



JavaScript

For the browser... and beyond!

Why learn JavaScript?

- ▶ It's a must for web development
 - ▶ JavaScript is the basis of popular front end frameworks like Angular and React
- ▶ It's useful in almost all software engineering and development jobs
 - ▶ With the rise of Node.js, JavaScript (and its superset TypeScript) have become go-to choices for full-stack development.
- ▶ It's easy to get started (as we're about to do !)
 - ▶ The tools you need are already downloaded in your favorite browser!



Start programming in 3 steps

- ▶ On any web page, hit the F12 key to see developer tools
- ▶ Find the "console"
- ▶ Copy and paste the following code into the console and hit enter:

```
alert("Welcome to JavaScript!");
```

Where in the web is JavaScript?

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_where_to.asp

- ▶ Embedded directly in HTML in `<script></script>` tags
- ▶ Referenced in external files
- ▶ Called from within HTML elements



HTML embedded JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
  <script>
    function getGreeting() {
      alert("Hello! ");
    };
  </script>
</head>
<body>
  <button id="submit" onclick="getGreeting()" >Say hi!</button>
</body>
</html>
```

External file reference

index.html

```
<html>
<head>
  <script src="myScript.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
  <button id="greet" onclick="getGreeting()" ">Say hi!</button>
</body>
</html>
```

myScript.js

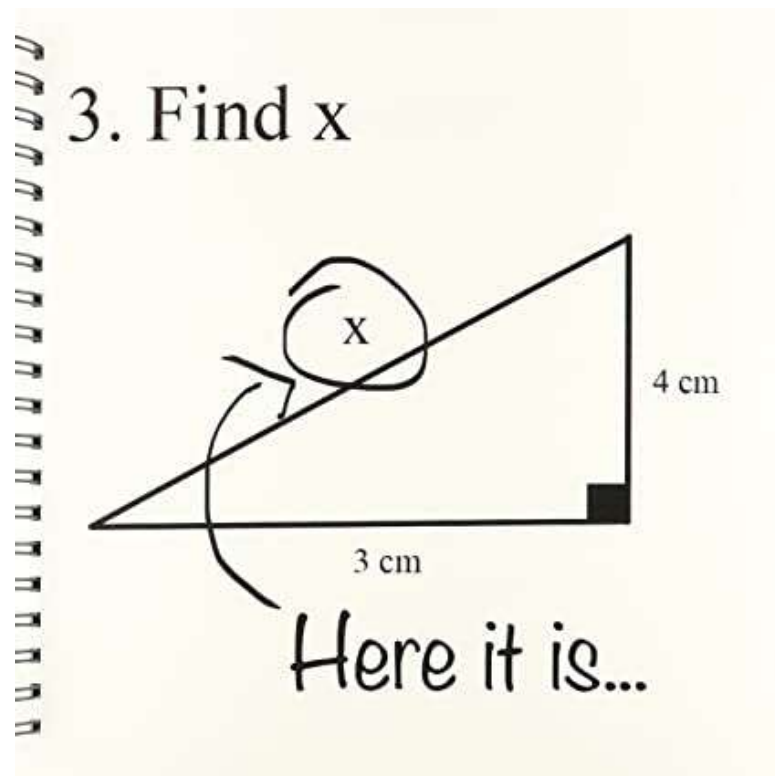
```
function getGreeting() {
  alert("Hello! ");
}
```

Within html elements

```
<html>  
<head>  
</head>  
<body>  
  <button id="submit" onclick="alert('Hello!');">submit</button>  
</body>  
</html>
```

Variables

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_variables.asp



Variables

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_variables.asp

- ▶ Variables represent values.
- ▶ Variables are a lot like the "nouns" of the language.
- ▶ Variables are used in statements or expressions.
- ▶ Types of variables:
 - ▶ String
 - ▶ Number
 - ▶ Boolean
 - ▶ Array
 - ▶ Many others (but we won't get into them today)



Variable declaration and assignment

- ▶ Variables are declared with a keyword
- ▶ There are three keywords that can be used:
 - ▶ let
 - ▶ const
 - ▶ var
- ▶ The differences are a bit nuanced for today's lesson, so we will only be using the "var" keyword.
- ▶ Variables can be assigned with an "assignment equals". This is often done in the same statement as declaration.
- ▶ Variables declared with the "var" keyword can be re-assigned as many times as needed.

Variable declaration and assignment

declaration
keyword name assignment
equals value

