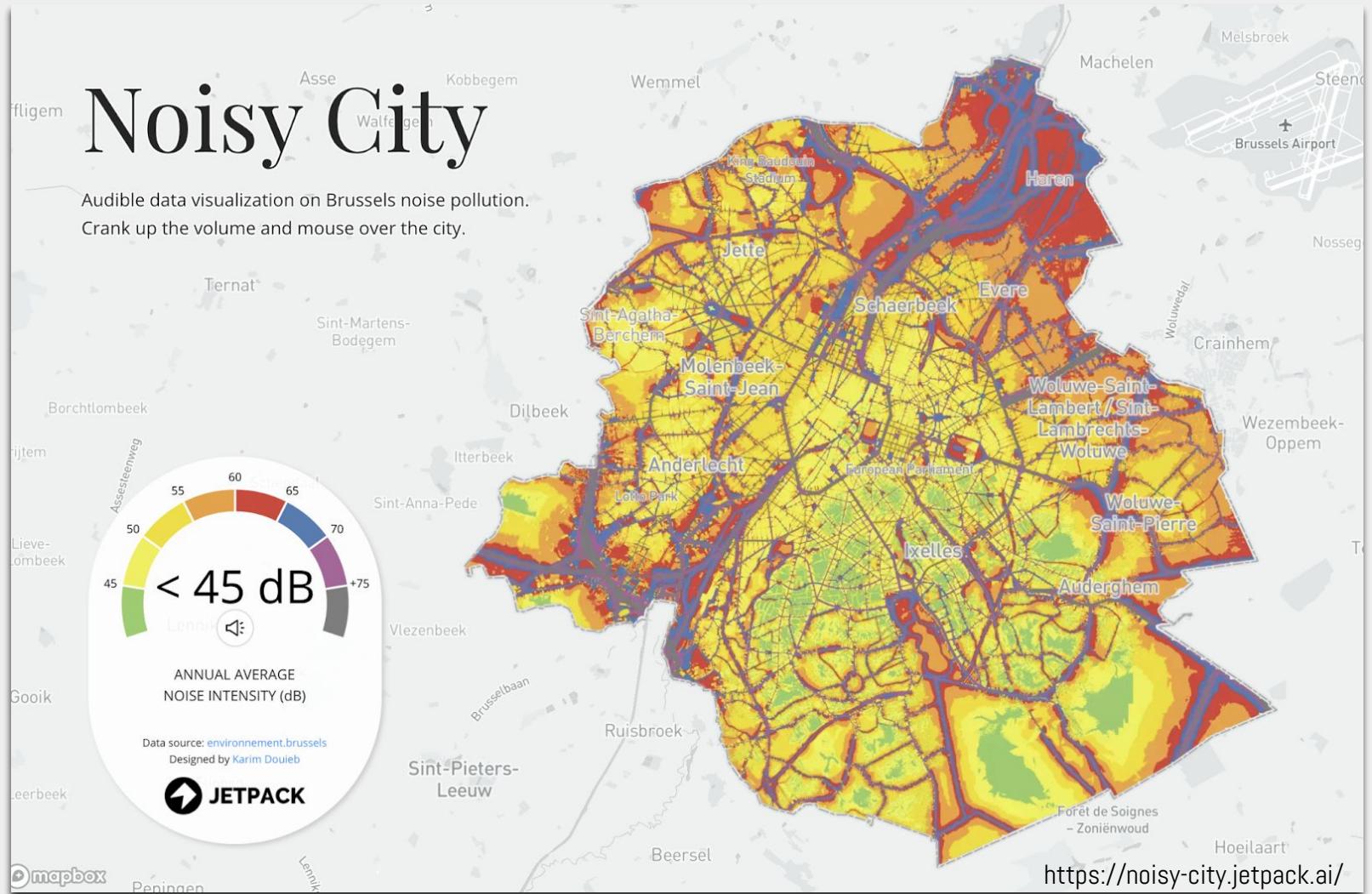
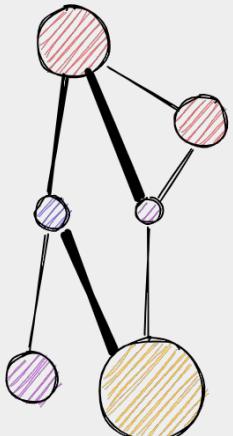
Bike

