cBioPortal Tutorial #6: Group Comparison

Compare clinical and genomic features of user-defined groups of samples/patients

Last update: June 27, 2019

Tutorial Objectives

- Explain what the new group comparison functionality enables
- Delineate the different ways to define groups and enter the group comparison view
- Highlight potential use cases for group comparison functionality

Group Comparison Overview

Group Comparison is a new suite of analysis features which allow you to compare the clinical and genomic features of user-defined groups of samples.

Groups can be defined in Study View based on any clinical or genomic features.

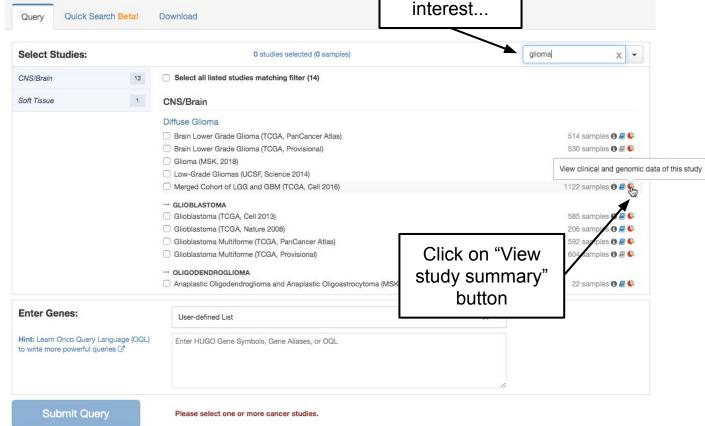
Groups can also be defined within the Group Comparison page based on the union/intersection of the compared groups.

In this tutorial, we will demonstrate two different ways to enter the group comparison view.

We begin by selecting a study of interest and viewing it in the Study Summary page.

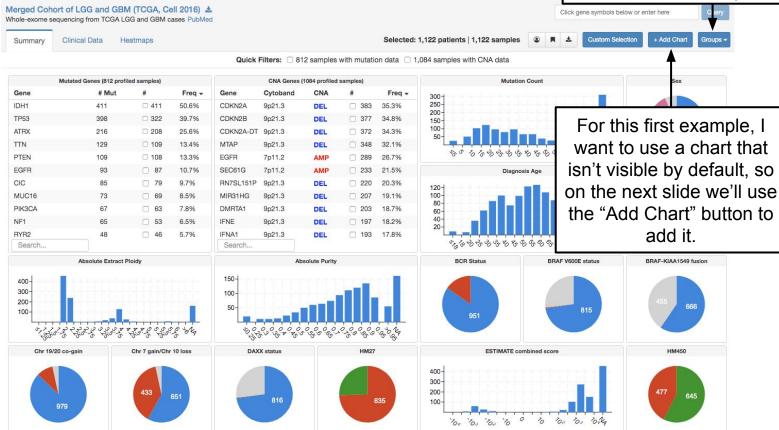
Select a study

Start typing tumor type of interest...

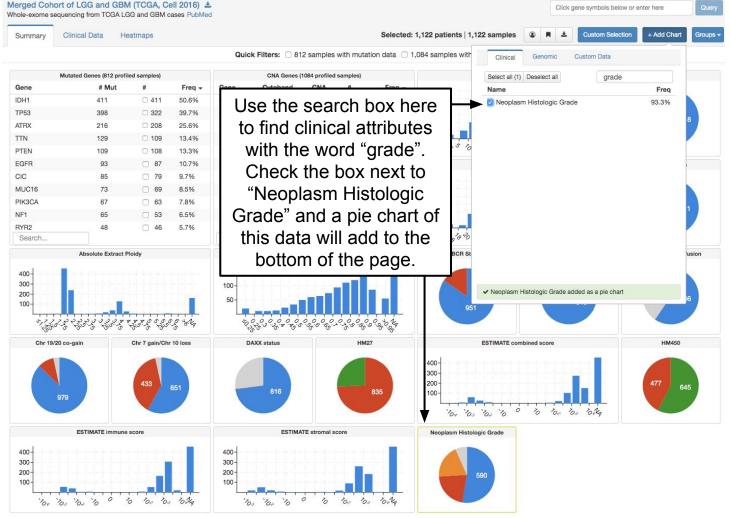


Study View

Notice this new "Groups" button. We'll use this in the second example.