```
var firstName = "Mia";  
var lastName = "Lopez";
```

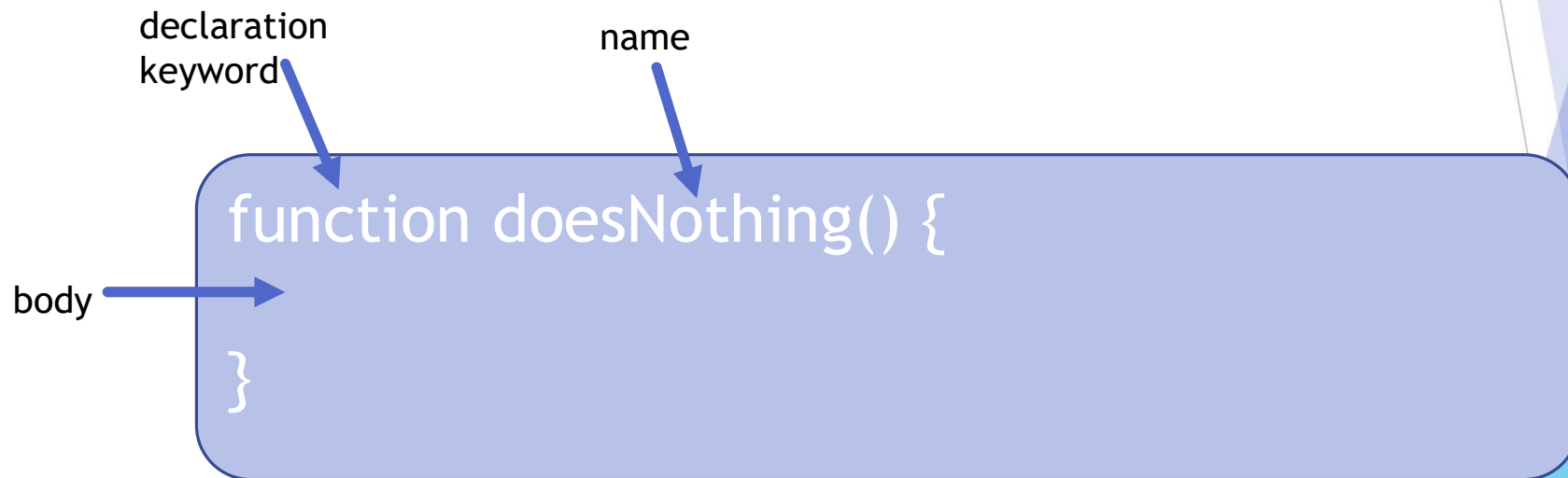
variable assignment

second variable assignment

Functions

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_functions.asp

Functions are subsets of code that perform a dedicated task. They are a lot like the "verbs of the language."



Functions can return output

declaration
keyword

name

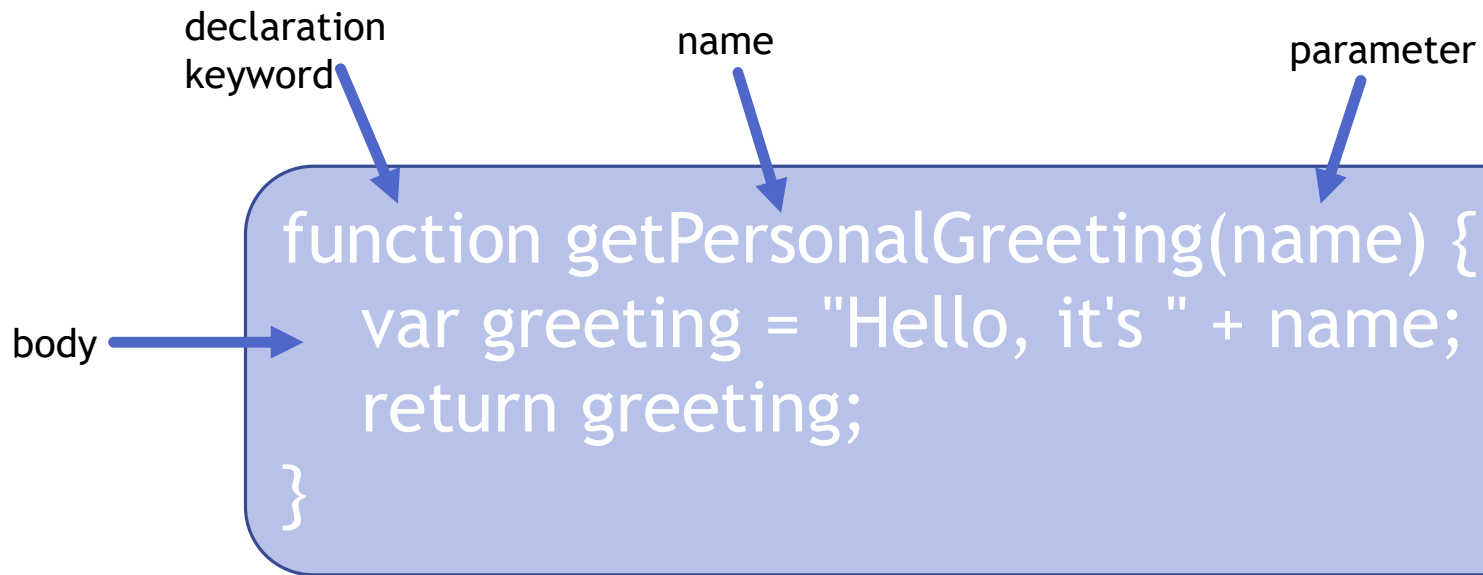
```
function getGreeting() {  
    var greeting = "Hello, it's me!";  
    return greeting;  
}
```

variable declaration

return statement

body

Functions can accept input



Functions can take multiple parameters

