

# **ds\_book**

Igor Veksler

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# Preface

This book will cover data science concepts. This will contain longer form content from the [ds\\_skills repository](#)

# 1 Introduction

This is a book created from markdown and executable code.

See Knuth (1984) for additional discussion of literate programming.

## 2 Summary

This book will cover data science concepts. This will contain longer form content from the [ds\\_skills repository](#)

# 3

## Mathematical Foundations

Algebra is arithmetic that includes non-numerical entities like  $x$ . I.E.  $2 * x + 5 = 25$

Linear algebra was developed to solve linear equations. “Solving for unknowns within a system of linear equations”. If there is a non-linear transformation it doesn’t fall within this definition. It can provide study for objects such as lines, planes and hyperplanes. It can be traced back to ancient civilizations.

Tensors are a machine learning generalization of vectors and matrices to any number of dimensions. I.E. An extra dimension for the number of observations in the MNIST dataset.

*Code examples and notebooks for the content above:* [Intro to linear algebra - Jon Krohn](#) [Linear Algebra 2: Matrix Operations - Jon Krohn](#) [Data Science from scratch\(linear algebra\) - Joel Grus](#) \* [Colab Notebook](#) #todo: Add colab to repo

**Classes:** [Mathematical Foundations of Machine Learning - Jon Krohn](#) [Essence of linear algebra - 3brown1blue](#)

## 4 Optimization

Optimization is the study of finding the best output from the best combination of inputs.

## References

Knuth, Donald E. 1984. “Literate Programming.” *Comput. J.* 27 (2): 97–111. <https://doi.org/10.1093/comjnl/27.2.97>.