# **BAB 4 - MAINTENANCE & TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### 4.1 Preventive Maintenance

Program preventive maintenance dirancang untuk mempertahankan reliability dan accuracy sistem monitoring dissolved oxygen melalui maintenance schedule yang terstruktur dan task-based maintenance procedures.

#### 4.1.1 Schedule Maintenance Berkala

Schedule maintenance dibagi berdasarkan frekuensi dan criticality komponen untuk optimasi resource maintenance dan minimize system downtime.

#### **Daily Maintenance (Shift Check):**

- Visual inspection kondisi fisik enclosure dan kabel
- · Verifikasi pembacaan sensor dalam range normal
- Check alarm status dan clear acknowledged alarms
- Record daily reading untuk trending analysis
- Backup configuration parameters (weekly)

### **Weekly Maintenance:**

- Cleaning sensor probe dari algae atau debris
- Inspection koneksi kabel untuk signs of corrosion
- Verifikasi accuracy sensor dengan grab sample comparison
- Check tightness terminal connections
- Update maintenance log dan performance tracking

#### **Monthly Maintenance:**

- Comprehensive sensor calibration check
- Cleaning dan inspection semua electrical connections
- Verification communication performance (error rates)
- EEPROM health check dan write count monitoring
- System performance analysis dan tuning review

### **Quarterly Maintenance:**

- Full system calibration dengan certified reference
- Replacement consumable items (jika applicable)
- Software backup dan configuration documentation
- · Comprehensive system testing all functions
- Engineering review performance trends dan recommendations

### **4.1.2 Sensor Maintenance Procedures**

Sensor dissolved oxygen memerlukan maintenance regular untuk maintain accuracy dan extend operational life dalam lingkungan wastewater yang challenging.

## **Sensor Cleaning Procedure:**

#### 1. Preparation

- Set sistem ke manual mode untuk prevent control fluctuation
- Prepare cleaning solution (mild detergent atau specialized sensor cleaner)
- Document current sensor reading untuk comparison

### 2. Physical Cleaning

- Remove sensor dari mounting bracket dengan careful handling
- Gently brush sensor probe dengan soft bristle brush
- Rinse dengan clean water untuk remove cleaning solution residue
- Inspect sensor membrane untuk damage atau heavy fouling

### 3. Reinstallation

- Mount sensor kembali pada position yang sama
- Verify secure mechanical connection
- Allow stabilization time (5-10 minutes) sebelum measurement
- Compare reading dengan pre-cleaning value untuk significant changes

# **Sensor Inspection Checklist:**

Probe surface free from heavy deposits atau biofilm
Cable jacket intact tanpa cuts atau abrasion
Connector seals dry dan properly seated
Mounting hardware secure dan corrosion-free
Reading stable dan within expected range

# **4.1.3 Electrical System Maintenance**

Electrical system maintenance focus pada prevention of connection degradation dan early detection of component aging yang dapat affect system reliability.

# **Power Supply Inspection:**

- Verify input voltage stability (220V ±10%)
- Check output voltage regulation (24V ±5%, 5V ±5%)
- Inspect cooling fan operation (jika equipped)
- Check for signs of overheating atau component stress
- Verify protection circuits function (overcurrent, overvoltage)

#### **Communication System Check:**

- Test RS485 communication integrity (error rate <0.1%)
- Verify cable shielding effectiveness
- Check termination resistor values (120Ω)
- Inspect connector contacts untuk corrosion atau looseness
- Validate Modbus timing parameters

#### **Control Output Verification:**

- Calibrate PWM to 0-10V converter accuracy
- Test output linearity across full range (0-100%)
- · Verify load impedance compatibility dengan VFD input
- Check signal isolation effectiveness
- Validate control response timing

# 4.1.4 Software dan Configuration Maintenance

Software maintenance memastikan system configuration remain optimal dan provide backup untuk quick recovery dari potential failures.

#### **Firmware Maintenance:**

- Monitor firmware stability (reboot frequency, error logs)
- Backup firmware binary dan source code
- Document any custom modifications atau parameter changes
- Verify EEPROM data integrity dan backup critical parameters
- Update firmware version control documentation

## **HMI Application Maintenance:**

- Backup HMI project files dan screen layouts
- Verify operator interface responsiveness
- · Check data logging functionality dan storage capacity
- Test alarm notification system
- Update operator training materials jika ada interface changes

### **Configuration Documentation:**

- Maintain current copy of all system parameters
- Document any changes dengan justification dan approval
- Backup calibration data dan certificates
- Record maintenance activities dan findings
- Update system documentation untuk configuration changes

# 4.2 Troubleshooting Guide

Troubleshooting guide menyediakan systematic approach untuk diagnosis dan resolution masalah umum yang mungkin terjadi selama operasi sistem.

## 4.2.1 System Communication Issues

Communication problems antara ESP8266 dan HMI adalah salah satu failure mode yang paling common dan dapat significantly impact system operation.

