

Online Advanced Methods for Cost-Effectiveness Analysis

Presentation 3: Population decision models: effectiveness evidence 3.7: Network meta-analysis: assumptions

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Objectives

- Key assumptions of network meta-analysis:
 - Similarity and homogeneity
 - Exchangeability and transitivity
 - Consistency

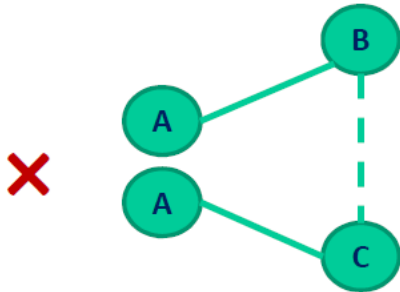
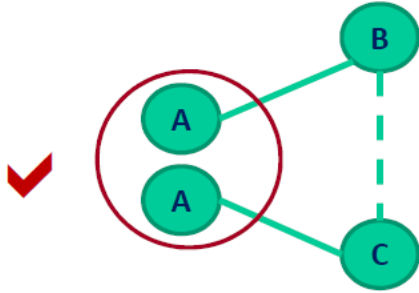
The basic assumptions underlying network meta-analysis

- **Similarity and homogeneity (= MA)**
- **Exchangeability/ Transitivity**
- **Consistency**

Similarity is...

Treatment A is similar when it appears in AB and AC trials

Plausible when A is placebo given in different forms
(e.g. injection versus pill)?



Homogeneity is...

- The effect estimates across trials do not differ beyond what would be expected by chance

Exchangeability is...

- The 'missing' arm is missing at random
- A vs B do not have a 'C' arm and the A vs C studies do not have a 'B' arm

Transitivity is...

- A valid IC requires that the sets of AC and BC studies are similar in their distributions of effect modifiers – in which case the intervention effects can be assumed as transitive
- can be viewed as the extension of clinical and methodological homogeneity to comparisons across groups of studies that compare treatments.
- Note that similarity within each comparison in the network is not sufficient to justify the transitivity assumption.

Source: Cipriani, *Ann Int Med* 2013

Consistency is...

- 'Direct' and 'indirect' evidence are assumed to provide estimates of the same parameter (transitivity)
- What does this imply?
- The treatment effect, d_{AB} , estimated by the AB trials, is expected to be similar than the treatment effect estimated by the AC and BC trials if they had included B and A arms, respectively
= direct (AB) and indirect evidence (AC and BC) is not expected to differ beyond what can be explained by heterogeneity
- Consistency can only be tested when a loop in the evidence network exists

Summary points

- The key assumptions of NMAs are: consistency, exchangeability/
homogeneity, similarity and transitivity