```
function getGreeting(firstName, lastName) {  
  var greeting = "Hello, it's " + firstName + " " + lastName;  
  return greeting;  
}
```

More on functions

- ▶ Functions are "called" from other blocks of code by their "name".
- ▶ Functions can have 0, 1, or many inputs (called parameters).
- ▶ Functions may or may not have output.
 - ▶ In JavaScript, if an output, or "return value" is not defined, it will return "undefined".



Semantics to make life easier

- ▶ JavaScript functions and variables are normally named in "camel case": the first letter of the first word in the name is lower case, and the first letter of each subsequent word is capitalized. Examples:
 - ▶ `setFireToTheRain`
 - ▶ `chasePavements`
 - ▶ `helloItsMe`
- ▶ Indentation is paramount for keeping code readable!
- ▶ For concision, it's always good practice to terminate a statement with a semicolon.

Starting our project

- ▶ Find and download the code to start your project on GitHub:
 - ▶ <https://github.com/j-f-zhang/dln-encoder>



Checkpoint #1

Open your project in VS Code (or text editor of choice)



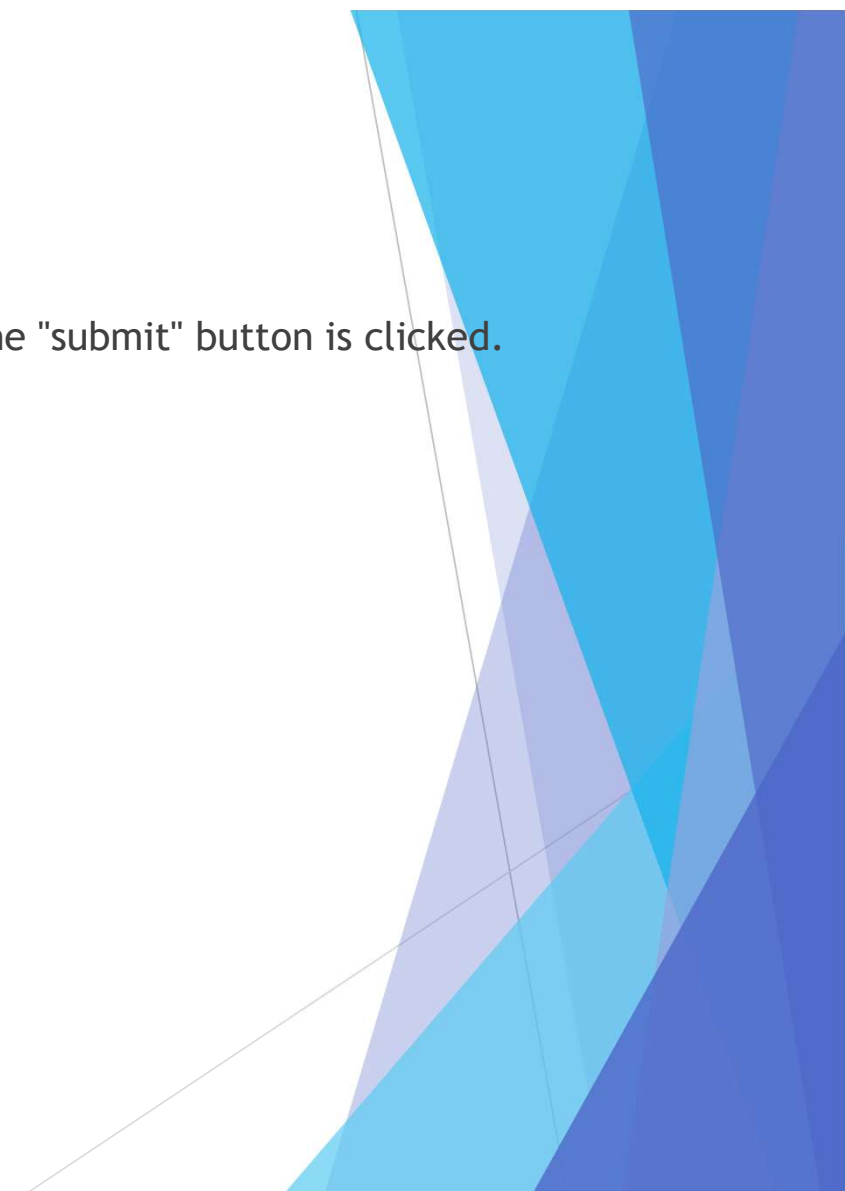
Checkpoint #2

Open your project page in a browser!



Checkpoint #3

An alert that reads "Welcome to Javascript!" shows up after the "submit" button is clicked.



Strings

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_strings.asp

- ▶ A string is a type of variable, surrounded by double quotes, single quotes, or backticks.
- ▶ There are several operators and functions that can be performed on strings
- ▶ One common operator is the plus operator, +
 - ▶ We can concatenate string variables and string literals to create new strings

