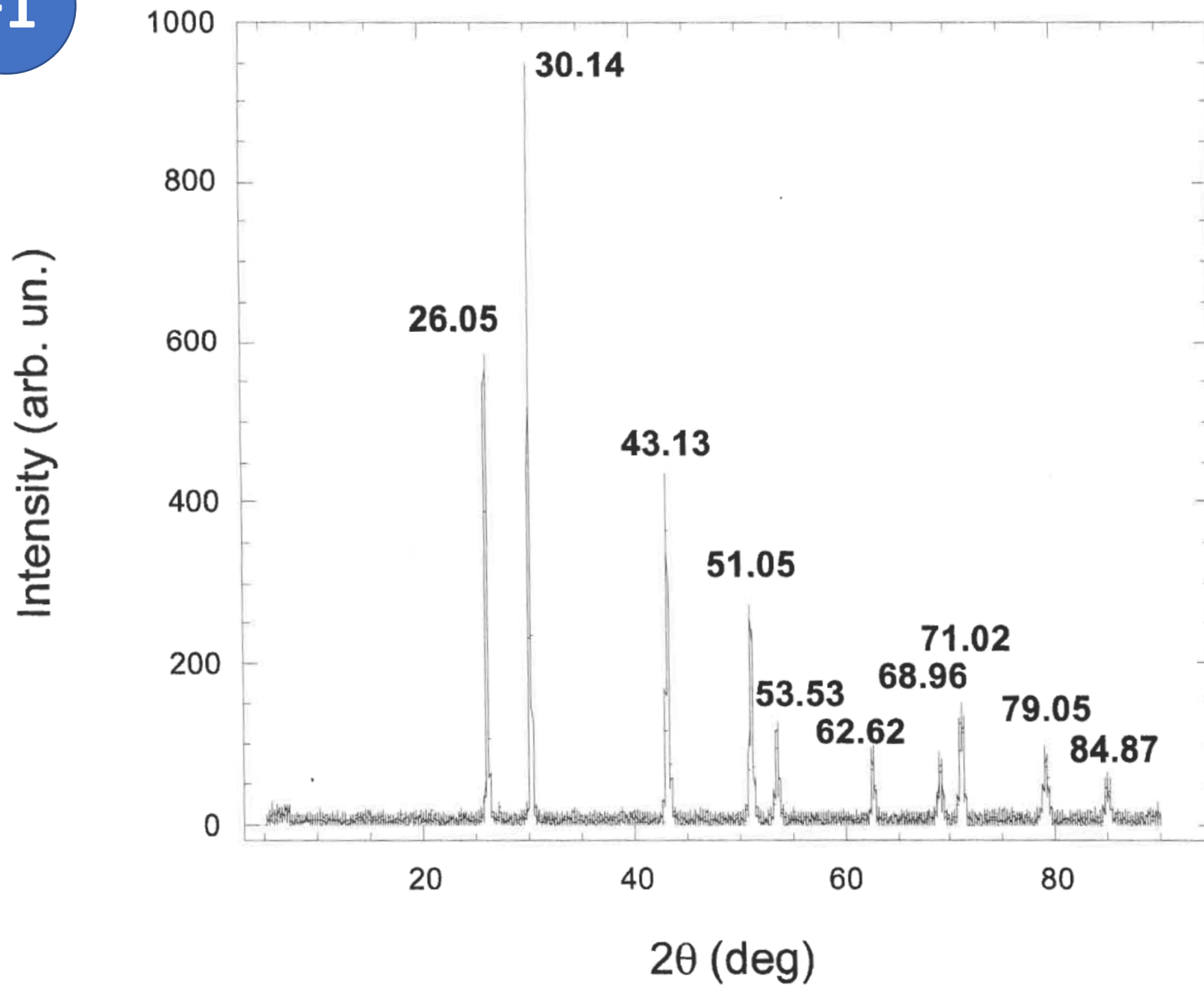
