

The Infinitive Phrase

Recognize an *infinitive phrase* when you see one.

An infinitive phrase will begin with an **infinitive** [to + simple form of the verb]. It will include objects and/or **modifiers**. Here are some examples:

To smash a spider

To kick the ball past the dazed goalie

To lick the grease from his shiny fingers despite the disapproving glances of his girlfriend Gloria

Infinitive phrases can function as **nouns**, **adjectives**, or **adverbs**. Look at these examples:

To finish her shift without spilling another pizza into a

The Infinitive Phrase

customer's lap is Michelle's
only goal tonight.

To finish her shift without spilling another pizza into a customer's lap functions as a noun because it is the subject of the sentence.

Lakesha hopes to win the approval of her mother by switching her major from fine arts to pre-med.

To win the approval of her mother functions as a noun because it is the direct object for the verb hopes.

The best way to survive Dr.

Peterson's boring history
lectures is a sharp pencil to
stab in your thigh if you catch
yourself drifting off.

To survive Dr. Peterson's boring history lectures functions as an adjective because it modifies way.

Kelvin, an aspiring comic book artist, is taking Anatomy and Physiology this semester to understand the interplay of muscle and bone in the human body.

To understand the interplay of muscle and bone in the human

body functions as an adverb because it explains *why* Kelvin is taking the class.

Punctuate an infinitive phrase correctly.

When an infinitive phrase introduces a **main clause**, separate the two sentence components with a comma. The pattern looks like this:



Read this example:

To avoid burning another bag of popcorn, Brendan pressed his nose against the microwave door, sniffing suspiciously.

When an infinitive phrase breaks the flow of a main clause, use a comma both before and after the **interrupter**. The pattern looks like this:

Here is an example:

Those basketball shoes, to be perfectly honest, do not complement the suit you are planning to wear to the

interview.

When an infinitive phrase concludes a main clause, you need no punctuation to connect the two sentence parts. The pattern looks like this:



Check out this example:

Janice and her friends went to the mall to flirt with the cute guys who congregate at the food court.



Printer Fabulous!

Home • Terms • Exercises • Handouts • Rules • Shop • Feedback

©1997 - 2014 by Robin L. Simmons* All Rights Reserved.

VALID HTML