Ruby RubyGems

# Ruby 连接 Mysql - MySql2

前面一章节我们介绍了 Ruby DBI 的使用。这章节我们技术 Ruby 连接 Mysql 更高效的驱动 mysql2,目前也推荐使用这种方式连接 MySql。

安装 mysql2 驱动:

```
gem install mysql2
```

你需要使用 –with-mysql-config 配置 mysql\_config 的路径,如: **–with-mysql-config=/some/random/path/bin/mysql\_confi**g。

### 连接

连接数据库语法如下:

```
client = Mysql2::Client.new(:host => "localhost", :username => "root")
```

更多参数可以查看 http://api.rubyonrails.org/classes/ActiveRecord/ConnectionAdapters/MysqlAdapter.html。

#### 查询

```
results = client.query("SELECT * FROM users WHERE group='githubbers'")
```

## 特殊字符转义

```
escaped = client.escape("gi'thu\"bbe\0r's")
results = client.query("SELECT * FROM users WHERE group='#{escaped}'")
```

计算结果集返回的数量:

results.count

#### 迭代结果集:

```
results.each do |row|
# row 是哈希
# 键值是数据库字段
# 值都是对应 MySQL中数据
puts row["id"] # row["id"].class == Fixnum
if row["dne"] # 不存在则是 nil
puts row["dne"]
end
end
```

#### 实例

```
#!/usr/bin/ruby -w
require 'mysql2'
client = Mysql2::Client.new(
:host => '127.0.0.1', # 主机
:username => 'root', # 用户名
:password => '123456', # 密码
:database => 'test', # 数据库
:encoding => 'utf8' # 编码
)
results = client.query("SELECT VERSION()")
results.each do |row|
puts row
end
```

以上实例运行输出结果为:

```
{"VERSION()"=>"5.6.21"}
```

#### 连接选项

```
Mysql2::Client.new(
:host,
:username,
:password,
:port,
:database,
:socket = '/path/to/mysql.sock',
:flags = REMEMBER_OPTIONS | LONG_PASSWORD | LONG_FLAG | TRANSACTIONS | PROTOCOL_41 | SECURE_CON
NECTION | MULTI_STATEMENTS,
:encoding = 'utf8',
:read_timeout = seconds,
:write_timeout = seconds,
:connect_timeout = seconds,
:reconnect = true/false,
:local_infile = true/false,
:secure_auth = true/false,
:default_file = '/path/to/my.cfg',
:default_group = 'my.cfg section',
:init_command => sql
)
```

更多内容请参阅: http://www.rubydoc.info/gems/mysql2/0.2.3/frames。

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