

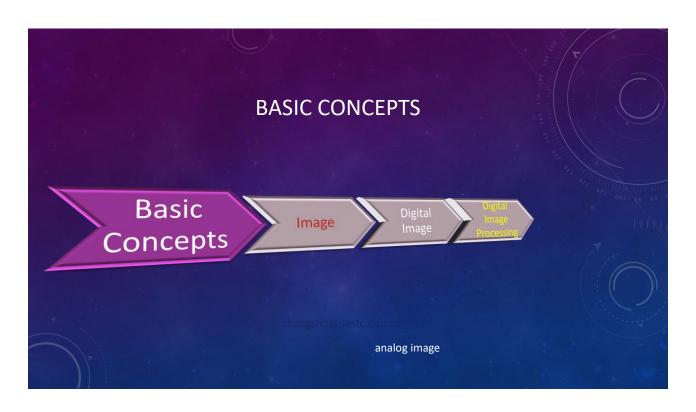
## **PREREQUISITES**

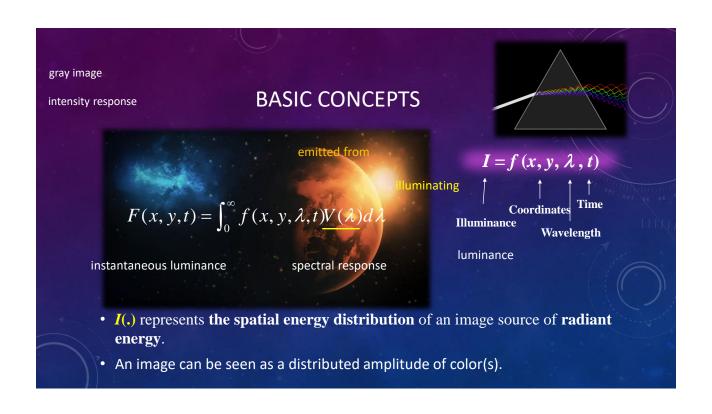
- Algebra:
  - Matrices/determinant, linear space, eigen value/vector, linear transform, ....
- · Probability theory:
  - Independence, interdependence, conditional probability, probability distribution, random variables,...
- Signals and systems:
  - Time/frequency domain, Discrete Fourier Transform, convolution, Low Pass Filter,...

## **REFERENCE**

- Google, Wiki, Baidu, .....
- Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing 3rd edition)
  House of Electronics Industry, 2011/2017
- Anil K. Jain. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing(数字图像处理基础).
  Prentice Hall(清华大学出版社), 1989(2006)
- W.Pratt, Digital Image Processing, Third Edition, 2001









## **BASIC CONCEPTS** $I = f(x, y, \lambda, t)$ Digital image (Two-dimensional) When the value of spatial coordinates and amplitude of / are both finite. it is called a digital image. • Digital images are constructed of finite elements (pixels) . • Each pixel has a particular location and value. I(0,1)I(0, N-1)f(x, y)I(0,0)I(1,1) ··· I(1,N-1)I(1,0) $I(m,n) = \begin{bmatrix} I(1,0) \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} \cdot \\ I(M-1,0) & I(M-1,1) & \cdots & I(M-1,N-1) \end{bmatrix}$ I(m,n)