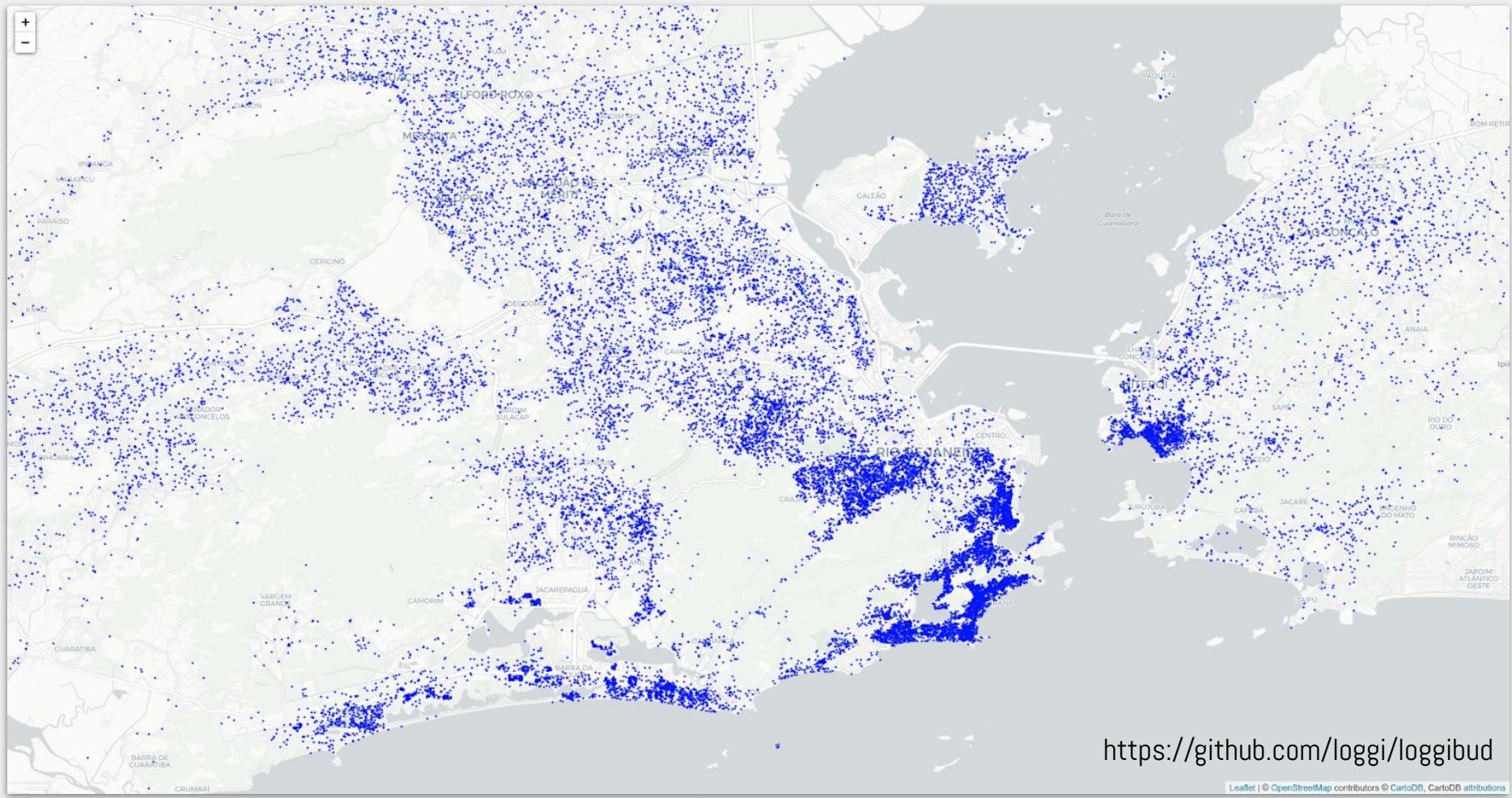


Bike - Drive

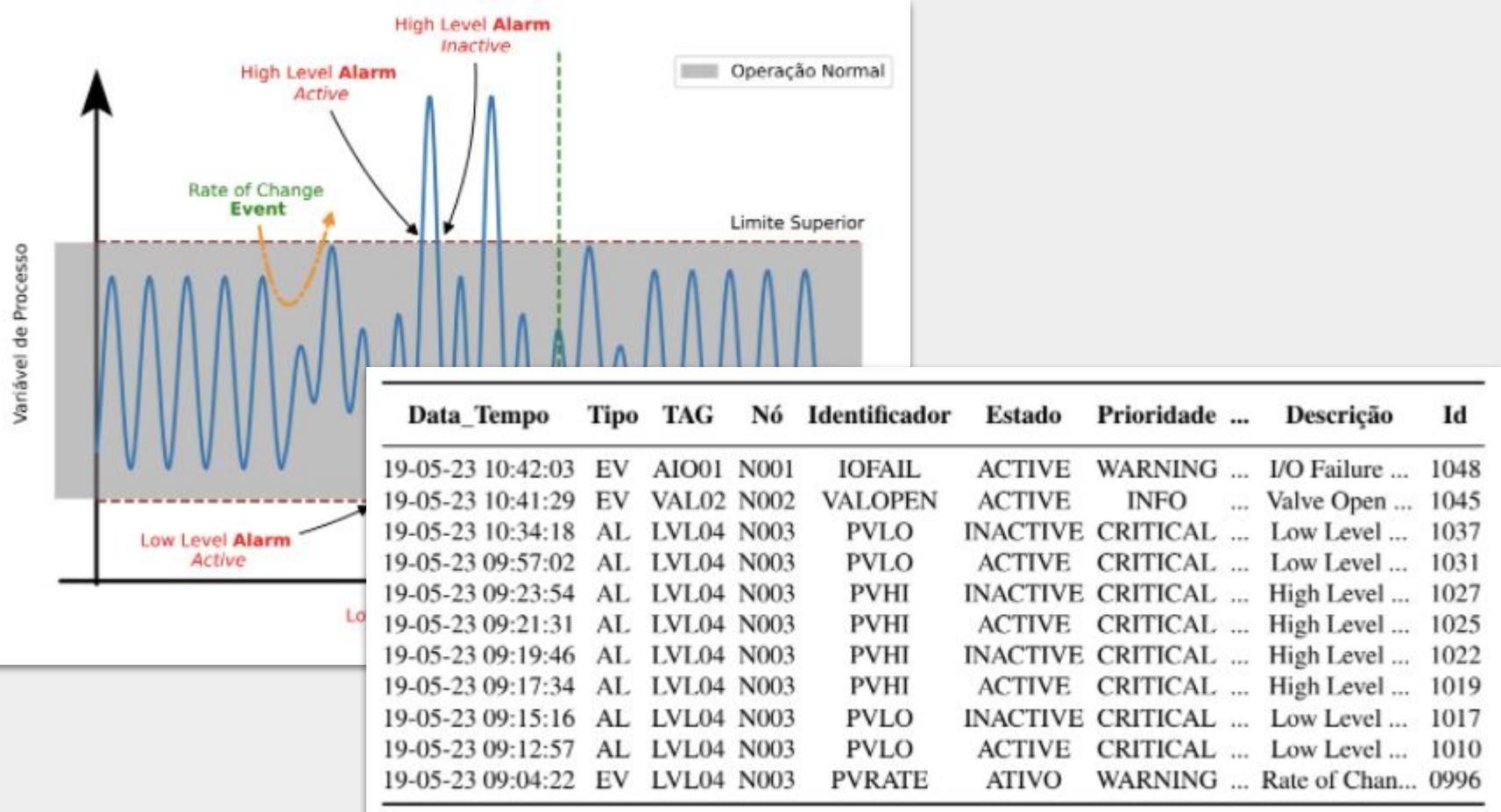
Only 6% of Brussels streets are named after women. [Open Knowledge BE](#) organized the production of these statistics with the help of 60 volunteers who tagged the gender of each street in Brussels.