```
var firstName = "Mia";  
var lastName = "Lopez";  
var fullName = firstName + " " + lastName;
```

variable String literal variable

variable assignment

variable assignment

String methods

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_string_methods.asp

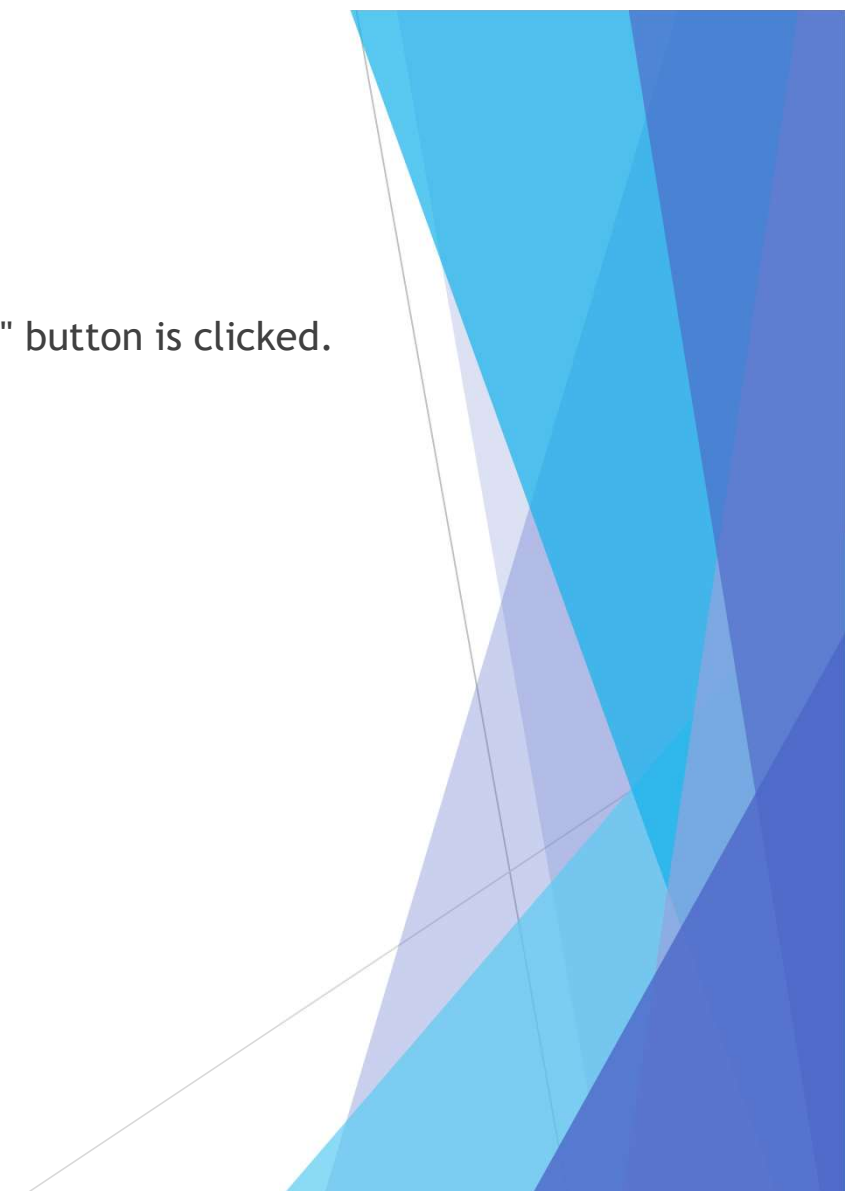
- ▶ There are many string methods to do things such as:
 - ▶ Get the length of a string
 - ▶ Find a string within a string
 - ▶ Extract a part of a string
 - ▶ Convert to upper and lower case
 - ▶ Access a character at a given position

String method examples

