

Class 9: Structural Bioinformatics 1

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The main database for structural data is called the PDB (Protein Data Bank). Let's see what it contains:

Data from: <https://www.rcsb.org/stats>

Read this into R:

```
pdbdb <- read.csv("pdb_stats.csv")
pdbdb
```

	Molecular.Type	X.ray	EM	NMR	Multiple.methods	Neutron	Other
1	Protein (only)	167,192	15,572	12,529	208	77	32
2	Protein/Oligosaccharide	9,639	2,635	34	8	2	0
3	Protein/NA	8,730	4,697	286	7	0	0
4	Nucleic acid (only)	2,869	137	1,507	14	3	1
5	Other	170	10	33	0	0	0
6	Oligosaccharide (only)	11	0	6	1	0	4
	Total						
1		195,610					
2		12,318					
3		13,720					
4		4,531					
5		213					
6		22					

Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron Microscopy.

```
pdbdb$Total
```

```
[1] "195,610" "12,318" "13,720" "4,531" "213" "22"
```

I need to remove the comma and convert to numeric to do math:

```
as.numeric(sub(",", "", pdbdb$Total))
```

```
[1] 195610 12318 13720 4531 213 22
```

I can also turn this into a function to fix the whole table or any future table I read like this:

```
x <- pdbdb$Total
as.numeric(sub(",", "", pdbdb$Total))
```

```
[1] 195610 12318 13720 4531 213 22
```

```
comma2numeric <- function(x) {
  as.numeric(sub(",", "", pdbdb$Total))
}
```

Test it:

```
comma2numeric(pdbdb$X.ray)
```

```
[1] 195610 12318 13720 4531 213 22
```

```
apply(pdbdb, 2, comma2numeric)
```

	Molecular.Type	X.ray	EM	NMR	Multiple.methods	Neutron	Other	Total
[1,]	195610	195610	195610	195610	195610	195610	195610	195610
[2,]	12318	12318	12318	12318	12318	12318	12318	12318
[3,]	13720	13720	13720	13720	13720	13720	13720	13720
[4,]	4531	4531	4531	4531	4531	4531	4531	4531
[5,]	213	213	213	213	213	213	213	213
[6,]	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22

(Or try a different read/import function:)

```
#!/ message: false

library(readr)
pdbdb <- read_csv("pdb_stats.csv")
```

Rows: 6 Columns: 8

-- Column specification -----

Delimiter: ","

chr (1): Molecular Type

dbl (3): Multiple methods, Neutron, Other

num (4): X-ray, EM, NMR, Total

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.

```
sum(pdbdb$Total)
```

```
[1] 226414
```

For percentage of structures solved by X-ray and electromicroscopy (EM):

```
sum(pdbdb$`X-ray`)/sum(pdbdb$Total) * 100
```

```
[1] 83.30359
```

```
sum(pdbdb$EM)/sum(pdbdb$Total) * 100
```

```
[1] 10.18091
```

Q2: What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?

```
pdbdb$Total[1]/sum(pdbdb$Total) * 100
```

```
[1] 86.39483
```

Q3: Type HIV in the PDB website search box on the home page and determine how many HIV-1 protease structures are in the current PDB?

```
2,294
```

Mol*

Using the link: <https://molstar.org/viewer/>

We will use PDB code: *1HSG*



Figure 1: A first image from molstar.

Some more custom images:

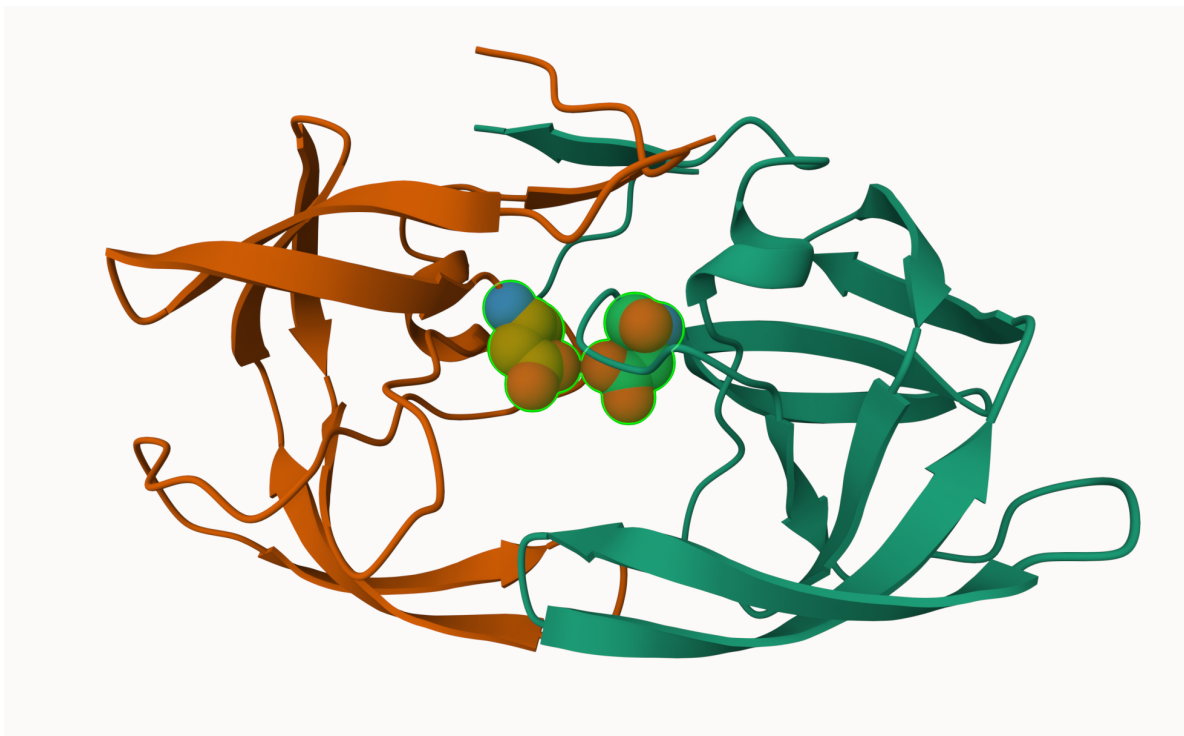


Figure 2: The all important catalytic ASP25 amino acids.

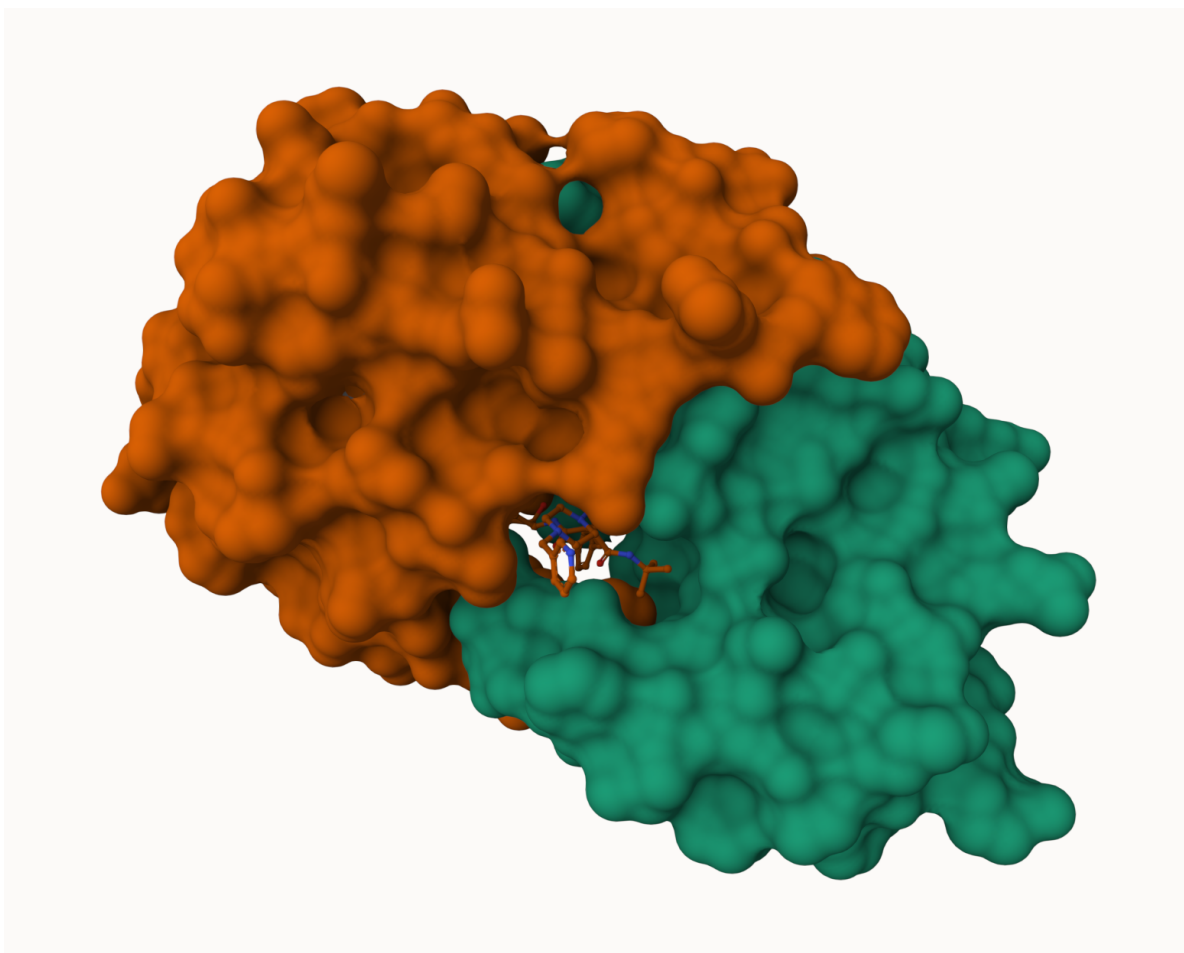


Figure 3: Surface display showing Merk compound in peptide bonding pocket.

Questions: The important role of water

Q4: Water molecules normally have 3 atoms. Why do we see just one atom per water molecule in this structure?

This is because this makes the visual easier; a lot of this modeling over-simplifies for the purpose of aesthetics and ease of understanding.

Q5: There is a critical “conserved” water molecule in the binding site. Can you identify this water molecule? What residue number does this water molecule have

This “conserved” water molecule is HOH, water 400. It helps to stabilize protein and ligand interactions.