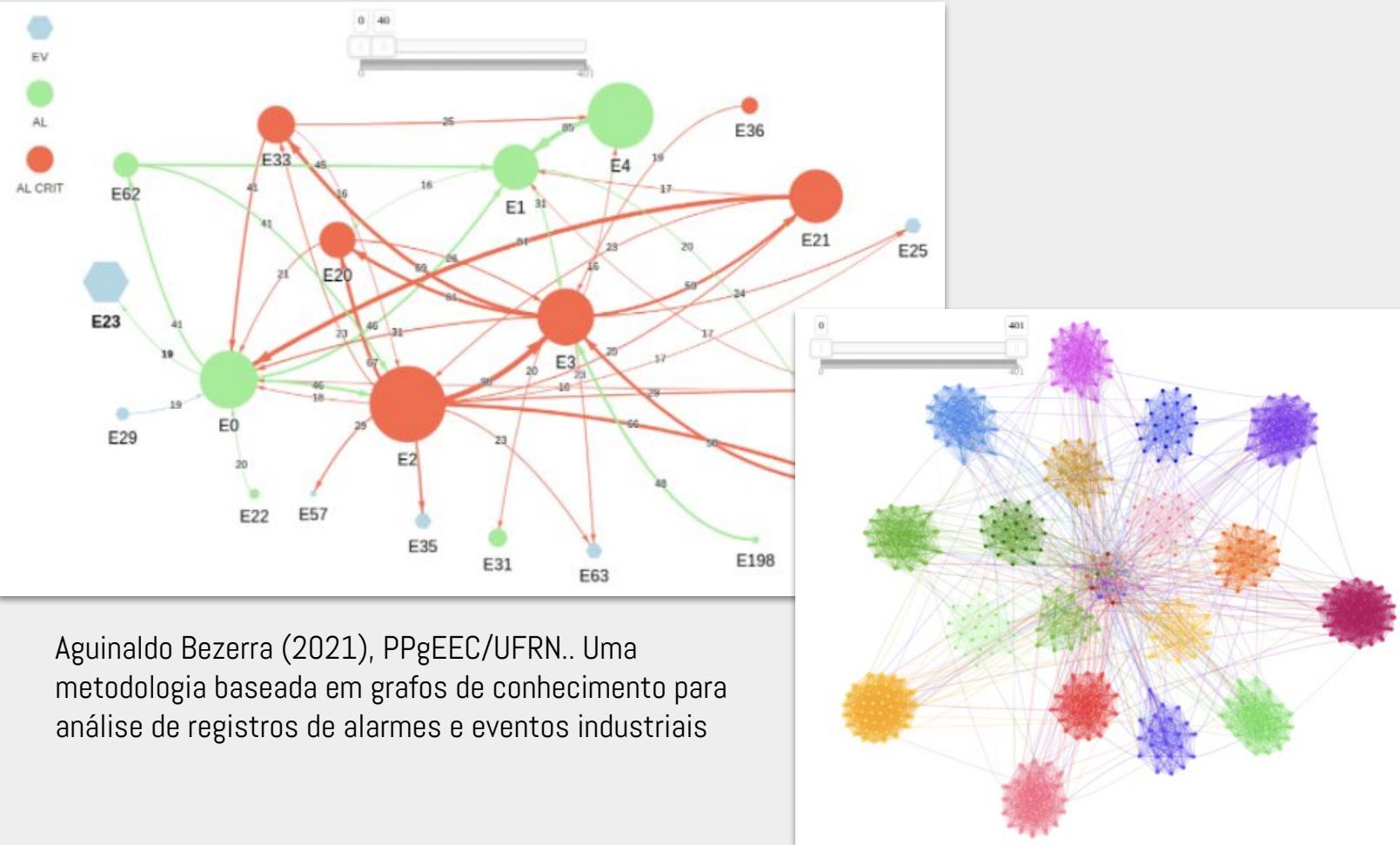




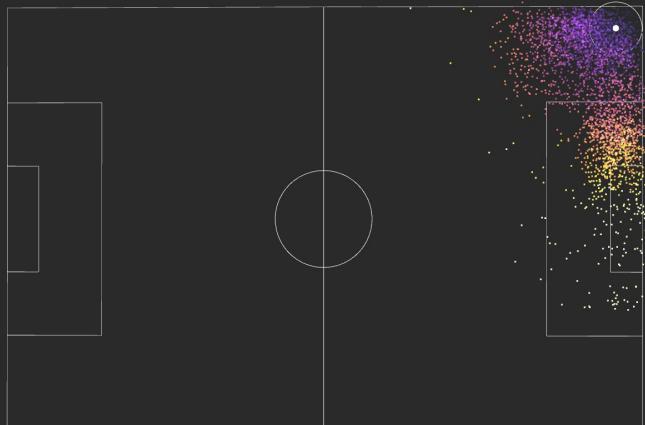
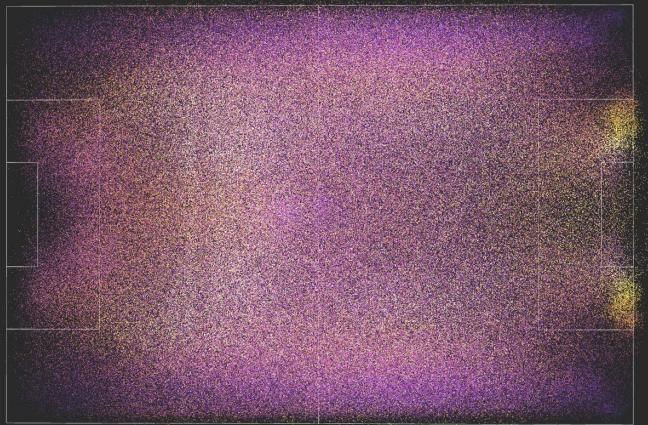
<https://github.com/loggi/loggibud>