```
var lastName = "Patel";  
  
var length = lastName.length; // 5  
  
var allCaps = lastName.toUpperCase() // "PATEL"  
  
var firstCharacter = lastName[0]; // "P"  
  
var positionOfT = lastName.indexOf("t"); // 2  
  
var lastThreeCharacters = lastName.substring(2, 5); // "tel"
```


Checkpoint #4

An alert that reads "L****FMYY0MD" shows up after the "submit" button is clicked.



Checkpoint #5

Implement the `getFirstInitial` function!



Arrays

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_arrays.asp



Arrays

- ▶ Arrays are a single variable made up of multiple values
- ▶ Like strings, values within an array are zero-indexed and can be accessed by position using square brackets []

```
var penguin1 = "Emperor";  
var penguin2 = "King";  
var penguin3 = "Galapagos";  
  
var penguinSpecies = ["Emperor", "King", "Galapagos"];  
  
penguinSpecies[0]; // returns "Emperor"  
penguinSpecies[1]; // returns "King"  
penguinSpecies[2]; // returns "Galapagos"
```

Operators

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_operators.asp



Operators

```
// assignment operators:  
var x = 1; // assignment equals
```

```
// arithmetic operators:  
var x = 1 + 1; // addition  
var x = 1 - 1; // subtraction  
var x = 1 * 4; // multiplication  
var x = 1 / 4; // division  
var x = 1 % 1; // modulo
```

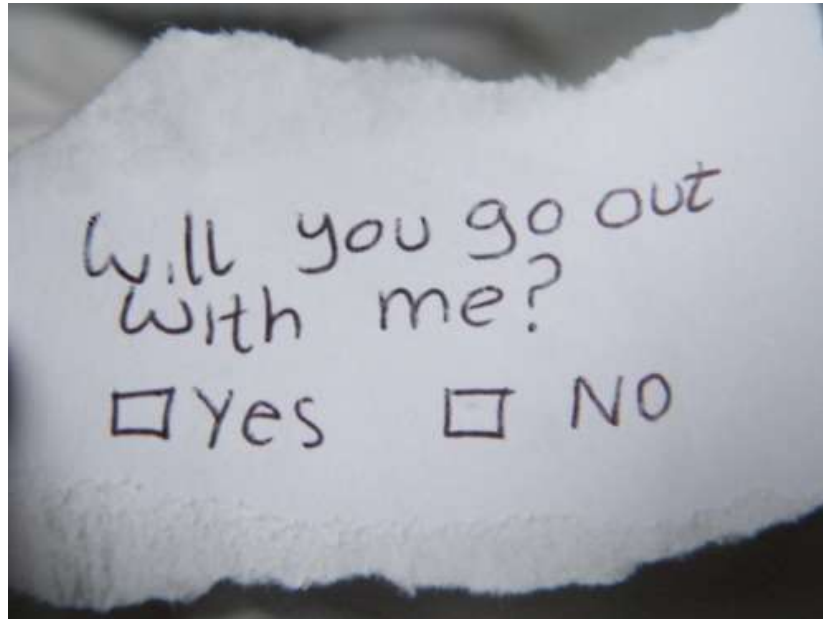
Modulo operator

- ▶ Using a modulo operator will return the remainder when the first number is divided by the second.
- ▶ This is a built-in operator in most programming languages, designated by the percent symbol %

```
var numerator = 13;  
var denominator = 10;  
var remainder = 13 % 10; // remainder's value is 3
```

Booleans

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_booleans.asp



Booleans

- ▶ A Boolean is a type of variable that can either be true or false.
- ▶ We can create Booleans with true/false literals or operators: ==, >, <

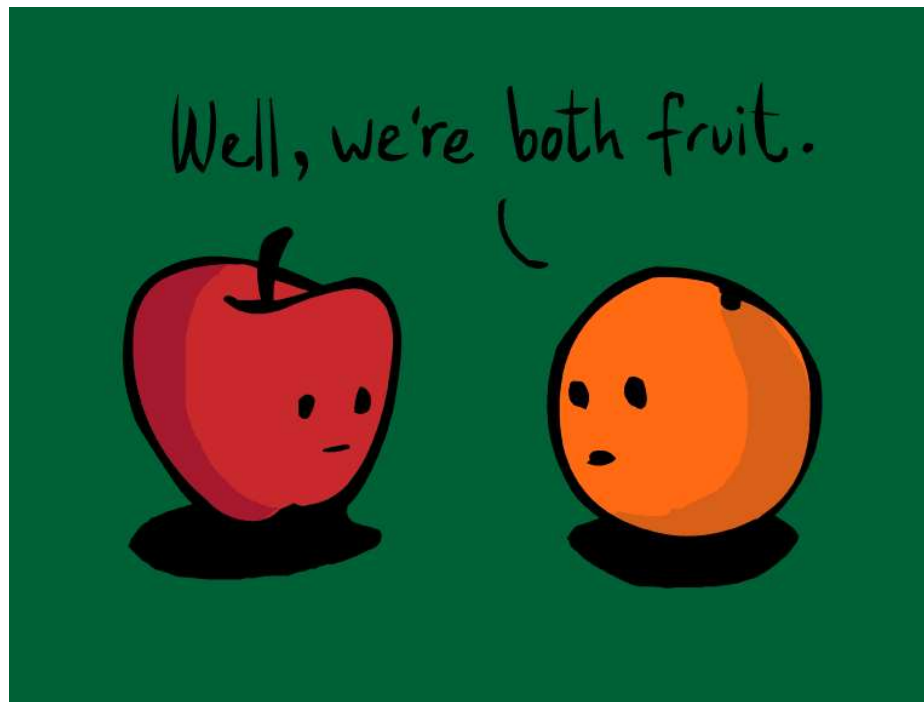
```
var isTheSkyBlue = true;  
var isTheGrassGreen = true;  
var canOstrichesFly = false;  
var canPenguinsFly = false;
```

