SQL SELECT

SQL SELECT statement is used to viewing data from the table. This statement return list of table format table data.

We use asterisk (*) sign to fetch all table columns instead of write all column name.

SQL SELECT query is used this four type:

- SELECT All Rows and All Columns
- SELECT All Rows and Selected Columns
- Only Selected Rows and All Columns
- Selected Rows and Selected Columns

SELECT All Rows and All Columns

Syntax

```
SELECT * FROM table_name;
```

Example

```
      NO NAME
      ADDRESS
      CONTACT_NO

      1 Opal Kole
      63 street Ct.
      000-444-8291

      2 Max Miller
      41 NEW ROAD.
      000-444-8736

      3 Beccaa Moss
      2500 green city.
      000-444-8030

      4 Paul Singh
      1343 Prospect St
      000-444-8029

      5 Ken Myer
      137 Clay Road
      000-444-7972

      6 Jack Evans
      1365 Grove Way
      000-444-8845

      7 Reed Koch
      1274 West Street
      000-444-5672

      8 Gabe Hee
      1220 Dallas Drive
      000-444-6372

      9 Ben Mares
      101 Candy Road
      000-444-6372

      10 Sariya Vargas
      10 Texo Court.
      000-444-6371
```

SELECT All Rows and Selected Columns

Syntax

```
SELECT column_name1, column_name2, ... FROM table_name;
```

Example

Only Selected Rows and All Columns

Syntax

```
SELECT * FROM table_name [ WHERE condition ];
```

Example

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM users_info WHERE no = 3;

NO NAME ADDRESS CONTACT_NO

3 Beccaa Moss 2500 green city. 000-444-7586
```

Selected Rows and Selected Columns

Syntax

```
SELECT column_name1, column_name2, ... FROM table_name [ WHERE condition ];
```

Example

```
SQL> SELECT no, name, address FROM users_info WHERE no = 3;

NO NAME ADDRESS

3 Beccaa Moss 2500 green city.
```