

# NAME-Jayant Jhunja

## CODING CHALLENGE

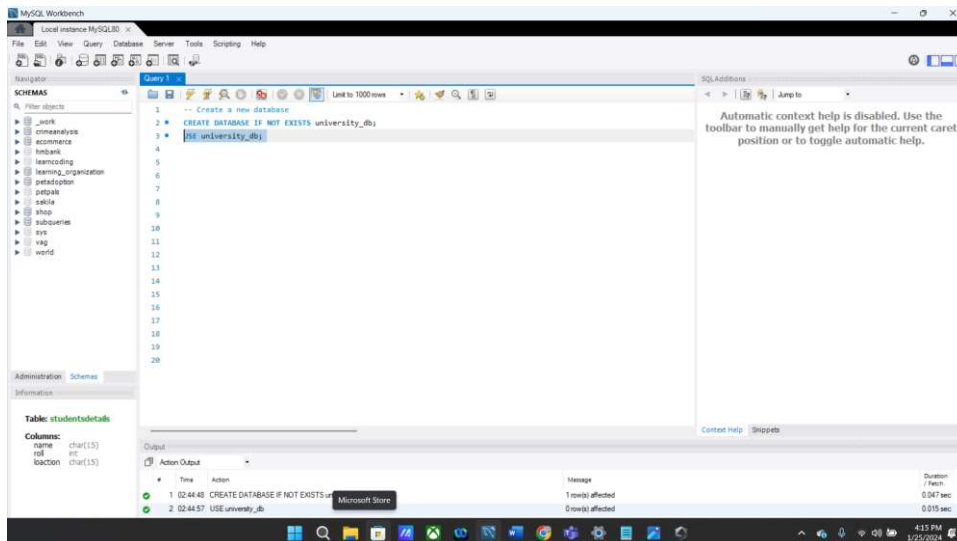
### SQL

