
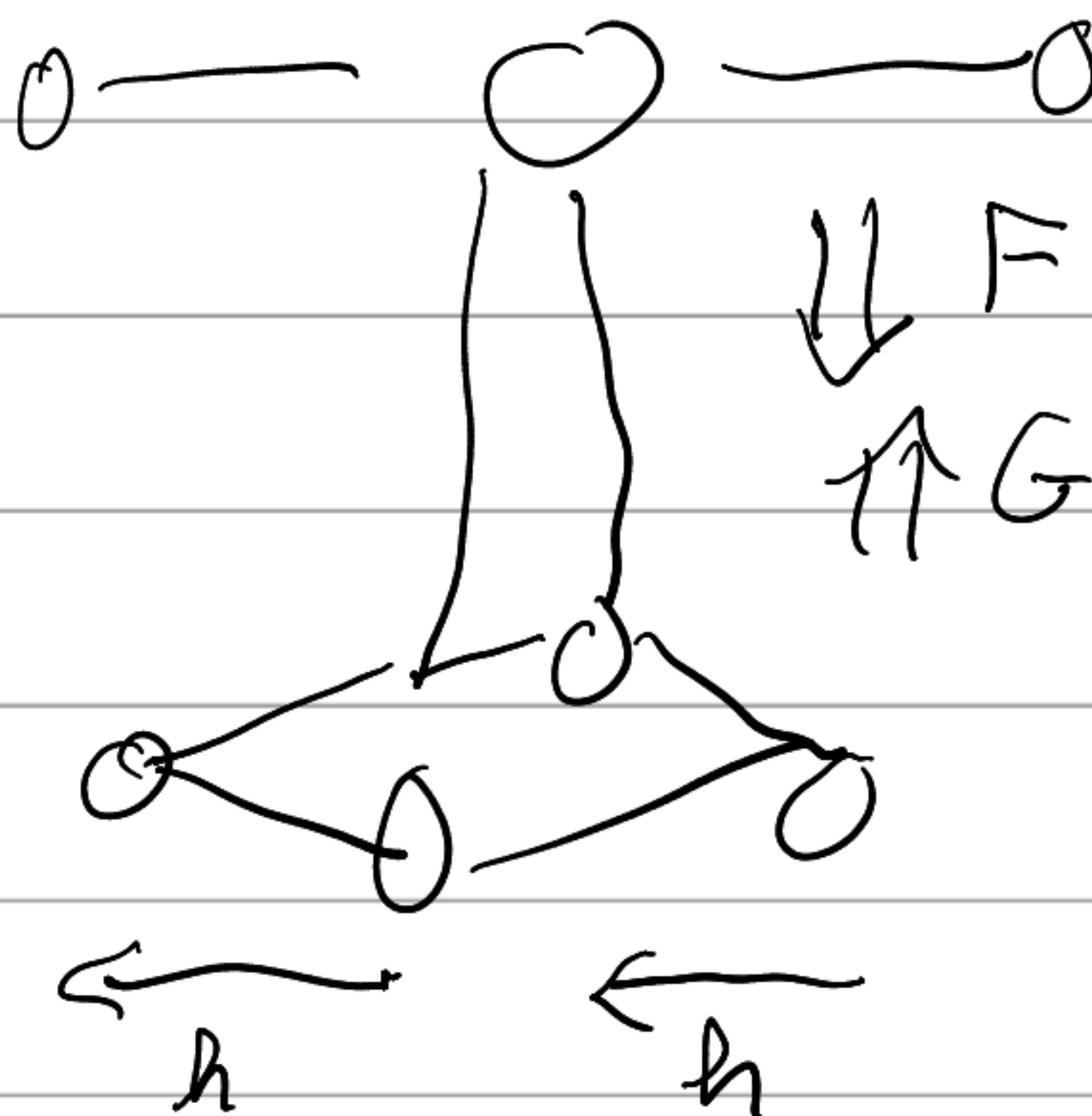


Revisiting Anosov

Picture, $\mathbb{C}P^1$

- $dF = 0 \rightarrow$ complex morphisms
- $Gd = 0$
- $G \circ f = Id$  ≈ 0
- $F \circ G \circ f = Id + d h$



