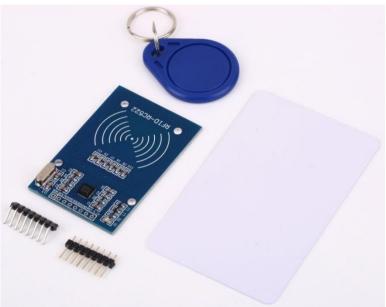
# RFID RC522

### **Descrizione**

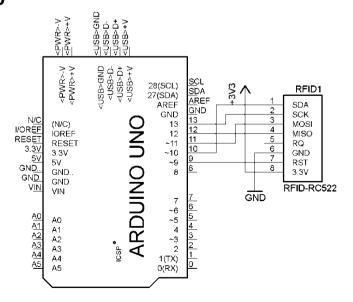
Questo dispositivo permette di leggere le schede RFID a 13.56MHz. Ogni tag RFID contiene un a stringa di 8 caratteri.



## Componenti

- RFID RC522
- Tag RFID
- Arduino

## Schema elettrico



#### Tabella connessioni

RFID	Arduino
SDA	Pin 10
SCK	Pin 13
MOSI	Pin 11
MISO	Pin 12
IRQ	Non connesso
GND	GND
RST	Pin
3.3V	3.3V

## Codice di esempio

```
#include <SPI.h>
#include <MFRC522.h>
 /*modifico i pin dei ss e rst*/
#define SS PIN 10
#define RST PIN 9
MFRC522 mfrc522(SS PIN, RST PIN); // Create MFRC522 instance.
long previousMillis = 0;
long interval = 10;
void setup() {
  Serial.begin (9600); // Initialize serial communications with the PC
                      // Init SPI bus
  SPI.begin();
 mfrc522.PCD Init(); // Init MFRC522 card
  Serial.println("Avvicina il tag RFID");
  Serial.println("In attesa di lettura...");
void loop() {
  unsigned long currentMillis = millis();
  if(currentMillis - previousMillis > interval) {
    previousMillis = currentMillis;
      // Look for new cards
    if ( ! mfrc522.PICC IsNewCardPresent()) return;
    // Select one of the cards
    if ( ! mfrc522.PICC ReadCardSerial()) return;
    String uid s = "";
    if (!mfrc522.PICC IsNewCardPresent() && !mfrc522.PICC ReadCardSerial()) {
      for (byte i = 0; i < mfrc522.uid.size; i++) {</pre>
        String uid a = String(mfrc522.uid.uidByte[i] < 0x10 ? "0" : "");</pre>
        String uid b = String(mfrc522.uid.uidByte[i], HEX);
        uid s = uid s+uid a+uid b;
      }
    }
    Serial.print("RFID UID rivelato --> ");
    Serial.println(uid s);
    Serial.println("");
    Serial.println("In attesa di lettura...");
}
```

#### Link utili

Libreria MFRC522: https://github.com/miguelbalboa/rfid