

Derived categories, triangulated categories

& t-structures

I. Derived cats & triangulated cats (classical setting)

A : Abelian cat

$\text{Ch}(A)$: cat of cochains in A

$\text{obj} : X^\bullet = \dots \rightarrow X^{-1} \rightarrow X^0 \rightarrow X^1 \rightarrow X^2 \rightarrow \dots$

cohomology : $H^\bullet(X^\bullet)$

quasi-isomorphism : $f^\bullet : X^\bullet \rightarrow Y^\bullet$ is a
quasi-iso if $H^\bullet(f^\bullet)$ is an iso.

$\text{Ch}(A) \xrightarrow{\text{localize at quasi-iso}}$

$D(A)$

derived cat of A

varyations

$\text{Ch}^+(A)$ $\text{Ch}^-(A)$ $\text{Ch}^b(A)$

bounded from below

above

both sides

SH : stable homotopy category

Spec localize at stable w.e. \rightarrow SH

-triangulated categories

(abbr. Δ cat)

a tool to describe the structure inherent in D(A) or SH

\mathcal{D} : additive category

Def translation
(shift functor)

$[\Sigma]$ / $\Sigma : \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$ an additive automorphism.

Def (distinguished triangles)
exact

$$x \xrightarrow{f} y \xrightarrow{g} z \xrightarrow{h} \Sigma x \quad \in \mathcal{D}$$

Def (Δ cat)

- 1) an additive cat \mathcal{D} with a shift functor Σ
- 2) a class of exact Δ in \mathcal{D}

satisfying the following axioms.

- TR1
- 1) (identity) $X \xrightarrow{\text{id}} X \rightarrow \sigma \rightarrow$ is a Δ
 - 2) (completion) $\exists X \xrightarrow{f} Y, \exists z$ fitting into
 $\alpha \Delta : X \xrightarrow{f} Y \xrightarrow{g} z \xrightarrow{h} \Sigma X$
 - 3) $\{\Delta\}$ are closed under iso

- TR2 (rotation)

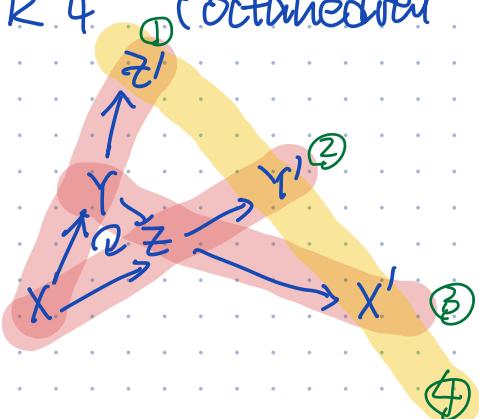
If $X \xrightarrow{f} Y \xrightarrow{g} z \xrightarrow{h} \Sigma X$ is a Δ
then $Y \xrightarrow{g} z \xrightarrow{h} \Sigma X \xrightarrow{\Sigma f} \Sigma Y$ are Δ .
 $\Sigma^{-1} z \xrightarrow{\Sigma h} X \xrightarrow{f} Y \xrightarrow{g} z$

- TR3 (weak functoriality)

$$\begin{array}{c} X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow z \rightarrow \Sigma X \\ u \downarrow \quad \downarrow v \quad \downarrow w \quad \downarrow \Sigma u \\ X' \rightarrow Y' \rightarrow z' \rightarrow \Sigma X' \end{array}$$

 are Δ ,  commutes $\Rightarrow \exists \downarrow w$ s.t.
everything 

- TR4 (octahedral axiom)



If ① ② ③ are Δ
 \Rightarrow have ④ and it's Δ .
and everything ②.

Example of Δ cats :

$D(A)$, $D^{\pm,b}(A)$, SH

Σ : shift

Δ : exact sequences

Σ : ΛS^1

Δ : cofiber/fiber sequences

Properties

$$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{1} \quad X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \Sigma X \\ \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \\ =0 \qquad \qquad \qquad =0 \end{array} \quad \alpha \quad \Delta$$

2) $\text{Hom}(E, -)$ takes Δ to a LES.

exercises: prove 1) 2).

(using 2)) prove that (in TR1 2), Z is unique up to isomorphism.

warning Z is unique up to nonunique iso.

TR 3: \downarrow is not unique.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} X & \rightarrow & Y & \rightarrow & Z & \rightarrow & \Sigma X \\ u \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow v & & \downarrow w & \downarrow \Sigma u & \\ X' & \rightarrow & Y' & \rightarrow & Z' & \rightarrow & \Sigma X' \end{array}$$

$$\text{Ex} \quad A \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \Sigma A \rightarrow \Sigma A$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 0 & \rightarrow & \Sigma A & \rightarrow & \Sigma A \end{array}$$

weak functionality

for a stable α -cat \mathcal{D}

- D hD is a ∞ -category
- (2) cof in D is essentially unique.

II Derived categories (higher categorical)

Ref Lurie Higher Algebra Section 1.3.