Def $\Omega \xrightleftharpoons[F]{G} \overline{\Omega}$

, then G is a "deformation retraction" of F if

- $h: \Omega_a \rightarrow \Omega_{a-1}$ s.t. $hF = 0$
- $GF = Id$
- $Id - FG = d_\Omega h + h d_\Omega$

$hF = 0, Id - GF \neq 0$

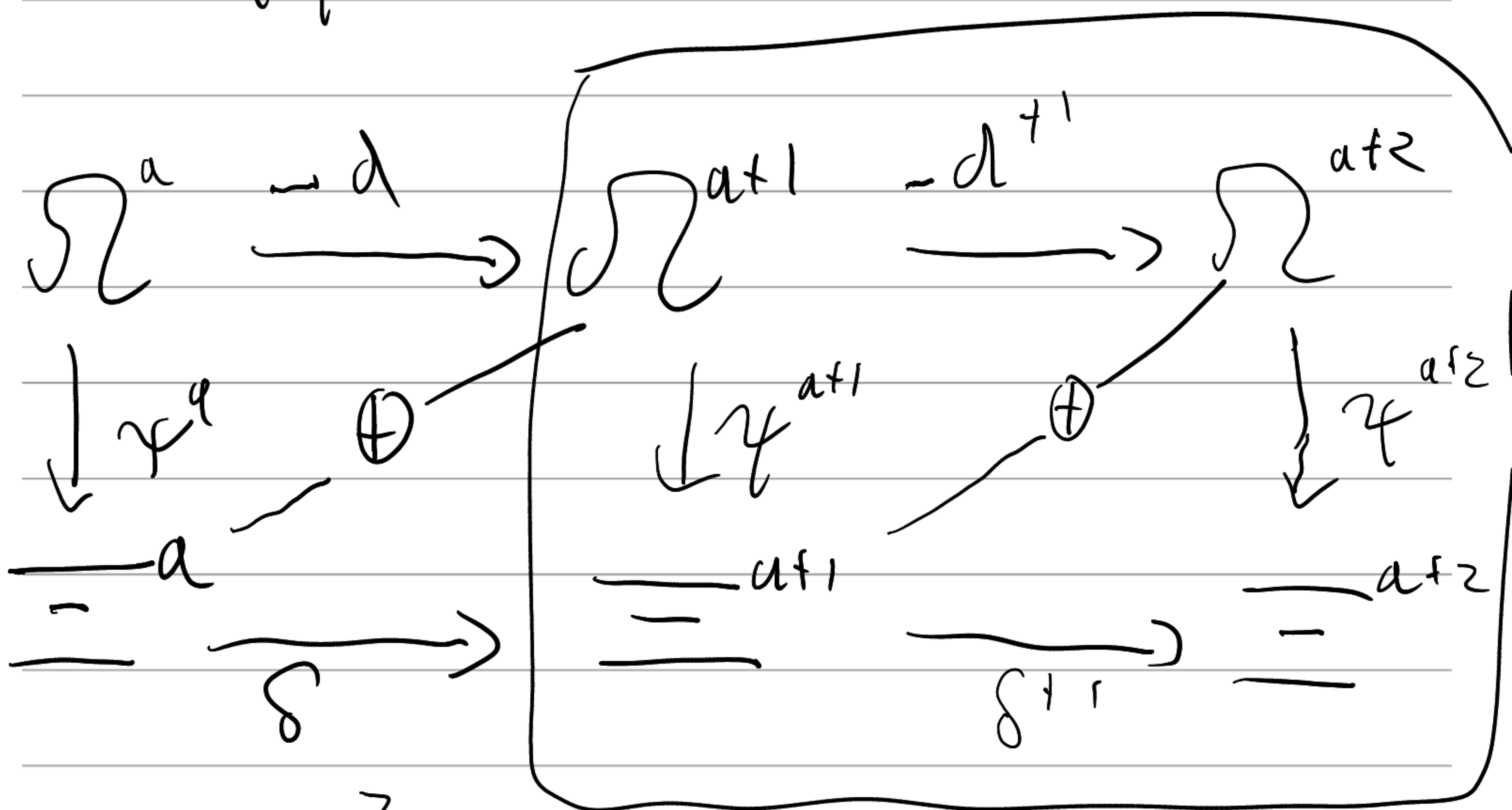
$$\gamma: \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$d: \Omega, \delta \mathbb{R}$$