Aguinaldo Bezerra (2021), PPgEEC/UFRN. Uma metodologia baseada em grafos de conhecimento para análise de registros de alarmes e eventos industriais



Aguinaldo Bezerra (2021), PPgEEC/UFRN.. Uma metodologia baseada em grafos de conhecimento para análise de registros de alarmes e eventos industriais



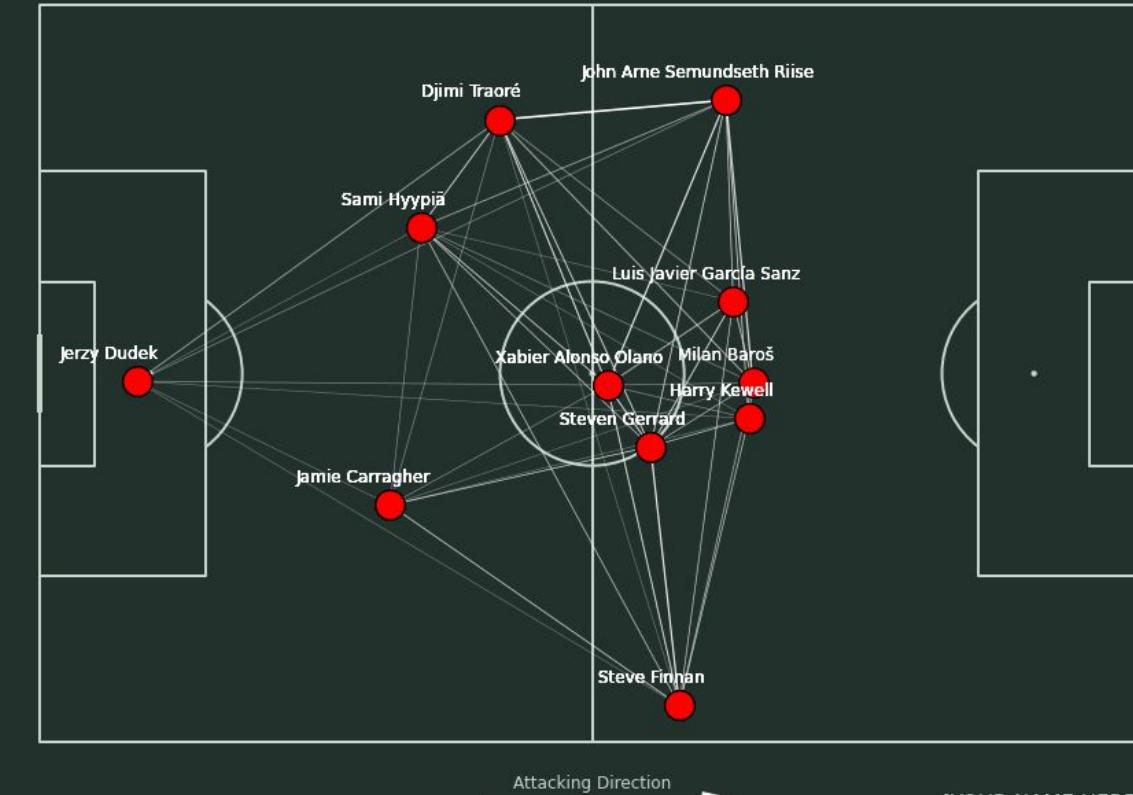
<https://statsbomb.com/>

<https://github.com/statsbomb/open-data>

@karim\_douieb

# Passing Networks by Liverpool

## First Half of The Game





# Appetite



Research review

## The contribution of network science to the study of food recipes. A review paper



Juan C.S. Herrera

*Nutrition and Food Studies, Food Studies, New York University, New York, NY, 10003, USA*

