digitalPIDStep

May 29, 2021

1 PID digital

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import control as ct
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

1.1 Simulation parameters

```
[2]: # Time parameters
tsim = 0.1
dt = 0.001

# Time and reference signal
t = np.arange(0, tsim, dt)
R = 6*np.ones(len(t))
```

1.2 Simple step response (Ignoring saturation)

```
[3]: # Plant
num1 = [29870]
den1 = [1, 414.7, 33610]
G = ct.tf(num1, den1)

# Controller
Kp = 3.84808815
Ti = 0.00711849
Td = 0
Gc = ct.tf([Kp*Ti*Td, Kp*Ti, Kp],[Ti, 0])

# Closed-loop system
sys = ct.feedback(Gc*G)
t1, C1 = ct.forced_response(sys,t,R)

print('Plant:', G)
```

Plant:

2.987e+04

s^2 + 414.7 s + 3.361e+04

2 Digital PID: NO Anti-windup

```
[4]: # Digital PID
    ts = 0.002
    b0 = Kp*(1 + (ts/(2*Ti)) + (Td/ts))
    b1 = -Kp*(1 - (ts/(2*Ti)) + (2*Td/ts))
    b2 = Kp*Td/ts
    print('b0: {a:1.4f}, b1: {b:1.4f},b2: {c:1.4f} '.format(a=b0, b=b1, c=b2))
    b0: 4.3887, b1: -3.3075,b2: 0.0000
[5]: # Conver to space states to allow initial conditions
     Gss = ct.tf2ss(G)
     # Initial conditions
     xPre = np.zeros(len(G.pole()))
     # Accumulated system response
     C2 = np.zeros(len(t))
     # Accumulated control signal
     Vacc = np.zeros(len(t))
     # Accumulated control signal (saturated)
     Uacc = np.zeros(len(t))
     #Accumulated error
     Eacc = np.zeros(len(t))
     # Saturation limits
     lUp = 12
     1Do = -12
     for i, ti in enumerate(t):
         # Error
         e = R[i] - C2[i-1]
         # Controller - ( Vacc[i] = U for antiWindup)
         V = b0*e + b1*Eacc[i-1] + b2*Eacc[i-2] + Vacc[i-1]
         U = \max(\min(V, 1Up), 1Do)
         # Plant response
```

```
__, Ci, Xi = ct.forced_response(Gss, [ti-dt,ti], [U,U], X0 = xPre, return_x_U

# Save results

C2[i] = np.squeeze(Ci[-1])

xPre = np.squeeze(Xi[:,-1])

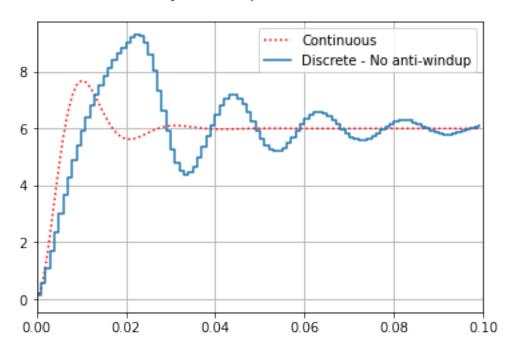
Eacc[i] = e

Vacc[i] = V

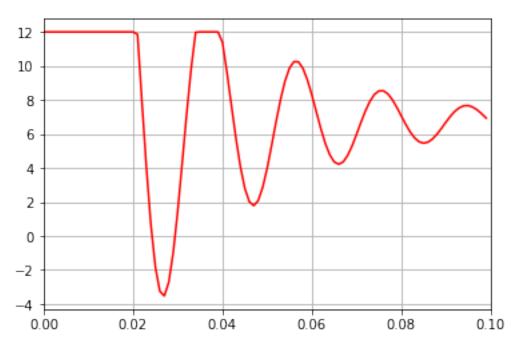
Uacc[i] = U
```

```
[6]: # Compare
     plt.plot(t1, C1, 'r:', label = "Continuous" )
     plt.step(t, C2, where= "post", label = "Discrete - No anti-windup")
     plt.xlim((0,tsim))
     plt.suptitle("System response - C(s)")
     plt.legend()
     plt.grid()
     #Controller
     plt.figure()
     plt.plot(t, Uacc, 'r');
     plt.xlim((0, tsim))
     plt.suptitle("Control signal - U(s)")
     plt.grid()
     #Error
     plt.figure()
     plt.plot(t, Eacc, 'r');
     plt.xlim((0, tsim))
     plt.suptitle("Error signal - E(s)")
     plt.grid()
```

