# Predicting Advertisement Demand on Avito Platform

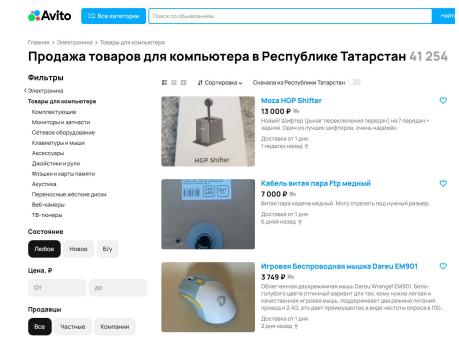
Artur Zagitov, Ildar Zalialiev, Artem Nazarov

### **Business problem**

Sellers often struggle to predict demand for their products.

### This leads to:

- Underpricing and lost revenue
- Overpricing and low buyer interest
- Frustration for both buyers and sellers



# **Business understanding**

### **Business Objectives:**

- Improve ad listing efficiency.
- Reduce underpriced and overpriced ads.
- Enhance user satisfaction and platform engagement.

### ML Objectives:

- Develop a machine learning model to predict ad deal probability.
- Achieve a Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) of 0.25 or lower on unseen data.

### **Success Criteria:**

**Business:** Increased transaction volume and user engagement.

ML: RMSE below 0.25 on a held-out test dataset.

### **Data Description**

• Size: 1.5 million records

A category\_na...

Автомобили

С пробегом

A city

Волгоград

Транспорт

Волгоградская

область

• Source: Avito platform, accessed via Kaggle

A param\_2

BA3 (LADA)

≜ param\_3

2110

• Features: Ad title, description, price, category, region, user type, and more.

A title

A description

Все вопросы по

телефону.

40000.0

activation\_da...

2017-03-16

Private

2264.0

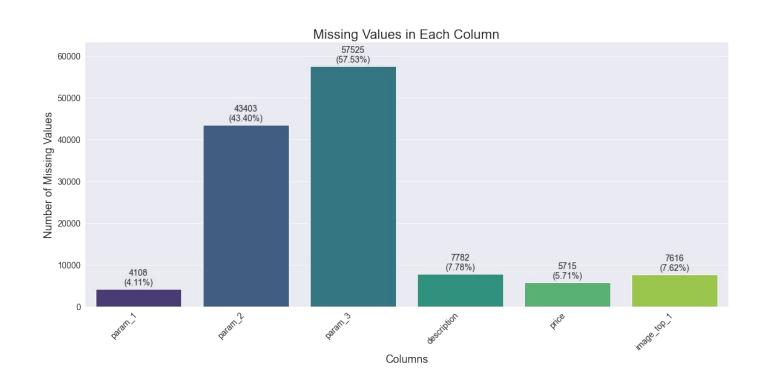
0.20797

• Target: Deal Probability - [0, 1]

Свердловская область	Екатеринбург	Личные вещи	Товары для детей и игрушки	Постельные принадлежности	Кокоби(кокон для сна)	Кокон для сна малыша, пользова лись меньше месяца.цвет серый	400.0	2	2017-03-28	Private	1008.0	0.12789
Самарская область	Самара	Для дома и дачи	Мебель и интерьер	Другое	Стойка для Одежды	Стойка для одежды, под вешалки. С бутика.	3000.0	19	2017-03-26	Private	692.0	0.0
Ростовская область	Ростов-на-Дону	Бытовая электроника	Аудио и видео	Видео, DVD и Blu-ray плееры	Philips bluray	В хорошем состоянии, домашний кинотеатр с blu гау, USB. Если настроить, то работает смарт тв / Торг	4000.0	9	2017-03-20	Private	3032.0	0.43177
Татарстан	Набережные Челны	Личные вещи	Товары для детей и игрушки	Автомобильные кресла	Автокресло	Продам кресло от0-25кг	2200.0	286	2017-03-25	Company	796.0	0.80323

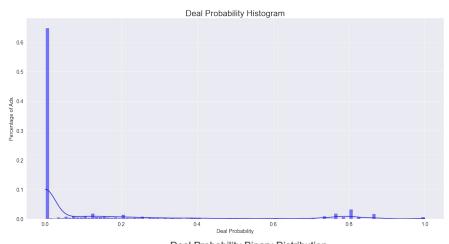
BA3 2110, 2003

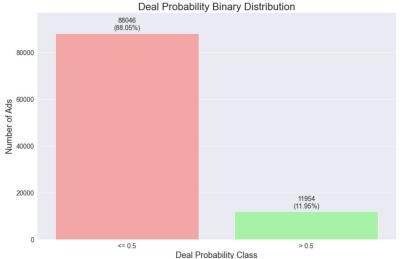
# **EDA - Missing values**



# EDA - Target

- More than 66% of ad listings has deal probability of less than 0.05 (5%)
- More than 88% of ad listings has deal probability of less then 0.50 (50%)
- A small peak around 0.8, indicating a smaller number of ads with higher, deal probabilities.