### ABSTRACT

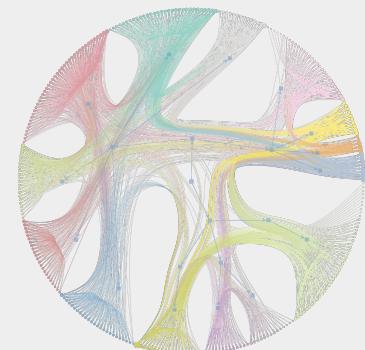
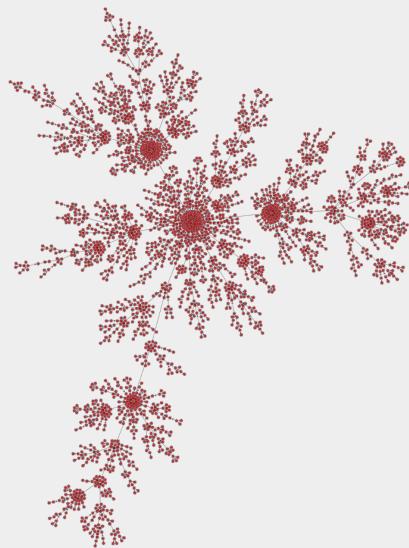
Recently, scholars have applied network science, which examines interconnected systems, to the study of food recipes. By examining the current literature, this review paper analyses the contribution of network science to recipes, and finds evidence of two main contributions. First, the pioneer studies showed the potential of network science for reducing the complexity of recipes and proposing theories to model ingredient pairings and recipe evolution. The second contribution built upon the previous theories and expanded them to cover different regions of the world as the field moved towards understanding the granularity of human culture with rich and detailed studies that examine different cuisines as more recipe datasets became available. Network science studies of recipes allowed researchers to discover insights in recipes to explain sociocultural aspects of cuisines, and include large numbers of recipes in the analysis, which would be nearly impossible using other techniques.

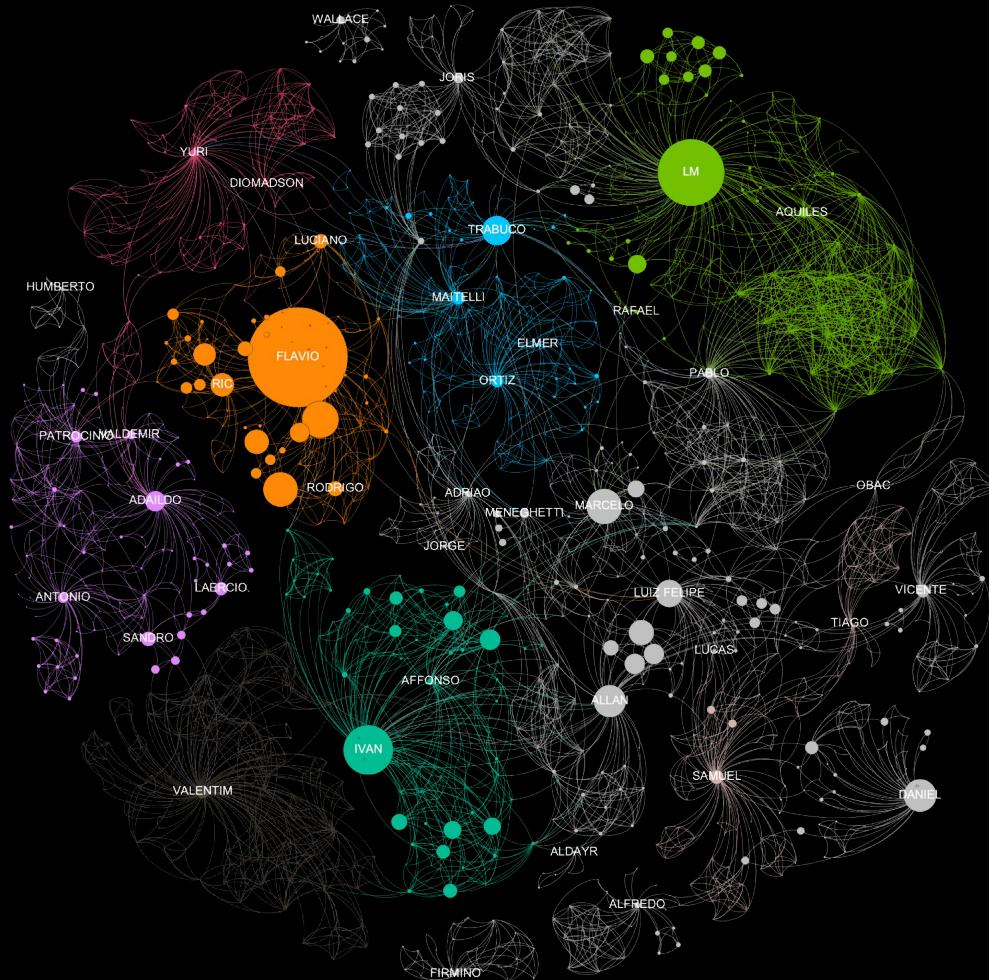
### 1. Introduction

Network science is a well-established quantitative method that researchers use when studying relationships in systems. Scholars have recently adopted this methodology to study recipes, where recipe networks might have ingredients, preparation techniques, and recipe titles linked to one another and in doing so, has made many contributions to the food studies literature. This paper presents a review of the literature

(Catanzaro, 2004), among other academic disciplines. Network science was first used in 1736 in mathematics (Barabási and Pósfai 2016) and the 1940s in sociology (Moreno, 1945), and has gained popularity in the 21st century as it empowers “everything from Google to Facebook, CISCO, and Twitter” (Barabási and Pósfai 2016).