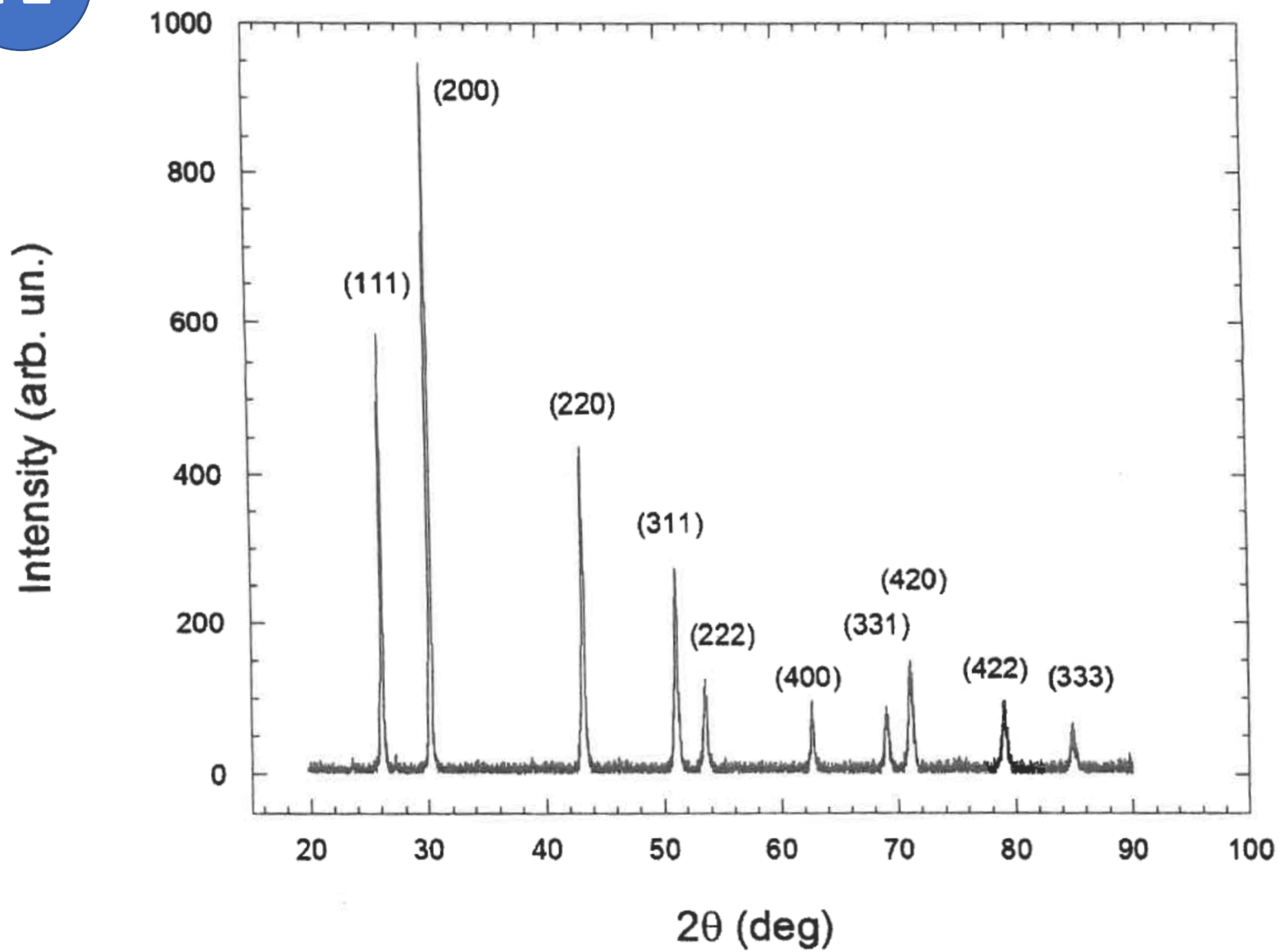