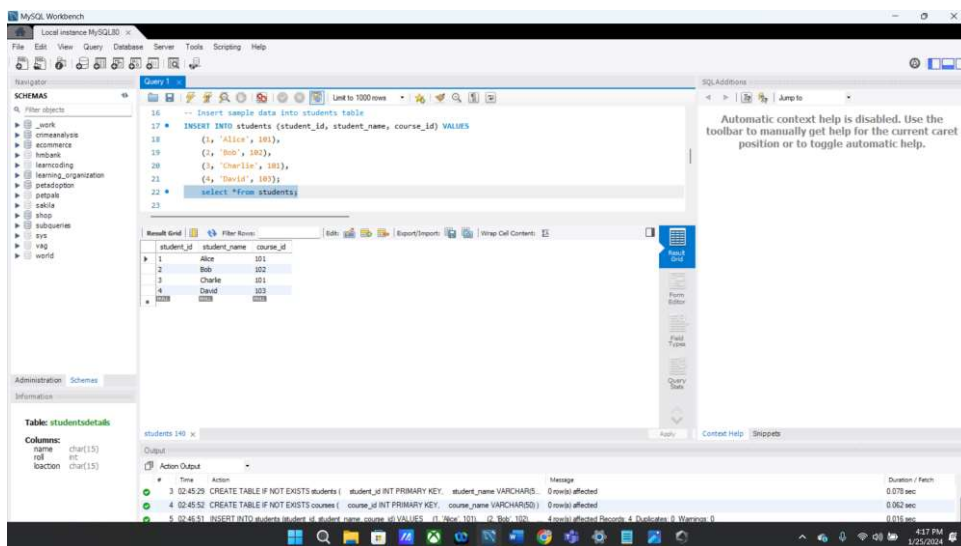
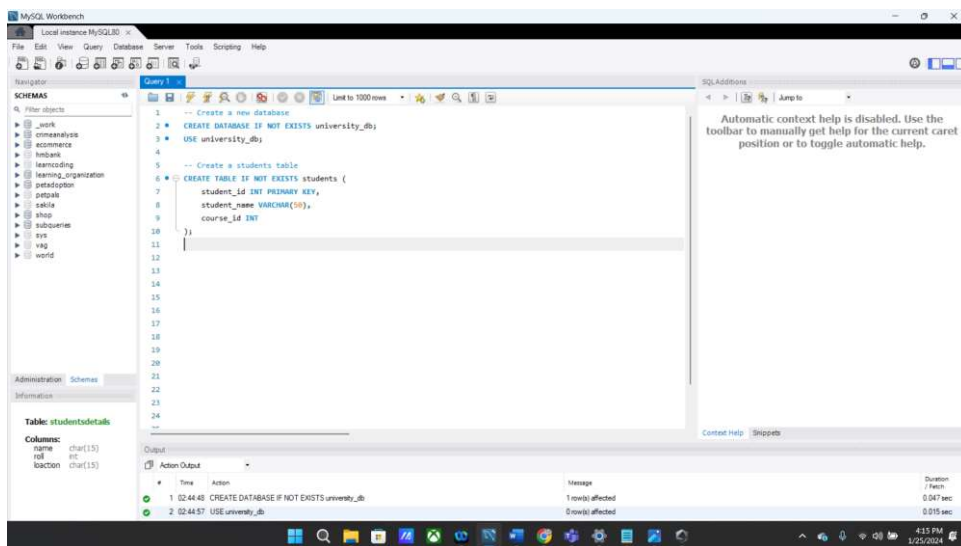
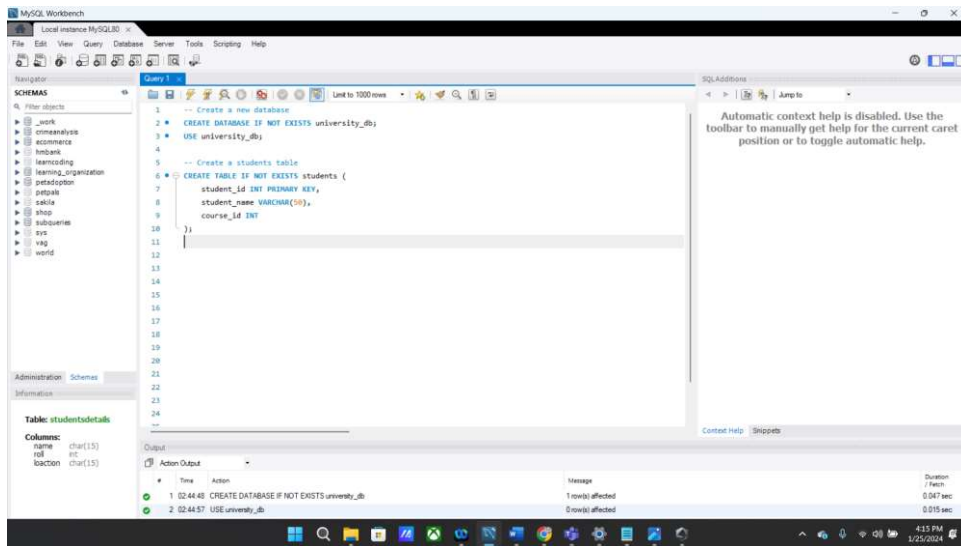
### JOINS