A : Abelian cat

$D^-(A)$: ∞ -cat of (bdl), derived cat of A

roughly: obj: proj & right bdl chain cplx

1-morph: maps of chain cplx

2-morph: chain homotopies

:

:

chain $\rightarrow X^n \rightarrow X^{n+1} \rightarrow X^{n+2} \rightarrow$ left
right bdl

hom $\rightarrow x_n \rightarrow x_{n-1} \rightarrow x_{n-2} \rightarrow$

Sketch construction:

A \hookrightarrow Aproj = full sub of proj obj

\hookrightarrow $\mathrm{Ch}^-(\mathrm{Aproj})$ right bdl chain cplx

\hookrightarrow make $\mathrm{Ch}^-(\mathrm{Aproj})$ enriched over $\mathrm{Ch}(\mathrm{Ab})$

$$\text{Ch}(\text{Ab}) \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{Ch}(\text{Ab})_{\geq 0} \xrightarrow{\text{DK}} \text{Ab}_{\leq} \xrightarrow{U} \text{Set}_{\leq}$$

$\Rightarrow \text{Ch}^-(\text{Aproj})$ enriched over Set_{\leq}

$\Rightarrow N: \text{Cat}_{\leq} \rightarrow \text{Set}_{\leq}$

$$\text{Ch}^-(\text{Aproj}) \hookrightarrow D^-(A)$$

Remark: In HA its another construction
 N dg., but equivalent.

Properties

- (1) D^- (A) is classical derived cat.
- (2) $D^-(A)$ is stable ∞ -cat

III. t-str. on Δ cats

$\mathcal{D} := \Delta$ cat

Def (t-str)

i) a pair of full subcats

$(D_{\geq 0}, D_{\leq 0})$, closed under iso

$$2) \quad \Sigma D_{\geq 0} \subseteq D_{\geq 0}, \quad \Sigma^{-1} D_{\leq 0} \subseteq D_{\leq 0}$$

$$3) \quad \forall X \in D_{\geq 0}, \quad \forall Y \in D_{\leq 0}$$

$$\text{Hom}_D(X, \Sigma^{-1} Y) = 0.$$

$$4) \quad \forall Z \in D, \quad \exists \text{ a } \Delta$$

$$\begin{array}{c} X \rightarrow Z \rightarrow Y \rightarrow \\ \uparrow P \\ D_{\geq 0} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \downarrow P \\ \Sigma^{-1} D_{\leq 0} \end{array}$$

Notations

$$D_{\geq n} := \Sigma^n D_{\geq 0}$$

$$D_{\leq n} := \Sigma^{-n} D_{\leq 0}$$

$$D^\heartsuit := D_{\geq 0} \cap D_{\leq 0}$$

Examples

1) $D(A)$

$$D(A)_{\geq 0} = \{X \mid H_i(X) \text{ concentrates in } i \geq 0\}$$

$$D(A)_{\leq 0} = \{X \mid \text{--- () ---} \leq 0\}$$

$$D(A)^\heartsuit = A$$

2) SH (Postnikov π -str.)

$$SH_{\geq 0} = \{X \mid \pi_i(X) \text{ concentrates in } i \geq 0\}$$

$$SH_{\leq 0} = \{X \mid \text{--- () ---} \leq 0\}$$

$$SH^{\heartsuit} = Ab$$

truncation functor

$T_{\geq n}$: colocalization wrt $D_{\geq n}$

$T_{\leq n}$: localization wrt $D_{\leq n}$

In Ex 2) $T_{\geq n}$ is n -th connective cover
 $T_{\leq n}$ is n -th coconnective cover.

Application: get filtered objs

$$\dots \rightarrow T_{\geq n} X \rightarrow T_{\geq n-1} X \rightarrow T_{\geq n-1} X \rightarrow \dots$$

use it to define SS.

In Ex 2) gives the Postnikov tower

In the ^{stable} ∞ -cat setting

t-str. on stable ∞ -cat is defined by
 passing to the homotopy category.

t-str on $D^-(A)$

$(D^-(A)_{\geq 0}, D^-(A)_{\leq 0})$ defined as in Ex 1)

Prop $D^-(A)^{\heartsuit} = N(A)$

(Universal property)

A : Abelian cat, with proj
 \mathcal{E} : stable ∞ -cat, with t -str. left compl
 $\mathcal{E} \subseteq \text{Fun}(D^b(A), \mathcal{E})$ full sub cat spanned
 by right t -exact functors which sends
 proj in A to \mathcal{E}^\heartsuit .
 $\xrightarrow{\text{preserve } \geq 0}$
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{E} \simeq \text{Fun}(A, \mathcal{E}^\heartsuit) \xrightarrow{D^b(A)_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}_{\geq 0}}$
 $F \mapsto \tau_{\leq 0}(F|_A) \xrightarrow{D^b(A)_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}_{\geq 0}}$

Compare it to the classical result:

$F: A \rightarrow B$ right exact functor of Abcats
 A has enough projectives
 we can define $LF = DA \rightarrow DB$
left derived functor