

FSL Evacuation Instructions

When to Evacuate

Evacuate immediately when you see or receive any of the following:

- Official evacuation order from barangay, city, or government authorities.
- Rising flood waters reaching knee height inside your home.
- Earthquake strong enough to crack walls or cause landslides.
- Typhoon signal 3 or higher in your area.
- Tsunami warning (move to higher ground IMMEDIATELY — do not wait).

Step-by-Step Evacuation in FSL

1. Alert all family members. Use the FSL sign for EVACUATE (point outward, wave forward).
2. Grab your Go-Bag. One designated bag per person if possible.
3. Turn off electricity at the main breaker and close the gas valve.
4. Lock your home and leave a note on the door with your destination.
5. Help PWD members first. Deaf, mobility-impaired, or elderly members need extra support.
6. Follow the safest route — avoid flooded roads, downed power lines, and unstable bridges.
7. Go directly to the designated evacuation center. Do not stop unnecessarily.

At the Evacuation Center

- Inform the registration desk that there is a Deaf or hard-of-hearing family member.
- Request an FSL interpreter if available.
- Keep the Silent Signal app active to receive disaster alerts.
- Signal SAFE status on the app so your family dashboard is updated.
- Do not leave the evacuation center without informing the center staff.

FSL Signs for Evacuation

- GO / MOVE — Point index finger forward, flick wrist.
- FLOOD — Both hands flat, wave upward like water rising.

- EARTHQUAKE — Both fists shake horizontally.
- TYPHOON — Circle index finger overhead (like wind).
- SHELTER / ROOF — Form a triangle overhead with both hands.
- REGISTER / SIGN IN — Mime writing on palm.

After You Are Safe

- Open the Silent Signal app and update your status to SAFE.
- Contact family members through the app Communication Hub.
- Stay at the evacuation center until authorities declare it safe to return.
- Do not re-enter flood- or earthquake-damaged structures.