

$$V_a + V_b = V = AL$$

$$L = L_a + L_b$$

a) At equilibrium the pressure  $P_a = P_b$

Boltzman:  $P_a V_a = N_a k_B T$

BEC: (pressure doesn't depend on volume)

$$P_b = \frac{k_B T}{\lambda_b^3} g_{5/2}(1) = (k_B T)^{5/2} \cdot \left(\frac{m_b}{2\pi\hbar^2}\right)^{3/2} g_{5/2}(1)$$

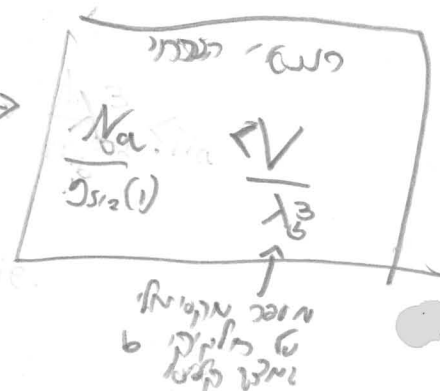
By comparing  $P_a = P_b$  we have

$$\frac{N_a}{V_a} = (k_B T)^{3/2} \left(\frac{m_b}{2\pi\hbar^2}\right)^{3/2} \cdot g_{5/2}(1)$$

$$\frac{N_a}{L_a A} = \dots$$

$$L_a = \frac{N_a}{A} \cdot \frac{1}{g_{5/2}(1)} \cdot \left(\frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{m_b k_B T}\right)^{3/2} < L$$

$$L_a < L \rightarrow$$



b) Assumption (ii) requires BEC on RHS, i.e.

$$\frac{N_b}{V_b} \geq \frac{1}{\lambda_b^3} g_{3/2}(1) \rightarrow \left(\frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{m_b k_B T}\right)^{3/2} \cdot \frac{N_b}{V_b} \geq g_{3/2}(1)$$

$$L_b \leq \frac{N_b}{A} \cdot \frac{1}{g_{3/2}(1)} \cdot \left(\frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{m_b k_B T}\right)^{3/2} \rightarrow L_b \leq L_a \cdot \frac{N_b}{N_a} \cdot \frac{g_{5/2}(1)}{g_{3/2}(1)}$$

$$L - L_a \leq L_a \cdot \frac{N_b}{N_a} \cdot \frac{g_{5/2}(1)}{g_{3/2}(1)}$$

$$L \leq L_a \left( \frac{N_b}{N_a} \frac{g_{5/2}(1)}{g_{3/2}(1)} + 1 \right) = \frac{N_a}{A g_{5/2}(1)} \cdot \left(\frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{m_b k_B T}\right)^{3/2} \left( \frac{N_b}{N_a} \frac{g_{5/2}(1)}{g_{3/2}(1)} + 1 \right)$$

$$\rightarrow k_B T \leq \left(\frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{m_b}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{AL}\right)^{2/3} \cdot \left(\frac{N_b}{g_{3/2}(1)} + \frac{N_a}{g_{5/2}(1)}\right)^{2/3}$$

Assumption (i) requires Boltzman gas on LHS, ie.

$$\frac{\lambda_a^3}{V_a} \cdot N_a \ll 1_{\text{eq}}(1) \rightarrow \frac{N_a}{L_a A} \cdot \left( \frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{m_a k_B T} \right)^{3/2} \ll 1 \quad (1)$$

$$\rightarrow \left[ kT \gg \frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{m_a} \cdot \left( \frac{N_a}{L_a A} \right)^{2/3} \right]$$

(again we can plug in  $L_a$  from sec (a) for a final result)

$$kT \gg \frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{m_a} \cdot \left( \frac{m_b kT}{2\pi\hbar^2} \right) \cdot (g_{5/2}(1))^{2/3}$$

$$\frac{m_a}{m_b} \gg (g_{5/2}(1))^{2/3}$$

c)  $\left( L_a = \frac{N_a}{A} \cdot \frac{k_B T}{P_b} \right)$



we move the partition so that  $\tilde{L}_b \Rightarrow L_b - x$ ,  $\tilde{L}_a \Rightarrow L_a + x$   
with  $\frac{x}{L_a} \ll 1$ , now the net force is

$$F = \frac{N_a kT}{L_a + x} - \frac{N_a kT}{L_a} \approx \frac{N_a kT}{L_a} \left( 1 - \frac{x}{L_a} - 1 \right) = -\frac{N_a kT}{L_a^2} x$$

Comparing with  $F = -\omega^2 M x$

we have

$$\omega^2 = \frac{N_a kT}{M L_a^2}$$

$\uparrow$   
mass of partition.