Data Dictionary

Indicator	Definition
Under-five mortality rate	The probability of death occurring between birth and exactly 5 years of age, expressed as the number of deaths per 1,000 live births
Annual rate of reduction in under-five mortality rate	The annual percentage reduction in the under-five mortality rate (U5MR) defined as ARR=100*(ln(U5MRt2/U5MRt1)/(t1-t2)), where t1=2000 and t2=2021
Infant mortality rate	The probability of death happening between birth and exactly 1 year of age, expressed per 1,000 live births.
Neonatal mortality rate	The probability of death occurring during the initial 28 days of life, expressed per 1,000 live births.
Mortality rate (children aged 5 to 14 years)	The probability of dying at age 5–14 years expressed per 1,000 children aged 5.
Probability of dying among children aged 5–14	The likelihood of death at ages 5–14 years, expressed per 1,000 children aged 5.
Probability of dying among youth aged 15–24	The likelihood of death at ages 15–24 years, expressed per 1,000 youth aged 15.
Probability of dying among adolescents aged 10–19	The likelihood of death at ages 15–24 years, expressed per 1,000 youth aged 15.
Under-five deaths	The number of deaths among children under 5 years of age
Neonatal deaths	The number of deaths occurring within the first 28 days of life
Neonatal deaths as a percentage of under-five deaths	The percentage of under-five deaths occurring within the first 28 days of life
Deaths among children aged 5-14 years	The number of deaths among children aged 5 to 14 years
Stillbirth rate (SBR)	The number of babies born with no sign of life at 28 weeks or more of gestation per 1,000 total births
Stillbirths	The number of stillbirths
Annual rate of reduction in stillbirth rate	The annual percentage reduction in the stillbirth rate (SBR) defined as ARR=100*(ln(SBRt2/SBRt1)/(t1-t2)), where t1=2000 and t2=2021

Source:

https://data.unicef.org/topic/child-survival/under-five-mortality/