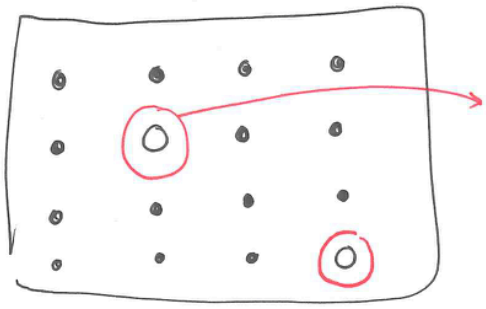
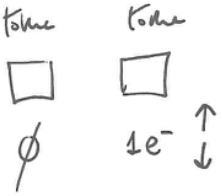
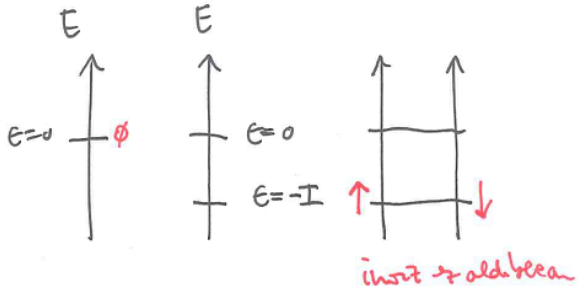
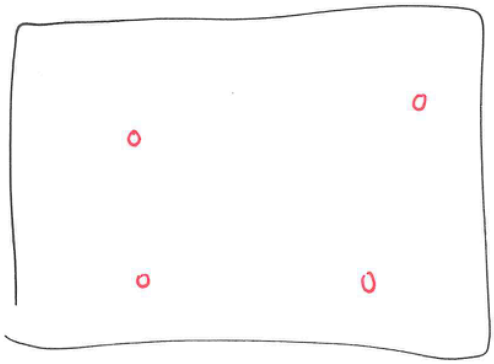
7b)

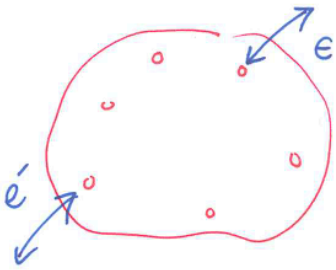
egoera	deskripzioa	N	ϵ
#1	e^- ez dago kutxan	$\emptyset$	
#2	e^- kutxatxoan ↑	1	
#3	e^- kutxatxoan ↓	1	











sistema handia $\square$

honelako multzoari deitzeko termodinamika estatistikoko

oinarrizko sistema-funtzioa $\rightarrow$ dagoela ezkutuan

energia-funtzioa

kasuan $\rightarrow$ identikoak, independenteak, puntuzko bolumenik ez $\rightarrow$ $\mathcal{Z}_N \rightarrow (\mathcal{Z}_1)^N$ edozein partikula-funtzioaren

$$\mathcal{Z}_1 \overset{\text{def}}{\equiv} \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} z^N \cdot Z_N(T,V)$$

N dua sistema handian "sartzen" duen partikula kopurua

gure kasuan $N = 0, 1$

$$\mathcal{Z}_1 = z^0 \cdot Z_0(T,V) + z^1 \cdot Z_1(T,V)$$

$$\mathcal{Z}_1 = 1 + z \cdot Z_1(T,V)$$

↓ particijo-funkcija kanonskega 1 delca

$$Z_1(T,V) \equiv \sum_{\epsilon} g(\epsilon)\, e^{-\epsilon/k_B T}$$

1 delec $\epsilon = -I$, $g(\epsilon) = 2$

$$Z_1(T,V) = 2e^{I/k_B T}$$

$$\mathcal{Z}_1 = 1 + z \cdot 2 \cdot e^{I/k_B T}$$

$z = e^{\mu/k_B T}$

$$\mathcal{Z}_1 = 1 + 2e^{\frac{\mu+I}{k_B T}}$$

edo delec kanonski velikostni porazdelitev do (beta) particijo-funkcijo grandkanonskega delca kanonskega atoma / $\mathcal{Z}$

- ionizirani ogljikov porazdelitev (e^- ni gole) $N=0$ $\Rightarrow$ $\left[\frac{1}{1+2e^{\frac{\mu+I}{k_B T}}}\right]$

- nevtralno gole ogljikov porazdelitev (e^- v lupini) $N=1$ $\Rightarrow$ $\frac{2e^{\frac{\mu+I}{k_B T}}}{1+2e^{\frac{\mu+I}{k_B T}}}$ edo $1 - P(N=)$