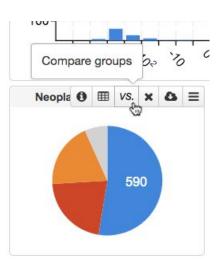


Study View



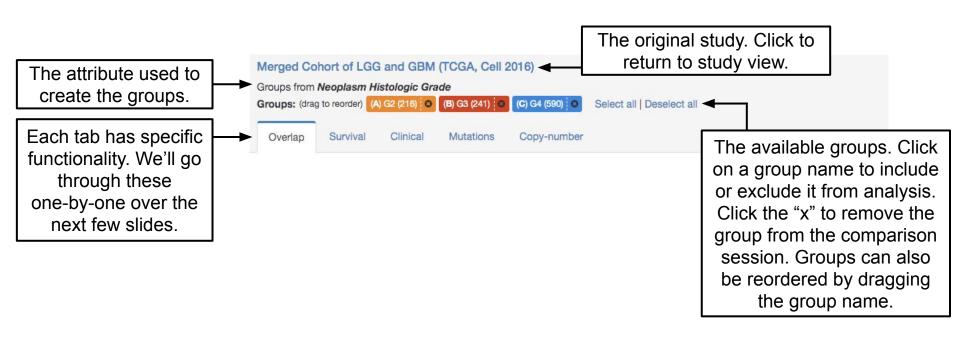
Study View

Let's compare samples of different histologic grades. Hover over the "Neoplasm Histologic Grade" pie chart and notice the new vs. button. We're going to click on this, and it will bring us to the new group comparison page where we can compare the clinical & genomic features of samples/patients by grade.



Group Comparison: Header

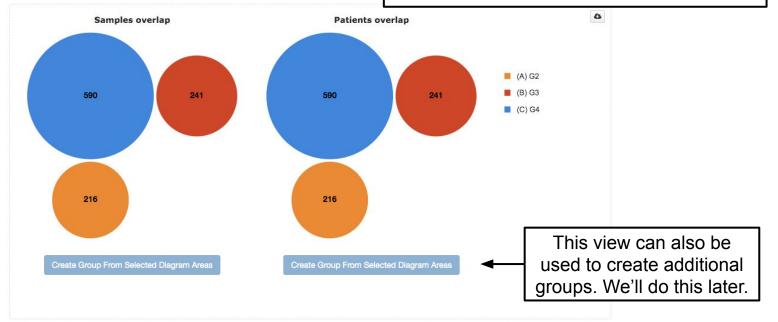
All group comparison pages share the same header:



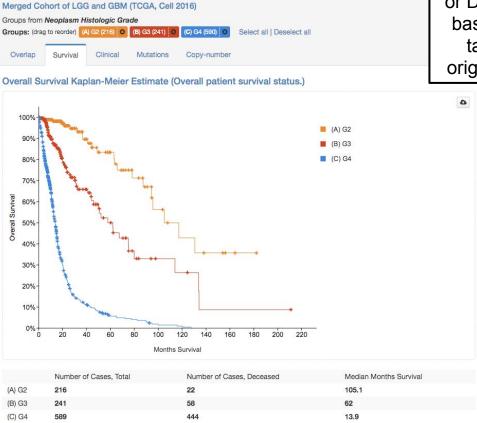
Group Comparison: Overlap



The Overlap tab shows which samples or patients may overlap among the selected groups. In this example, we can see that there is no overlap in samples or patients. In the next example, we'll look at how overlapping samples/patients are managed.

