## Vi /etc/default/isc-dhcp-server

```
# Defaults for isc-dhcp-server initscript
# sourced by /etc/init.d/isc-dhcp-server
# installed at /etc/default/isc-dhcp-server by the maintainer scripts

#
# This is a POSIX shell fragment
#
# Path to dhcpd's config file (default: /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf).
#DHCPD_CONF=/etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf

# Path to dhcpd's PID file (default: /var/run/dhcpd.pid).
#DHCPD_PID=/var/run/dhcpd.pid

# Additional options to start dhcpd with.
# Don't use options -cf or -pf here; use DHCPD_CONF/ DHCPD_PID instead
#OPTIONS=""

# On what interfaces should the DHCP server (dhcpd) serve DHCP requests?
# Separate multiple interfaces with spaces, e.g. "eth0 eth1".
INTERFACES="ens3 ens10"
```

## sudo vi /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf

```
# The ddns-updates-style parameter controls whether or not the server will
# attempt to do a DNS update when a lease is confirmed. We default to the
# behavior of the version 2 packages ('none', since DHCP v2 didn't
# have support for DDNS.)
ddns-update-style none;
# option definitions common to all supported networks...
option domain-name "pc18.s04";
option domain-name-servers 10.3.4.1, 8.8.8.8;
default-lease-time 600;
max-lease-time 7200;
# If this DHCP server is the official DHCP server for the local
# network, the authoritative directive should be uncommented.
authoritative:
# Use this to send dhcp log messages to a different log file (you also
# have to hack syslog.conf to complete the redirection).
log-facility local7;
```

```
[...]
#Modificado#
subnet 172.20.118.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
  range 172.20.118.101 172.20.118.150;
  option domain-name "pc18.s04";
  option domain-name-servers 10.3.4.1, 8.8.8.8;
  option routers 172.20.118.254;
  option broadcast-address 172.20.118.255;
  }
  subnet 192.168.118.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
  range 192.168.118.101 192.168.118.150;
  option domain-name "pc18.s04";
  option domain-name-servers 10.3.4.1, 8.8.8.8;
  option routers 192.168.118.254;
  option broadcast-address 192.168.118.255;
  }
```