Q6: Generate and save a figure clearly showing the two distinct chains of HIV-protease along with the ligand. You might also consider showing the catalytic residues ASP 25 in each chain and the critical water (we recommend “Ball & Stick” for these side-chains). Add this figure to your Quarto document.

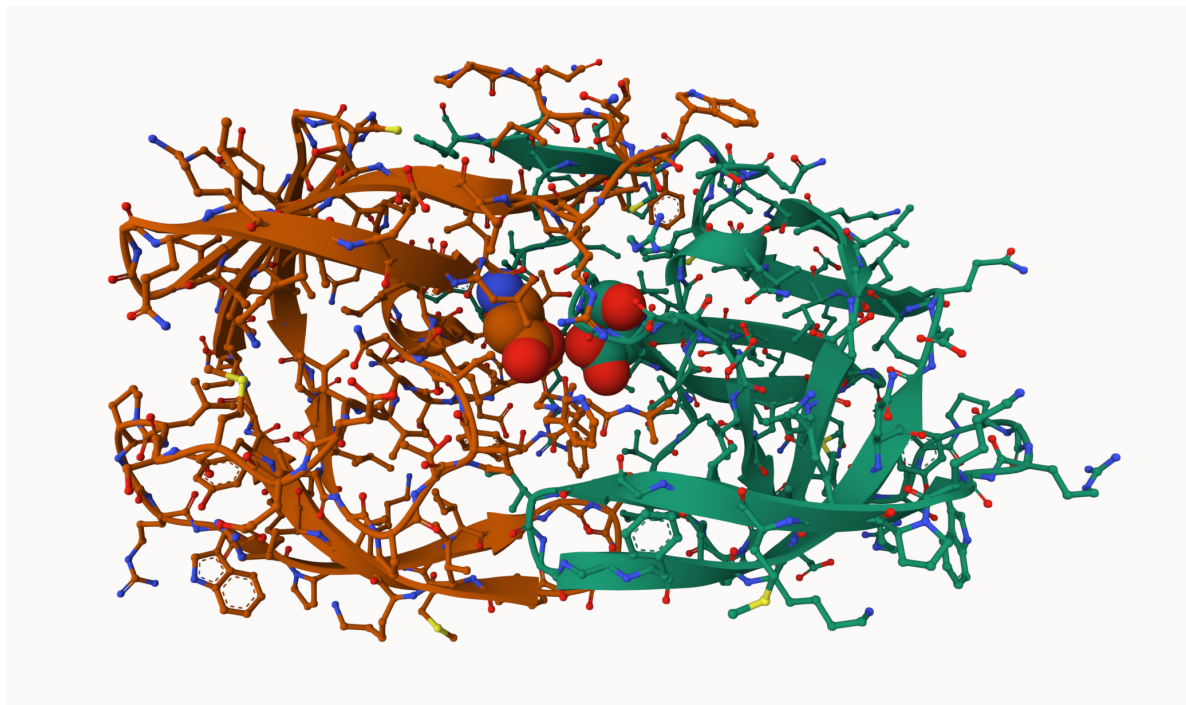


Figure 4: A ball and stick representation.

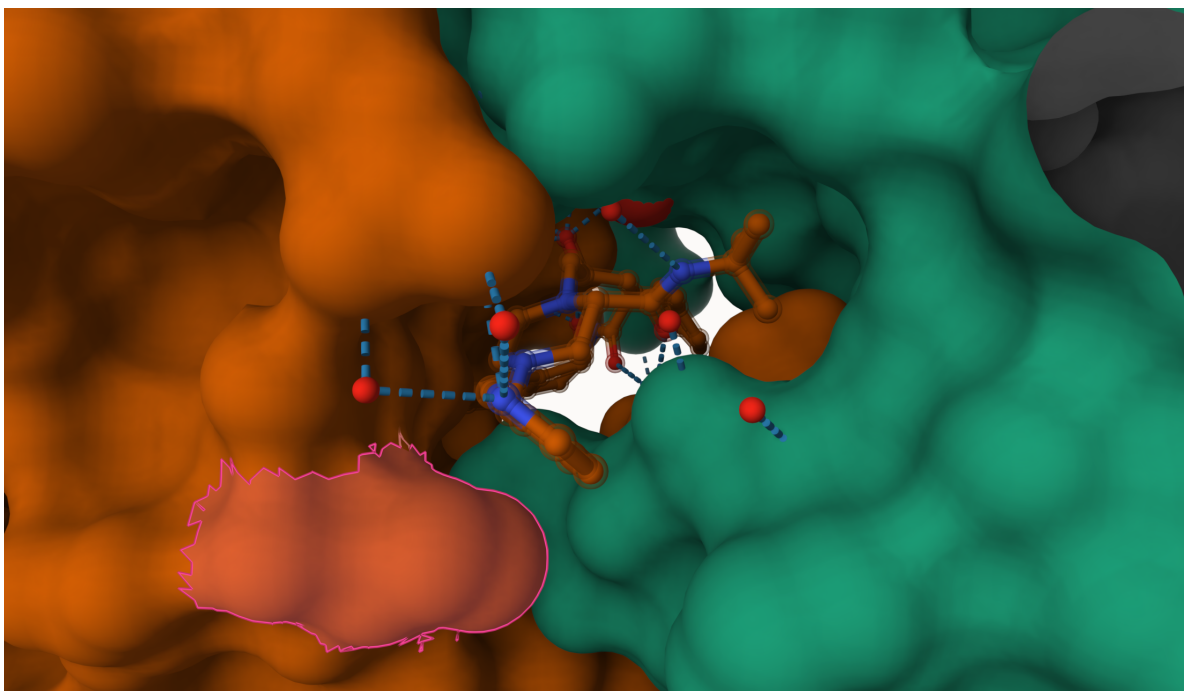


Figure 5: A close up of ligand binding between the monomers.