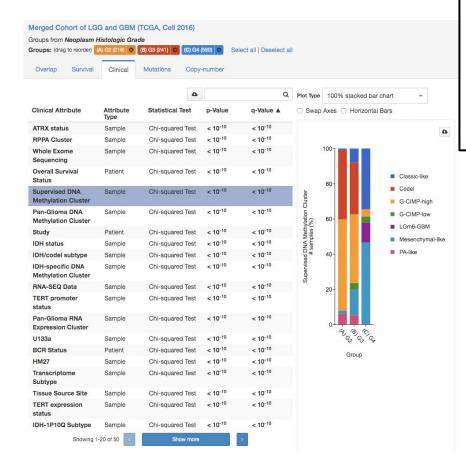


Group Comparison: Survival



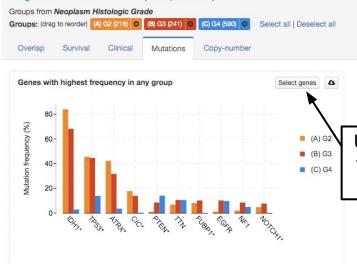
The Survival tab shows a Kaplan-Meier plot of Overall Survival or Disease/Progression-free Survival based on the selected groups. This tab will only be visible when the original study contains survival data.

Group Comparison: Clinical



The Clinical tab shows all the same clinical attributes that are present in Study View. Select a clinical attribute in the table (Supervised DNA Methylation Cluster is selected here) and a plot will appear to the right with the distribution of that clinical attribute across the selected groups.

Group Comparison: Mutations



Merged Cohort of LGG and GBM (TCGA, Cell 2016)

The Mutations tab compares the frequency of mutations in genes across the selected groups. The visible plots change depending on how many groups are selected. This screenshot shows the view with 3 or more groups selected.

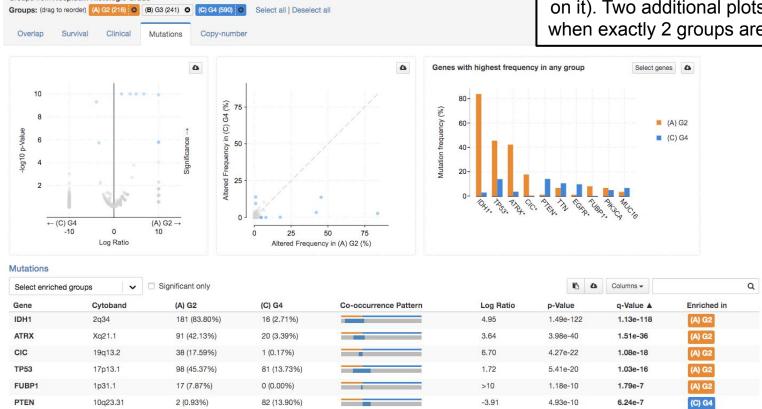
Use this button to customize the plot to show different sets or numbers of genes, or a user-defined gene list

Mutations F O Columns -Q Select enriched groups Significant only Cytoband (A) G2 (B) G3 (C) G4 p-Value q-Value A Most enriched in Gene ATRX Xa21.1 91 (42.13%) 20 (3.39%) 0.00 0.00 (A) G2 76 (31.54%) CIC 19a13.2 38 (17.59%) 33 (13.69%) 1 (0.17%) 0.00 0.00 (A) G2 IDH1 2a34 181 (83.80%) 164 (68.05%) 16 (2.71%) 0.00 0.00 (A) G2 (A) G2 TP53 17p13.1 107 (44.40%) 0.00 0.00 98 (45.37%) 81 (13.73%) FUBP1 1p31.1 17 (7.87%) 0 (0.00%) 5.63e-13 1.04e-9 (B) G3 24 (9.96%) (B) G3 NOTCH1 9q34.3 10 (4.63%) 18 (7.47%) 1.47e-9 2.277e-6 0 (0.00%)

