P11A - Random Numbers and Half-life

It is sometimes useful to use random numbers, either to simulate randomness in physical processes or as part of an algorithm to solve a case with no apparant randomness (see Milen midterm project).

- 1. Generate 1000 coin flips. Have your program print the number of heads.
- 2. Consider a radioactive element with a half life of 12 days.
 - (a) Compute, by hand, the chances that an individual atom will decay in 1 day?
 - (b) Suppose you start with 1000 atoms. How many would you expect to be around after 1 day?
 - (c) Write a cpp program to simulate these 1000 atoms being left out in the sun for 1 day. How many are left?
 - (d) Simulate this 100000 times. For what percentage of these runs were there more than 940 atoms remaining?
- 3. Think about the extra credit question on the past quiz.

Submit your cpp files. Due Friday May 3rd.