The Bio3D Package

The bio3D package allows us to do all sorts of structural bioinformatics work in R.

Let's start with how it can read these PDB files:

```
library(bio3d)

pdb <- read.pdb("1hsg")
```

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

```
pdb
```

```
Call: read.pdb(file = "1hsg")
```

```
Total Models#: 1
```

```
Total Atoms#: 1686, XYZs#: 5058 Chains#: 2 (values: A B)
```


Protein Atoms#: 1514 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
 Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)

Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172 (residues: 128)
 Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [HOH (127), MK1 (1)]

Protein sequence:

PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYD
 QILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKE
 ALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTP
 VNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNF

+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
 calpha, remark, call

`attributes(pdb)`

\$names

[1] "atom" "xyz" "seqres" "helix" "sheet" "calpha" "remark" "call"

\$class

[1] "pdb" "sse"

`head(pdb$atom)`

	type	eleno	elety	alt	resid	chain	resno	insert	x	y	z	o	b
1	ATOM	1	N	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.361	39.686	5.862	1	38.10
2	ATOM	2	CA	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	30.307	38.663	5.319	1	40.62
3	ATOM	3	C	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.760	38.071	4.022	1	42.64
4	ATOM	4	O	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	28.600	38.302	3.676	1	43.40
5	ATOM	5	CB	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	30.508	37.541	6.342	1	37.87
6	ATOM	6	CG	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.296	37.591	7.162	1	38.40
	segid	elesy	charge										
1	<NA>	N	<NA>										
2	<NA>	C	<NA>										
3	<NA>	C	<NA>										
4	<NA>	O	<NA>										
5	<NA>	C	<NA>										
6	<NA>	C	<NA>										

```
pdbseq(pdb)
```

```
  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
"P" "Q" "I" "T" "L" "W" "Q" "R" "P" "L" "V" "T" "I" "K" "I" "G" "G" "Q" "L" "K"
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40
"E" "A" "L" "L" "D" "T" "G" "A" "D" "D" "T" "V" "L" "E" "E" "M" "S" "L" "P" "G"
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60
"R" "W" "K" "P" "K" "M" "I" "G" "G" "I" "G" "G" "F" "I" "K" "V" "R" "Q" "Y" "D"
61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80
"Q" "I" "L" "I" "E" "I" "C" "G" "H" "K" "A" "I" "G" "T" "V" "L" "V" "G" "P" "T"
81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99  1
"P" "V" "N" "I" "I" "G" "R" "N" "L" "L" "T" "Q" "I" "G" "C" "T" "L" "N" "F" "P"
  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21
"Q" "I" "T" "L" "W" "Q" "R" "P" "L" "V" "T" "I" "K" "I" "G" "G" "Q" "L" "K" "E"
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41
"A" "L" "L" "D" "T" "G" "A" "D" "D" "T" "V" "L" "E" "E" "M" "S" "L" "P" "G" "R"
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61
"W" "K" "P" "K" "M" "I" "G" "G" "I" "G" "G" "F" "I" "K" "V" "R" "Q" "Y" "D" "Q"
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81
"I" "L" "I" "E" "I" "C" "G" "H" "K" "A" "I" "G" "T" "V" "L" "V" "G" "P" "T" "P"
82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99
"V" "N" "I" "I" "G" "R" "N" "L" "L" "T" "Q" "I" "G" "C" "T" "L" "N" "F"
```

Q7: How many amino acid residues are there in this pdb object?

There is one calpha per amino acid, so counting the calpha gives us:

```
sum(pdb$calpha)
```

```
[1] 198
```

Can also count the length of items in pdb:

```
length(pdbseq(pdb))
```

```
[1] 198
```

Q8: Name one of the two non-protein residues?

HOH and MK1

Q9: How many protein chains are in this structure?

2

```
unique(pdb$atom$chain)
```

```
[1] "A" "B"
```

Predicting Functional Motions of a Single Structure

Let's do a bioinformatics prediction of functional motions - i.e., the movements that one of these molecules needs to make to do its stuff.

```
adk <- read.pdb("6s36")
```

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

```
adk
```

```
Call: read.pdb(file = "6s36")
```

```
Total Models#: 1
```

```
Total Atoms#: 1898, XYZs#: 5694 Chains#: 1 (values: A)
```

```
Protein Atoms#: 1654 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 214)
```

```
Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
```

```
Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 244 (residues: 244)
```

```
Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ CL (3), HOH (238), MG (2), NA (1) ]
```

```
Protein sequence:
```

```
MRILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLV  
DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLDGFPRTPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDKI  
VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG  
YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG
```

```
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,  
      calpha, remark, call
```