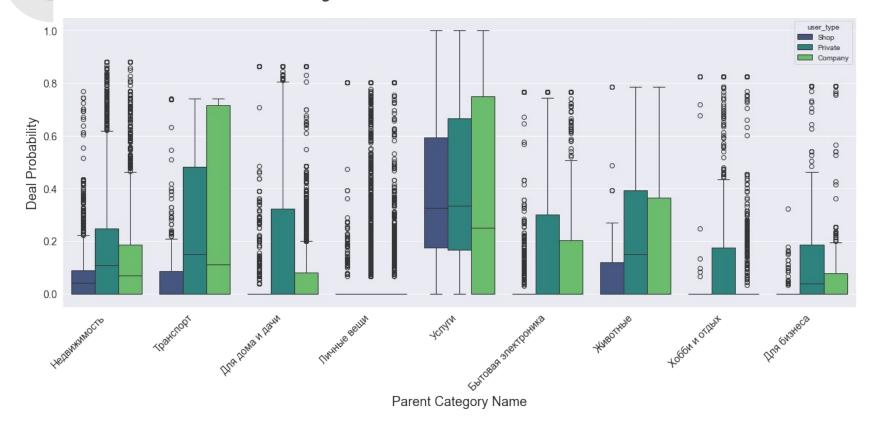




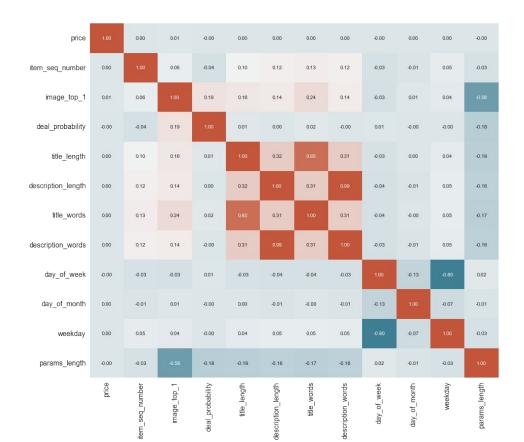
# **EDA - Price vs Target**



# EDA - User Type and Parent Category vs. Deal Probability



### **EDA - Correlations**



- 0.0

- -0.2

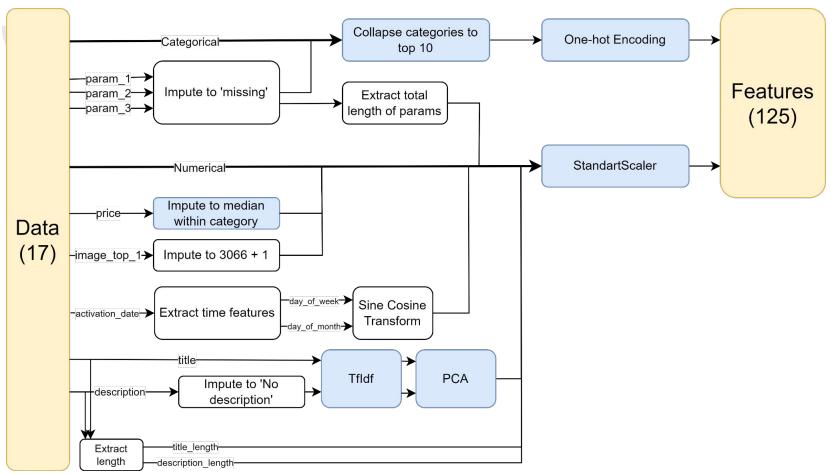
-0.6

### POC

• Simple Linear Regression with our full preprocessing pipeline

• **RMSE**: 0.2633

# Data preparation



# **Airflow Pipeline**

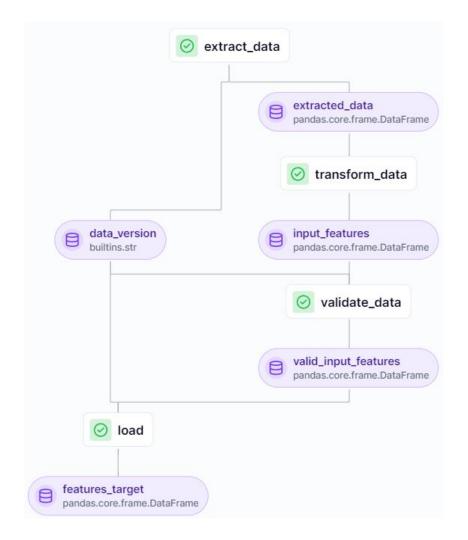
### Extract data pipeline



### Preprocess data pipeline





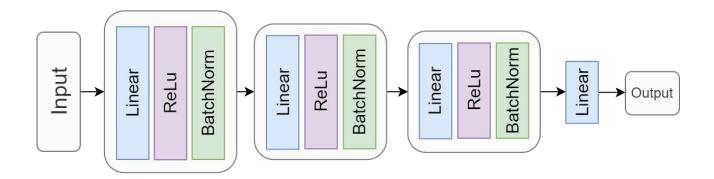


## **Expectations**

```
ex13 = validator.expect_column_values_to_not_be_null(column="description_length", meta={"dimension": "Completeness"})\
ex15 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_of_type(column="description_length", type_="float64", meta={"dimension": "Datatype"}

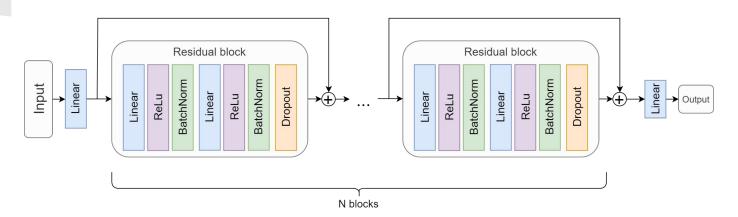
ex16 = validator.expect_column_values_to_not_be_null(column="params_length", meta={"dimension": "Completeness"})\
ex18 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_of_type(column="params_length", type_="float64", meta={"dimension": "Datatype"})\
ex19 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_null(column="day_of_week_sin", meta={"dimension": "Completeness"})\
ex20 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_between(column="day_of_week_sin", min_value=-1, max_value=1, meta={"dimension": "Datatype"})\
ex22 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_of_type(column="day_of_week_cos", meta={"dimension": "Completeness"})\
ex23 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_between(column="day_of_week_cos", min_value=-1, max_value=1, meta={"dimension": "Ratex23 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_between(column="day_of_week_cos", min_value=-1, max_value=1, meta={"dimension": "Datatype"})\