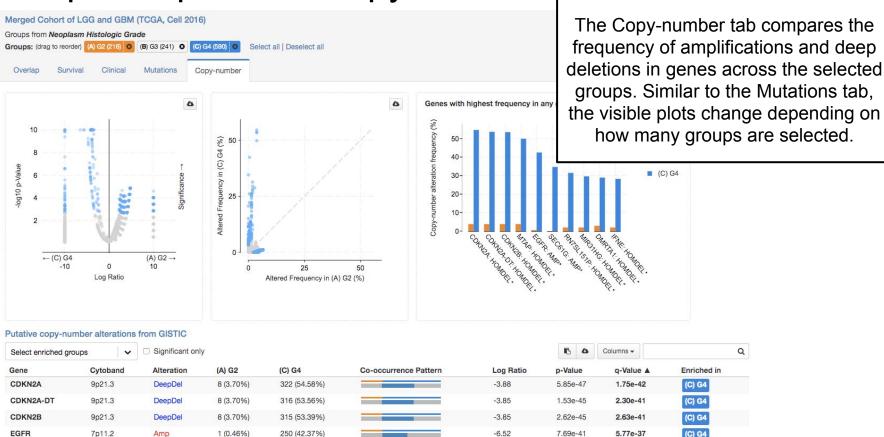
Group Comparison: Mutations



This screenshot shows the view with 2 groups selected (notice that I deselected group "(B) G3" by clicking on it). Two additional plots are shown when exactly 2 groups are compared.



Group Comparison: Copy-Number
Merged Cohort of LGG and GBM (TCGA, Cell 2016)

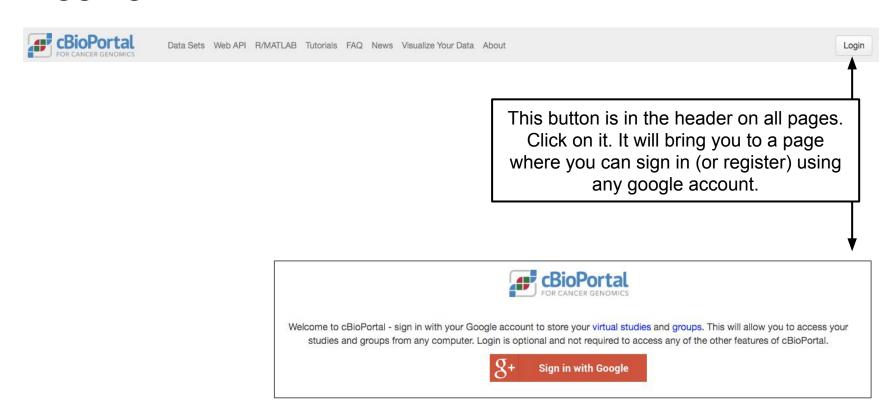


For the second approach to group comparison, we

will define our own groups.

To do this, you must be logged in.

Logging in

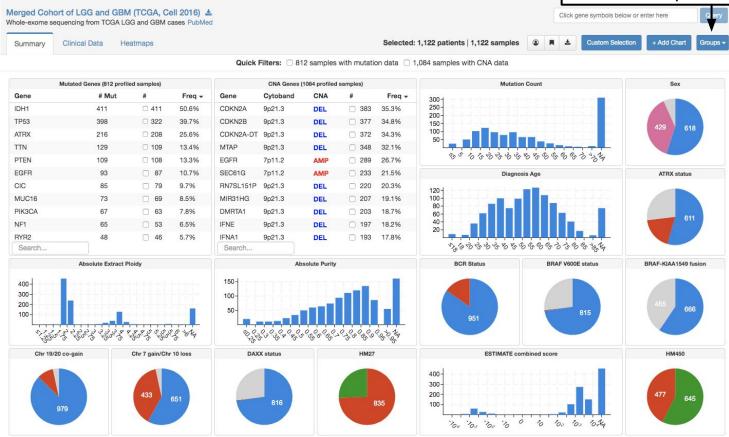


Now that we're logged in,

let's go back to study view.

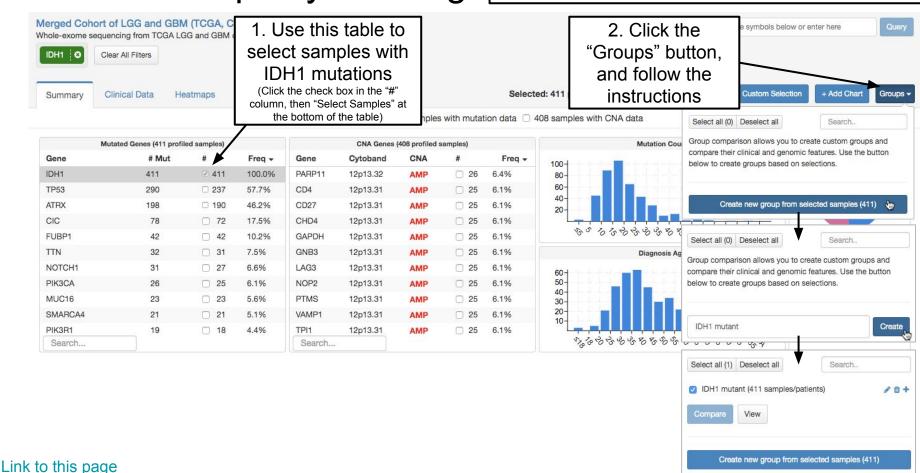
Study View: Defining Groups

Let's use this "Groups" button to define groups for comparison.

