◆ ¡Query UI API – 工具提示框部件 (Tooltip Widget)

jQuery UI 实例 – 放置 (Droppable) →

jQuery UI 实例 - 拖动 (Draggable)

允许使用鼠标移动元素。

如需了解更多有关 draggable 交互的细节,请查看 API 文档 可拖拽小部件(Draggable Widget)。

默认功能

在任意的 DOM 元素上启用 draggable 功能。通过鼠标点击并在视区中拖动来移动 draggable 对象。

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>jQuery UI 拖动 (Draggable) - 默认功能</title>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/themes/smoothness/jquery-ui.css">
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/jquery-1.9.1.js"></script>
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/jquery-ui.js"></script>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="http://jqueryui.com/resources/demos/style.css">
 <style>
 #draggable { width: 150px; height: 150px; padding: 0.5em; }
 </style>
 <script>
 $(function() {
   $( "#draggable" ).draggable();
});
  </script>
</head>
<body>
<div id="draggable" class="ui-widget-content">
  请拖动我! 
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

查看演示

自动滚动

当 draggable 移动到视区外时自动滚动文档。设置 scroll 选项为 true 来启用自动滚动,当滚动触发时进行微调,滚动速度是通过 scrollSensitivity 和 scrollSpeed 选项设置的。

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>jQuery UI 拖动(Draggable) - 自动滚动</title>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/themes/smoothness/jquery-ui.css">
  <script src="//code.jquery.com/jquery-1.9.1.js"></script>
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/jquery-ui.js"></script>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="http://jqueryui.com/resources/demos/style.css">
 <style>
 #draggable, #draggable2, #draggable3 { width: 100px; height: 100px; padding: 0.5em; float: left; margi
n: 0 10px 10px 0; }
 </style>
 <script>
 $(function() {
   $( "#draggable" ).draggable({ scroll: true });
   $( "#draggable2" ).draggable({ scroll: true, scrollSensitivity: 100 });
   $( "#draggable3" ).draggable({ scroll: true, scrollSpeed: 100 });
 });
  </script>
</head>
<body>
<div id="draggable" class="ui-widget-content">
  Scroll 设置为 true,默认设置
</div>
<div id="draggable2" class="ui-widget-content">
 scrollSensitivity 设置为 100
</div>
<div id="draggable3" class="ui-widget-content">
  scrollSpeed 设置为 100
</div>
<div style="height: 5000px; width: 1px;"></div>
</body>
</html>
```

查看演示

约束运动

通过定义 draggable 区域的边界来约束每个 draggable 的运动。设置 axis 选项来限制 draggable 的路径为 x 轴或者 y 轴 , 或者使用 containment 选项来指定一个父级的 DOM 元素或者一个 jQuery 选择器 , 比如 'document.'。

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>jQuery UI 拖动(Draggable) - 约束运动</title>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/themes/smoothness/jquery-ui.css">
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/jquery-1.9.1.js"></script>
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/jquery-ui.js"></script>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="http://jqueryui.com/resources/demos/style.css">
 <style>
 .draggable { width: 90px; height: 90px; padding: 0.5em; float: left; margin: 0 10px 10px 0; }
 #draggable, #draggable2 { margin-bottom:20px; }
 #draggable { cursor: n-resize; }
 #draggable2 { cursor: e-resize; }
 #containment-wrapper { width: 95%; height:150px; border:2px solid #ccc; padding: 10px; }
 h3 { clear: left; }
 </style>
 <script>
 $(function() {
   $( "#draggable" ).draggable({ axis: "y" });
   $( "#draggable2" ).draggable({ axis: "x" });
   $( "#draggable3" ).draggable({ containment: "#containment-wrapper", scroll: false });
   $( "#draggable5" ).draggable({ containment: "parent" });
 });
 </script>
</head>
<body>
<h3>沿着轴约束运动: </h3>
<div id="draggable" class="draggable ui-widget-content">
 </div>
<div id="draggable2" class="draggable ui-widget-content">
 </div>
<h3>或者在另一个 DOM 元素中约束运动: </h3>
<div id="containment-wrapper">
 <div id="draggable3" class="draggable ui-widget-content">
   </div>
```

