DSAI Individual Project

First of all, for this project, we will use the library pandas imported as pd. the Git-Hub repository link : Git-Hub

1. Classify images of flowers based on their features such as the petal length, petal width, sepal length, and sepal width? Use the Iris Flowers dataset, which contains information on 150 iris flowers belonging to three different species, and apply SVM or random forest to classify the flowers.

To start, we have to write in python the commands that will give us the elements to classify all these flowers. First, we have to open the Database in python using this command:

```
db = pd.read_csv('IRIS_ Flower_Dataset.csv')
```

Then, we have to classify each species of flower by each criterion. for this, we will use these commands:

```
db_setosa = db.loc[db['species'] == 'Iris-setosa'] *
```

with this command, I select in the database only the flowers that are from "Iris-setosa" specie.

```
print(db_setosa.sort_values(by='sepal_length', ascending=False).head(10))
```

with this command, we print the 10 top values of the criteria chosen before. here, the criteria is 'sepal_length', we will do this again with sepal width, petal length and petal width. When we do it with all the species, we get theses tables:

	sepal length	sepal width	petal_length	petal width	species
14	5.8	4.0	1.2	0.2	
18	5.7	3.8	1.7	0.3	Iris-setosa
15	5.7	4.4	1.5	0.4	Iris-setosa
36	5.5	3.5	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
33	5.5	4.2	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
31	5.4	3.4	1.5	0.4	Iris-setosa
5	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	Iris-setosa
20	5.4	3.4	1.7	0.2	Iris-setosa
16	5.4	3.9	1.3	0.4	Iris-setosa
10	5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
	sepal length	sepal width	petal_length	petal width	species
15	5.7	4.4	1.5	0.4	
33	5.5	4.2	1.4	0.2	
32	5.2	4.1	1.5	0.1	
14	5.8	4.0	1.2	0.2	Iris-setosa
16	5.4	3.9	1.3	0.4	Iris-setosa
5	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	Iris-setosa
19	5.1	3.8	1.5	0.3	Iris-setosa
18	5.7	3.8	1.7	0.3	Iris-setosa
46	5.1	3.8	1.6	0.2	Iris-setosa
44	5.1	3.8	1.9	0.4	Iris-setosa
	senal length	senal width	petal_length	netal width	snecies
24	4.8	3.4	1.9	0.2	
44	5.1	3.8	1.9	0.4	
23	5.1	3.3	1.7	0.5	Iris-setosa
5	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	Iris-setosa
20	5.4	3.4	1.7	0.2	Iris-setosa
18	5.7	3.8	1.7	0.3	Iris-setosa
25	5.0	3.0	1.6	0.2	Iris-setosa
11	4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	Iris-setosa
26	5.0	3.4	1.6	0.4	Iris-setosa
30	4.8	3.1	1.6	0.2	Iris-setosa
	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
43	5.0	3.5	1.6	0.6	Iris-setosa
23	5.1	3.3	1.7	0.5	Iris-setosa
26	5.0	3.4	1.6	0.4	Iris-setosa
31	5.4	3.4	1.5	0.4	Iris-setosa
5	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	Iris-setosa
16	5.4	3.9	1.3	0.4	Iris-setosa
44	5.1	3.8	1.9	0.4	Iris-setosa
15	5.7	4.4	1.5	0.4	Iris-setosa
21	5.1	3.7	1.5	0.4	Iris-setosa
40	5.0	3.5	1.3	0.3	Iris-setosa

