

Chapter I: Introduction

Knowledge Discovery in Databases

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Chapter I: Introduction

This is our agenda for this lecture:

- Why data mining?
- What is data mining?
- A multi-dimensional view of data mining.
- What kinds of data can be mined?
- What kinds of patterns can be mined?
- · What technologies are used?
- What kinds of applications are targeted?
- Major issues in data mining.
- A brief history of data mining.
- Summary.



Why data mining?

The explosive growth of data: from terabytes to petabytes and more.

- Data collection and availability:
 - Automated data collection tools.
 - Database systems.
 - World wide web.
 - Computerized society.
 - Digitization.
- Major sources of abundant data:
 - Business: web, e-commerce, transactions, stocks . . .
 - Science: remote sensing, bioinformatics, scientific simulation . . .
 - Society: news, digital cameras, social media . . .
- The era of big data (as inflationary used buzzword).

We are drowning in data, but starving for knowledge. Necessity is the mother of invention.

For data mining it is the automated analysis of massive data sets.



Evolution of sciences I

- Before 1600, era of empirical science.
- 1600 1950s, rise of **theoretical science**.
 - Each discipline has grown a theoretical component.
 - Theoretical models often motivate experiments and generalize our understanding.
- 1950 1990s, rise of **computational science**.
 - Over the last 50 years most disciplines have grown a third, computational branch.
 - · E.g. empirical, theoretical and computational ecology.
 - E.g. physics, linguistics or biology.
- Computational science traditionally meant simulation.
- It grew out of our inability to describe reality by closed-form mathematical models.



Evolution of sciences II

- 1990—now, rise of data science.
 - The flood of data from new instruments and modern simulations.
 - The ability to economically store and manage petabytes of data.
 - The internet makes all these archives world wide accessible.
 - Scientific information management, acquisition, organization, query and
 visualization scale almost linearly with amounts
 - visualization scale almost linearly with amount of data.
 - Data mining is a major new challenge!



Thank you for your attention. Any questions about orga?

Ask them now, or again, drop me a line:
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