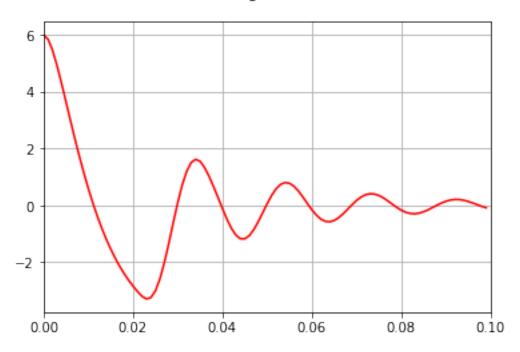
System response - C(s)



Control signal - U(s)



Error signal - E(s)



3 Digital PID: Anti-windup

```
[7]: # Conver to space states to allow initial conditions
    Gss = ct.tf2ss(G)

# Initial conditions
    xPre = np.zeros(len(G.pole()))

# Accumulated system response
    C2 = np.zeros(len(t))

# Accumulated control signal
    Vacc = np.zeros(len(t))

# Accumulated control signal (saturated)
    Uacc = np.zeros(len(t))

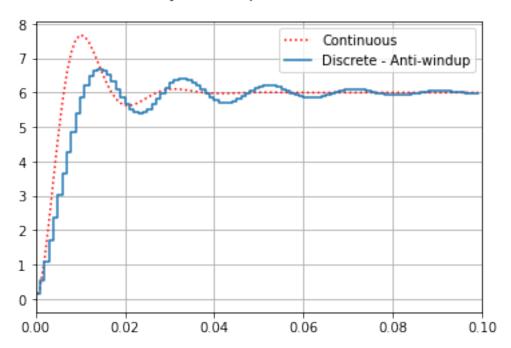
#Accumulated error
    Eacc = np.zeros(len(t))

# Saturation limits
    1Up = 12
```

```
1Do = -12
for i, ti in enumerate(t):
    # Error
    e = R[i] - C2[i-1]
    # Controller - ( Vacc[i] = U for antiWindup)
    V = b0*e + b1*Eacc[i-1] + b2*Eacc[i-2] + Vacc[i-1]
    U = \max(\min(V, 1Up), 1Do)
    # Plant response
    _, Ci, Xi = ct.forced_response(Gss, [ti-dt,ti], [U,U], XO = xPre, return_x<sub>□</sub>
→= True)
    # Save results
    C2[i] = np.squeeze(Ci[-1])
    xPre = np.squeeze(Xi[:,-1])
    Eacc[i] = e
    Vacc[i] = U
    Uacc[i] = U
```

```
[8]: # Compare
    plt.plot(t1, C1, 'r:', label = "Continuous" )
     plt.step(t, C2, where= "post", label = "Discrete - Anti-windup")
     plt.xlim((0,tsim))
     plt.suptitle("System response - C(s)")
     plt.legend()
     plt.grid()
     #Controller
     plt.figure()
     plt.plot(t, Uacc, 'r');
     plt.xlim((0, tsim))
     plt.suptitle("Control signal - U(s)")
     plt.grid()
     #Error
     plt.figure()
     plt.plot(t, Eacc, 'r');
     plt.xlim((0, tsim))
     plt.suptitle("Error signal - E(s)")
    plt.grid()
```

System response - C(s)



Control signal - U(s)