F1

Galena --- Powder X-ray Data



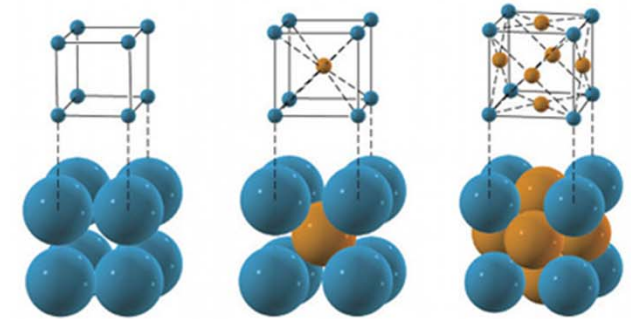
F2



F3

1st Course (*Física Básica Experimental 3*)
3rd Course (*F. Cuántica y Estr. de la Materia 2*)

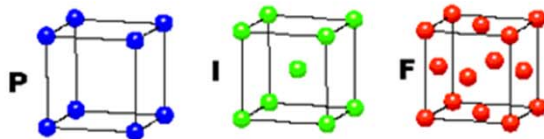
Simple (cubic) structures



CUBIC

$$a = b = c$$

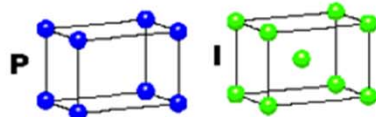
$$\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$$



TETRAGONAL

$$a = b \neq c$$

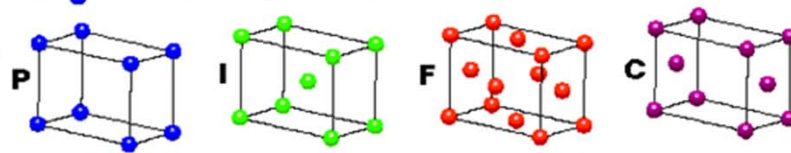
$$\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$$



ORTHORHOMBIC

$$a \neq b \neq c$$

$$\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$$

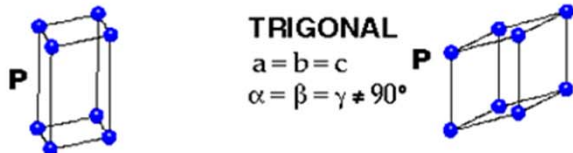


HEXAGONAL

$$a = b \neq c$$

$$\alpha = \beta = 90^\circ$$

$$\gamma = 120^\circ$$



TRIGONAL

$$a = b = c$$

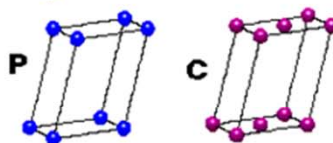
$$\alpha = \beta = \gamma \neq 90^\circ$$

MONOCLINIC

$$a \neq b \neq c$$

$$\alpha = \gamma = 90^\circ$$

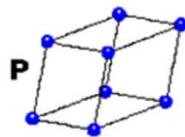
$$\beta \neq 120^\circ$$



TRICLINIC

$$a \neq b \neq c$$

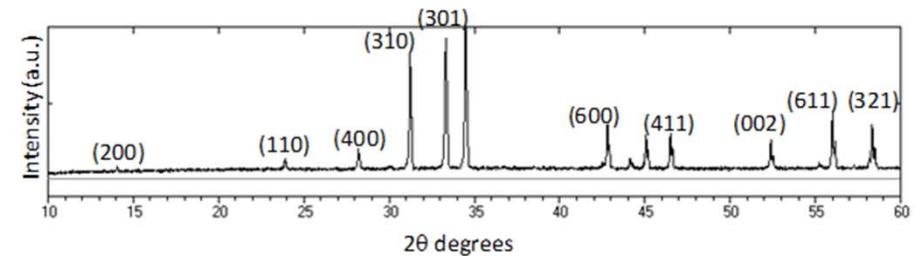
$$\alpha \neq \beta \neq \gamma \neq 90^\circ$$