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
50	7.0	3.2	4.7	1.4	Iris-versicolor
52	6.9	3.1	4.9	1.5	Iris-versicolor
76	6.8	2.8	4.8	1.4	Iris-versicolor
86	6.7	3.1	4.7	1.5	Iris-versicolor
77	6.7	3.0	5.0	1.7	Iris-versicolor
65	6.7	3.1	4.4	1.4	Iris-versicolor
58	6.6	2.9	4.6	1.3	Iris-versicolor
75	6.6	3.0	4.4	1.4	Iris-versicolor
54	6.5	2.8	4.6	1.5	Iris-versicolor
74	6.4	2.9	4.3	1.3	Iris-versicolor
	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
85	6.0	3.4	4.5	1.6	Iris-versicolor
56	6.3	3.3	4.7	1.6	Iris-versicolor
50	7.0	3.2	4.7	1.4	Iris-versicolor
51	6.4	3.2	4.5	1.5	Iris-versicolor
70	5.9	3.2	4.8	1.8	Iris-versicolor
65	6.7	3.1	4.4	1.4	Iris-versicolor
52	6.9	3.1	4.9	1.5	Iris-versicolor
86	6.7	3.1	4.7	1.5	Iris-versicolor
95	5.7	3.0	4.2	1.2	Iris-versicolor
91	6.1	3.0	4.6	1.4	Iris-versicolor
	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
83	sepal_length 6.0	sepal_width	petal_length 5.1	petal_width	
83 77					
	6.0	2.7	5.1	1.6	Iris-versicolor
77	6.0	2.7	5.1 5.0	1.6 1.7	Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor
77 72	6.0 6.7 6.3	2.7 3.0 2.5	5.1 5.0 4.9	1.6 1.7 1.5	Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor
77 72 52	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.9	1.6 1.7 1.5	Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.9 4.8	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5	Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.9 4.8 4.8	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.8	Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.8 1.4	Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.8 1.4	Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7 6.1	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.8 1.4 1.5	Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7 6.1	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.8 1.4 1.5	Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7 6.1	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.8 1.4 1.5	Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7 6.1 7.0	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 3.2	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.8 1.4 1.5 1.4	Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7 6.1 7.0	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 3.2	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.8 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.2	Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73 50	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7 6.1 7.0	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 3.2	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.8 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.2	Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73 50	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7 6.1 7.0	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 3.2	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.8 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.2 1.4	Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73 50 	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7 6.1 7.0 sepal_length 5.9 6.7	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 3.2 sepal_width 3.2 3.0	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.8 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.2 1.4	Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73 50 70 77 56	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7 6.1 7.0 sepal_length 5.9 6.7 6.3	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 3.2 sepal_width 3.2 3.0 3.3	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.2 1.4	Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73 50 70 77 56 85 83	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7 6.1 7.0 sepal_length 5.9 6.7 6.3 6.0 6.0	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 3.2 sepal_width 3.2 3.0 3.3 3.4 2.7	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.2 1.4	Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73 50 70 77 56 85 83 86	6.0 6.7 6.3 6.9 5.9 6.8 6.7 6.1 7.0 sepal_length 5.9 6.7 6.3 6.0 6.0 6.0	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 3.2 sepal_width 3.2 3.0 3.3 3.4 2.7 3.1	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.2 1.4	Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73 50 70 77 56 85 83 86 54	sepal_length 5.9 6.7 6.1 7.0 sepal_length 5.9 6.7 6.1 7.0	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 3.2 sepal_width 3.2 3.0 3.3 3.4 2.7 3.1 2.8	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.2 1.4 	Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73 50 70 77 56 85 83 86 54 84	sepal_length 5.9 6.7 6.1 7.0 sepal_length 5.9 6.7 6.1 7.0	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 3.2 sepal_width 3.2 3.0 3.3 3.4 2.7 3.1 2.8 3.0	petal_length 4.8 5.0 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.2 1.4 	Iris-versicolor
77 72 52 70 76 86 63 73 50 70 77 56 85 83 86 54	sepal_length 5.9 6.7 6.1 7.0 sepal_length 5.9 6.7 6.1 7.0	2.7 3.0 2.5 3.1 3.2 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 3.2 sepal_width 3.2 3.0 3.3 3.4 2.7 3.1 2.8	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7	1.6 1.7 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.2 1.4 	Iris-versicolor