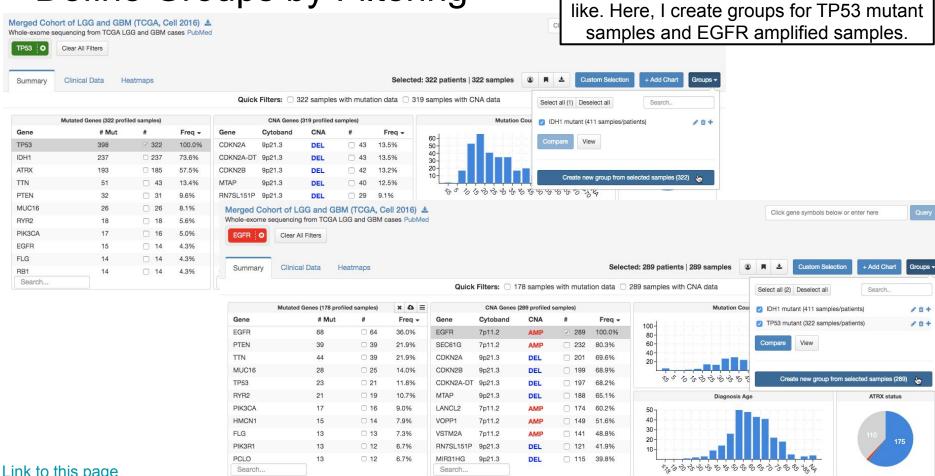


Define Groups by Filtering

We define groups by applying filters in study view. Here, I select samples with IDH1 mutations:



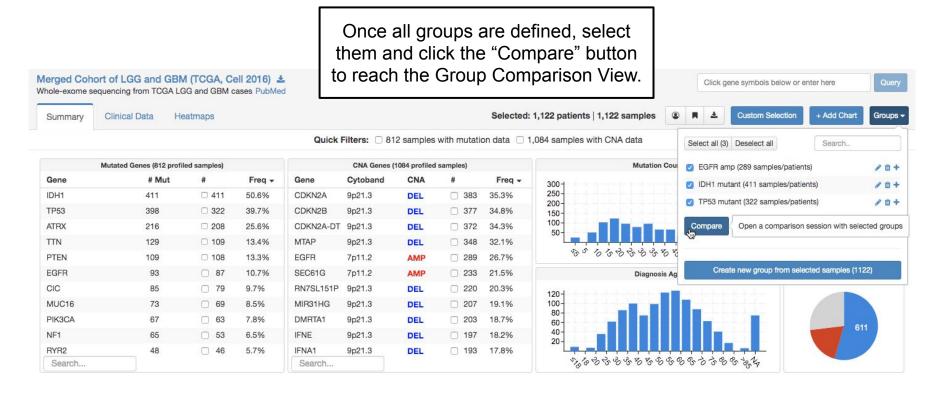
Define Groups by Filtering



Clear that filter, and continue to apply new

filters to define as many groups as you

Compare User-Defined Groups



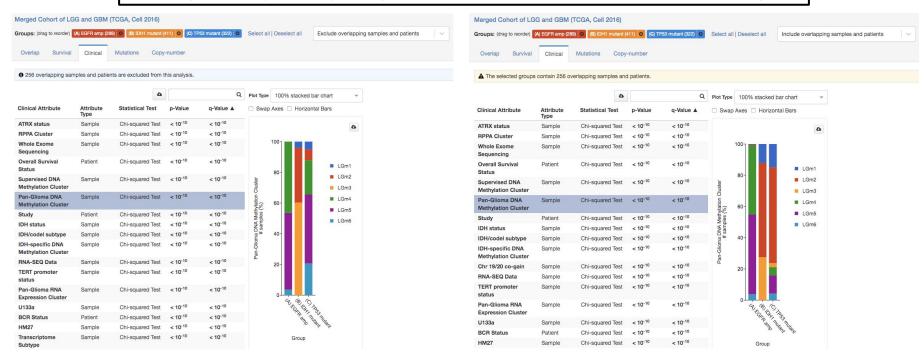
Group Comparison: Overlapping Samples/Patients



