9/2/2014 The Verh Phrase



The Verb Phrase

Recognize a *verb phrase* when you see one.

Every **sentence** must have a **verb**. To depict doable activities, writers use **action verbs**. To describe conditions, writers choose **linking verbs**.

Sometimes an action or condition occurs just once—pow!—and it's over. Read these two short sentences:

Offering her license and registration, Selena **sobbed** in the driver's seat.

Officer Carson was unmoved.

Other times, the activity or condition continues over a long stretch of time, happens predictably, or occurs in relationship to other events. In these instances, a single-word verb like **sobbed** or **was** cannot accurately describe what

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happened, so writers use multipart verb phrases to communicate what they mean. As many as four words can comprise a verb phrase.

A main or base verb indicates the type of action or condition, and <u>auxiliary</u>—or *helping*—verbs convey the other nuances that writers want to express.

Read these three examples:

The tires **screeched** as Selena **mashed** the accelerator.

Selena *is* always *disobeying* the speed limit.

Selena **should have been driving** with more care, for then she **would** not **have gotten** her third ticket this year.

In the first sentence, **screeched** and **mashed**, single-word verbs, describe the quick actions of both the tires and Selena.

Since Selena has an inclination to speed, *is disobeying* [a two-word verb] communicates the frequency of her law breaking. The auxiliary verbs that comprise *should have been driving* [a four-word verb] and *would have gotten* [a three-word verb] express not only time relationships but also evaluation of Selena's actions.

Realize that an adverb is *not* part of the verb phrase.

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Since a verb phrase might use up to four words, a short <u>adverb</u>—such as <u>also</u>, <u>never</u>, or <u>not</u>—might try to sneak in between the parts. When you find an adverb snuggled in a verb phrase, it is still an adverb, not part of the verb. Read these examples:

For her birthday, Selena would **also** like a radar detector.

Would like = verb; also = adverb.

To avoid another speeding ticket, Selena will **never again** take her eyes off the road to fiddle with the radio.

Will take = verb; never, again =
adverbs.

Despite the stern warning from Officer Carson, Selena has **not** lightened her foot on the accelerator.

Has lightened = verb; not =
adverb.



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