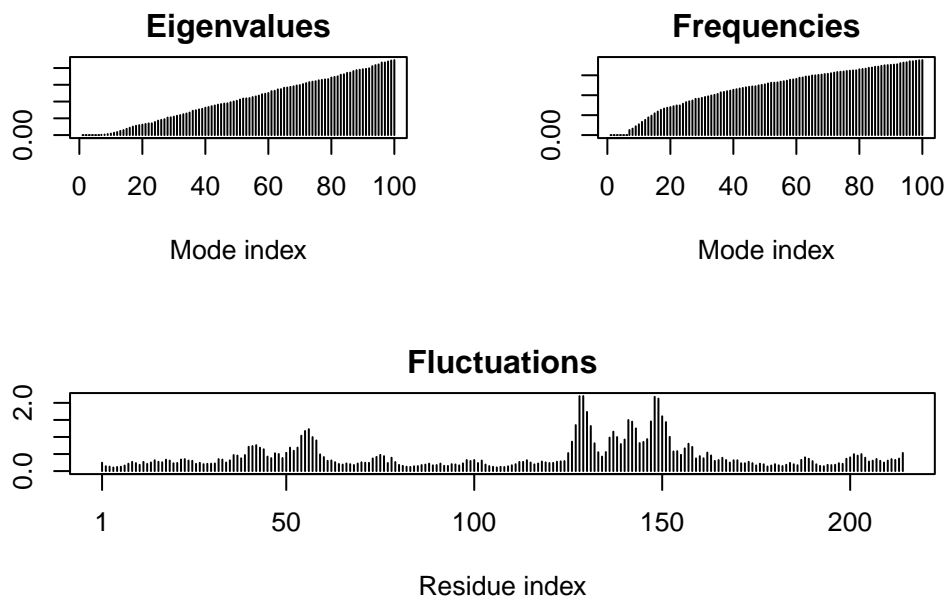
```
# Perform flexibility prediction
```

```
m <- nma(adk)
```

```
Building Hessian... Done in 0.014 seconds.
```

```
Diagonalizing Hessian... Done in 0.278 seconds.
```

```
plot(m)
```



Write out multi-model PDB file (trajectory) that we can use to make an animation of the predicted motions.

```
mktrj(m, file="adk.pdb")
```

I can open this in Mol* to play the trajectory...

Comparative Analysis of Protein Structures

```
library(bio3d)
```

Here we will find and analyze all ADK structures in the PDB database.

We will start with a single database accession ID: "1ake_A"

```
id <- "1ake_A"  
aa <- get.seq(id)
```

Warning in get.seq(id): Removing existing file: seqs.fasta

Fetching... Please wait. Done.

I ran these in the R brain/console: install.packages("BiocManager") BiocManager::install("msa")

Q10. Which of the packages above is found only on BioConductor and not CRAN?

The `msa` package is from BioConductor/

Q13. How many amino acids are in this sequence, i.e. how long is this sequence?

```
length(aa)
```

```
[1] 3
```

```
attributes(aa)
```

```
$names
```

```
[1] "id"    "ali"   "call"
```

```
$class
```

```
[1] "fasta"
```

```
ncol(aa$ali)
```

```
[1] 214
```

```
#b <- blast.pdb(aa)  
#hits <- plot(b)  
#head(hits$ pdb.id)
```

Pre-calculated results:

```
hits <- NULL
hits$pdb.id <- c('1AKE_A', '6S36_A', '6RZE_A', '3HPR_A', '1E4V_A', '5EJE_A', '1E4Y_A', '3X2S_A', '6HAP_A', '6HAM_A', '4K46_A')

files <- get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path="pdbs", split=TRUE, gzip=TRUE)
```

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1AKE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6S36.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6RZE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3HPR.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1E4V.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/5EJE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1E4Y.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3X2S.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