```
(isTheSkyBlue == isTheGrassGreen); // this statement returns true  
(canOstrichesFly == canPenguinsFly); // this statement also returns true!  
(10 > 9); // this statement returns true  
(10 > 13); // this statement returns false
```

Conditions and comparisons

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_comparisons.asp

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_if_else.asp



Comparison operators

```
var x = 5;
```

```
x == 8; // returns false  
x == 5; // returns true  
x == "5"; // true
```

```
x != 8; // returns true  
x != 5; // returns false  
x != "5"; // false
```

```
x > 8; // returns false  
x < 8; // returns true  
x >= 8; // returns false  
x <= 8; // returns true
```

```
x < 5; // returns false  
x <= 5; // returns true  
x >= 5; // returns true
```

if and else

- ▶ If statements execute blocks of code if the specified condition is true
- ▶ Else statements execute a block of code if the specified condition is false

```
var isTheSkyBlue = true;

if(isTheSkyBlue){
    // this code block will be executed
    alert("The sky is blue!");
}

if(isTheSkyBlue){
    // this code block will be executed
    alert("The sky is blue!");
} else {
    // this code block will be ignored
    alert("The sky is not blue!");
}

if(10 < 9){
    // this code block will be ignored
    alert("Ten is less than nine!");
} else {
    // this code block will be executed
    alert("Ten is not less than nine!");
}
```

Logical operators

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_comparisons.asp

- ▶ We can combine or negate Booleans with logical operators
 - ▶ And &&
 - ▶ Or ||
 - ▶ Not !

```
var isTheSkyBlue = true;
var isTheSkyGreen = false;

if(isTheSkyBlue && isTheSkyGreen){
    // this code block will be executed
    alert("The sky is blue and green!");
} else {
    // this code block will be ignored
    alert("The sky is not both blue and green!");
}

if(isTheSkyBlue || isTheSkyGreen){
    // this code block will be executed
    alert("The sky is blue or green!");
} else {
    // this code block will be ignored
    alert("The sky is neither blue nor green!");
}
```

While loops

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_loop_while.asp



While loops

- ▶ Loops come in handy when we need to perform a block of code multiple times
- ▶ A while loop repeats a block of code as long as a condition we specify is true
- ▶ This is very handy when we know how many times we want to iterate

```
var lastName = "Patel";  
  
var i = 0;  
  
while(i < lastName.length){ // our condition is specified in the parentheses  
    alert(lastName[i]); // alert the character at position i  
    i++; // increment i (very important!)  
}
```

Going beyond...

- ▶ Go back through the w3schools tutorials linked to in these slides - they're a great resource for you! <https://www.w3schools.com/js/default.asp>
- ▶ If you feel ready, implement the rest of the functions in your project with your new JavaScript skills!
- ▶ Get a GitHub account - upload and show off your great work! <https://guides.github.com/activities/hello-world/>
- ▶ Search for open source projects that interest you and start contributing!

Thanks!

