Week 9: Lab 6

CS2030S Lab 16B

Overview

- 1. Recap
- 2. Lab 5 Feedback
- 3. Lab 6 Brief

1: Recap

First Class Citizens

- First Class Citizen:
 - Can be assigned to a variable
 - Can be returned from a method
 - Can be passed into a method
- Anonymous classes
- Transformer<A, B> transformer = new Transformer<>() {...}
- POLLEV

Anon Classes and Lambda

- Interfaces that have only one method: @FunctionalInterface
- For anonymous classes implementing functional interface:
 - Can use lambda function instead
- Lambda functions:
 - Have no name
 - Use {} for multiple lines
 - Can also be replaced by method references
 - shape -> shape.toString()
 - Shape::toString
- POLLEV

Method References

Method References can be used for:

- 1. Static method in a class
- 2. Instance method of a class or interface
- 3. Constructor of a class

```
Box::of // x -> Box.of(x) 
Box::new // x -> new Box(x) 
x::compareTo // y -> x.compareTo(y) 
A::foo // (x, y) -> x.foo(y) or (x, y) -> A.foo(x,y)|
```

Pure Functions

- Deterministic: the same output is always returned for the same input.

No side effects:

- Cannot throw exceptions
- Cannot modify external variables
- Cannot modify parameters/arguments
- No I/O operations

Method Currying

Essentially Higher Order Functions In Java:

- b -> c -> d -> b + c + d;
- Type?
- Transformer<A, B> transforms type B to type A
- Transformer<Int, ?> lambda = ... (POLLEV)
- Transformer<Int, Transformer<Int, Int>>
- To resolve, lambda.apply(1).apply(2).apply(3) where apply simply applies the transformer function

Purpose:

To partially apply the function

Lazy Evaluation

To delay computation of e.g. 2 + 3, Do this: Producer < Integer > producer = () -> 2 + 3;

The computation of 2 + 3 is not done until producer.produce() is called.

- Similarly, any kind of lambda function is not executed until it is called.
- Use memoization to only call functions once.

That's all for today! Thanks for coming!

Feedback