4 Types of Unit Cell

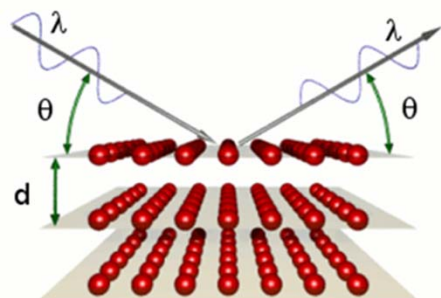
P = Primitive
 I = Body-Centred
 F = Face-Centred
 C = Side-Centred

+
 7 Crystal Classes
 → 14 Bravais Lattices



n	2θ(°)	sin²θ(°)	sin²θ _n /sin²θ ₁	3(sin²θ _n /sin²θ ₁)	N	hkl
1	28.35	0.0600	1	3	3	111
2	32.68	0.0800	1.333	3.999	4	200
3	47.13	0.1598	2.663	7.989	8	220
4	55.91	0.2198	3.663	10.989	11	311
5	58.61	0.2396	3.993	11.979	12	222
6	68.86	0.3197	5.328	15.984	16	400
7	76.07	0.3796	6.327	18.981	19	331
8	78.39	0.3994	6.657	19.971	20	420
9	87.62	0.4792	7.987	23.961	24	422

F4



Bragg's Law

Peaks Position

$$n\lambda = 2d \sin \theta$$

System	d_{hkl}
Cubic	$\left[\frac{1}{a^2} (h^2 + k^2 + l^2) \right]^{-1/2}$
Tetragonal	$\left[\frac{h^2 + k^2}{a^2} + \frac{l^2}{c^2} \right]^{-1/2}$
Orthorhombic	$\left[\frac{h^2}{a^2} + \frac{k^2}{b^2} + \frac{l^2}{c^2} \right]^{-1/2}$
Hexagonal	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left[\frac{4}{3a^2} (h^2 + hk + k^2) + \frac{l^2}{c^2} \right]^{-1/2} \text{ hexagonal indexing} \\ \left[\frac{1}{a^2} \frac{(h^2 + k^2 + l^2) \sin^2 \alpha + 2(hk + kl + lh)(\cos^2 \alpha - \cos \alpha)}{1 - 2 \cos^3 \alpha + 3 \cos^2 \alpha} \right]^{-1/2} \text{ rhombohedral indexing} \end{array} \right.$
Monoclinic	$\left[\frac{h^2}{a^2} + \frac{l^2}{c^2} - \frac{2hl \cos \beta}{ac} + \frac{k^2}{b^2} \right]^{-1/2}$
Triclinic	$\left[\frac{h^2}{a^2} \sin^2 \alpha + \frac{k^2}{b^2} \sin^2 \beta + \frac{l^2}{c^2} \sin^2 \gamma + \frac{2hk}{ab} (\cos \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \gamma) + \frac{2kl}{bc} (\cos \beta \cos \gamma - \cos \alpha) + \frac{2lh}{ca} (\cos \gamma \cos \alpha - \cos \beta) \right]^{-1/2}$