#### Symptom: HMI Displays "Communication Error"

#### **Diagnostic Steps:**

### 1. Verify Physical Connections

• Check RS485 cable continuity dengan multimeter

- Inspect connector pins untuk corrosion atau damage
- Verify proper shield grounding pada both ends
- Confirm wiring sesuai dengan pinout diagram

#### 2. Test Communication Parameters

• Verify Modbus settings match pada ESP8266 dan HMI:

• Baud rate: 9600 bps

Data bits: 8Parity: None

• Stop bits: 1

• Slave address: 1

### 3. ESP8266 Status Check

- Connect serial monitor untuk check firmware operation
- Verify firmware boot sequence normal
- Check untuk error messages dalam serial output
- Confirm ESP8266 responding to serial commands

## 4. Troubleshooting Actions

- Restart HMI dan observe communication restoration
- Power cycle ESP8266 dengan unplug/replug power
- Check termination resistors (120 $\Omega$  at each end)
- Replace RS485 cable jika suspected damage

# **Expected Resolution Time: 15-30 minutes**

### 4.2.2 Sensor Reading Issues

Sensor problems dapat manifest sebagai erratic readings, stuck values, atau readings yang clearly unrealistic untuk operating conditions.

### Symptom: DO Reading Stuck at Zero atau Maximum

### **Diagnostic Steps:**

#### 1. Sensor Physical Inspection

- Remove sensor untuk visual inspection
- Check untuk heavy fouling, damage, atau obstruction
- Verify sensor cable integrity
- Inspect connector untuk moisture atau corrosion

### 2. Electrical Testing

- Measure sensor output voltage dengan multimeter
- Expected range: 0-3.3V corresponding to 0-20 ppm
- Check ADC input pada ESP8266 dengan voltmeter
- Verify analog ground reference

#### 3. Calibration Verification

• Perform quick calibration check dengan known reference

- Compare reading dengan handheld DO meter
- Check calibration factor dalam system parameters
- Verify sensor response dalam different DO concentrations

### **Troubleshooting Actions:**

- Clean sensor thoroughly dengan appropriate solution
- Re-calibrate sensor dengan fresh reference solutions
- Replace sensor cable jika electrical problem detected
- Update calibration factors jika systematic offset observed

### **Expected Resolution Time: 30-60 minutes**

## **4.2.3 Control Output Problems**

Control output issues affect kemampuan sistem untuk properly adjust motor frequency dalam response ke DO measurements.

### Symptom: Motor Frequency Not Responding to DO Changes

### **Diagnostic Steps:**

### 1. Control Logic Verification

- Check sistem dalam auto mode (not manual)
- Verify PID parameters reasonable (not zero atau extreme values)
- Confirm setpoint value appropriate untuk current conditions
- Check untuk alarm conditions yang disable control

#### 2. Output Signal Testing

- Measure PWM output dari ESP8266 dengan oscilloscope
- Verify PWM to 0-10V converter output voltage
- Check 0-10V signal reaching VFD input terminals
- Confirm VFD configured untuk 0-10V analog input

# 3. PID Controller Analysis

- Monitor PID error calculation (setpoint measured value)
- Check integral windup atau derivative spikes
- Verify output limits not constraining control action
- Analyze control stability dengan trend data

### **Troubleshooting Actions:**

- Reset PID controller integral term
- Adjust PID parameters untuk better response
- Verify VFD analog input configuration
- Check PWM to voltage converter calibration
- Replace converter module jika output incorrect

#### **Expected Resolution Time: 45-90 minutes**

### 4.2.4 Power Supply dan Hardware Failures

Hardware failures dapat range dari component aging hingga environmental damage yang require component replacement.

#### **Symptom: System Intermittent Operation atau Random Resets**

# **Diagnostic Steps:**

#### 1. Power Supply Analysis

- Measure input voltage stability dengan recording voltmeter
- Check output voltage regulation under load
- Verify adequate current capacity untuk all connected loads
- Inspect untuk signs of overheating atau component stress

#### 2. Environmental Factors

- Check enclosure sealing untuk moisture intrusion
- Verify operating temperature within specification
- Look untuk signs of corrosion pada connections
- Check untuk electromagnetic interference sources

### 3. Component Testing

- Test ESP8266 operation dengan separate power supply
- Verify HMI operation independent dari control system
- Check MAX485 module functionality
- Test sensor dengan different controller

## **Troubleshooting Actions:**

- Replace suspected power supply components
- Improve enclosure sealing jika moisture detected
- Add filtering untuk power supply atau communication lines
- Replace elektronik modules showing signs of failure
- Implement better grounding jika EMI suspected

### Expected Resolution Time: 1-4 hours depending on component availability

# 4.3 Spare Parts dan Documentation

Comprehensive spare parts inventory dan documentation management essential untuk minimize downtime dan ensure quick restoration of system operation.