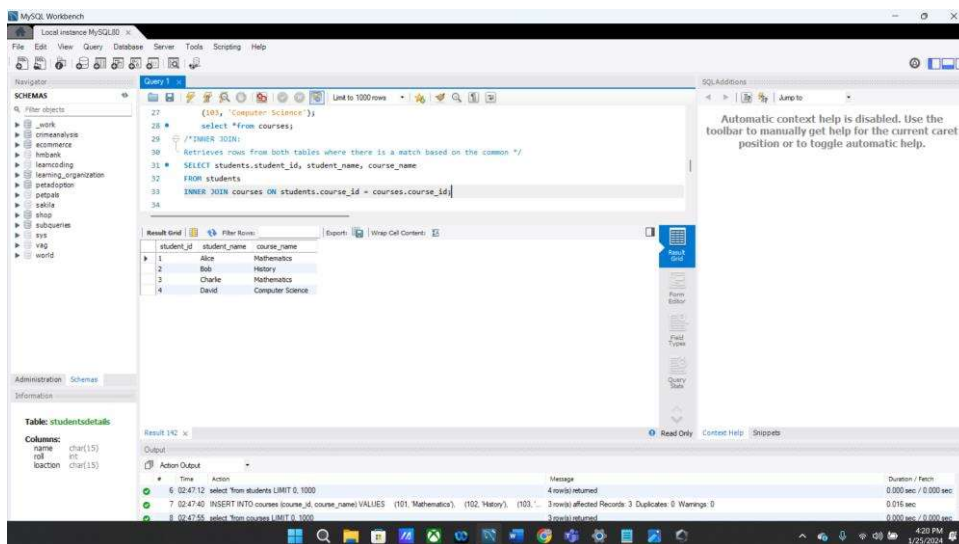
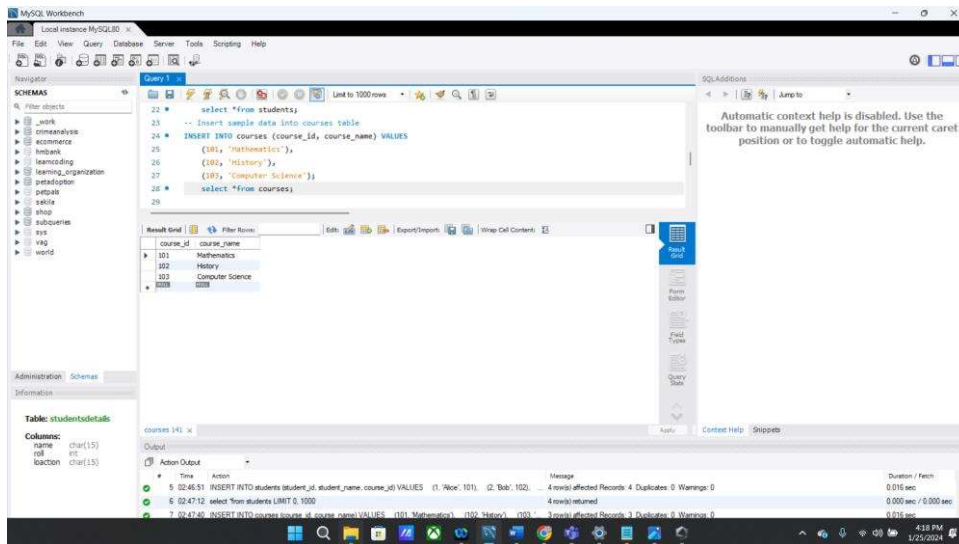
\*In relational databases, a join is an operation that combines rows from two or more tables based on a related column between them. The purpose of a join is to retrieve and consolidate information from multiple tables into a single result set.