光标样式

当拖拽对象时定位光标。默认情况下,光标是出现在被拖拽对象的中间。使用 cursorAt 选项来指定相对于 draggable 的另一个位置(指定一个相对于 top、right、bottom、left 的像素值)。通过提供一个带有有效的 CSS 光标值的 cursor 选项,来自定义光标的外观。有效的 CSS 光标值包括:default、move、pointer、crosshair,等等。

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>jQuery UI 拖动 (Draggable) - 光标样式</title>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/themes/smoothness/jquery-ui.css">
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/jquery-1.9.1.js"></script>
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/jquery-ui.js"></script>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="http://jqueryui.com/resources/demos/style.css">
 <style>
  #draggable, #draggable2, #draggable3 { width: 100px; height: 100px; padding: 0.5em; float: left; margi
n: 0 10px 10px 0; }
 </style>
 <script>
  $(function() {
   $( "#draggable" ).draggable({ cursor: "move", cursorAt: { top: 56, left: 56 } });
   $( "#draggable2" ).draggable({ cursor: "crosshair", cursorAt: { top: -5, left: -5 } });
   $( "#draggable3" ).draggable({ cursorAt: { bottom: 0 } });
 });
  </script>
</head>
<body>
<div id="draggable" class="ui-widget-content">
  我总是在中间(相对于鼠标)
</div>
<div id="draggable2" class="ui-widget-content">
  我的光标是在 left -5 和 top -5
</div>
```

```
<div id="draggable3" class="ui-widget-content">
  我的光标位置只控制了 'bottom' 值
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```

延迟开始

通过 delay 选项设置延迟开始拖拽的毫秒数。通过 distance 选项设置光标被按下且拖拽指定像素后才允许拖拽。

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>jQuery UI 拖动 (Draggable) - 延迟开始</title>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/themes/smoothness/jquery-ui.css">
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/jquery-1.9.1.js"></script>
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/jquery-ui.js"></script>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="http://jqueryui.com/resources/demos/style.css">
 <style>
 #draggable, #draggable2 { width: 120px; height: 120px; padding: 0.5em; float: left; margin: 0 10px 10p
x 0; }
 </style>
 <script>
 $(function() {
   $( "#draggable" ).draggable({ distance: 20 });
   $( "#draggable2" ).draggable({ delay: 1000 });
   $( ".ui-draggable" ).disableSelection();
 });
 </script>
</head>
<body>
<div id="draggable" class="ui-widget-content">
 </div>
<div id="draggable2" class="ui-widget-content">
 不管 distance 是多少,您都必须拖拽并等待 1000ms 后拖拽才开始
</div>
```

```
</body>
</html>
```

事件

draggable 上的 start、drag 和 stop 事件。拖拽开始时触发 start 事件,拖拽期间触发 drag 事件,拖拽停止时触发 stop 事件。

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>jQuery UI 拖动 (Draggable) - 事件</title>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/themes/smoothness/jquery-ui.css">
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/jquery-1.9.1.js"></script>
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/jquery-ui.js"></script>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="http://jqueryui.com/resources/demos/style.css">
 <style>
 #draggable { width: 16em; padding: 0 1em; }
 #draggable ul li { margin: 1em 0; padding: 0.5em 0; } * html #draggable ul li { height: 1%; }
 #draggable ul li span.ui-icon { float: left; }
 #draggable ul li span.count { font-weight: bold; }
 </style>
 <script>
 $(function() {
   var $start_counter = $( "#event-start" ),
     $drag_counter = $( "#event-drag" ),
     $stop_counter = $( "#event-stop" ),
     counts = [0, 0, 0];
   $( "#draggable" ).draggable({
     start: function() {
       counts[ 0 ]++;
       updateCounterStatus( $start_counter, counts[ 0 ] );
     },
     drag: function() {
       counts[ 1 ]++;
       updateCounterStatus( $drag_counter, counts[ 1 ] );
     },
     stop: function() {
       counts[ 2 ]++;
       updateCounterStatus( $stop_counter, counts[ 2 ] );
   });
```

```
function updateCounterStatus( $event_counter, new_count ) {
     // 首先更新视觉状态...
     if ( !$event_counter.hasClass( "ui-state-hover" ) ) {
       $event counter.addClass( "ui-state-hover" )
         .siblings().removeClass( "ui-state-hover" );
     // ...然后更新数字
     $( "span.count", $event counter ).text( new count );
   }
 });
 </script>
</head>
<body>
<div id="draggable" class="ui-widget ui-widget-content">
 请拖拽我,触发一连串的事件。
 id="event-start" class="ui-state-default ui-corner-all"><span class="ui-icon ui-icon-play"></spa</pre>
n>"start" 被调用 <span class="count">0</span>x
   id="event-drag" class="ui-state-default ui-corner-all"><span class="ui-icon ui-icon-arrow-4"></s</pre>
pan>"drag" 被调用 <span class="count">0</span>x
   id="event-stop" class="ui-state-default ui-corner-all"><span class="ui-icon ui-icon-stop"></span</pre>
>"stop" 被调用 <span class="count">0</span>x
 </div>
</body>
</html>
```

