Pandas DataFrame Cheat Sheet

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
   pd.set_option("display.precision", 4)
   pd.set_option("display.max_rows", 15)
```

```
Create
In [2]: pd.DataFrame({'ColA': [1, 2, 3], 'ColB': [4, 5, 6], 'ColC': [7, 8, 9]})
Out[2]:
          ColA ColB ColC
        0
        1
             2
                  5
                       8
        2
             3
                  6
                       9
In [3]: pd.DataFrame({'ColA': [1, 2, 3], 'ColB': [4, 5, 6], 'ColC': [7, 8, 9]},
                     ['a', 'b',' c'])
Out[3]:
          ColA ColB ColC
        а
             1
                  5
             3
                  6
                       9
        С
In [4]: pd.DataFrame([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]])
Out[4]: 0 1 2
        0 1 2 3
        1 4 5 6
        2 7 8 9
In [5]: ps1 = pd.Series([1, 2, 3])
        ps2 = pd.Series([4, 5, 6])
        pd.DataFrame({'ColA': ps1, 'ColB': ps2})
Out[5]: ColA ColB
        0
             1
                  4
                  5
```

```
In [6]: ps1 = pd.Series([1, 2, 3], [1, 2, 3])
ps2 = pd.Series([1, 2, 3], [2, 1, 3])
```

2

3

6

```
pd.DataFrame({'ColA': ps1, 'ColB': ps2})
# NOTE: Series are re-ordered and matched by Indices!
```

```
Out[6]: ColA ColB

1 1 2

2 2 1

3 3 3
```

Rename Column/Index

```
In [9]: df.rename({'b': 'B'}, axis='index')
```

```
Out[9]: ColA ColB ColC

a 1 2 3

B 4 5 6

c 7 8 9
```

Assign/Reset Index

```
In [10]: df.index = ['A', 'B', 'C']
   df
```

```
Out[10]: ColA ColB ColC
              1
                   2
                        3
                   5
              7
                   8
                        9
In [11]: df.reset_index()
         # Resets index and create new 'index' column to store old indexes
Out[11]: index ColA ColB ColC
         0
         2
              С
                   7
                        8
                             9
In [12]: df.reset_index(drop=True)
         # Dispense with creating 'index' column
Out[12]: ColA ColB ColC
         0
              1
                   2
         2
              7
                   8
                        9
        Access Whole Column(s)
In [13]: df
Out[13]:
        ColA ColB ColC
                   2
                        3
                       6
              7
                   8
                        9
In [14]: | df['ColA']
            1
Out[14]:
             4
        Name: ColA, dtype: int64
In [15]: df.ColA
           1
Out[15]:
             4
             7
        Name: ColA, dtype: int64
In [16]: df.iloc[:, 0]
```

```
Out[16]: A 1
        Name: ColA, dtype: int64
In [17]: df.loc[:, 'ColA':'ColB']
Out[17]:
         ColA ColB
             1
                  5
             7
                 8
In [18]: df[['ColA', 'ColC']]
Out[18]:
        ColA ColC
             1
                  3
        C 7 9
        Access Whole Row(s)
In [19]: df.iloc[0]
        ColA 1
Out[19]:
        ColB 2
        ColC
              3
        Name: A, dtype: int64
In [20]: df.loc['A']
        ColA 1
Out[20]:
        ColB
        ColC
        Name: A, dtype: int64
In [21]: df.loc['A':'B']
Out[21]: ColA ColB ColC
        A 1
        B 4 5 6
In [22]: df[0:2]
        # NOTE: Returns first two *ROWS* rather than *COLS*!
Out[22]: ColA ColB ColC
             1
                  2
                      3
```

5 6

```
Out[23]:
           ColA ColB ColC
        В
             4
                  5
                     6
        С
                  8
        Access Single Cell
In [24]: df.at['C', 'ColA'] # FASTEST
         # df.loc['C', 'ColA']
        # df.loc['C']['ColA']
         # df['ColA']['C']
Out[24]:
In [25]: df.iat[2, 0] # FASTEST
         # df.iloc[2, 0]
         # df.iloc[2][0]
Out[25]:
In [26]: df.at['C', 'ColA'] = 77
        df
Out[26]: ColA ColB ColC
                   2
                       3
        Α
             1
        С
             77
                  8
                      9
In [27]: df.iat[2, 0] = 7
Out[27]:
           ColA ColB ColC
                   2
        Α
              1
                       3
         В
             4
                   5
                       6
             7
                  8
        Access Partial Column
In [28]: df.loc['A':'B', 'ColA'] # FASTEST
         # df['ColA']['A':'B']
           1
Out[28]:
```

In [23]: df.loc[df['ColB'] > 4]

Name: ColA, dtype: int64

In [29]: df.iloc[0:2]['ColA'] # FASTEST