#### TYPES OF JOINS --

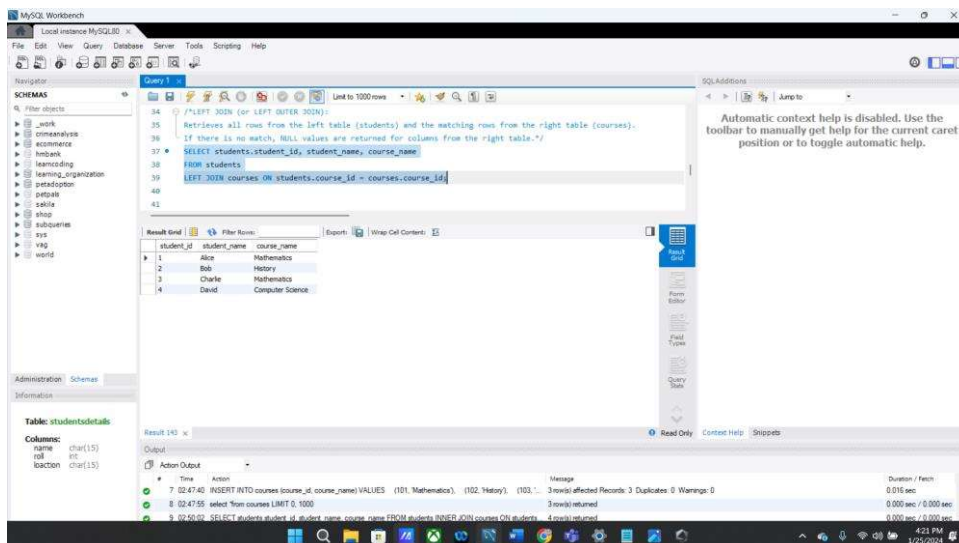
#### \*INNER JOIN-







\*LEFT JOIN--



## \*RIGHT JOIN--

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The query editor contains the following SQL code:

```
--RIGHT JOIN (or RIGHT OUTER JOIN):  
Retrieves all rows from the right table (courses) and the matching rows from the left table (students).  
If there is no match, NULL values are returned for columns from the left table.  
SELECT students.student_id, student_name, course_name  
FROM students  
RIGHT JOIN courses ON students.course_id = courses.course_id
```

The results pane shows the following data:

student_id	student_name	course_name
3	Charlie	Mathematics
1	Alice	Mathematics
2	Bob	History
4	David	Computer Science

The bottom pane shows the execution log with the following message:

```
1 02:47:55 select from courses LIMIT 0, 1000  
3 rows returned  
0.000 sec / 0.000 sec
```

## \*FULL JOIN--

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The query editor contains the following SQL code:

```
--FULL JOIN (or FULL OUTER JOIN):  
Retrieves all rows when there is a match in either the left or right table.  
If there is no match, NULL values are returned for columns from the table without a match.  
SELECT *  
FROM students as s  
FULL JOIN courses ON s.course_id = courses.course_id
```

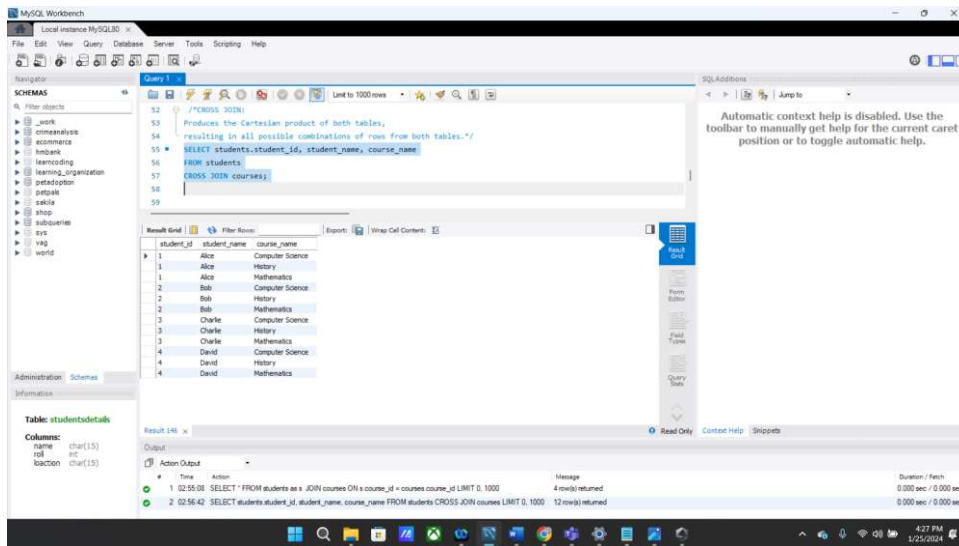
The results pane shows the following data:

student_id	student_name	course_id	course_id	course_name
1	Alice	101	101	Mathematics
2	Bob	102	102	History
3	Charlie	101	101	Mathematics
4	David	103	103	Computer Science