ex24 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_of_type(column="day_of_week_cos", type_="float64", meta={"dimension": "Datatype"})\
ex25 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_of_type(column="day_of_week_cos", type_="float64", meta={"dimension": "Datatype"})\
ex26 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_of_type(column="day_of_week_cos", type_="float64", meta={"dimension": "Datatype"})\
ex27 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_of_type(column="day_of_week_cos", type_="float64", meta={"dimension": "Datatype"})\
ex28 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_of_type(column="day_of_week_cos", type_="float64", meta={"dimension": "Datatype"})\
ex28 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_of_type(column="day_of_week_cos", type_="float64", meta={"dimension": "Datatype"})\
ex29 = validator.expect_column_values_to_be_of_type(column="day_of_week_cos", type_="float64", meta={"dimension": "Completeness"})\
ex29 = validator.expect_co
```

# Model engineering - MLP



Parameter	Options	Best Value
Hidden Layer 1 Size	[32, 64, 128]	32
Hidden Layer 2 Size	[16, 32, 64]	16
Hidden Layer 3 Size	[8, 16, 32]	32

# Model engineering - ResNet



Parameter	Options	Best Value
Embedding Size	[16, 32, 64, 128]	128
Number of Residual Blocks	[1, 3, 5, 10]	3
Dropout Rate	[0.35, 0.5, 0.75]	0.75

### **Model Performance**

Model	RMSE	MSE	MAE
MLP	0.242	0.0585	0.162
ResNet	0.246	0.0606	0.166

# **Result Reproducibility**

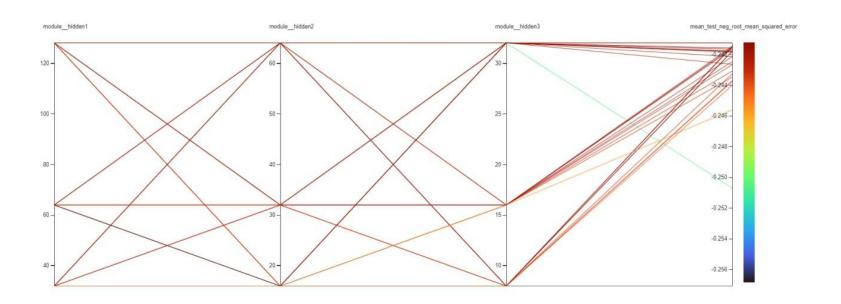
Metric	Values	Average	Variance
MAE	[0.1606, 0.1615, 0.1631, 0.1632, 0.1625]	0.1622	$9.67 \times 10^{-7}$
MSE	[0.0586,0.0586,0.0585,0.0586,0.0586]	0.0586	$1.28 \times 10^{-9}$
RMSE	[0.2421, 0.2421, 0.2419, 0.2420, 0.2420]	0.2420	$5.47 \times 10^{-9}$