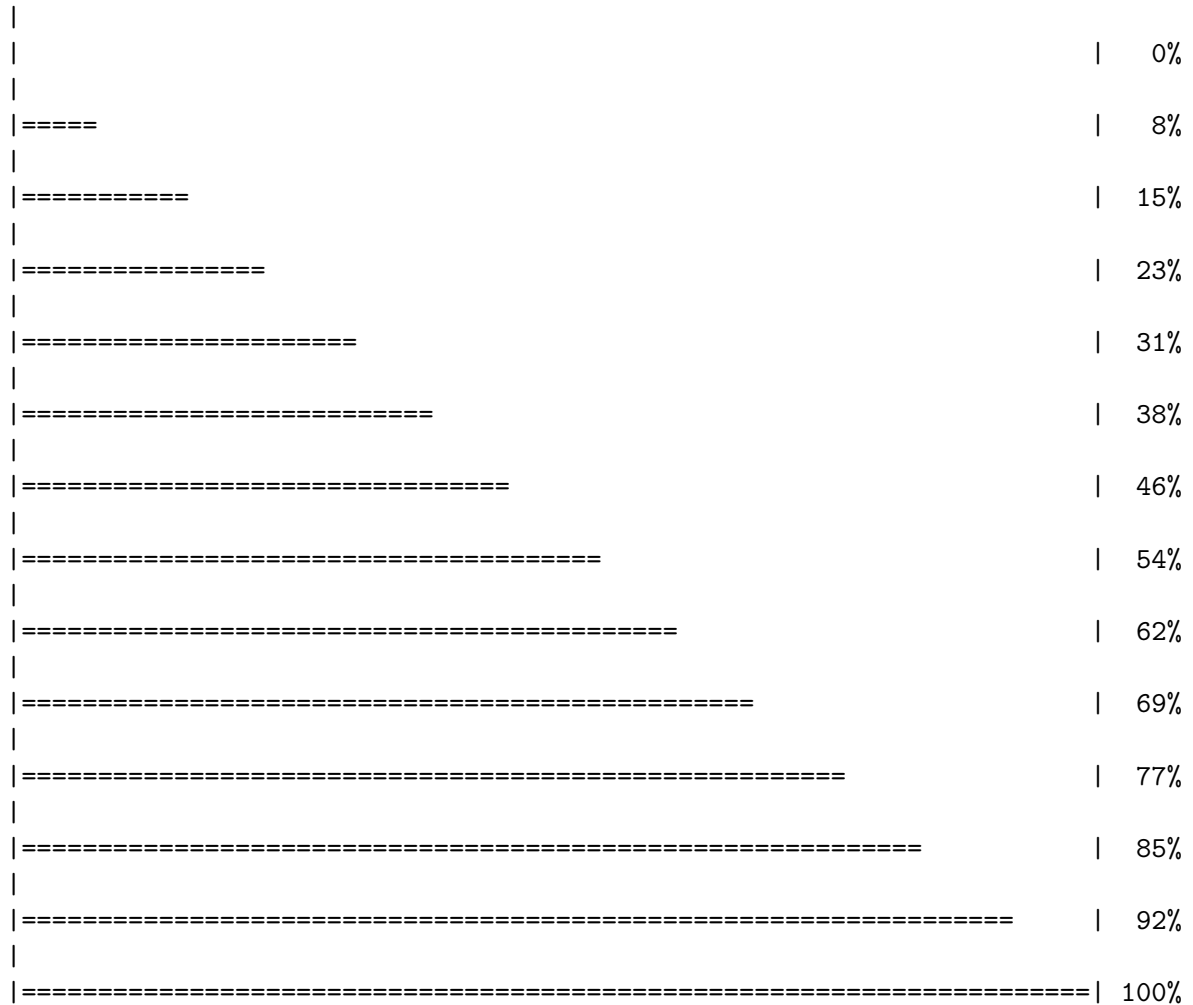
Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6HAP.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6HAM.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/4K46.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

```
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):  
pdbs/3GMT.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download
```

```
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):  
pdbs/4PZL.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download
```



Next we will use the `pdbsaln()` function to align and also optionally fit (i.e. superpose) the identified PDB structures.

```
pdbs <- pdbsaln(files, fit = TRUE, exefile="msa")
```

Reading PDB files:

pdb/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
pdb/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
pdb/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
pdb/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
pdb/split_chain/1E4V_A.pdb
pdb/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
pdb/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdb/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
pdb/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
pdb/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
pdb/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
pdb/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
pdb/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb

 PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
. PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
. PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
. PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
.. PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
.... PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
. PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
...

Extracting sequences

pdb/seq: 1 name: pdb/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
 PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 2 name: pdb/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
 PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 3 name: pdb/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
 PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 4 name: pdb/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
 PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 5 name: pdb/split_chain/1E4V_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 6 name: pdb/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
 PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 7 name: pdb/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 8 name: pdb/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 9 name: pdb/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 10 name: pdb/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
 PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 11 name: pdb/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
 PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

pdb/seq: 12 name: pdbs/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
 pdb/seq: 13 name: pdbs/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb

pdbs

	1	.	.	.	40
[Truncated_Name:1] 1AKE_A.pdb	-----	MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS			
[Truncated_Name:2] 6S36_A.pdb	-----	MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS			
[Truncated_Name:3] 6RZE_A.pdb	-----	MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS			
[Truncated_Name:4] 3HPR_A.pdb	-----	MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS			
[Truncated_Name:5] 1E4V_A.pdb	-----	MRIILLGAPVAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS			
[Truncated_Name:6] 5EJE_A.pdb	-----	MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS			
[Truncated_Name:7] 1E4Y_A.pdb	-----	MRIILLGALVAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS			
[Truncated_Name:8] 3X2S_A.pdb	-----	MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS			
[Truncated_Name:9] 6HAP_A.pdb	-----	MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS			
[Truncated_Name:10] 6HAM_A.pdb	-----	MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS			
[Truncated_Name:11] 4K46_A.pdb	-----	MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMAKFGIPQIS			
[Truncated_Name:12] 3GMT_A.pdb	-----	MRLILLGAPGAGKGTQANFIKEKFGIPQIS			
[Truncated_Name:13] 4PZL_A.pdb		TENLYFQSNAMRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAKIIEQKYNIAHIS			
		~*** ***** * *~* **			
	1	.	.	.	40
	41	.	.	.	80
[Truncated_Name:1] 1AKE_A.pdb		TGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVDELVIALVKE			
[Truncated_Name:2] 6S36_A.pdb		TGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVDELVIALVKE			
[Truncated_Name:3] 6RZE_A.pdb		TGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVDELVIALVKE			
[Truncated_Name:4] 3HPR_A.pdb		TGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVDELVIALVKE			
[Truncated_Name:5] 1E4V_A.pdb		TGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVDELVIALVKE			
[Truncated_Name:6] 5EJE_A.pdb		TGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDACKLVDELVIALVKE			
[Truncated_Name:7] 1E4Y_A.pdb		TGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVDELVIALVKE			
[Truncated_Name:8] 3X2S_A.pdb		TGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDCGKLVDELVIALVKE			
[Truncated_Name:9] 6HAP_A.pdb		TGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVDELVIALVRE			
[Truncated_Name:10] 6HAM_A.pdb		TGDMRLRAAIKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVDEIIIALVKE			
[Truncated_Name:11] 4K46_A.pdb		TGDMRLRAAIKAGTELGKQAKSVIDAGQLVSDDIILGLVKE			
[Truncated_Name:12] 3GMT_A.pdb		TGDMRLRAAVKAGTPLGVEAKTYMDEGKLVPDSLIIIGLVKE			
[Truncated_Name:13] 4PZL_A.pdb		TGDMIRETIKSGSALGQELKKVLDAGELVSDEFIIVKIVKD			
		****~* ~* *~** * ~* ** * ^^~*^^			
	41	.	.	.	80
	81	.	.	.	120
[Truncated_Name:1] 1AKE_A.pdb		RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPR TIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD			
[Truncated_Name:2] 6S36_A.pdb		RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPR TIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD			