Cubic Structure

$$\frac{1}{d_{hkl}^2} = \frac{h^2 + k^2 + l^2}{a^2}$$

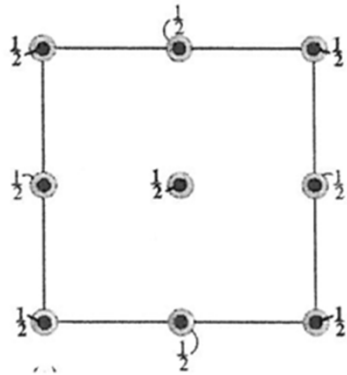
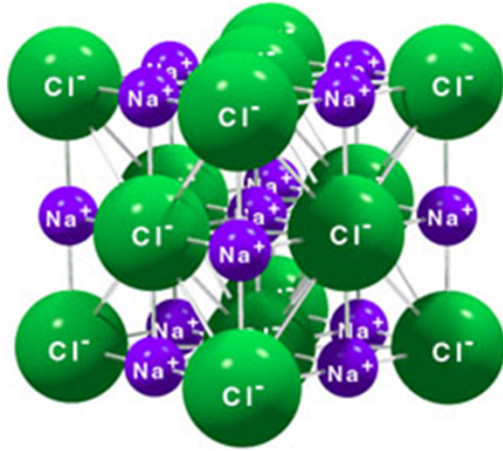
n	Sym.	Q(khl;ABCDEF)	short	relation to a,c,b
:1	cubic	$q^2 = [h^2 + k^2 + l^2].A$	$Q = [M^2].A$	$a = (2\pi)/\sqrt{A};$
:2	tetragonal:	$q^2 = [h^2 + k^2].A + [l^2].C$	$Q = [HK].A + [L^2].C$	$a = (2\pi)/\sqrt{A};$ $c = (2\pi)/\sqrt{C}$
:2	hexagonal:	$q^2 = [h^2 + k^2 + h.k].A + [l^2].C$	$Q = [HK].A + [L^2].C$	$a = (4\pi)/\sqrt{3A};$ $c = (2\pi)/\sqrt{C}$
:3	orthorhombic:	$q^2 = [h^2].A + [k^2].B + [l^2].C$		$a = (2\pi)/\sqrt{A};$ $b = (2\pi)/\sqrt{B};$ $c = (2\pi)/\sqrt{C}$
:4	monoclinic:	$q^2 = [h^2].A + [k^2].B + [l^2].C + [h.l].D$		$a.\sin \beta = (2\pi)/\sqrt{A};$ $b = (2\pi)/\sqrt{B};$ $c.\sin \beta = (2\pi)/\sqrt{C};$ $\cos \beta = -D/2\sqrt{AC}$
:6	triclinic:	$q^2 = [h^2].A + [k^2].B + [l^2].C + [h.l].D + [h.k].E + [k.l].F$		(see Cullity page 501)

General rules for systematic absences due to lattice type (for all crystal systems)

Lattice	Restrictions on hkl
P	None
A	$(k + l)$ odd absent
B	$(h + l)$ odd absent
C	$(h + k)$ odd absent
I	$(h + k + l)$ odd absent
F	$h, k,$ and l not all odd or all even, absent

Warning: Some reflections may be missing for reasons not connected with lattice type. The opposite of systematic absence is not systematic presence!

F6



● Cl
● Na

In NaCl, the Na-Cl
bond length = 2.81 Å
a = 5.62 Å

F Lattice

Motif: Cl: 0,0,0; Na: 0,0,1/2

$$F_{hkl} = \sum_{j=1}^n f_j e^{2\pi i(hx_j + ky_j + lz_j)}$$

$$F_{hkl} = \sum_{j=1}^n f_j [\cos 2\pi(hx_j + ky_j + lz_j) + i \sin 2\pi(hx_j + ky_j + lz_j)]$$

Calculation of structure factor for the 331 reflection:

$$F_{hkl} = \sum_{j=1}^n f_j [\cos 2\pi(hx_j + ky_j + lz_j) + i \sin 2\pi(hx_j + ky_j + lz_j)]$$