```
1
Out[29]:
        Name: ColA, dtype: int64
In [30]: df.iloc[0:2, 0]
           1
Out[30]:
            4
        Name: ColA, dtype: int64
In [31]: df['ColA'][[0,2]]
            1
Out[31]:
             7
         Name: ColA, dtype: int64
         Access Partial Row
In [32]: df.loc['A', 'ColA':'ColB']
         ColA 1
Out[32]:
         ColB
         Name: A, dtype: int64
In [33]: df.iloc[0]['ColA':'ColB']
        ColA 1
Out[33]:
        ColB
        Name: A, dtype: int64
In [34]: df.iloc[0, 0:2]
         # df.iloc[0][0:2]
        ColA 1
Out[34]:
        ColB 2
        Name: A, dtype: int64
In [35]: df.iloc[0][[0,2]]
        ColA 1
Out[35]:
        ColC
               3
         Name: A, dtype: int64
         Access Partial Frame
In [36]: df.iloc[1:, 1:]
Out[36]:
           ColB ColC
         В
              5
                   6
              8
                   9
In [37]: df.loc['B':'C', 'ColB':'ColC']
```

df['ColA'][0:2]

```
Out [37]: ColB ColC

B 5 6

C 8 9
```

Dropping Rows / Columns

```
In [38]: df
Out[38]:
        ColA ColB ColC
         Α
              1
                    2
         С
              7
                   8
                       9
In [39]: df.drop('A')
Out[39]:
          ColA ColB ColC
                   5
                   8
In [40]: df.drop('ColA', axis=1)
Out[40]:
            ColB ColC
              2
                   3
         С
              8
                   9
In [41]: df.drop(columns=['ColA', 'ColC'])
         # df.drop(['ColA', 'ColC'], axis='columns')
Out[41]:
            ColB
              2
              5
              8
```

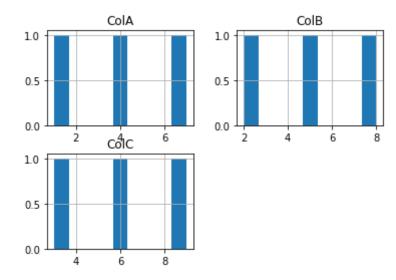
Data Exploration

```
In [42]: df.shape
Out[42]: (3, 3)
In [43]: df.values
```

```
Out[43]: array([[1, 2, 3],
               [4, 5, 6],
                [7, 8, 9]])
In [44]:
         df.columns
         Index(['ColA', 'ColB', 'ColC'], dtype='object')
Out[44]:
         df.columns.values.tolist()
In [45]:
         ['ColA', 'ColB', 'ColC']
Out[45]:
In [46]: df1 = df.copy()
         dfl.iat[0, 0] = np.NaN
         dfl.count()
         # Count non-NA cells for each column or row
        ColA
Out[46]:
         ColB 3
                3
         ColC
         dtype: int64
In [47]: df.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         Index: 3 entries, A to C
         Data columns (total 3 columns):
         # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
         ___ ____
          O ColA 3 non-null
                                     int64
          1 ColB 3 non-null
                                    int64
            ColC 3 non-null
          2
                                    int64
         dtypes: int64(3)
         memory usage: 204.0+ bytes
In [48]: df.describe()
Out[48]:
               ColA ColB ColC
         count
                3.0
                     3.0
                          3.0
         mean
                4.0
                     5.0
                          6.0
                     3.0
                          3.0
           std
                3.0
          min
                1.0
                     2.0
                          3.0
          25%
                2.5
                     3.5
                          4.5
          50%
                4.0
                     5.0
                          6.0
          75%
                5.5
                     6.5
                          7.5
                7.0
                     8.0
                          9.0
          max
In [49]: df.agg(('min', 'max'))
```

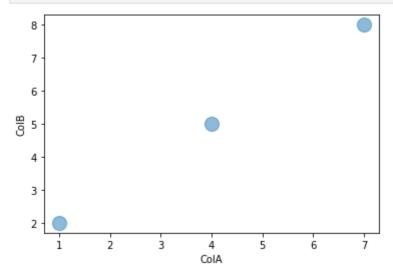
```
min
                1
                     2
                          3
                7
         max
                          9
In [50]: | df1 = pd.DataFrame({'ColA': ['one', 'two', 'one']})
         dfl.describe()
Out[50]:
               ColA
         count
         unique
           top
               one
           freq
                  2
In [51]: df['ColA'].value_counts()
         # Returns Series containing Count of unique values with index set to values
            1
Out[51]:
            1
         7
            1
         Name: ColA, dtype: int64
In [52]: vc = df[['ColA', 'ColC']].value counts()
         # Returns Series containing Count of unique multi-col value combos with index
         # set to the combos
        ColA ColC
Out[52]:
         1 3
                     1
              6
                     1
         dtype: int64
In [53]: df.head(3)
Out[53]:
          ColA ColB ColC
              1
         Α
                   2
                        3
         В
                     6
                   5
         C 7
                   8
                        9
In [54]: df.tail(2)
         ColA ColB ColC
Out [54]:
              4 5
         В
                     6
                   8
In [55]: df.hist(bins=9);
         # Histograms of all columns
```

Out[49]: ColA ColB ColC



Data Visualization

