

Use Case:

1. View public info

Anyone can view flights and flight status based on date

```
SELECT *
FROM flight
WHERE flight.airport_code=%s AND flight.arrival_airport_code=%s AND
DATE(flight.departure)=%s and flight.departure > NOW()""
```

---Searches database for flights with match departure and destination airport codes and departure date. Doesn't allow for viewing of past flights.

---Query used a second time if there is a round-trip flight with the return date and the airports swapped

2. Register

Customers and Staff can register on different pages. They have to input all of the required information.

```
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (%s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s)
INSERT INTO Staff VALUES (%s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s)
```

---Information is grabbed from form and inserted into designated tables of database

3. Login

Customers and staff can login. Username/email and password must match database for success

```
SELECT password FROM Customer WHERE email = %s
SELECT password FROM Staff WHERE username = %s
```

---checks password based on email/username in correct table

customer:

1. view my flights

Customer can view all upcoming flights

```
SELECT flight.airline_name, flight.airport_code, flight.arrival, flight.departure,
flight.arrival_airport_code, flight.base_price, flight.Status, flight.flight_num
FROM ticket INNER JOIN flight ON ticket.flight_num = flight.flight_num
WHERE ticket.email = %s and flight.departure > NOW()
```

---From ticket: finds all tickets under user's email

---uses the ticket number to get flight info to display

2. Search for flights

User can view flights and flight status based on date

```
SELECT *
```

FROM flight
WHERE flight.airport_code=%s AND flight.arrival_airport_code=%s AND
DATE(flight.departure)=%s and flight.departure > NOW()""
---Searches database for flights with match departure and destination airport codes and
departure date. Doesn't allow for viewing of past flights.
---Query used a second time if there is a round-trip flight with the return date and the airports
swapped

3. Purchase tickets

User can select from trip search results to purchase a ticket
SELECT MAX(ticket_id), MAX(purchase_id), NOW() FROM purchase
---Used to create a unique ticket id, finds the max ticket_id so we know that max + 1 doesn't
exist yet

INSERT INTO `Ticket` (`ticket_id`, `email`, `flight_num`, `rating`, `comments`, `calc_price`,
`first_name`, `last_name`, `dob`)
VALUES(%s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s)
---Inserts form information into ticket tables
INSERT INTO `Purchase` (`purchase_id`, `ticket_id`, `purchase_date_time`, `card_info`)
VALUES(%s, %s, %s, %s)
---Inserts needed info into purchase table

4. cancel trip

From user's homepage where they can view upcoming trips, they can cancel
DELETE
FROM Ticket
WHERE flight_num=%s and email=%s
---Flight num is stored in results and used when cancel is clicked along with logged in email
---Deleted data from Ticket

5. give ratings and comments on past trips

User can view past flights and from there leave comments and ratings
UPDATE Ticket
SET rating=%s, comments=%s
WHERE email=%s and ticket_id=%s
---Updates ticket table by finding ticket row and changing the rating and comment values

6. track my spending

Users can see there past year and 6 months of spending. They can also specify a range.

SELECT SUM(ticket.calc_price) as amount
FROM Purchase JOIN Ticket ON Purchase.ticket_id = Ticket.ticket_id
WHERE email=%s and purchase.purchase_date_time BETWEEN %s and %s

GROUP BY Ticket.email

---sums the calculated ticket price between the two specified dates using the user's email

```
SELECT SUM(ticket.calc_price) as amount
```

```
FROM Purchase JOIN Ticket ON Purchase.ticket_id = Ticket.ticket_id
```

```
WHERE email=%s and purchase.purchase_date_time > %s
```

```
GROUP BY Ticket.email
```

---sums the calculated ticket price in the last year using the user's email

```
SELECT DATE_FORMAT(Purchase.purchase_date_time, '%%Y-%%m') AS month,
```

```
SUM(ticket.calc_price) AS totalSpent
```

```
FROM Purchase JOIN Ticket ON Purchase.ticket_id = Ticket.ticket_id
```

```
WHERE Ticket.email = %s and purchase.purchase_date_time > %s
```

```
GROUP BY month
```

```
ORDER BY month ASC
```

---Views purchases by month and sums the user's ticket calc prices of each month they spent money in the last six months

```
SELECT DATE_FORMAT(Purchase.purchase_date_time, '%%Y-%%m') AS month,
```

```
SUM(ticket.calc_price) AS totalSpent
```

```
FROM Purchase
```

```
JOIN Ticket ON Purchase.ticket_id = Ticket.ticket_id
```

```
WHERE email=%s AND purchase.purchase_date_time BETWEEN %s AND %s
```

```
GROUP BY month
```

```
ORDER BY month ASC
```

---Views purchases by month and sums the user's ticket calc prices of each month they spent money between two dates

7. logout

user can logout which ends session and takes them to homepage

no query

staff:

1. view flights

shows future flights of the airline the staff works for

```
SELECT * FROM flight WHERE departure > NOW() and departure < NOW() + INTERVAL 1 MONTH
```

---Selects all flights where departure is between now and in one month

2. create new flight

staff can use form to add flight to flight table of database

```
INSERT INTO flight VALUES (%s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s)
```

---Inserts form information into flight table

3. change status

staff can choose airplane and change the status to on time or delayed

```
UPDATE Flight SET status = %s WHERE airplane_id = %s
```

---Finds airplane in flight to change status in database

4. add airplane

staff can use form to add airplane to airplane table of database

```
INSERT INTO Airplane VALUES (%s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s)
```

---Inserts form information into airplane table

5. add airport

staff can use form to add airport to airport table of database

```
INSERT INTO Airport VALUES (%s, %s, %s, %s, %s)
```

---Inserts form information into airport table

6. view flight ratings

staff can see flight's average ratings and the comments and ratings from Customers

```
SELECT ticket.rating, ticket.flight_num, ticket.comments
```

```
FROM Ticket INNER JOIN Flight ON Ticket.flight_num = Flight.flight_num
```

---Grabs comments and ratings from ticket based on flight

7. schedule maintenance

staff can use form to add maintenance period to maintenance table of database

```
INSERT INTO Maitenance VALUES (%s, %s, %s)
```

---Inserts form information into maintenance table

8. view frequent customers

staff can view most frequent customer and select a customer and view their flights

```
SELECT Ticket.email, COUNT(*) AS flight_count
```

```
FROM Ticket INNER JOIN Flight ON Ticket.flight_num = Flight.flight_num WHERE  
Flight.departure > DATE_SUB(NOW(), INTERVAL 1 YEAR)
```

```
GROUP BY Ticket.email
```

```
ORDER BY flight_count DESC LIMIT 1
```

---Counts flights of customers and chooses one with most

```
SELECT DISTINCT email FROM Ticket
```

---Selects all customers in database

```
SELECT Flight.flight_num, Flight.departure, Flight.arrival, Flight.airport_code,  
Flight.arrival_airport_code
```

```
FROM Ticket INNER JOIN Flight ON Ticket.flight_num = Flight.flight_num
WHERE Ticket.email = %s
---Views flight information based on customer
```

9. view earned revenue

staff can see total revenue from last month and last year

```
SELECT base_price, departure FROM Flight
```

Gets the departure and price for each flight to later be used to calculate revenue

10. logout

staff can logout which ends session and takes them to homepage

no query