def "cone" $\Gamma(\gamma)$

$$\Gamma(\gamma)^a = \Omega^{a+1} \oplus \mathbb{R}^a$$

$$d_F := \begin{pmatrix} -d^{a+1} & 0 \\ \gamma^{a+1} & \delta^a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -d^{+1} & 0 \\ \gamma^{+1} & \delta \end{pmatrix}$$



$$d_F^2 = \begin{pmatrix} d^2 & 0 \\ -\gamma^{+2} d^{+1} + \delta^{+1} \gamma^{+1} & \delta^2 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{1st} \quad D &\simeq \bigoplus V_\alpha = \bigoplus V_{0,\alpha} \oplus V_{1,\beta} \\ &\simeq D_0 \oplus \perp D_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma = \text{[diagram of a box with a wavy line inside]} &= \Gamma(\gamma) [I \perp] \\ \text{[diagram of a box with a wavy line inside]} &\simeq \text{[diagram of a box with a wavy line inside]} + \perp \text{[diagram of a box with a wavy line inside]} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{lemma: } \gamma: \Omega \rightarrow \equiv$$

$$\Gamma(\gamma F) \simeq \Gamma(\gamma) \simeq \Gamma(F' \gamma)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} h & \Omega & \xrightarrow{\gamma} \equiv & h \\ & \begin{array}{c} F \uparrow \downarrow G \\ \Omega' \end{array} & & \begin{array}{c} G' \uparrow \downarrow F' \\ \equiv \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{e.g.} \quad & [L \text{ [diagram of a box with a wavy line inside]}] \\ & \begin{array}{c} G \uparrow \downarrow F \\ L \cup \cap \end{array} \end{aligned}$$