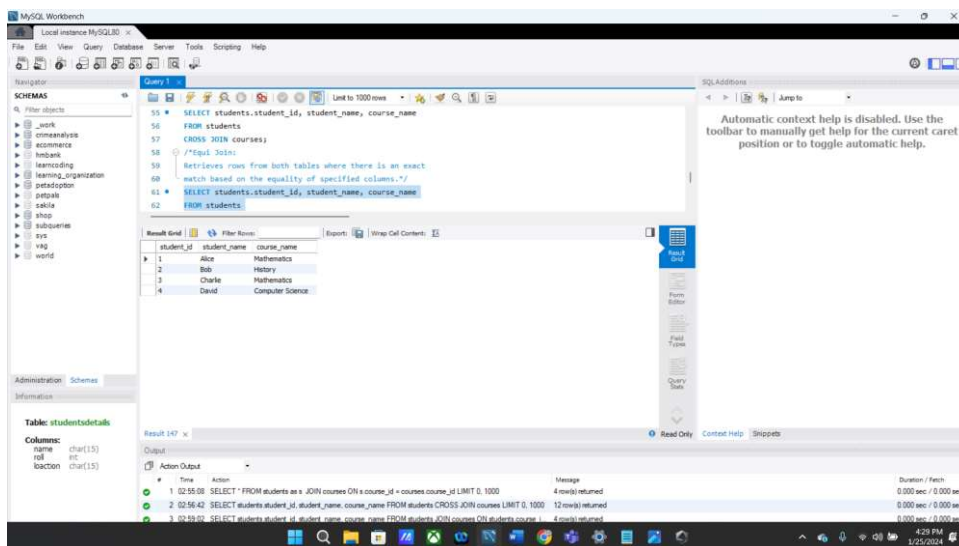
The bottom pane shows the execution log with the following message:

```
1 02:55:08 SELECT * FROM students as s JOIN courses ON s.course_id = courses.course_id LIMIT 0, 1000  
4 rows returned  
0.000 sec / 0.000 sec
```

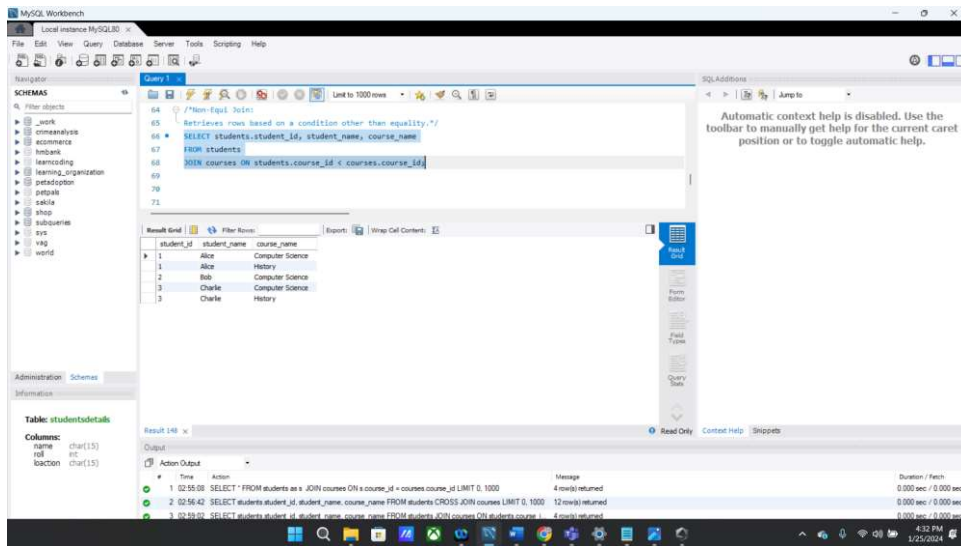
## \*CROSS JOIN--



\*EQUI JOIN--



\*NON EQUI JOIN--



\*NATURAL JOIN--