```
In [56]: df.plot(kind='scatter', x='ColA', y='ColB', s=200, alpha=0.5);
```



```
In [57]: df1 = df.applymap(lambda x: np.sin(x))
    df1.corr()
```

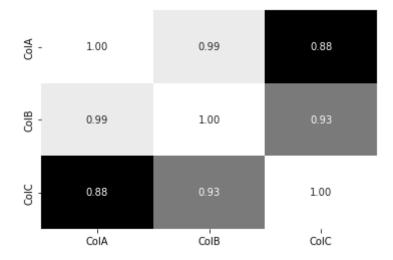
```
        ColA
        ColB
        ColC

        ColA
        1.0000
        0.9899
        0.8751

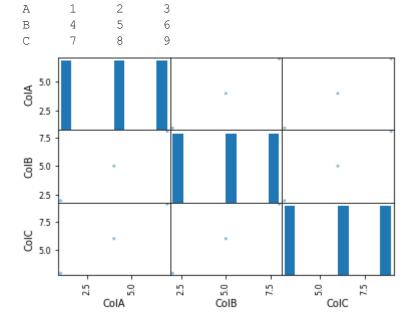
        ColB
        0.9899
        1.0000
        0.9348

        ColC
        0.8751
        0.9348
        1.0000
```

```
In [58]: import seaborn as sns
sns.heatmap(abs(df1.corr()), annot=True, fmt=".2f", cmap='gray', cbar=False);
```

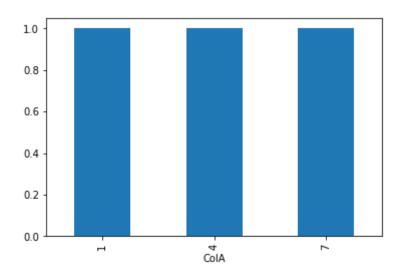


```
In [59]: from pandas.plotting import scatter_matrix
print(df)
scatter_matrix(df);
# Matrix of scatter plots of all column-pairs
# Histograms plotted on diagonal
```



ColA ColB ColC

```
In [60]: df.groupby('ColA').count().iloc[:, 0].plot(kind='bar');
# Chart of value counts of particular column
```



Boolean Indexing

```
In [61]: df
Out[61]: ColA ColB ColC
         Α
              1
                   2
         C 7
                   8
                     9
In [62]: df['ColA'] > 2
            False
Out[62]:
              True
              True
        Name: ColA, dtype: bool
In [63]: df.loc[df['ColA'] > 2, 'ColA']
         # df['ColA'][df['ColA'] > 2]
Out[63]:
        Name: ColA, dtype: int64
In [64]: df > 4
Out[64]: ColA ColB ColC
         A False False False
         B False True True
         C True True True
In [65]: gt4 = df > 4
         df[~gt4]
```

