

MIE1622 Assignment 3 Tutorial

Credit Risk Modeling and Simulation

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Overview

- Generate 6 groups of VaR and CVaR result for each portfolio and each confidence level:
 - ❖ True distribution and corresponding normal distribution with mean and variance from true distribution;
 - ❖ Monte Carlo 1 and corresponding normal distribution with mean and variance from MC1 distribution;
 - ❖ Monte Carlo 2 and corresponding normal distribution with mean and variance from MC2 distribution.
- Compare the effectiveness for MC methods.

Credit worthiness Index



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$$w_j = \beta_j y_{j(k)} + \sigma_j z_j$$

sensitivity of CP j to the credit driver \downarrow

$\sigma_j = \sqrt{1 - \beta_j^2}$ \downarrow

systemic risk credit driver factor \uparrow $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$ \uparrow idiosyncratic component independent across CPs j

correlated credit drivers

`sqrt_rho = (chol(rho))';`

`% Cholesky decomp of rho (for generating correlated Normal random numbers)`

Loss for each bond

- $[Ltemp, CS] = \max(prob, [], 2);$
- $exposure(:, 1) = (1 - recov_rate) .* exposure(:, 1);$
- $CS_Bdry = \text{norminv}(\text{cumsum}(prob(:, 1:C-1), 2));$

Use exposure and CS_Bdry to determine losses

Hint : try find() or bsxfun() or others...

Var and CVar Estimation

From MC simulation:

- Given a random sample of size N , let $\lambda_{(k)}$ be the k^{th} order statistic, i.e.,

$$\lambda_{(1)} \leq \lambda_{(2)} \leq \dots \leq \lambda_{(N)}$$

- An estimate of VaR_α is $\text{VaR}_{\alpha,N} = \ell_{(\lceil N\alpha \rceil)}$

- An estimate of CVaR_α is

$$\text{CVaR}_{\alpha,N} = \frac{1}{N(1-\alpha)} \left[(\lceil N\alpha \rceil - N\alpha) \ell_{(\lceil N\alpha \rceil)} + \sum_{k=\lceil N\alpha \rceil+1}^N \ell_{(k)} \right]$$

Var and CVar Estimation

From Normal Distribution:

VaR for Normally distributed losses:

$$\text{VaR}_{\alpha}^{\mathcal{N}} = \mu_{\mathcal{L}} + \Phi^{-1}(\alpha) \cdot \sigma_{\mathcal{L}}$$

CVaR for Normally distributed losses:

$$\text{CVaR}_{\alpha}^{\mathcal{N}} = \mu_{\mathcal{L}} + \frac{\phi(\Phi^{-1}(\alpha))}{1 - \alpha} \cdot \sigma_{\mathcal{L}}$$

Φ is the cdf of $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$

ϕ is the pdf of $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$

Mu and sigma from MC simulation

Show Your Work and Thinking



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Small suggestion: If MC takes too much time,
you can try `sparse()` which will be helpful

