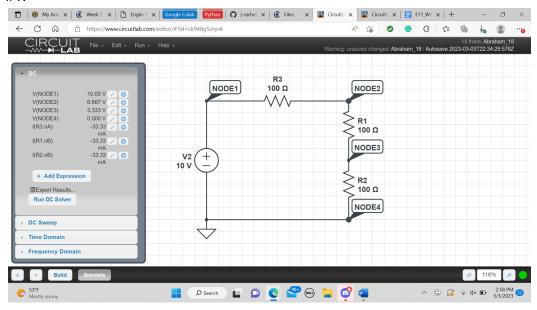
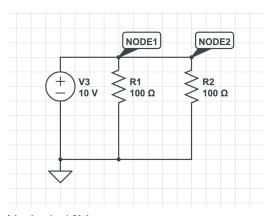
#1:

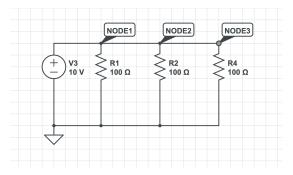


By changing the amount of resistors in a circuit, the voltage output after each resistor is changed. With 2 resistors, the voltages after each resistor was 10,5,0 and with 3, it was as shown above.

#2:

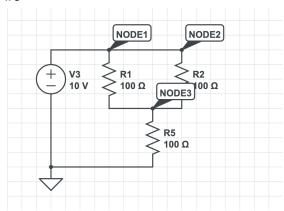


Node 1: 10V Node 2: 10 V



Node 1: 10V Node 2: 10V Node 3: 10 V

#3

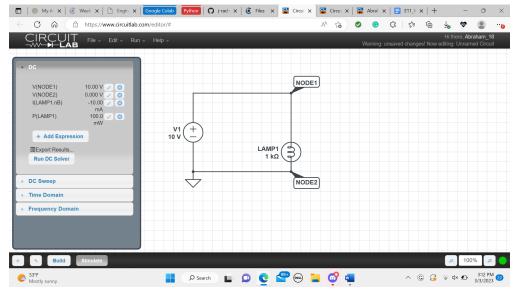


Node 1: 10V Node 2: 10V Node 2: 6.667 V

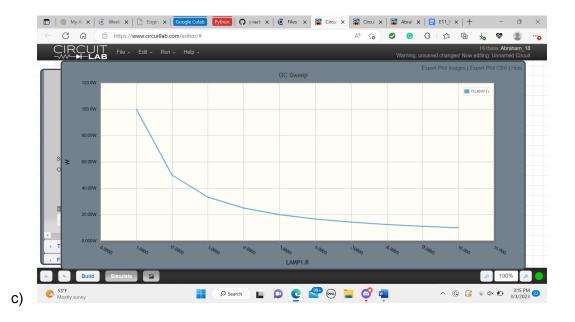
It doesn't impact the first two nodes but it reduces the third one compared to question 2.

#4

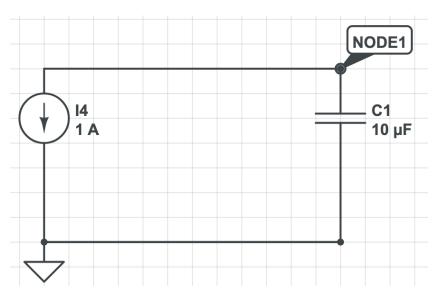
a) The power output would be P = IR which is 100mW.



b) My answer turned out to be correct.

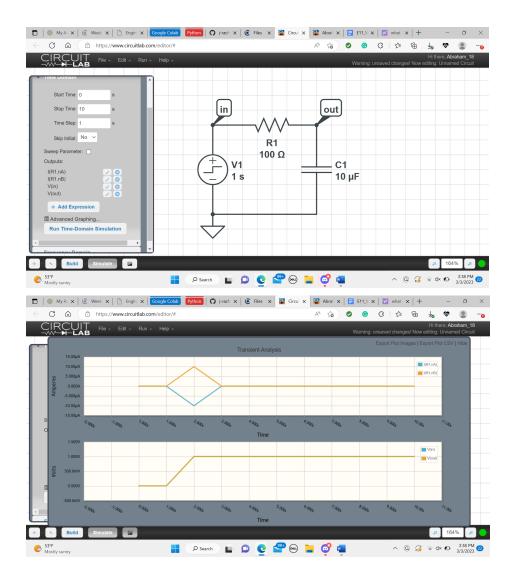


#5

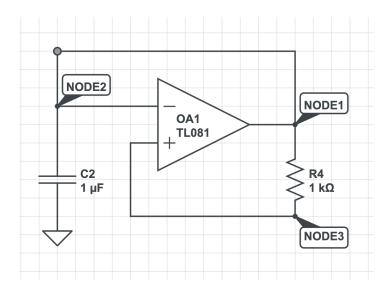


Node 1: -1*10^18

#6



#7



140W piotuing <u>Cancer</u> A												
												V(NODE1)
												V(NODE2)
												V(NODE3)