	sepal_length		0	petal_width	species		
131	7.9	3.8	6.4	2.0			
135	7.7	3.0	6.1	2.3	Iris-virginica		
118	7.7	2.6	6.9	2.3	Iris-virginica		
122	7.7	2.8	6.7	2.0	Iris-virginica		
117	7.7	3.8	6.7	2.2	Iris-virginica		
105	7.6	3.0	6.6	2.1	Iris-virginica		
130	7.4	2.8	6.1	1.9	Iris-virginica		
107	7.3	2.9	6.3	1.8	Iris-virginica		
125	7.2	3.2	6.0	1.8	Iris-virginica		
129	7.2	3.0	5.8	1.6	Iris-virginica		
	sepal length	sanal width	petal length	petal width	species		
131	7.9	3.8	6.4	2.0			
117	7.7	3.8	6.7	2.2	_		
109	7.2	3.6	6.1	2.5	Iris-virginica		
148	6.2	3.4	5.4	2.3	Iris-virginica		
136	6.3	3.4	5.6	2.4	Iris-virginica		
100	6.3	3.3	6.0	2.5	Iris-virginica		
144	6.7	3.3	5.7	2.5	Iris-virginica		
124	6.7	3.3	5.7	2.1	Iris-virginica		
115	6.4	3.2	5.3	2.3	Iris-virginica		
143	6.8	3.2	5.9	2.3	Iris-virginica		
	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species		
118	7.7	2.6	6.9	2.3	Iris-virginica		
117	7.7	3.8	6.7	2.2	Iris-virginica		
122	7.7	2.8	6.7	2.0			
105	7.6	3.0	6.6	2.1	Iris-virginica		
131	7.9	3.8	6.4	2.0	Iris-virginica		
107	7.3	2.9	6.3	1.8	Iris-virginica		
135	7.7	3.0	6.1	2.3	Iris-virginica		
130	7.4	2.8	6.1	1.9	Iris-virginica		
109	7.2	3.6	6.1	2.5	Iris-virginica		
100	6.3	3.3	6.0	2.5	Iris-virginica		
	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width			
100	6.3	3.3	6.0	2.5	Iris-virginica		
144	6.7	3.3	5.7	2.5	Iris-virginica		
109	7.2	3.6	6.1	2.5	Iris-virginica		
114	5.8	2.8	5.1	2.4	Iris-virginica		
140	6.7	3.1	5.6	2.4			
4 7 7	6.3	3.4	5.6	2.4	Iris-virginica		
136	6.3	2					
136 141	6.9	3.1	5.1	2.3	Iris-virginica		
			5.1 5.7	2.3	Iris-virginica		
141	6.9	3.1			_		
141 120	6.9 6.9	3.1 3.2	5.7	2.3	Iris-virginica		

After the analyses of these tables, we can conclude that :

- the Iris-virginia is the specie that have the biggest sepal length mean, followed by Iris-versicolor and then the Iris-setosa
- the Iris-setosa is the specie that have the biggest sepal width mean,
 followed by Iris-virginica and then the Iris-versicolor
- the Iris-virginia is the specie that have the biggest petal length mean, followed by Iris-versicolor and then the Iris-setosa
- the Iris-virginia is the specie that have the biggest petal width mean, followed by Iris-setosa and then the Iris-versicolor

Now, we have to verify the accuracy of our model. To do this, we will use the library sklearn, and import these methods:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
```

First of all, we will target the column that interests us. In this case, it's the column "species". So we write:

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(db.drop(['species'],axis='columns'),db['species'],test_size=0.2)
```

then, we need to choose a model. We will here use the RandomForest Model because of its precision, simplicity and flexibility.

```
model = RandomForestClassifier()
```

We will train our model using this method:

```
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

trained, our model give us this score:

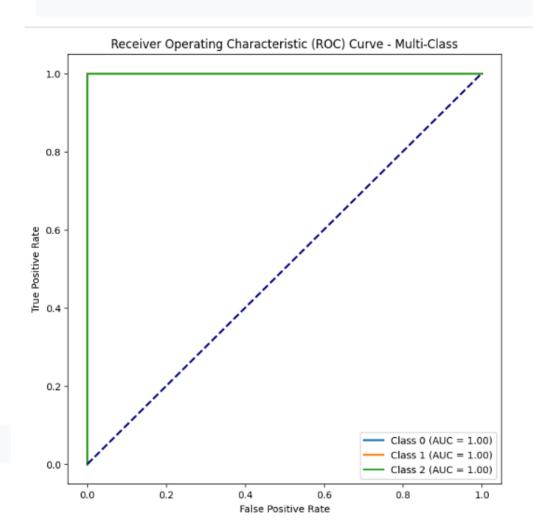
```
model.score(X_test,y_test)
0.966666666666666667
```

To finish, we have to predict the Y value from the X Value, and do a classification report, using sklearn.metrics:

```
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
y_pred_test = model.predict(X_test)
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_test))
                 precision
                              recall f1-score
                                                 support
                                          1.00
    Iris-setosa
                      1.00
                                1.00
Iris-versicolor
                      0.89
                                1.00
                                          0.94
                                                        8
 Iris-virginica
                                0.94
                      1.00
                                          0.97
                                                       16
                                          0.97
                                                      30
       accuracy
      macro avg
                      0.96
                                0.98
                                          0.97
                                                       30
   macro avg
weighted avg
                      0.97
                                0.97
                                          0.97
                                                       30
```

We can see in this report the precision, recall, f1-score and support for each specie of flower.

finally, we have to print the ROC and AUC graph:



2. <u>Predict the survival of passengers on the Titanic based on their age, sex, class, and other features? Use the Titanic dataset, which contains information about passengers on the Titanic, and apply logistic regression to predict survival.</u>

To start, we want to know how many passengers survived, and we can do it using this command:

```
db = db_train.loc[db_train['Survived'] == 1]
```

when we print it, we get:

```
PassengerId Survived Pclass \
     2 1 1
573
         574
                  1
591
        592
         588
                 1
                       1
587
585
         586
                        1
                      1
                1
         307
306
                 1
305
         306
                        2
         304
303
        302
301
889
         890
                                      Name
                                            Sex Age SibSp
1
   Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th... female 38.00 1
573
                            Kelly, Miss. Mary female
                                                 NaN
   Stephenson, Mrs. Walter Bertram (Martha Eustis) female 52.00
591
587
                Frolicher-Stehli, Mr. Maxmillian
                                           male 60.00
585
                          Taussig, Miss. Ruth female 18.00
                                                         0
306
                       Fleming, Miss. Margaret female
                                                  NaN
                 Allison, Master. Hudson Trevor male 0.92
                                                        1
0
385
303
                          Keane, Miss. Nora A female
                                                  NaN
                           McCoy, Mr. Bernard male NaN
301
                         Behr, Mr. Karl Howell male 26.00 0
889
                   Fare Cabin Embarked
   Parch Ticket
1
    0 PC 17599 71.2833 C85 C
     0 14312 7.7500
0 36947 78.2667
573
                           NaN
591
                           D20
          13567 79.2000
587
                           B41
585 2 110413 79.6500
                          E68
                                   S
                           ...
         17421 110.8833 NaN
306
     0
305 2 113781 151.5500 C22 C26
         226593 12.3500 E101
367226 23.2500 NaN
301
     9
889 0 111369 30.0000 C148
[342 rows x 12 columns]
```

we see that there is 342 rows, and so 341 passengers that survived on 891 in total.

now, we want to see if there is a majority of men or women. For this, we use this method :

```
db_m = db.loc[db['Sex'] == 'male']
db_f = db.loc[db['Sex'] == 'female']
```

we get this:

```
PassengerId Survived Pclass
                                                   Name Sex \
       18
17
               1 2
                             Williams, Mr. Charles Eugene male
                                 Beesley, Mr. Lawrence male
                       2
1
3
21
           22
                   1
                  1
                               Sloper, Mr. William Thompson
23
          24
          37
                                        Mamee, Mr. Hanna male
55
          56
                                        Woolner, Mr. Hugh male
                  1
                         1
         839
                                         Chip, Mr. Chang male
                        1 Marechai, ....
1 Daly, Mr. Peter Denis
                                     Marechal, Mr. Pierre male
839
          840
                  1
                  1 1 Daly, Mr. Peter Denis male
1 3 Johnson, Master. Harold Theodor male
857
          858
869
          870
                         1
889
          890
                  1
                                    Behr, Mr. Karl Howell male
    Age SibSp Parch Ticket Fare Cabin Embarked
        0 0 244373 13.0000 NaN
   NaN
              0 248698 13.0000
0 113788 35.5000
21
   34.0
            0
                                  D56
23
   28.0
           Θ
                                  Δ6
        0 0 2677 7.2292 NaN
36
   NaN
               0 19947 35.5000 C52
          0
55
   NaN
          0 0 1601 56.4958
838 32.0
                                  NaN
839 NaN 0 0 11774 29.7000 C47
                                          C
          0 0 113055 26.5500
1 1 347742 11.1333
857
   51.0
                                   E17
   4.0
869
                                  NaN
889 26.0 0 0 111369 30.0000 C148
```

[109 rows x 12 columns]

```
Name
                                                      Sex Age SibSp \
    Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th... female 38.0
                             Heikkinen, Miss. Laina female 26.0
       Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel) female 35.0
3
8
   Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhelmina Berg) female 27.0
9
                 Nasser, Mrs. Nicholas (Adele Achem) female 14.0
874
               Abelson, Mrs. Samuel (Hannah Wizosky) female 28.0
                   Najib, Miss. Adele Kiamie "Jane"
875
                                                   female 15.0
      Potter, Mrs. Thomas Jr (Lily Alexenia Wilson) female 56.0
879
       Shelley, Mrs. William (Imanita Parrish Hall) female 25.0
880
                       Graham, Miss. Margaret Edith female 19.0
```

	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
1	9	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	C
2	9	STON/02. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	S
3	0	113803	53.1000	C123	S
8	2	347742	11.1333	NaN	S
9	9	237736	30.0708	NaN	C
874	9	P/PP 3381	24.0000	NaN	C
875	0	2667	7.2250	NaN	C
879	1	11767	83.1583	C50	C
880	1	230433	26.0000	NaN	S
887	9	112053	30,0000	B42	S

[233 rows x 12 columns]

We see here that 232 women have survived, while for the men there are only 108 survivors. So we can say that women are more likely to survive than men.

Now, we have to see if the class is a criterion for the survival

for this, we use:

```
db_1 = db.loc[db['Pclass'] == 1]
db_2 = db.loc[db['Pclass'] == 2]
db_3 = db.loc[db['Pclass'] == 3]
```

By printing this, we obtain 135 survivors from class 1, 86 from class 2 and 118 from class 3

In total, we have 215 passengers in class 1, 283 passengers in class 2 and 490 passengers in class 3

we get 63% of survivors in class 1, 30% in class 2 and 24% for class 3. That seems logical because first class is the expensive one, and consequently it have to be the safest for the client.

We will now see if age influences survival.

We have a lot of missing values, so we will replace them with the mean of the values that we get using this method :

```
mean_age = db['Age'].mean()
db_train['Age'].fillna(mean_age, inplace=True)
db['Age'].fillna(mean_age, inplace=True)
```

we get a mean age of 28.34 years.

we get also a median of 28, that means that we have 50% of the passengers that have over than 28 years, and 50% below.

so, we have 529 persons that have 28 years or more, and 529 that have 28 years or less (we count 2 times those that have 28 years)

for the persons that have 28 years or less, we have 193 survivors, while for those that have 28 years or more, we have 199 survivors. We can conclude that age doesn't matter here.

Now, to be able to use the logistic regression, we have to drop from our database the columns that are uninteresting using the method drop:

```
db_train.drop(columns = 'Embarked',inplace=True)
```

then, we will replace the column "Sex" by a column where the males will be marked as a 1 and the females by a 0, binary.