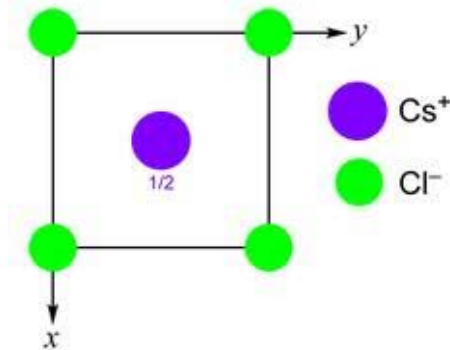
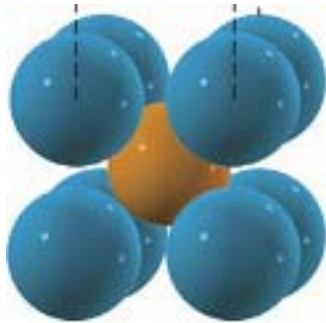
$$\begin{aligned} F_{331} &= 4f_{\text{Na}} \left[\cos 2\pi \left(3 \times 0 + 3 \times 0 + 1 \times \frac{1}{2} \right) + i \sin 2\pi \left(3 \times 0 + 3 \times 0 + 1 \times \frac{1}{2} \right) \right] \\ &\quad + 4f_{\text{Cl}} \left[\cos 2\pi (3 \times 0 + 3 \times 0 + 1 \times 0) + i \sin 2\pi (3 \times 0 + 3 \times 0 + 1 \times 0) \right] \\ &= 4[f_{\text{Cl}} - f_{\text{Na}}] \end{aligned}$$

Multiplicity of 331 planes: $m_{331} = 24$

Calculation of intensity of 331 reflection:

$$I_{331} \propto G(\theta) \cdot m_{331} \cdot |F_{331}|^2 \propto 24 \times 16 [f_{\text{Cl}} - f_{\text{Na}}]^2$$

Cesium Chloride

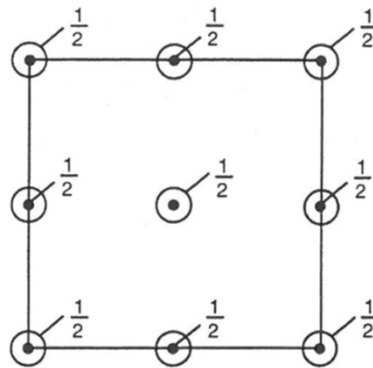
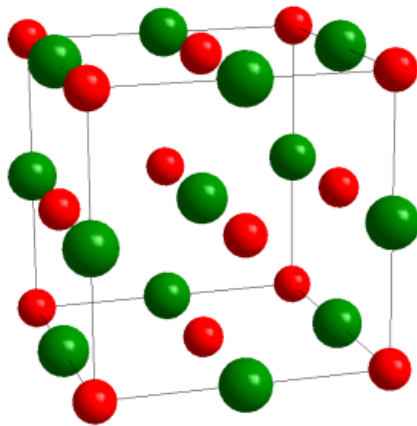
**CsCl**

Motif:

Cl (0,0,0)

Cs ($1/2, 1/2, 1/2$)

Rock salt

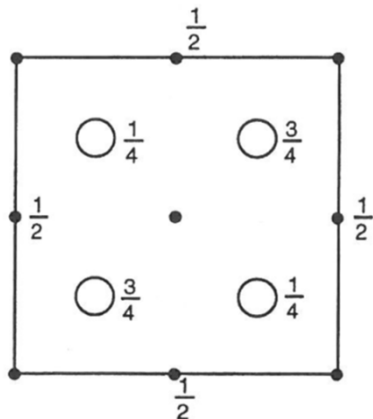
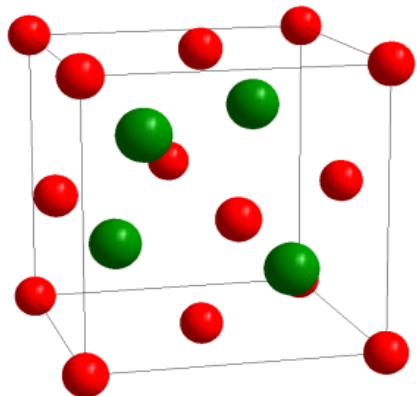
**NaCl**

Motif:

Na (0,0,0)

Cl ($1/2, 0, 0$)

Zincblende

**ZnS**

Motif:

Zn (0,0,0)

S ($1/4, 1/4, 1/4$)