Table 4: MLP Test Metrics for Different Seeds

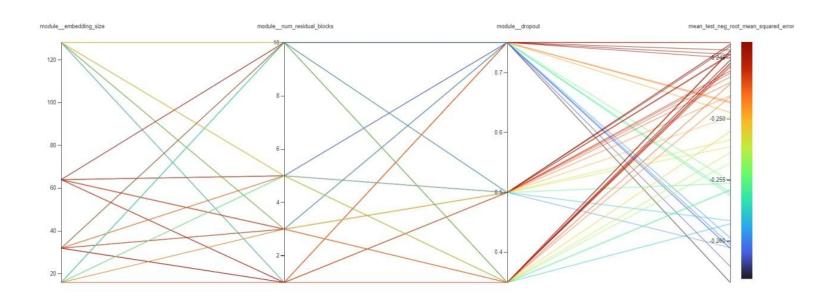
Metric	Values	Average	Variance
MAE	[0.1683, 0.1589, 0.1578, 0.1659, 0.1804]	0.1663	$6.59 \times 10^{-5}$
MSE	[0.0597, 0.0607, 0.0628, 0.0592, 0.0607]	0.0606	$1.51 \times 10^{-6}$
RMSE	[0.2444, 0.2464, 0.2506, 0.2433, 0.2464]	0.2462	$6.16 \times 10^{-6}$

Table 5: ResNet Test Metrics for Different Seeds

### MLP - Parallel Plot



### **ResNet - Parallel Plot**



### Model validation

- Performance Test: RMSE with a threshold of 0.25
- Success Criteria: Achieve an RMSE below 0.25 on unseen data.
- Result: The MLP model successfully met the validation criteria.
- Decision: Proceed with model deployment.



https://drive.google.com/file/d/1a9NFoW3XWYYuDmQSyJDjCMXN\_W-w-K3a/view?usp=sharing

### Model deployment





### **Deployment Options:**

- **Docker:** Packaged the model and dependencies into a Docker image.
- Flask API: Developed a custom API for more direct and localized deployment.

### **User Interface:**

Gradio: Built an intuitive GUI for users to input ad details and receive demand predictions.

### Inference Hardware:

- Model Size: 100 Kb
- Hardware tested: CPU: Intel Core i5. RAM: 16GB

# Project plan

https://sharing.clickup.com/9012093001/q/h/8cjk829-412/85b8479c837f6cd

### Project collaboration

### Data engineer: Ildar Zalialiev

- Setup extraction pipeline
- Setup preparation pipeline using ZenML and Airflow
- Tests and Expectations

### Data scientist: Artur Zagitov

- EDA
- Build data preprocessing pipeline
- Build and train models

### **ML engineer**: Artem Nazarov

- Model validation
- Model deployment
- Gradio UI

Tasks	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Phase 4	Phase 5
Ildar Zalialiev	50%	50%	20%	20%	10%
Artur Zagitov	40%	40%	40%	30%	20%
Artem Nazarov	10%	10%	40%	50%	70%
Total	1	1	1	1	1

### Challenges and lessons learned

- Main technical challenge: Deploying Pytorch+Skorch model to Docker
- Dependencies

```
class WrappedNeuralNetRegressor(NeuralNetRegressor):
   def init (self, *args, **kwargs):
       super(WrappedNeuralNetRegressor, self). init (*args, **kwargs)
   def prepare data(self, X):
       if isinstance(X, pd.DataFrame):
          return X.values.astype(np.float32)
       return X
   def prepare target(self, y):
       if isinstance(y, pd.Series):
          return y.values.astype(np.float32).reshape(-1, 1)
      return y
   def fit(self, X, y, **fit params):
      X = self.prepare data(X)
      y = self.prepare target(y)
      return super(WrappedNeuralNetRegressor, self).fit(X, y, **fit params)
   def predict(self, X):
      X = self.prepare data(X)
      return super(WrappedNeuralNetRegressor, self).predict(X)
  def score(self, X, y):
      X = self.prepare data(X)
      y = self.prepare target(y)
      return super(WrappedNeuralNetRegressor, self).score(X, y)
```

# Demo