Handles

只有当光标在 draggable 上指定部分时才允许拖拽。使用 handle 选项来指定用于拖拽对象的元素(或元素组)的 jQuery 选择器。

Or prevent dragging when the cursor is over a specific element (or group of elements) within the draggable. Use the cancel option to specify a jQuery selector over which to "cancel" draggable functionality.

或者当光标在 draggable 内指定元素(或元素组)上时不允许拖拽。使用 handle 选项来指定取消拖拽功能的 jQuery 选择器。

```
<title>jQuery UI 拖动 (Draggable) - Handles</title>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/themes/smoothness/jquery-ui.css">
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/jquery-1.9.1.js"></script>
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/jquery-ui.js"></script>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="http://jqueryui.com/resources/demos/style.css">
 <style>
 #draggable, #draggable2 { width: 100px; height: 100px; padding: 0.5em; float: left; margin: 0 10px 10p
 #draggable p { cursor: move; }
 </style>
 <script>
 $(function() {
   $( "#draggable" ).draggable({ handle: "p" });
   $( "#draggable2" ).draggable({ cancel: "p.ui-widget-header" });
   $( "div, p" ).disableSelection();
 });
 </script>
</head>
<body>
<div id="draggable" class="ui-widget-content">
 您只可以在这个范围内拖拽我
</div>
<div id="draggable2" class="ui-widget-content">
 您可以把我向四周拖拽…
 …但是您不可以在这个范围内拖拽我
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

还原位置

当带有布尔值 revert 选项的 draggable 停止拖拽时,返回 draggable (或它的助手)到原始位置。

```
<style>
  #draggable, #draggable2 { width: 100px; height: 100px; padding: 0.5em; float: left; margin: 0 10px 10p
x 0; }
  </style>
 <script>
  $(function() {
  $( "#draggable" ).draggable({ revert: true });
   $( "#draggable2" ).draggable({ revert: true, helper: "clone" });
 });
  </script>
</head>
<body>
<div id="draggable" class="ui-widget-content">
  </div>
<div id="draggable2" class="ui-widget-content">
 </div>
</body>
</html>
```

对齐到元素或网格

对齐 draggable 到 DOM 元素的内部或外部边界。使用 snap、snapMode (inner, outer, both)和 snapTolerance (当调用对齐时, draggable 与元素之间的距离,以像素为单位)选项。

或者对齐 draggable 到网格。通过 grid 选项设置网格单元的尺寸(以像素为单位的高度或宽度)。

```
</style>
 <script>
 $(function() {
   $( "#draggable" ).draggable({ snap: true });
  $( "#draggable2" ).draggable({ snap: ".ui-widget-header" });
   $( "#draggable3" ).draggable({ snap: ".ui-widget-header", snapMode: "outer" });
   $( "#draggable4" ).draggable({ grid: [ 20, 20 ] });
   $( "#draggable5" ).draggable({ grid: [ 80, 80 ] });
});
 </script>
</head>
<body>
<div id="snaptarget" class="ui-widget-header">
 我是对齐目标
</div>
<br style="clear:both">
<div id="draggable" class="draggable ui-widget-content">
 默认(snap: true),对齐到所有其他的 draggable 元素
</div>
<div id="draggable2" class="draggable ui-widget-content">
 我只对齐到大盒子
</div>
<div id="draggable3" class="draggable ui-widget-content">
 我只对齐到大盒子的外边缘
</div>
<div id="draggable4" class="draggable ui-widget-content">
 </div>
<div id="draggable5" class="draggable ui-widget-content">
 我对齐到一个 80 x 80 网格
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