When samples/patients overlap among groups, a drop-down appears in the header which allows you to decide to exclude (default) or include those overlapping samples/patients in the analysis.

Group Comparison: Overlapping Samples/Patients

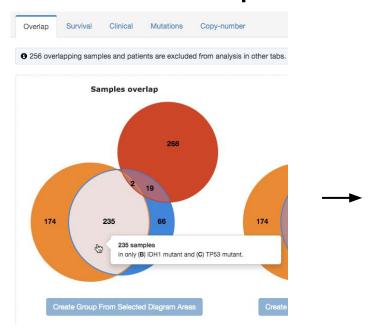
When samples/patients overlap among groups, each tab will include a warning message to make clear how those samples/patients are handled. This can be changed at any time by using the drop-down menu in the header of the page.



The Overlap tab can also be used to create new groups. For example, let's say I want to create a

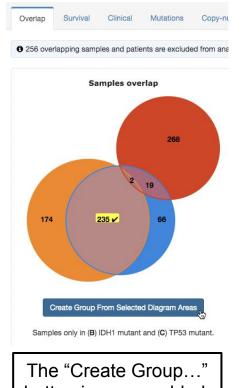
group of samples with mutations in both IDH1 and TP53, and without amplification of EGFR.

Custom Groups from Overlap Tab



Hover over the venn diagram to find the segment of interest.

Click on it.



The "Create Group..." button is now enabled.

Click on it.

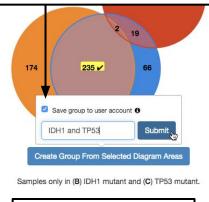
Note this option to "Save group to user account". If selected (default), this new group will appear in the groups menu in study view.

Mutations

Copy-nu

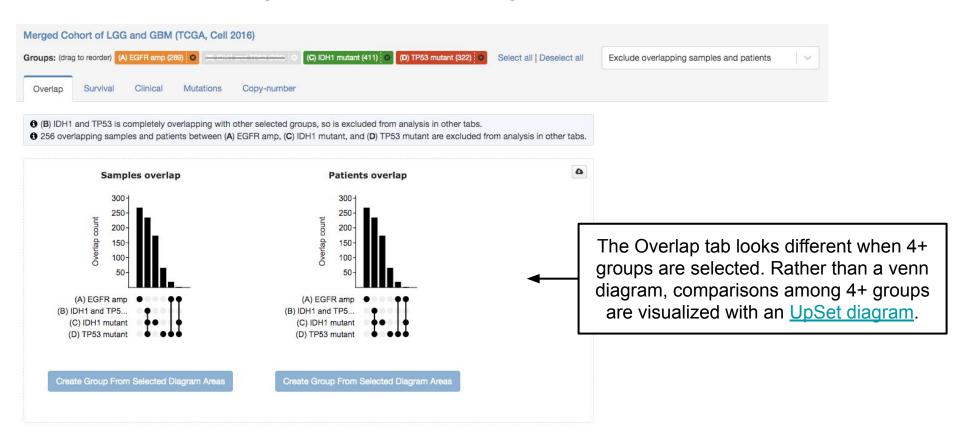
Survival

Overlap

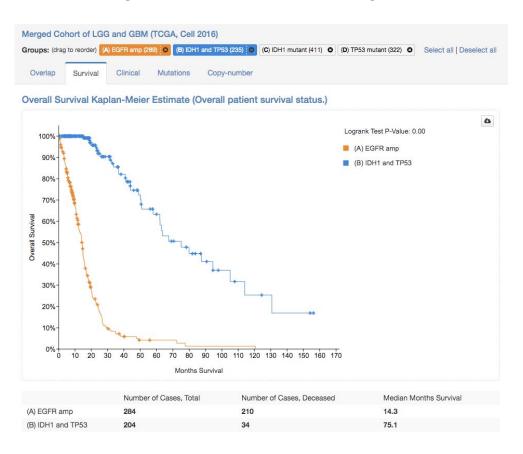


Enter a name for this new group and click "Submit".

