# Choice of topics 1 - Topics in Topology

All students have to give two 30-minute talks in this course. To accompany the talk, a detailed handout must be elaborated. Here we assign the first talk to everyone. You must choose **one** of the following topics and send your choice to j.becerra@rug.nl. OP=OP!

#### List of talks

#### 1. **Homology**\* (10 February)

CW complexes. Define homology for CW-complexes (that is, *define* homology as cellular homology, not as singular homology). Long exact sequence.

References: Hatcher or the Mastermath course lecture notes, or §5.6 - 5.7 of Turaev's Introduction to combinatorial torsions for this direct approach.

#### 2. **Homotopy groups**\* (10 February)

Definition, group structure. The van Kampen theorem. Relation between  $\pi_1$  and  $H_1$ . The homotopy groups of spheres  $\pi_k(S^n)$  for  $k \leq n$ .

References: Hatcher or the Mastermath course lecture notes.

## 3. Classification of closed, connected, orientable surfaces I (17 February)

Use handle decomposition to show that the only closed, connected 1-manifold is  $S^1$ . Describe handle decompositions for  $S^2$  and  $T^2$  with one 0-handle and one 2-handle. Describe a handle decomposition for the connected sum of surfaces. Show that any handle decomposition of a surface can be modified so that all 1-handles are attached to the 0-handle.

References: This exercise sheet and this document by Marc Kegel.

#### 4. Classification of closed, connected, orientable surfaces II (17 February)

Kirby diagrams for surfaces. Show how they uniquely determine a surface. Exhibit Kirby diagrams for  $S^2$  and  $\#_k T^2$ . Show how a Kirby diagram changes through a handle slide. Show that any closed, connected, orientable surface is  $S^2$  or  $\#_k T^2$  by transforming the Kirby diagram of an arbitrary surface to a Kirby diagram for  $S^2$  or  $\#_k T^2$ .

References: This exercise sheet and this document by Marc Kegel.

# 5. Handle decomposition of $\mathbb{RP}^n$ and $\mathbb{CP}^n$ (24 February)

Describe a handle decomposition of real and complex projective spaces. Explicitly compute the attaching maps and draw the handle decompositions for  $\mathbb{RP}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{CP}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{RP}^2$  and  $\mathbb{RP}^3$ .

References: Gompf-Stipsicz 4.2.4 and 4.2.5

### 6. The lens spaces L(p,q) (24 February)

Introduce the lens space L(p,q) as a quotient of  $S^3$ . Describe this space as a (-p/q)-surgery on the unknot (and show that both descriptions are equivalent). Compute its fundamental group and its homology groups.

References: Rolfsen §9.B, or Gompf-Stipsicz §5.2

# 7. The Poincaré homology 3-sphere I (3 March)

Describe the Poincaré homology sphere as (a) the quotient of  $S^3$  modulo the binary icosahedral group and (b) the Brieskorn manifold  $\Sigma(2,3,5)$ , and show that both descriptions are equivalent.

References: Kirby - Scharlemann's paper, or Rolfsen's book.

#### 8. The Poincaré homology 3-sphere II (3 March)

Describe the Poincaré homology sphere as (a) a manifold obtained from a planar Kirby diagram and (b) as (-1)-surgery on a left-handed trefoil, and show that both descriptions are equivalent.

References: Kirby - Scharlemann's paper, or Rolfsen's book.