$$R_{\perp}$$

$$R_{II}: \text{Diagram 1} \cong \text{Diagram 2} \quad R_{III}$$

$$\gamma: \text{Diagram 3} : \text{Diagram 4} \rightarrow \text{Diagram 5}$$

$$\Gamma(\gamma) \quad F \uparrow \downarrow R_{II}$$

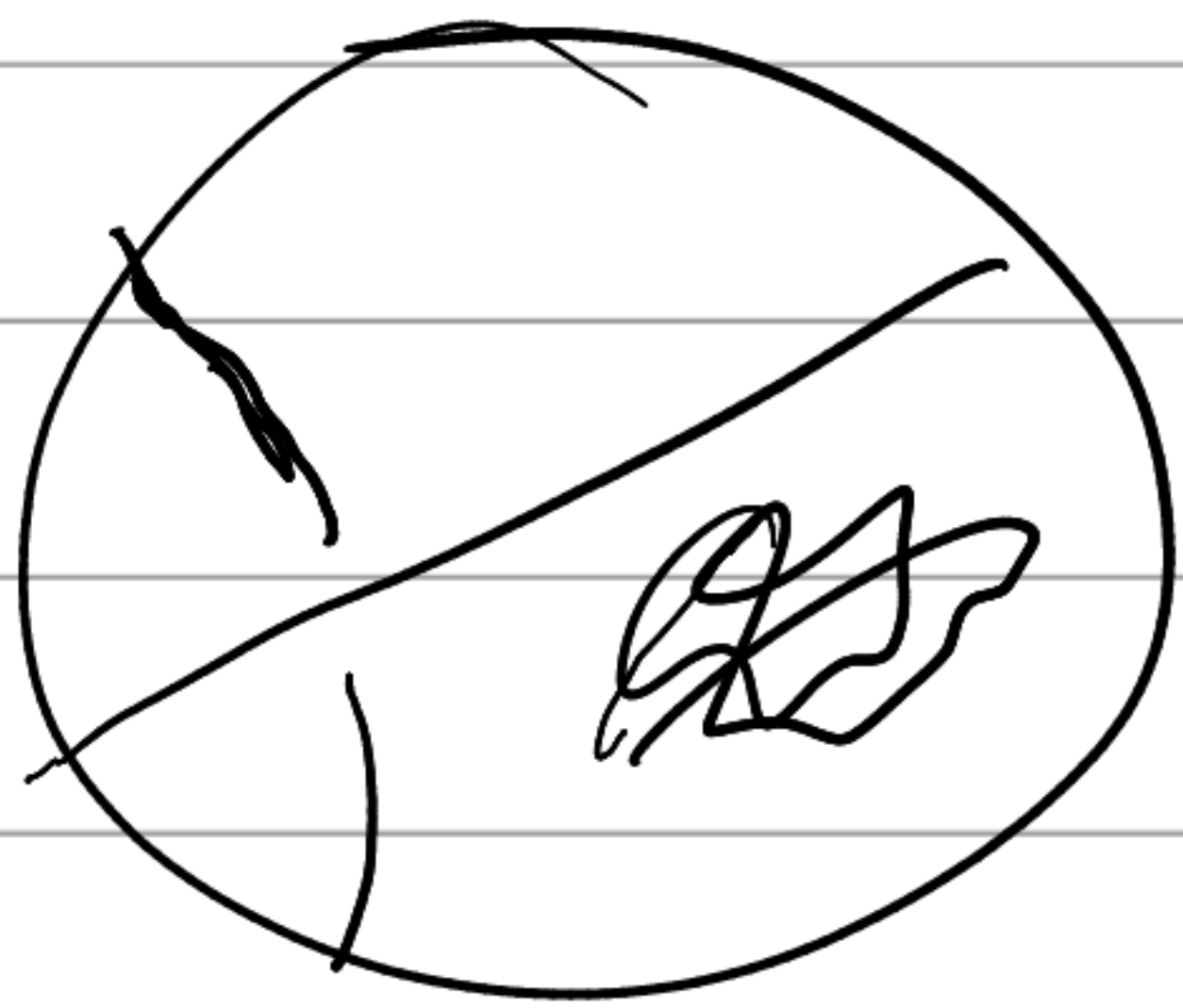
$$\Gamma(\gamma F) \quad \text{Diagram 6} \cong \text{Diagram 7}$$