Custom Groups from Overlap Tab



Custom Groups from Overlap Tab



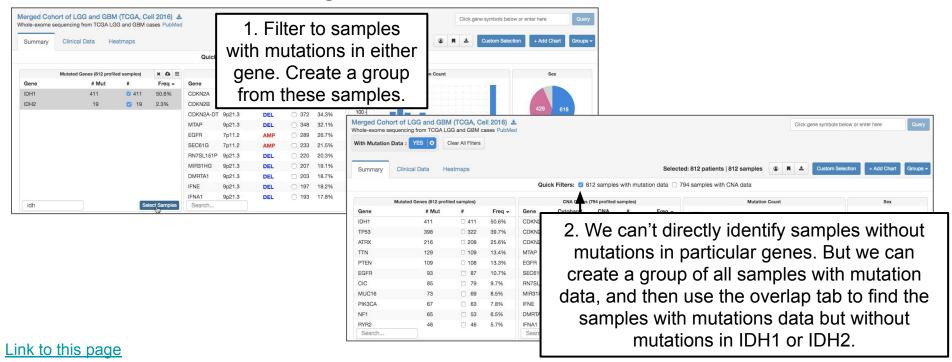
Now I can compare, for example, overall survival for patients with EGFR amplification vs IDH1 and TP53 mutations.

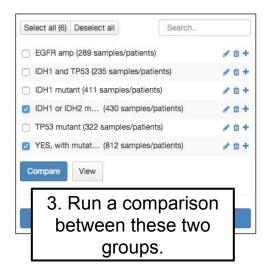
this new functionality.

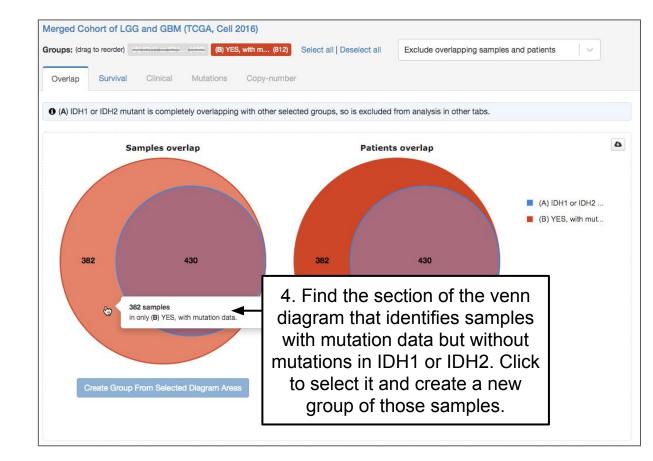
There are many powerful ways to take advantage of

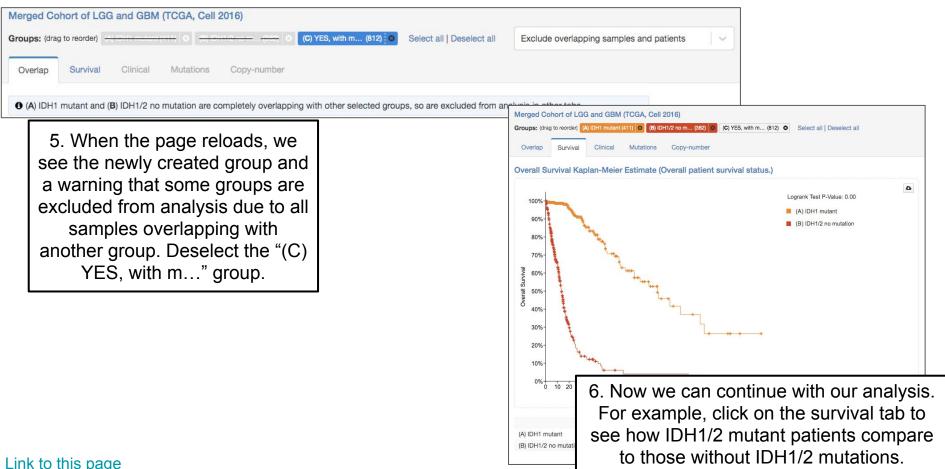
What follows are a few possibilities...