[Truncated_Name:3] 6RZE_A.pdb	RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPR TIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD
[Truncated_Name:4] 3HPR_A.pdb	RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPR TIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD
[Truncated_Name:5] 1E4V_A.pdb	RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPR TIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD
[Truncated_Name:6] 5EJE_A.pdb	RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPR TIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD
[Truncated_Name:7] 1E4Y_A.pdb	RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPR TIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD
[Truncated_Name:8] 3X2S_A.pdb	RIAQEDSRNGFLLDGFPR TIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD
[Truncated_Name:9] 6HAP_A.pdb	RICQEDSRNGFLLDGFPR TIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD
[Truncated_Name:10] 6HAM_A.pdb	RICQEDSRNGFLLDGFPR TIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD
[Truncated_Name:11] 4K46_A.pdb	RIAQDDCAKGFLLDGFPR TIPQADGLKEVGVVVDYVIEFD
[Truncated_Name:12] 3GMT_A.pdb	RLKEADCANGYLF DGFPR TIAQADAMKEAGVAIDYVLEID
[Truncated_Name:13] 4PZL_A.pdb	RISKNDCNNGFLLDGVPR TIPQAQELDKLGVNIDYIVEVD
	*^ * *~* ** ***** ** ^ *~ ^**~* *
	81 . . . 120
	121 . . . 160
[Truncated_Name:1] 1AKE_A.pdb	VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHV KFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
[Truncated_Name:2] 6S36_A.pdb	VPDELIVDKIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHV KFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
[Truncated_Name:3] 6RZE_A.pdb	VPDELIVDAIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHV KFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
[Truncated_Name:4] 3HPR_A.pdb	VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHV KFNPPKVEGKDDGTG
[Truncated_Name:5] 1E4V_A.pdb	VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHV KFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
[Truncated_Name:6] 5EJE_A.pdb	VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHV KFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
[Truncated_Name:7] 1E4Y_A.pdb	VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHV KFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
[Truncated_Name:8] 3X2S_A.pdb	VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHV KFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
[Truncated_Name:9] 6HAP_A.pdb	VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHV KFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
[Truncated_Name:10] 6HAM_A.pdb	VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHV KFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
[Truncated_Name:11] 4K46_A.pdb	VADSVIVERMAGRRAHLASGR TYHNVNPPKVEGKDDVTG
[Truncated_Name:12] 3GMT_A.pdb	VPFSEIIERM SGRRTHPASGR TYHV KFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
[Truncated_Name:13] 4PZL_A.pdb	VADNLLIERITGRRIHPASGR TYHTKF NPPKVADKDDVTG
	* ^^^ ^ *** * *** ** ^***** *** **
	121 . . . 160
	161 . . . 200
[Truncated_Name:1] 1AKE_A.pdb	EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAP LIGYYSKEAEAGN
[Truncated_Name:2] 6S36_A.pdb	EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAP LIGYYSKEAEAGN
[Truncated_Name:3] 6RZE_A.pdb	EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAP LIGYYSKEAEAGN
[Truncated_Name:4] 3HPR_A.pdb	EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAP LIGYYSKEAEAGN
[Truncated_Name:5] 1E4V_A.pdb	EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAP LIGYYSKEAEAGN
[Truncated_Name:6] 5EJE_A.pdb	EELTTRKDDQEECVRKRLVEYHQMTAP LIGYYSKEAEAGN
[Truncated_Name:7] 1E4Y_A.pdb	EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAP LIGYYSKEAEAGN
[Truncated_Name:8] 3X2S_A.pdb	EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLCEYHQMTAP LIGYYSKEAEAGN
[Truncated_Name:9] 6HAP_A.pdb	EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAP LIGYYSKEAEAGN
[Truncated_Name:10] 6HAM_A.pdb	EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAP LIGYYSKEAEAGN
[Truncated_Name:11] 4K46_A.pdb	EDLVIREDDKEETVLARLGVYHNQTAP LIAYYGKEAEAGN

```

[Truncated_Name:12] 3GMT_A.pdb    EPLVQRDDDDKEETVKKRLDVYEAQTKPLITYYGDWARRGA
[Truncated_Name:13] 4PZL_A.pdb    EPLITRTDDNEDTVKQRLSVYHAQTAKLIDFYRNFSSNTNT
                                   * * * * * ^ * * * * * ^ *
                                   161           .           .           .           200

                                   201           .           .           227
[Truncated_Name:1] 1AKE_A.pdb      T--KYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:2] 6S36_A.pdb      T--KYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:3] 6RZE_A.pdb      T--KYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:4] 3HPR_A.pdb      T--KYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:5] 1E4V_A.pdb      T--KYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:6] 5EJE_A.pdb      T--KYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:7] 1E4Y_A.pdb      T--KYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:8] 3X2S_A.pdb      T--KYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:9] 6HAP_A.pdb      T--KYAKVDGTPVCEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:10] 6HAM_A.pdb      T--KYAKVDGTPVCEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:11] 4K46_A.pdb      T--QYLKFDGTPKAVAEVSAELEKALA-
[Truncated_Name:12] 3GMT_A.pdb      E-----NGLKAPA-----YRKISG-
[Truncated_Name:13] 4PZL_A.pdb      KIPKYIKINGDQAVEKVSQDIFDQLNK
                                   *
                                   201           .           .           227

