# Steps in a ChIP-seq analysis

### Jeff Leek

@jtleek

www.jtleek.com

# Background on ChIP-seq

# **DNA**

ACTGACCTAGATCAGTGTAGCGATCGTATACGAGACCGATTCATCGGCAT



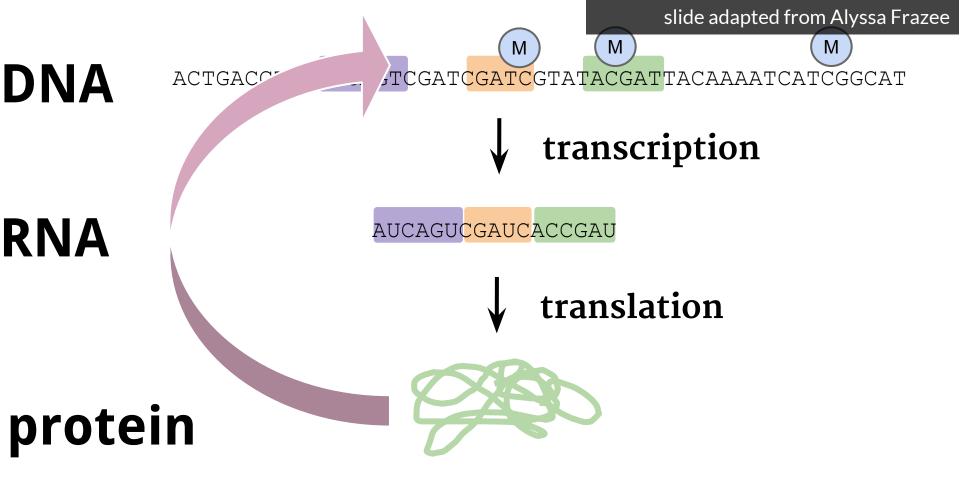
RNA



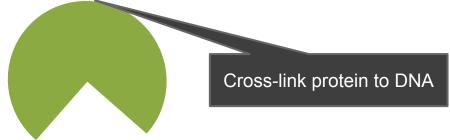


protein





## GGAACCATGGGAATTCACGAATTCCTAACCATTA



# CATTA GGAA CCATGGGAATTCACGAATTCCTAAC

Fragment DNA

# CATTAG GGAA CCATGGGAATTCACGAATTCCTAAC

Antibody pulldown

## CCATGGGAATTCACGAATTCCTAAC



- Steps
  - 1. Align
    - 2. Peak detection
    - 3. Counting
    - 4. Normalization
    - 5. Statistical tests
    - 6. Annotation/Motif analysis

# Step 1: Align

### Software:

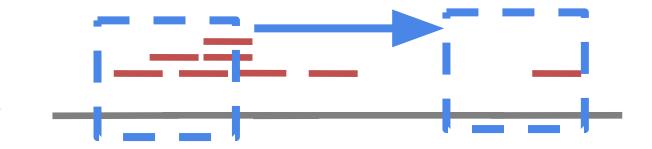
- Bowtie2
- BWA

Genome

# Step 2: Peak detection

### Software:

- CisGenome
- MACS
- PICS



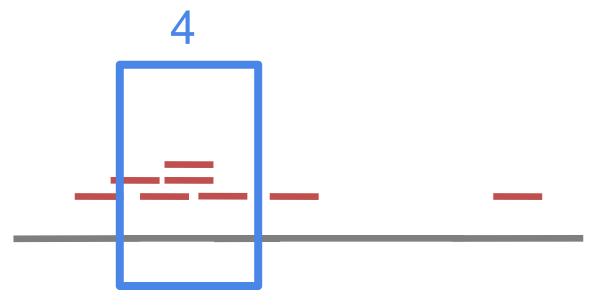
Genome

# **Step 3: Counting**

### Software:

- <u>CisGenome</u>
- MACS
- diffbind

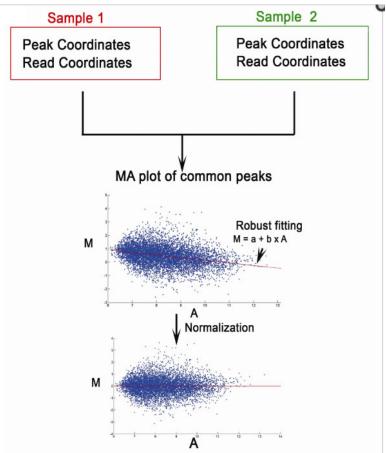
Genome



# **Step 4: Normalization**

### Software:

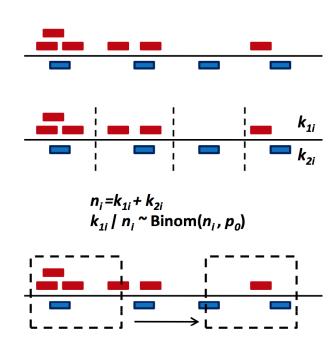
- diffbind
- MAnorm



# **Step 5: Statistical tests**

### Software:

- CisGenome
- MACS
- diffbind



# **Step 6:** Sequence motifs & Annotation

### Software:

- CisGenome
- meme-suite
- BioC Annotation Workflow

### **DNA** motif:

