

[1] Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing 3rd edition)

House of Electronics Industry, 2017, Chap2.1, Chap2.2, Chap6.1, Chap6.2.

[2] W.Pratt, Digital Image Processing, Third Edition, 2001, Chap2, Chap3.

# DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

## VISION AND VISION PROPERTIES

CHANG SHU

2022-9-16

psychophysical properties  
conceptual models

a stream of massless particles

## VISION - LOW LEVEL

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- ElectroMagnetic Spectrum
- **Visual band** 350 nm ~ 780 nm

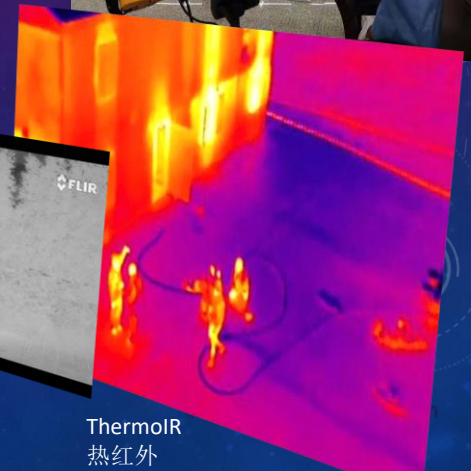
Photon  
光子



Ultraviolet  
紫外



NearIR  
近红外

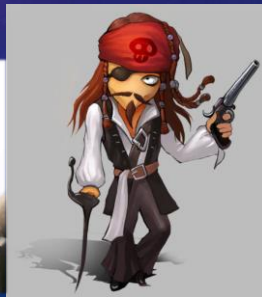


ThermoIR  
热红外



## VISION - LOW LEVEL

- Why are the traffic lights red, green, yellow(amber) ?
- Why do pirates always wear eye patches?



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## VISION AND VISION PROPERTIES

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### Vision perception

- Low-level
- High-level

### Vision Properties

- Intensity property
- Frequency properties
  - Space
  - Wavelength
- Temporal property
- Color response

visual phenomenon  
视觉现象



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## VISION - LOW LEVEL

- Eye

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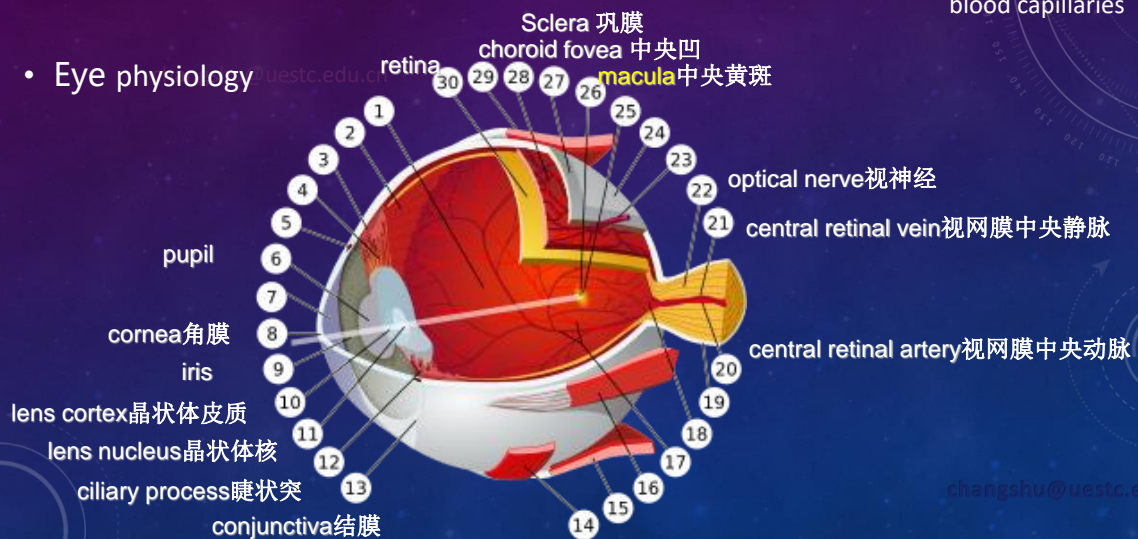


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## VISION - LOW LEVEL

- Eye physiology

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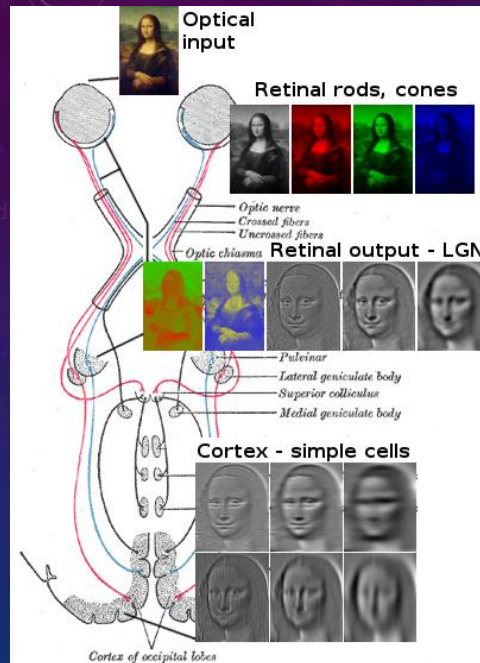


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Lateral Geniculate Nucleus  
外侧膝状体

cortical cell 皮质细胞

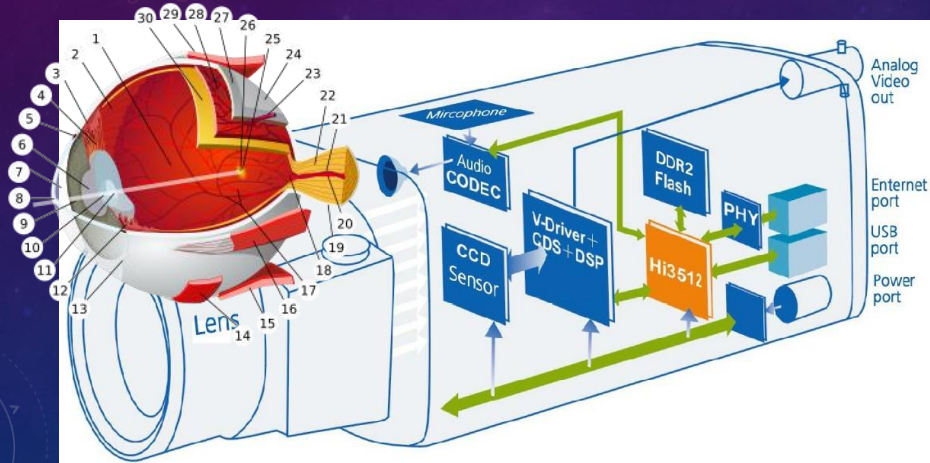
thalamus 丘脑



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## VISION - LOW LEVEL

### • Digital Camera vs Eye



out of focus  
aperture

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## VISION - LOW LEVEL

Photoelectrochemical reaction  
光电化学反应

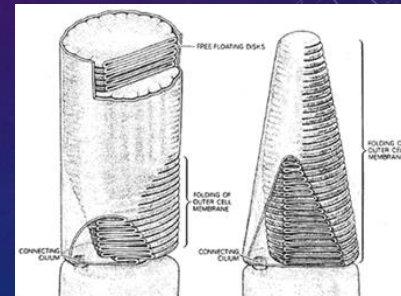
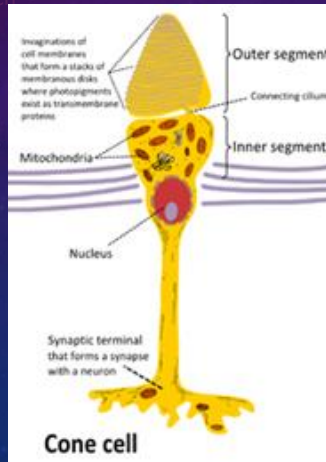
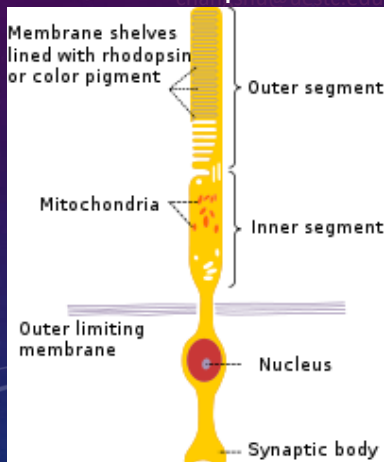
- **Retina** translates 2D image into impulses
- **Optical nerve** sends those impulses into the brain to create visual perception
- Two **receptors** – **Rods & Cones**
  - Rods: thin and long, ~120 million, Scotopic Vision, high sensitivity, achromatic, low acuity (spatial acuity)
  - Cones: thick and short, 6~7 million, Photopic Vision, lower absolute sensitivity, chromatic, high acuity

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## VISION - LOW LEVEL

pigment 色素  
Rhodopsin 视紫红质  
membrane 细胞膜

- Two receptors – **Rods & Cones**



protein  
chain-reactions

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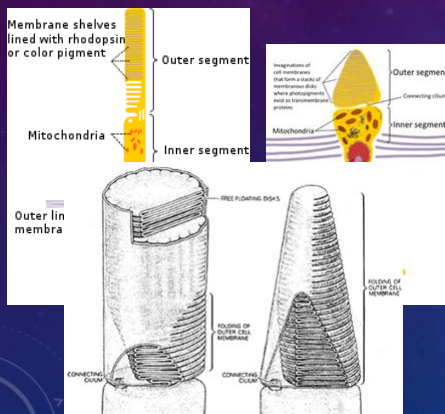
## VISION - LOW LEVEL

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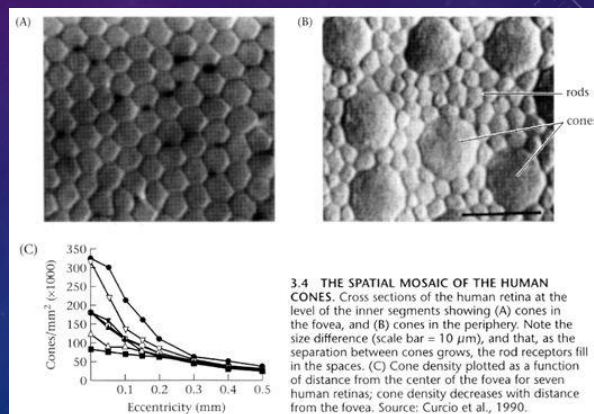
## VISION - LOW LEVEL

- Two receptors – **Rods & Cones**



fovea

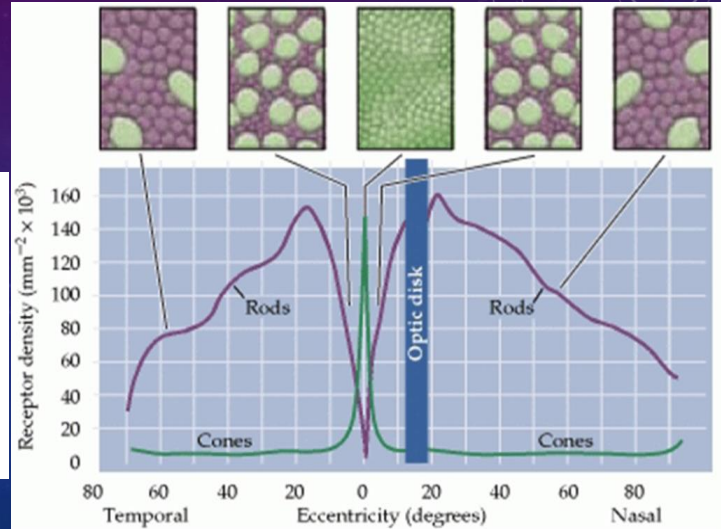
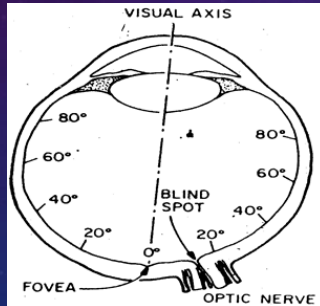
periphery





## VISION - LOW LEVEL

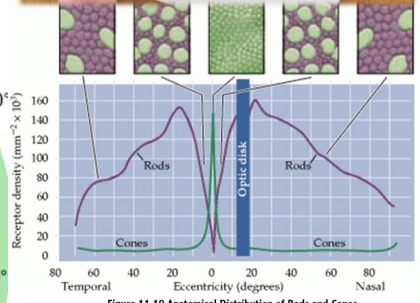
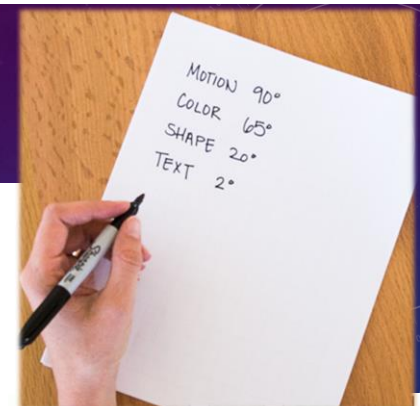
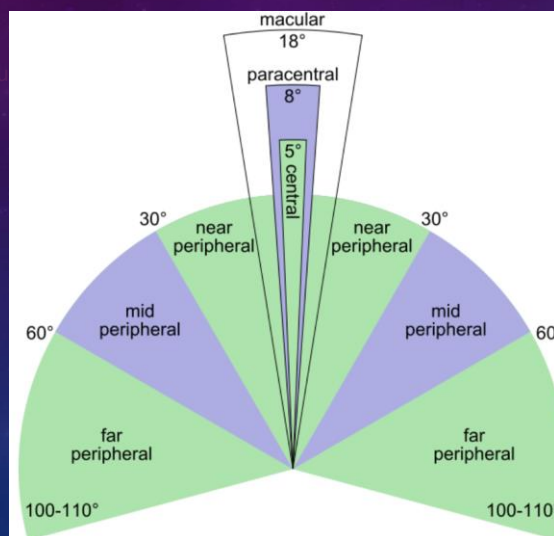
- Two receptors –  
**Rods & Cones**



## VISION - LOW LEVEL

Peripheral vision

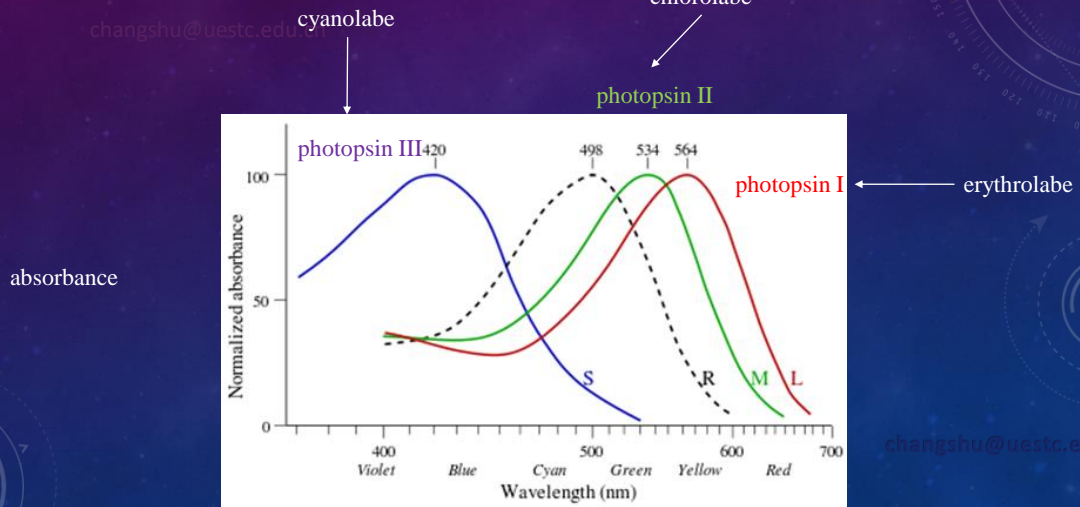
Predator 捕食者



# VISION - LOW LEVEL

iodopsins 视紫蓝质 (rhodopsin analogs)

protein-pigment complex

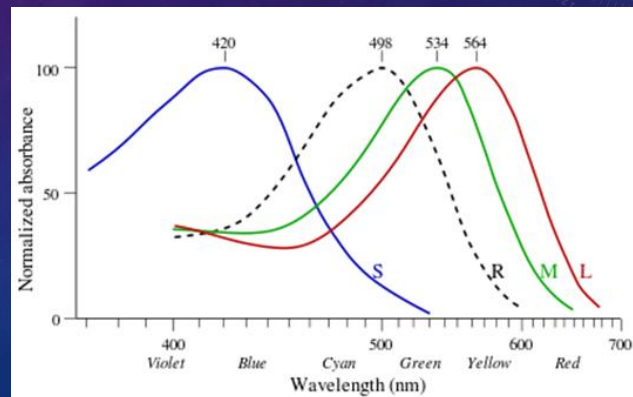


# VISION - LOW LEVEL

trichromatic theory  
三原色理论

## • Two receptors – Rods & Cones

- Type: Rods(1) v.s. Cones(3)





## VISION - LOW LEVEL

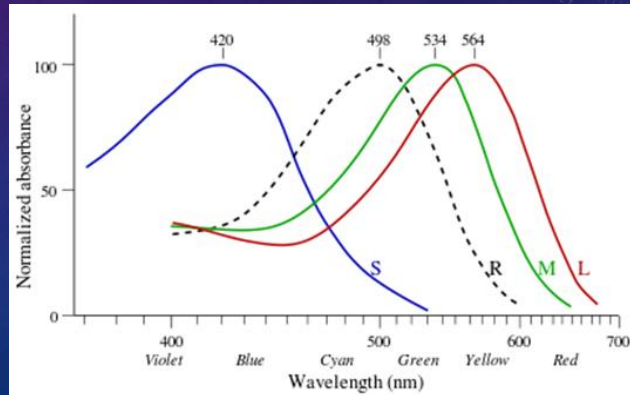
Red rose at twilight

subdued green leaves

red petals

### • Two receptors – Rods & Cones

- Type: Rods(1) v.s. Cones(3)



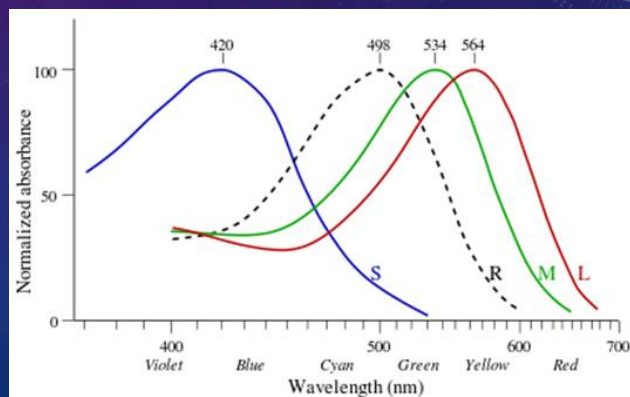
## VISION - LOW LEVEL

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- Type: Rods(1) v.s. Cones(3)



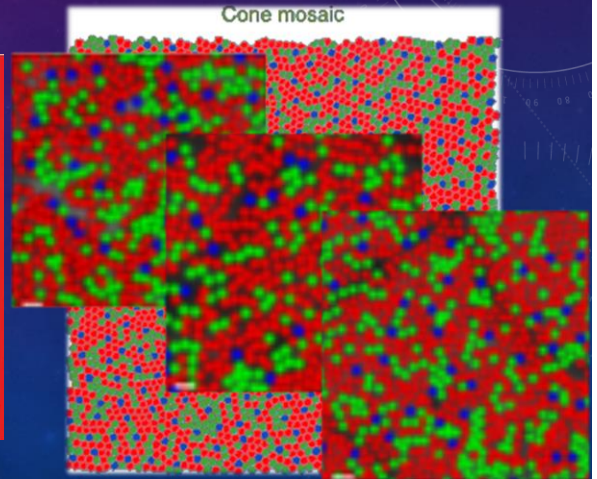
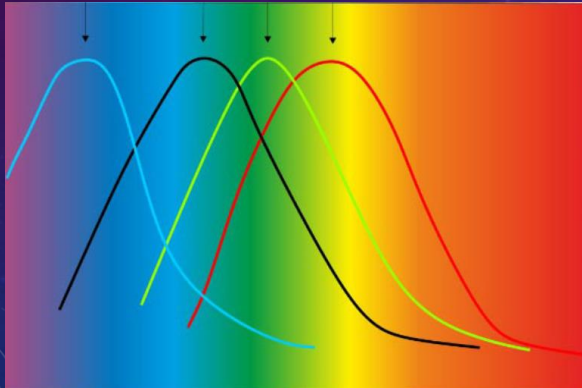
- Color Blindness
  - Monochromats
  - Dichromats





## VISION - LOW LEVEL

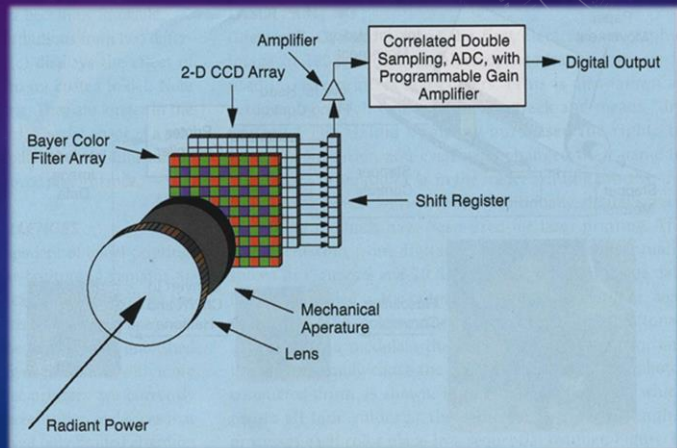
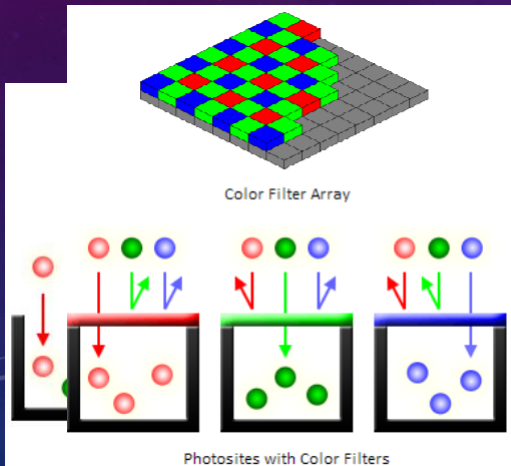
- Image digitization process in CCD digital still camera



Photosites

## VISION - LOW LEVEL

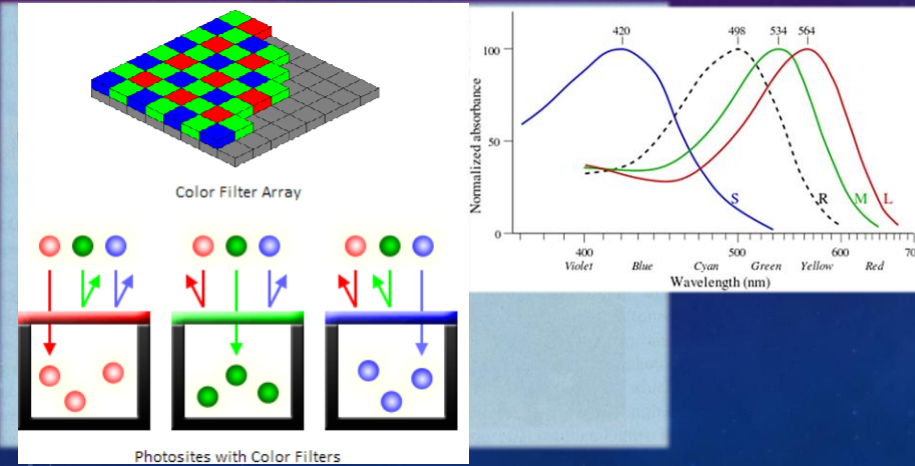
- Image digitization process in CCD digital still camera



Bayer CFA

## VISION - LOW LEVEL

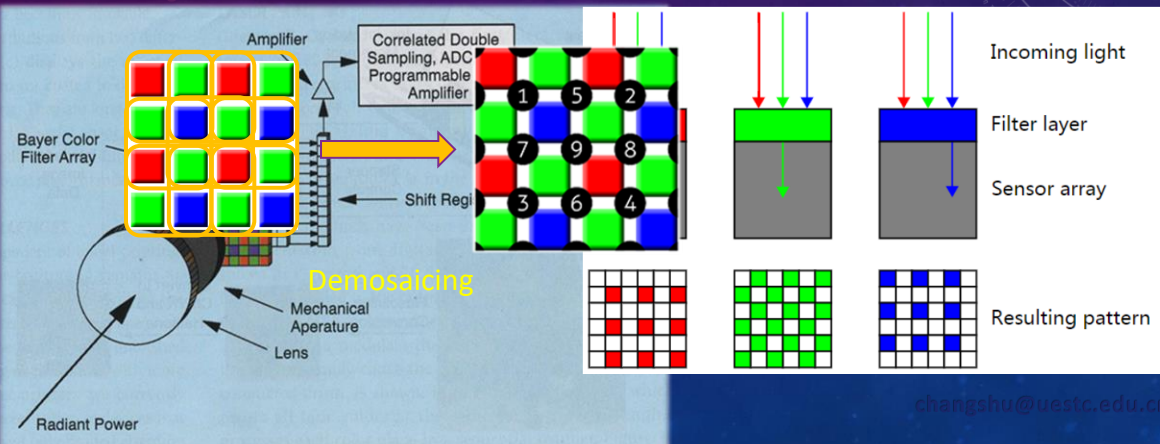
- Image digitization process in CCD digital still camera



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## VISION - LOW LEVEL

- Image digitization process in CCD digital still camera



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## VISION - LOW LEVEL

### • Two receptors – Rods & Cones

- Rods: **thin and long**, ~120 million, **Scotopic Vision**, **high sensitivity**, **achromatic**, **low acuity** (spatial acuity)
- Cones: **thick and short**, 6~7 million, **Photopic Vision**, **lower absolute sensitivity**, **chromatic**, **high acuity**
- They have different type ( Rods 1 v.s. Cones 3 ), distribution and Connections to the brain:( Rods(group) v.s. Cones(single) )



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## VISION - LOW LEVEL

### Rods

- **Achromatic**
- **High sensitivity**
- **High amplification**
- **Slow response**
- **Low acuity**

### Cones

- **Chromatic**
- **Low sensitivity**
- **Less amplification**
- **Fast response**
- **High acuity**

### Comment

- **3 types of Cones**
- **Single photon detection in rods**
- **Temporal integration**
- **spatial integration**

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## VISION - HIGH LEVEL

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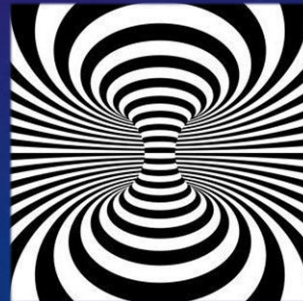
- Some researchers believe that “Thinking is part of perception.”
- Visual perception is also “visual thinking” , not a simple copy action of stimulus, our past experience involves in our current visual perception



## VISION - HIGH LEVEL

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- Some researchers believe that “Thinking is part of perception.”
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pillar

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# VISION AND VISION PROPERTIES

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## Vision perception

- Low-level
- High-level

## Vision Properties

- Intensity property
- Frequency properties
  - Space
  - Wavelength
- Temporal property
- Color response

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# VISION PROPERTIES

- Review: image
  - A mapping of the world

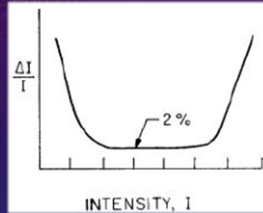
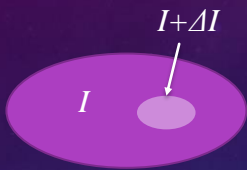
$$f(x, y, \lambda, t) \rightarrow I(m, n)$$

- Visual phenomena includes the visual responses to intensity, wavelength, color spectrum, and spacial frequency change such as the edges of an object, etc.

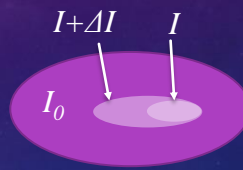
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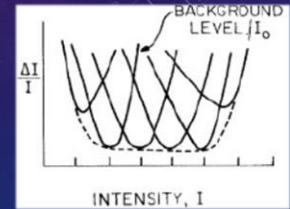
# VISION PROPERTIES



Weber fraction:  $\Delta I / I$



$$f(I, I_0)$$



- **Contrast sensitivity**
  - The response of the eye to changes in the intensity of illumination is known to be **nonlinear**

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