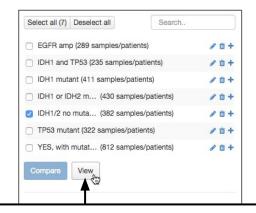
How can we compare samples with or without specific genomic features? As an example, let's take samples with IDH1 or IDH2 mutations and compare to samples without mutations in either gene.



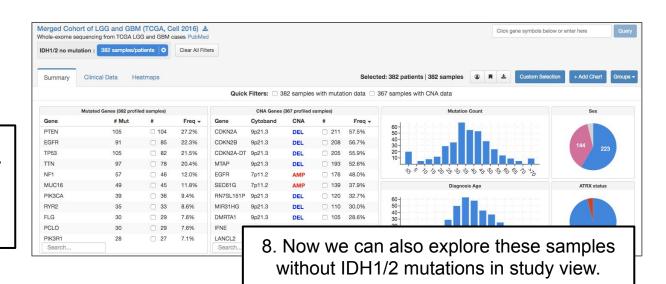






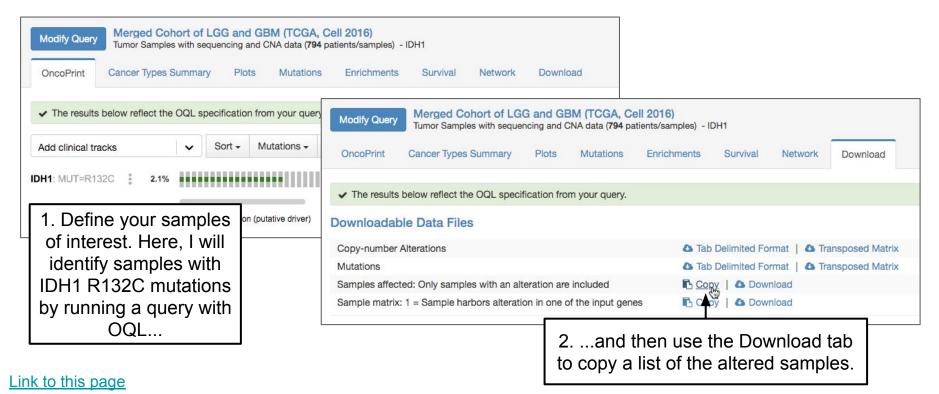


7. Remember that these new groups get saved back to Study View. You can use the Groups dropdown to filter study view to this newly defined group.

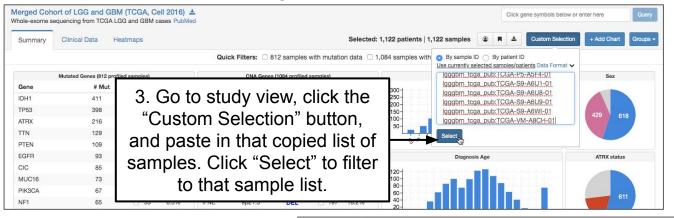


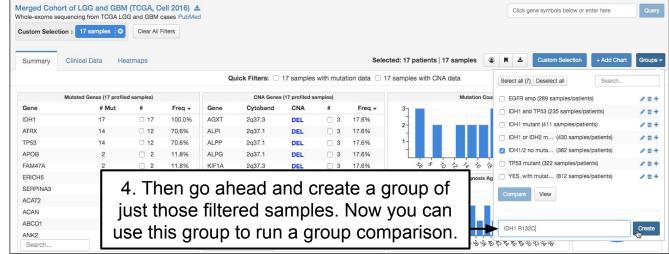
Create a Group from a User-Defined List

What if you have identified a set of samples of interest based on your own analysis? You can create a group from that list in study view.



Create a Group from a User-Defined List





or email us at:

Questions?

Check out our other tutorials

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