$$\Phi: \text{Diagram 8} : \text{Diagram 9} \rightarrow \text{Diagram 10}$$

$$\Gamma(\Phi) \quad G' \uparrow \downarrow$$

$$\Gamma(\Phi G') \cong \Gamma(\gamma F)$$

tangles are arcs in discs

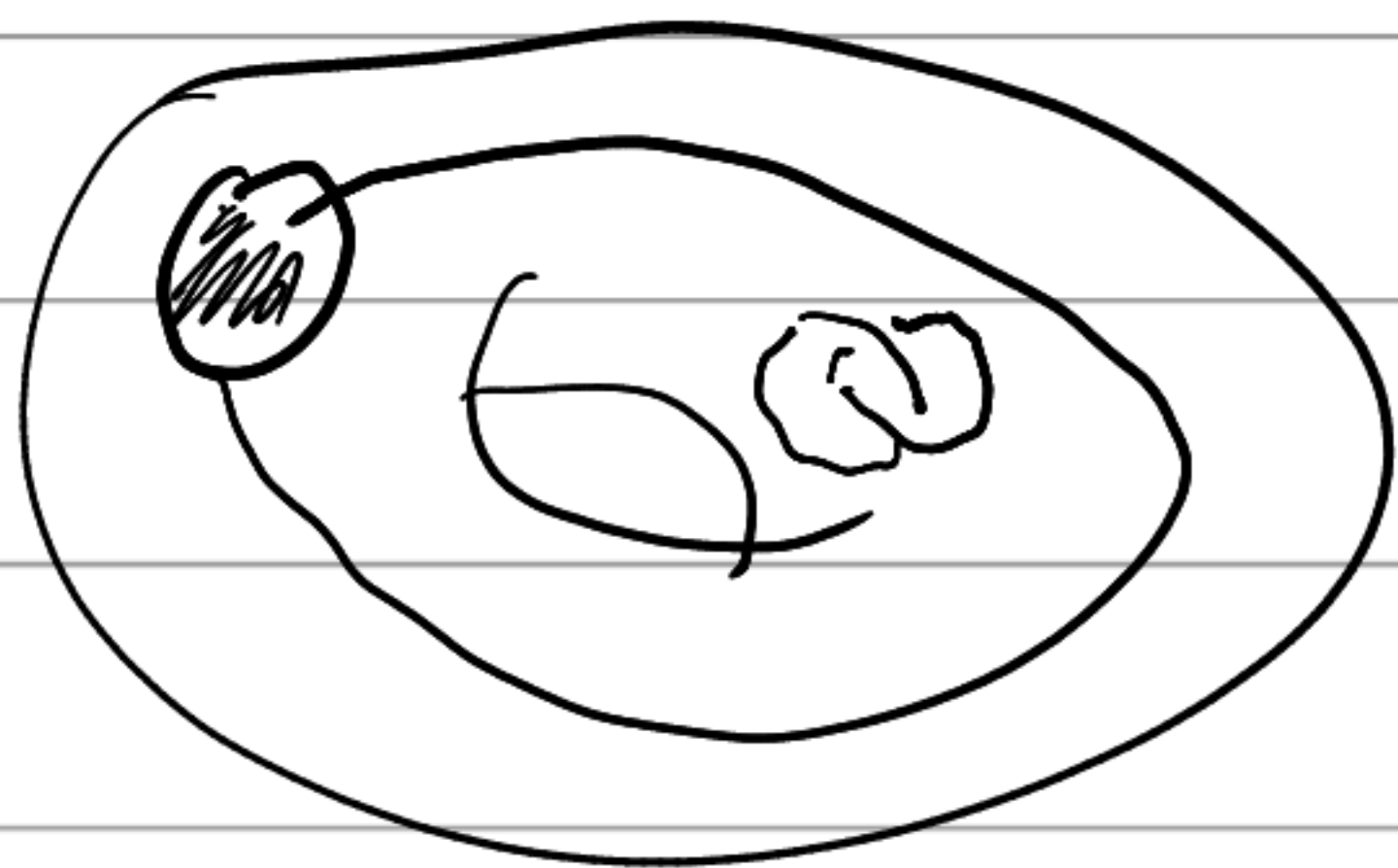


$f^0(k)$ = isotopy class
with k ends