Since the late 2000s, a combination of factors –such as the recent abundance of recipes on the Internet, a general growing social interest in food, and food politics movements– led to the emergence of a body of





## Edsger W. Dijkstra

co-authored 1 paper with

John R. Rice

co-authored 9 papers with

Dan C. Marinescu

co-authored 2 papers with

Theo Lynn

co-authored 7 papers with

Ivanovitch Silva

**distance = 4**

<https://www.csauthors.net/distance/edsger-w-dijkstra/ivanovitch-silva>

Co-authorship  
Network PPgEEC  
2017-2021

# State of AI Report 2022

The **State of AI Report** analyses the most interesting developments in AI. We aim to trigger an informed conversation about the state of AI and its implication for the future. The Report is produced by AI investors [Nathan Benaich](#) and [Ian Hogarth](#).

A screenshot of a Google Slides presentation. The slide has a dark blue background. At the top left is the URL "stateof.ai" and at the top right is the hashtag "#stateofai". The main title "State of AI Report" is centered in large white font, followed by the date "October 11, 2022" in a slightly smaller white font. At the bottom left is the name "Nathan Benaich", at the bottom center is the URL "https://www.stateof.ai/", and at the bottom right is the name "Ian Hogarth". The bottom navigation bar shows a page number "1" and icons for previous, next, and more slides, along with a "Google Slides" logo.

stateof.ai #stateofai

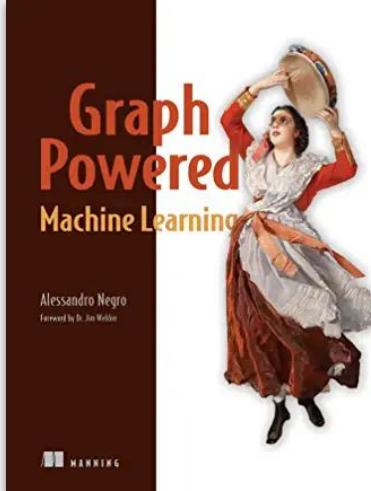
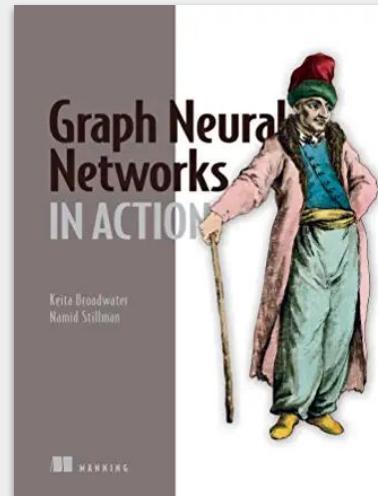
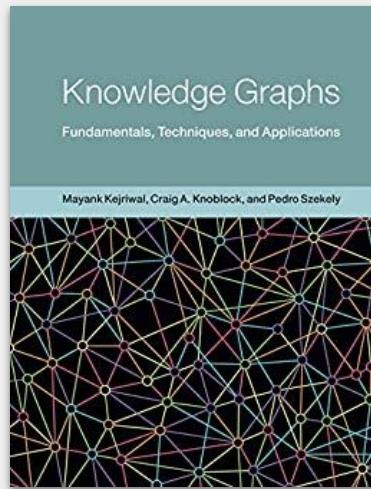
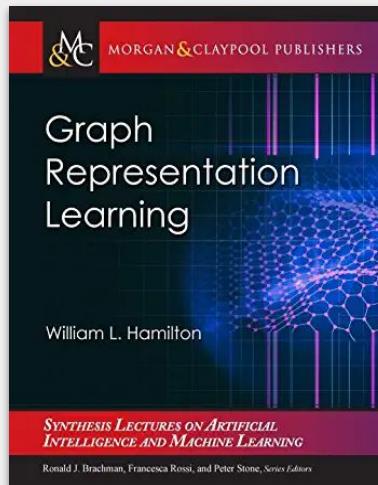
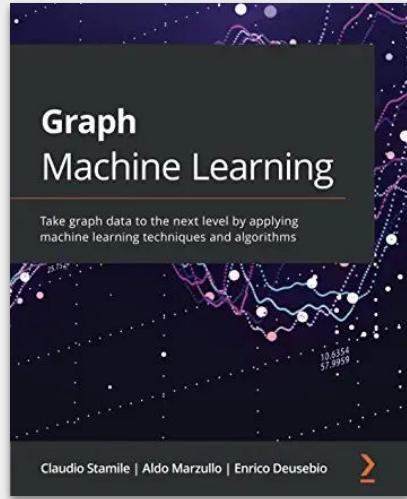
State of AI Report