```
Out[65]: ColA ColB ColC
       A 1.0 2.0 3.0
       B 4.0 NaN NaN
       C NaN NaN NaN
In [66]: df1 = df.copy()
       df1[gt4] = -1
Out[66]: ColA ColB ColC
       A 1 2 3
       B 4 -1 -1
       C -1 -1 -1
In [67]: df[(df['ColA'] > 1) & (df['ColA'] < 10)]</pre>
Out[67]: ColA ColB ColC
       B 4 5 6
       C 7 8 9
In [68]: df.loc[df['ColA'] > 1]
Out[68]: ColA ColB ColC
       B 4 5 6
       c 7 8 9
       Sorting
In [69]: df
Out[69]: ColA ColB ColC
       A 1 2 3
       C 7 8 9
```

In [70]: df.sort values('ColA', ascending=False, inplace=True)

```
Out[70]: ColA ColB ColC
         С
             7
                  8
                       9
                  5 6
                  2
             1
                       3
In [71]: df.sort_index(inplace=True)
Out[71]: ColA ColB ColC
         Α
         С
             7
                  8
                     9
In [72]: | df.rank()
         \# Compute numerical data ranks (1 - n) along axis, where equal values by
         # default are assigned a rank that is the average of ranks of those values
Out[72]: ColA ColB ColC
         A 1.0 1.0 1.0
            2.0 2.0 2.0
         C 3.0 3.0 3.0
        Computation
In [73]: df
Out[73]: ColA ColB ColC
         Α
           1
                  2
                       3
         С
             7
                  8
                       9
In [74]: df['ColA'].sum()
Out[74]: 12
In [75]: df['ColA'].min()
Out[75]:
In [76]: df['ColA'].max()
Out[76]: 7
```

In [77]: df['ColA'].mean()

```
In [78]: df['ColA'].median()
         4.000
Out[78]:
In [79]: | df['ColA'].mode()
         # Returns a Series as there may be multiple modes
            1
Out[79]:
             7
         Name: ColA, dtype: int64
In [80]: df.cumsum(axis=1)
         # Returns a same size DataFrame/Series containing the cumulative sum
Out[80]: ColA ColB ColC
                    3
                         6
                    9
                        15
         С
              7
                   15
                        24
         Substitution
In [81]: df['ColA'].map({1:'one', 4:'four'})
         # Substituting each value in a Series with another value
              one
         Α
Out[81]:
              four
         С
              NaN
         Name: ColA, dtype: object
In [82]: df['ColA'].apply(lambda x: x**2)
         # Invoke function on values of Series
         A 1
Out[82]:
              16
             49
         Name: ColA, dtype: int64
In [83]: df.applymap(lambda x: x**2)
         # Apply a function to a Dataframe elementwise
Out[83]: ColA ColB ColC
         Α
              16
                   25
                        36
         С
             49
                   64
                        81
In [84]: df.apply(sum)
         # Apply a function to a Col / Row(axis=1) Series
```

Out[77]: 4.000

```
Out[84]: ColA 12
ColB 15
ColC 18
dtype: int64
```

Grouping

```
In [85]: df = pd.DataFrame({'ColA': ['X', 'Y', 'X'], 'ColB': [1, 2, 3], 'ColC': [4, 5, 6]
         df
            ColA ColB ColC
Out[85]:
         0
              Χ
                    1
                          4
          1
               Υ
                    2
                          5
          2
              Χ
                    3
                          6
In [86]: df.groupby('ColA').sum()
         # Group by unique values of given column(s), then apply an aggregation function
          # to each group, column-by-column
Out[86]:
               ColB ColC
         ColA
                 4
                      10
            X
                       5
In [87]: df.groupby('ColA')['ColB'].sum()
          # df.groupby('ColA').sum()['ColB']
         ColA
Out[87]:
         X 4
         Name: ColB, dtype: int64
In [88]: df.groupby('ColA').max()
Out[88]:
              ColB ColC
         ColA
                 3
                       6
            Χ
                 2
                       5
In [89]: df = pd.DataFrame({'ColA': ['X','X','Y','X'],
                             'ColB': ['Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Z'],
                             'ColC': [1,2,3,4],
                             'ColD': [5,6,7,8]})
         df
```

```
      Out [89]:
      ColA
      ColB
      ColC
      ColD

      0
      X
      Y
      1
      5

      1
      X
      Y
      2
      6

      2
      Y
      Y
      3
      7

      3
      X
      Z
      4
      8
```

```
In [90]: df.groupby(['ColA', 'ColB'])['ColC'].count()
```

Out[90]: ColA ColB

X Y 2 Z 1 Y Y 1

Name: ColC, dtype: int64