$t(k)$ mod Reidemeister

Closed surfaces with boundaries

$S_g \setminus$ open discs



$t(k, g, m)$

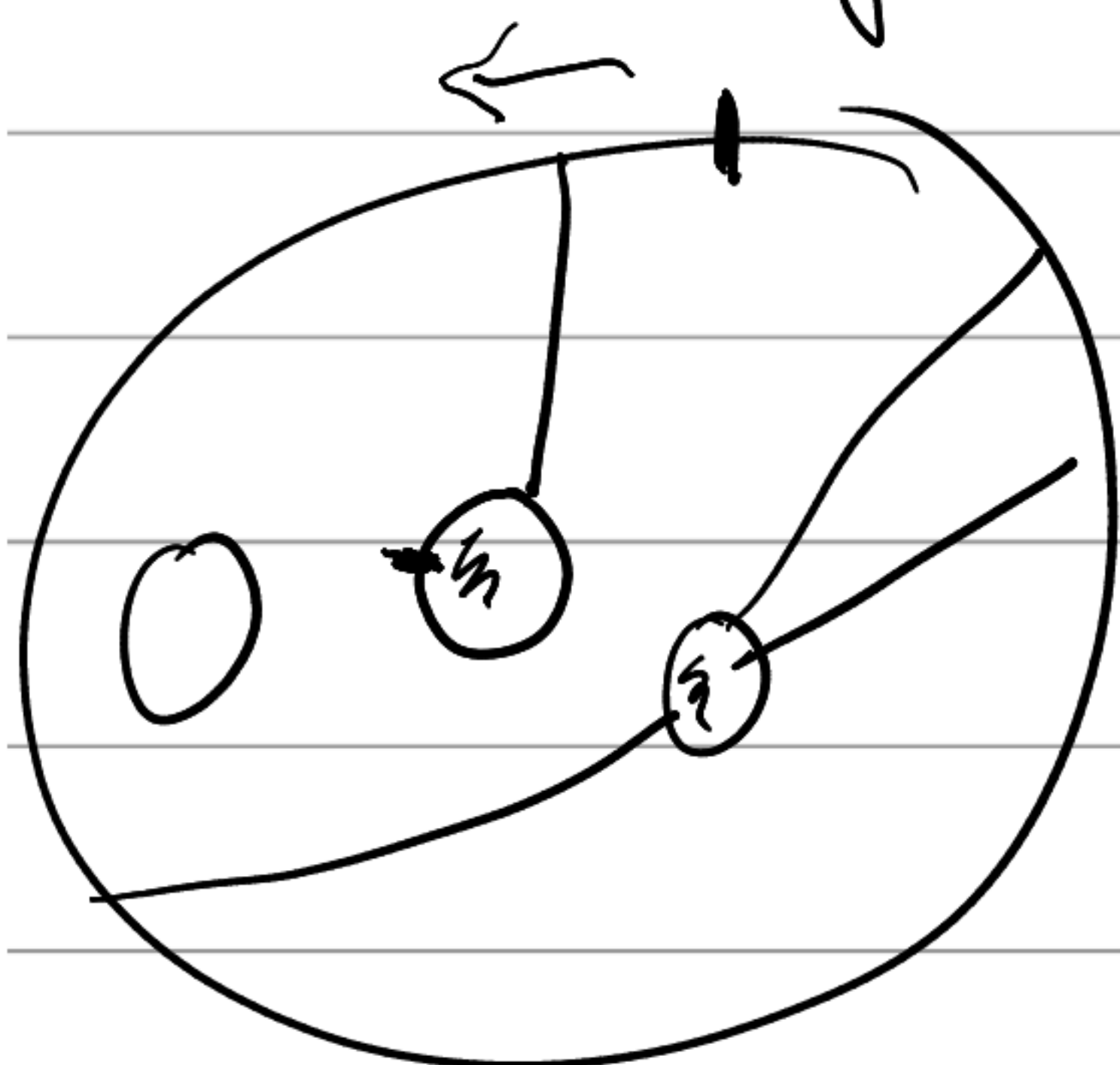
\downarrow
genus

\downarrow
discs removed

Def. planar arc diagram

- a disc with d internal discs removed
- on each of the $d+1$ discs "marking"