```

Call:

```
pdbaln(files = files, fit = TRUE, exefile = "msa")
```

Class:

```
pdbs, fasta
```

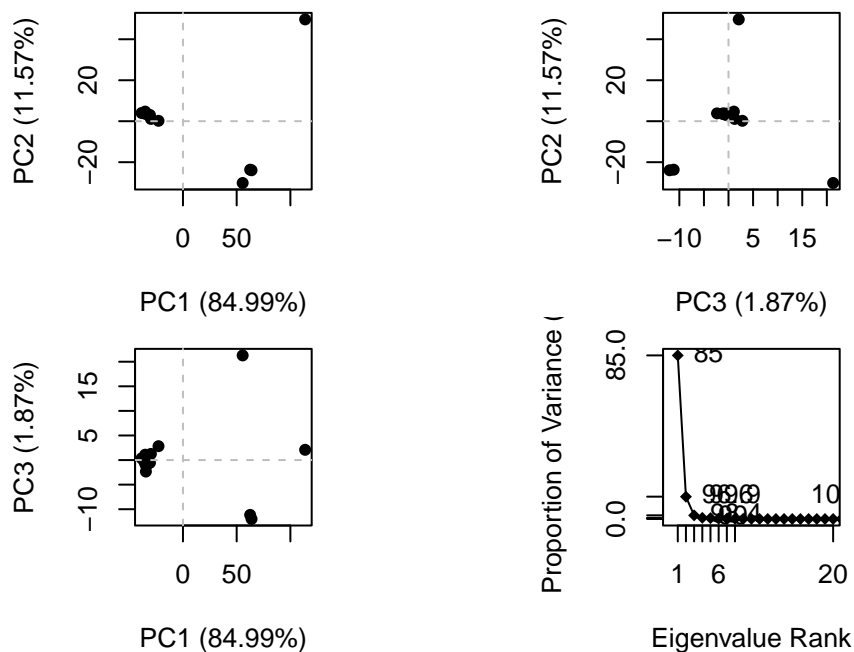
Alignment dimensions:

```
13 sequence rows; 227 position columns (204 non-gap, 23 gap)
```

```
+ attr: xyz, resno, b, chain, id, ali, resid, sse, call
```

Principal Component Analysis

```
pc.xray <- pca(pdbs)
plot(pc.xray)
```

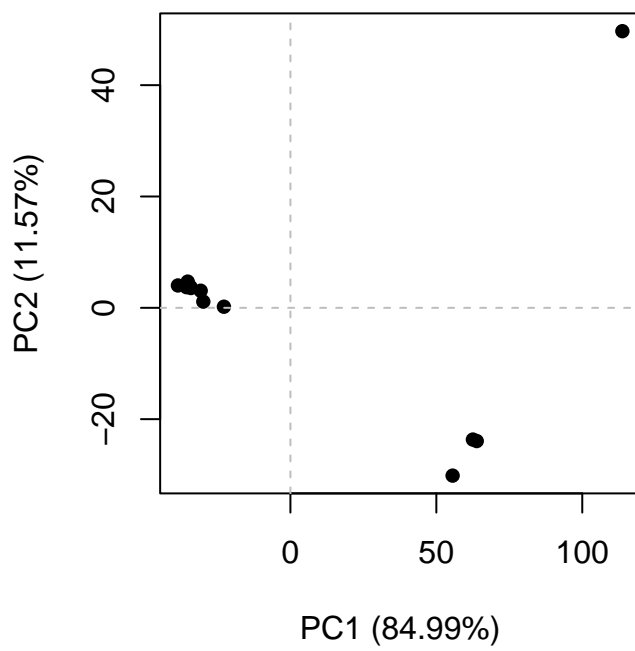


To visualize the major structural variations in the ensemble the function `mktrj()` can be used to generate a trajectory PDB file by interpolating along a give PC (eigenvector):

```
pc1 <- mktrj(pc.xray, pc=1, file="pc_1.pdb")
```

```
pc.xray <- pca(pdb)
```

```
plot(pc.xray, pc.axes = c(1,2))
```



```
uniprot <- 24883887
```

```
pdb <- 195610
```

```
pdb/uniprot *100
```

```
[1] 0.0786091
```