October 11, 2022

Nathan Benaich https://www.stateof.ai/ Ian Hogarth

< 1 > :

Google Slides



## SOTA Papers

<https://paperswithcode.com/area/graphs>

# Course Syllabus

1. Fundamentals of Python
2. Data structure review
3. Algorithms complexity
4. Network elements, Small worlds, Hub, Communities
5. Directed Networks
6. Case Studies
  - a. Social Networks
  - b. Documents
  - c. Community Detection
  - d. Anomalies and others.
  - e. Maps

colab



graph-tool

Medium



loom

Gephi



GitHub

NetworkX  
Network Analysis in Python



python™

DATAQUEST

# Unit 1

March 2023							April 2023						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
			1	2	3	4				1			
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
26	27	28	29	30	31		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
							30						



# Unit 2

April 2023							May 2023							June 2023						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
						1		1	2	3	4	5	6		1	2	3			
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	4	5	6	8	9	10	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	28	29	30	31				25	26	27	28	29	30	
30																				

🌶️🌶️🌶️ Week 09

Project (2,0)

🌶️🌶️ Week 07

Network Elements and  
Fundamentals Properties  
(2,0)

START



🌶️🌶️🌶️ Week 08

Small Worlds, Assortativity,  
Paths, Distances,  
Components



Week 11

Case Study: wikipedia



🌶️🌶️🌶️🌶️ Week 10

Hubs, Metrics, Core  
Decomposition



Week 12

Gephi and Data Viz



Week 14

Project (6,0)

07 June 2023



Week 13

Project



# Unit 3

June 2023

July 2023

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
						1 2 3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

Week 15



Week 15

Advanced Applications  
using Graph



START

Week 16



Week 16

Advanced Applications  
using Graph



Week 17



Week 17

Advanced Applications  
using Graph  
#Project



Week 18



Week 18

#Project



Week 19

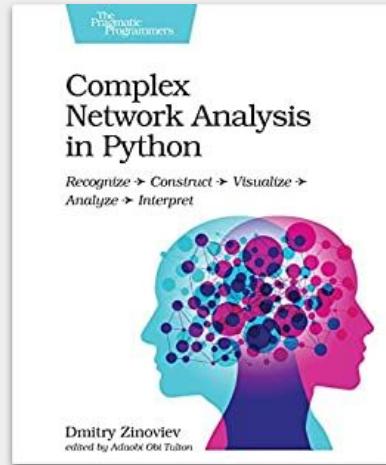
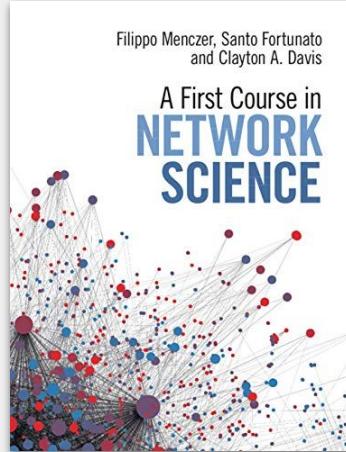
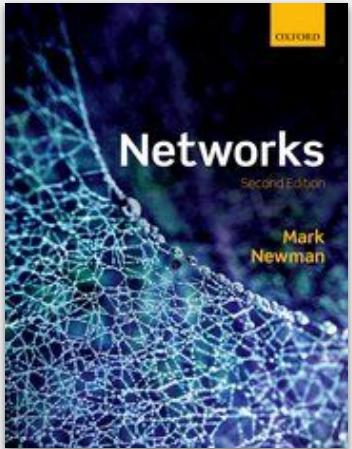


Week 19

#Project Talk



12 July 2023



# DATAQUEST

# Make a clone of me!!!!

<https://github.com/ivanovitchm/datastructure>