- non-intersecting arcs / mod isotopies



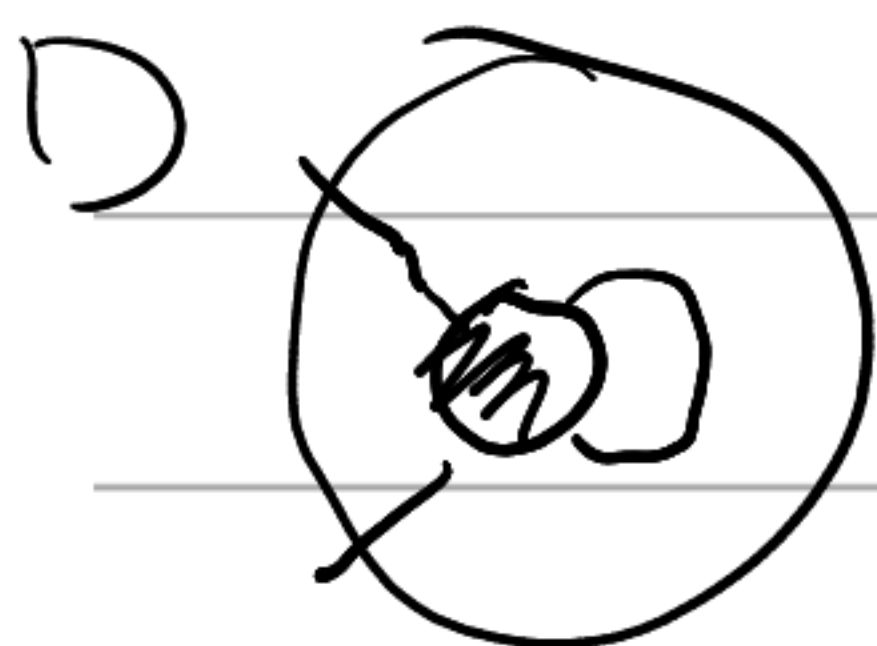
D d discs removed
 $k_1 \dots k_d, k_{d+1}$
 \hookrightarrow

$$D: T^0(k_1) \times \dots \times T^0(k_d) \rightarrow T^0(k_{d+1})$$

\uparrow

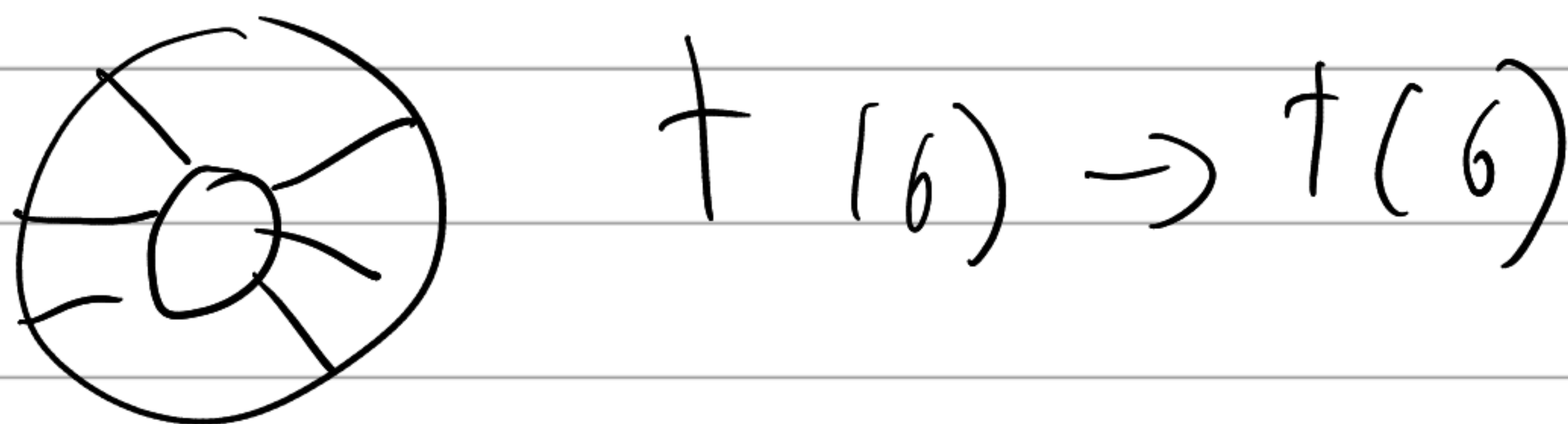
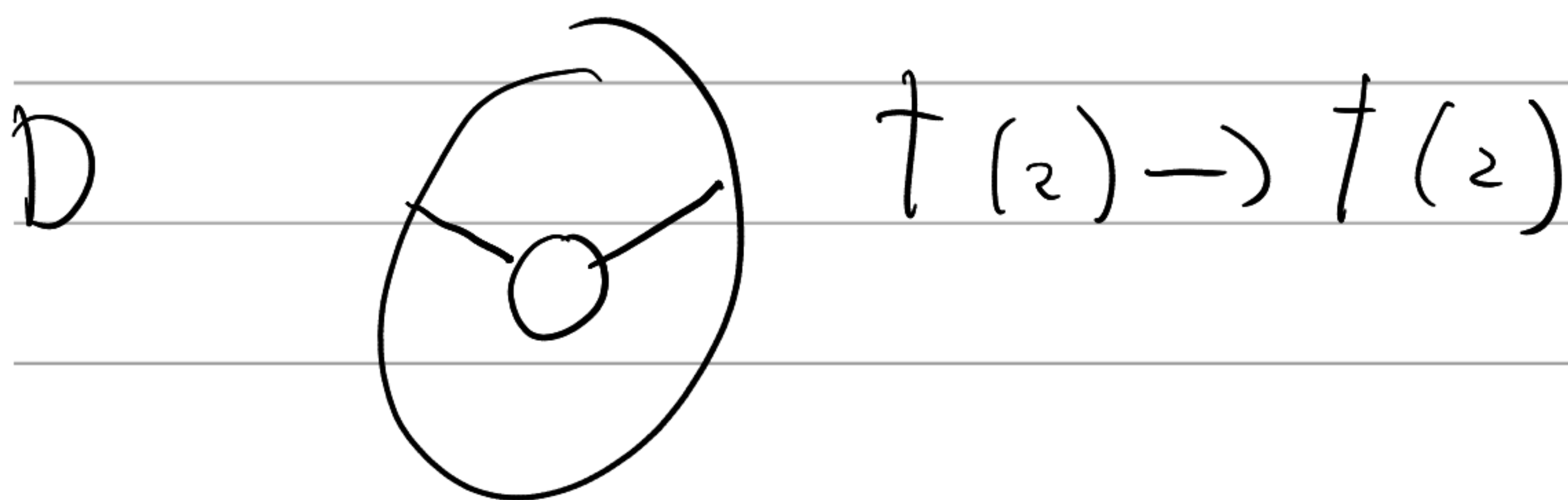
Reidemeister \hookrightarrow Reidemeister external lines