视觉反馈

给用户提供反馈,就像以助手方式拖拽对象一样。helper 选项接受值 'original'(用光标移动 draggable 对象),'clone'(用光标移动 draggable 的副本),或者一个返回 DOM 元素的函数(该元素在拖拽期间显示在光标附近)。通过 opacity 选项控制助手的透明度。

为了区别哪一个 draggable 正在被拖拽,让在运动中的 draggable 保持最前。如果正在拖拽,使用 zIndex 选项来设置助手的高度 z-index,或者使用 stack 选项来确保当停止拖拽时,最后一个被拖拽的项目总是出现在同组其他项目的上面。

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>jQuery UI 拖动 (Draggable) - 视觉反馈</title>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/themes/smoothness/jquery-ui.css">
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/jquery-1.9.1.js"></script>
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/jquery-ui.js"></script>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="http://jqueryui.com/resources/demos/style.css">
 #draggable, #draggable2, #draggable3, #set div { width: 90px; height: 90px; padding: 0.5em; float: lef
t; margin: 0 10px 10px 0; }
 #draggable, #draggable2, #draggable3 { margin-bottom:20px; }
 #set { clear:both; float:left; width: 368px; height: 120px; }
 p { clear:both; margin:0; padding:1em 0; }
 </style>
 <script>
 $(function() {
   $( "#draggable" ).draggable({ helper: "original" });
   $( "#draggable2" ).draggable({ opacity: 0.7, helper: "clone" });
   $( "#draggable3" ).draggable({
     cursor: "move",
     cursorAt: { top: -12, left: -20 },
     helper: function( event ) {
       return $( "<div class='ui-widget-header'>I'm a custom helper</div>" );
     }
   $( "#set div" ).draggable({ stack: "#set div" });
 });
 </script>
</head>
<body>
<h3 class="docs">助手: </h3>
<div id="draggable" class="ui-widget-content">
 <div id="draggable2" class="ui-widget-content">
 <产多</p>
```

```
</div>
<div id="draggable3" class="ui-widget-content">
 >自定义助手(与 cursorAt 结合)
</div>
<h3 class="docs">堆叠: </h3>
<div id="set">
 <div class="ui-widget-content">
   >我们是 draggables...
 </div>
 <div class="ui-widget-content">
   ..它的 z-index 是自动控制的..
 </div>
 <div class="ui-widget-content">
   、..带有 stack 选项。
 </div>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

jQuery UI Draggable + Sortable

Draggable 与 Sortable 的无缝交互。

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>jQuery UI 拖动 (Draggable) + 排序 (Sortable) </title>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/themes/smoothness/jquery-ui.css">
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/jquery-1.9.1.js"></script>
 <script src="//code.jquery.com/ui/1.10.4/jquery-ui.js"></script>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="http://jqueryui.com/resources/demos/style.css">
 ul { list-style-type: none; margin: 0; padding: 0; margin-bottom: 10px; }
 li { margin: 5px; padding: 5px; width: 150px; }
 </style>
 <script>
 $(function() {
   $( "#sortable" ).sortable({
     revert: true
```

```
});
  $( "#draggable" ).draggable({
  connectToSortable: "#sortable",
   helper: "clone",
  revert: "invalid"
  });
 $( "ul, li" ).disableSelection();
 </script>
</head>
<body>
<l
 id="draggable" class="ui-state-highlight">请拖拽我
Item 1
Item 2
 Item 3
Item 4
 Item 5
</body>
</html>
```

◆ jQuery UI API – 工具提示框部件(Tooltip Widget) jQuery UI 实例 – 放置(Droppable)→

② 点我分享笔记