### 4.3.1 Recommended Spare Parts Inventory

Spare parts selection based pada failure frequency, criticality, dan lead time untuk replacement parts dari suppliers.

#### **Critical Spare Parts (Stock Level: 2 units):**

- ESP8266 Wemos D1 R1 Uno microcontroller board
- MAX485 RS485 transceiver module

- PWM to 0-10V converter module
- LM2596 DC-DC stepdown converter
- Power supply 24V 10A industrial grade

#### Important Spare Parts (Stock Level: 1 unit):

- DFRobot SEN0237 dissolved oxygen sensor
- HMI Wecon PI3070ie touchscreen panel
- RS485 communication cable (25 meter)
- Sensor mounting bracket dan hardware
- Electrical enclosure IP65 rated

#### **Consumable Items (Stock Level: As Needed):**

- Terminal blocks dan connectors
- Cable glands dan sealing materials
- Sensor cleaning solution dan brush kit
- Calibration standard solutions
- Backup batteries untuk real-time clock

### **Part Numbers dan Supplier Information:**

```
Component | Part Number | Supplier |

ESP8266 Wemos D1 R1 | WEM-D1R1-UNO | Local Electronics |

MAX485 Module | MAX485-TTL-5V | Electronics Supply |

PWM-Voltage Converter | PWM-0-10V-ISO | Industrial Automation |

DO Sensor DFRobot | SEN0237-A | DFRobot Distributor |

HMI Wecon 7" | PI3070ie | Wecon Indonesia |

PSU 24V 10A | PSU-24V-10A-DIN | Power Supply Specialist
```

#### 4.3.2 Documentation Management

Proper documentation management ensures all technical information readily available untuk maintenance personnel dan supports knowledge transfer.

## **Technical Documentation Library:**

- System installation drawings dan wiring diagrams
- Component datasheets dan technical specifications
- Firmware source code dan compilation instructions
- HMI application project files dan screen layouts
- Commissioning test results dan acceptance certificates

### **Maintenance Documentation:**

- Preventive maintenance procedures dan checklists
- Calibration procedures dan standards
- Troubleshooting guides dengan historical solutions
- Spare parts catalog dengan supplier contacts

• Training materials untuk operators dan technicians

### **Configuration Management:**

- Current system configuration parameters
- Change control procedures dan approval matrix
- · Version control untuk firmware dan HMI applications
- Backup procedures untuk configuration data
- Recovery procedures untuk system restoration

## 4.3.3 Technical Support Resources

Established support resources provide access ke expert assistance ketika local troubleshooting insufficient untuk problem resolution.

## **Internal Support Structure:**

- **Level 1**: Plant operators (basic troubleshooting, routine maintenance)
- Level 2: Maintenance technicians (component replacement, advanced diagnostics)
- Level 3: Engineering support (system design changes, complex problems)
- Level 4: External vendor support (specialized component issues)

### **External Support Contacts:**

```
Support Type | Contact Information

ESP8266/Arduino Support | Arduino Community Forum

HMI Technical Support | Wecon Indonesia: +62-21-xxxx-xxxx

Sensor Technical Support | DFRobot: sensor-support@dfrobot.com

System Integration | Engineering Consultant: consultant@email.com

Emergency Service | 24/7 Hotline: +62-xxx-xxxx
```

#### **Documentation Access:**

- Technical library maintained in engineering office
- Digital copies stored pada network drive dengan backup
- Mobile access via tablet untuk field maintenance
- Version control dan update notification system
- Regular review dan update schedule quarterly

### 4.3.4 Training dan Knowledge Transfer

Comprehensive training program ensures maintenance personnel have necessary skills untuk effective system maintenance dan troubleshooting.

#### **Training Modules:**

- 1. **System Overview** Architecture, components, operation principles
- 2. HMI Operation Screen navigation, parameter setting, alarm handling
- 3. **Sensor Maintenance** Cleaning, calibration, replacement procedures
- 4. Troubleshooting Systematic diagnosis approach, common problems

# 5. Safety Procedures - Electrical safety, lockout/tagout, emergency procedures

# **Training Schedule:**

- Initial training: 16 hours over 2 days
- Refresher training: 4 hours quarterly
- Advanced troubleshooting: 8 hours annually
- New employee orientation: 8 hours
- Safety updates: 2 hours monthly

# **Training Documentation:**

- Training manuals dengan hands-on exercises
- Video demonstrations of key procedures
- Competency assessment checklist
- Training records dan certification tracking
- Continuous improvement feedback dari trainees

# **Knowledge Retention:**

- Regular knowledge sharing sessions
- Documentation of lessons learned dari maintenance activities
- Cross-training antara maintenance teams
- Mentoring program untuk new technicians
- Performance feedback dan improvement planning

#### Informasi Dokumen:

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