$$D: T(k_1) \times \dots \times T(k_d) \rightarrow T(k_{d+1})$$



$$T(2) = \text{diagram of two crossing lines in a circle}$$

$$\text{diagram of a line crossing itself in a circle} \sim \text{diagram of a circle}$$



Planar algebras : $P(k)$

planar diagrams \leadsto planar diagram maps

$$D \leadsto D_p : P(k_1) \times \dots \times P(k_d) \rightarrow P(k_{d+1})$$

$$P(k) = \dagger(k) = \text{Alg}(\text{Col}_{1/e}(k))$$

$$P(k) = \text{Mor}(\text{Col}(k)) \quad D \times \mathbb{I}$$

$$\text{Mat}(\text{Mor}(\text{Col}))$$

$$\text{Kom}(\text{Mat}(\text{Mor}(\text{Col})))$$

$$\{\Omega_i, d_i\}_{i \in \mathbb{Z}}$$

$$\Omega_D^{\mathbb{Z}} := \sum_{\mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{Z}_1 + \dots} D(\Omega_1^{\mathbb{Z}_1}, \dots, \Omega_s^{\mathbb{Z}_s})$$

$$d_D = \sum_{i=1, \dots, s} (-1)^{(\dots)} D(I_{\mathbb{Z}_1}, \dots, d_i, \dots, I_{\mathbb{Z}_s})$$

$$d_D^2 = i \wedge -ji, \quad i^2 \quad d_i^2 = 0$$

$$\psi: \Omega_i \rightarrow \Omega_i'$$

$$D(I, \dots, \psi, \dots): D(\Omega_1, \dots)$$

$$\rightarrow D(\Omega_1, \dots, \Omega_i', \dots, \Omega_s)$$

$$\underbrace{\rightarrow C} \Rightarrow Ch(C)$$

$$T \rightsquigarrow D_+ \quad 1 \dots n$$

$$[[\tau]] = D_+([x_1], \dots, [x_n])$$