```
db_train['Sex'] = db_train['Sex'].map({'male': 1, 'female': 0})
```

we get this:

```
PassengerId Survived Pclass Sex Age SibSp Parch
                                                  Fare
               0
                                     1
                                                7.2500
                       3 1 22.0
0
          1
                                            0
1
           2
                   1
                         1
                             0 38.0
                                        1
                                             0 71.2833
2
           3
                         3 0 26.0
                   1
                                       0
                                            0 7.9250
3
                         1 0 35.0
           4
                   1
                                       1
                                            0 53.1000
           5
                         3
                            1 35.0
4
                   0
                                       0
                                             0
                                                8.0500
                                . . . .
. .
          . . .
                  . . .
                        ... ...
                                      ...
                                            ...
                                                    . . .
886
        887
                  0
                        2 1 27.0
                                       0
                                            0 13.0000
                                            0 30.0000
887
         888
                  1
                         1 0 19.0
                                       0
                        3 0 NaN 1 2 23.4500
1 1 26.0 0 0 30.0000
3 1 32.0 0 0 7.7500
888
         889
                   0
         890
                  1
889
                  0
         891
890
[891 rows x 8 columns]
```

Then, finally, I will replace the columns "SibSp" and "Parch" with a column "Family", To simplify the table, using this :

```
db_train['Family'] = db_train.apply(lambda row: 1 if row['SibSp'] == 1 or row['Parch'] == 1 else 0, axis=1)
db_g_test['Family'] = db_g_test.apply(lambda row: 1 if row['SibSp'] == 1 or row['Parch'] == 1 else 0, axis=1)
```

from this, we will use the logistic regression model.

my code for it is this:

```
X_train = db_train.drop(columns=['Survived','SibSp','Parch'])
y_train = db_train['Survived']

X_test = db_g_test.drop(columns=['PassengerId','Survived','SibSp','Parch'])
model = LogisticRegression()
model.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)

accuracy = accuracy_score(db_g_test['Survived'], y_pred)
classification_report_result = classification_report(db_g_test['Survived'], y_pred)
print(f'Accuracy: {accuracy}')
print('Classification_Report:')
print(classification_report_result)
```

db_g_test is a merged database between the gender_submission database and the test database.

With this code, I obtain this:

Our model has an accuracy of 95,21%. Let's now see if optimising hyperparameters can help us to upgrade our accuracy. For this, we have to import a new method :

```
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
```

with this, we can write this code:

```
param_grid = {
    'C': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100],
    'solver': ['liblinear', 'newton-cg', 'lbfgs', 'sag', 'saga'] ,
}

grid_search = GridSearchCV(model, param_grid, cv=5, scoring='accuracy', verbose=1)
grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)

best_params = grid_search.best_params_
print("Bests Hyperparameters : ", best_params)

best_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
best_model.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_best_pred = model.predict(X_test)

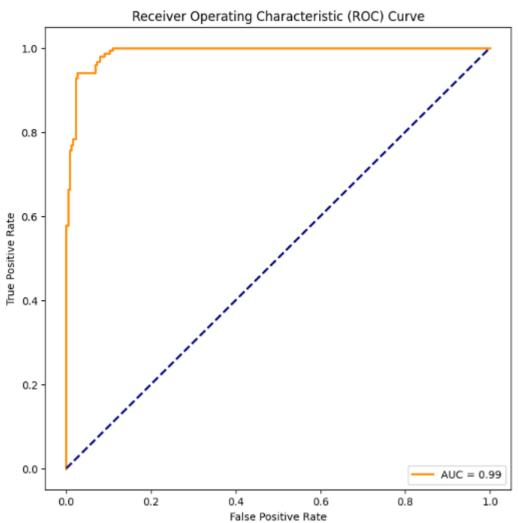
accuracy = accuracy_score(db_g_test['Survived'], y_best_pred)
print(accuracy)
```

with this, we obtain:

```
Bests Hyperparameters : {'C': 1, 'solver': 'liblinear'} 0.9521531100478469
```

It means that, with these hyperparameters, I get the most precise model possible..

Now, to conclude, we will print the ROC and AUC graphs:



We have an AUC of 99%, very close to the perfect classifier. That means that our model is reliable and that we can trust it.