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/*--- HW06.java ---*/
import java.util.*;
public class HW06 {
  // This program can be run in one of two ways, either as
  // java HW06 -or- java HW06 <seedval>
  // The first ways is the usual, the seed for the random \,
  // number generator is the current time. The second way
  // is good for testing, since the same seed should always
  // yield the same output.
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    // initialize and read in Geysers
   long seed = System.currentTimeMillis();
   if (args.length > 0) {
      seed = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
   Random r = new Random(seed);
    Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
    int N = in.nextInt();
   Geyser[] G = new Geyser[N];
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
     G[i] = Geyser.read(in);
    // Simulate 20 days
    for (int d = 1; d <= 20; d++) {
      Geyser.simDay(d, G, r);
/*--- Geyser.java ---*/
import java.util.*;
public class Geyser {
 private String name;
 private double baseProbFactor;
 private int daysSinceLastBlow;
  // reads (and returns) geyser in the following format
  // <name> <initBlowProb> <days>
  public static Geyser read(Scanner sc) {
   Geyser g = new Geyser();
   q.name
                       = sc.next();
   g.baseProbFactor = 1.0 - sc.nextDouble();
   g.daysSinceLastBlow = sc.nextInt();
    return g;
  // Simulate one day. If g doesn't blow, return -1
  // if g blows, return number of days since last blow
  public static int simDay(Geyser g, Random r) {
                 = ++g.daysSinceLastBlow;
   double blowProb = 1 - Math.pow(g.baseProbFactor, tmp);
   if (r.nextDouble() <= blowProb) {</pre>
     g.daysSinceLastBlow = 0;
   } else {
      tmp = -1;
   return tmp;
  // Simulate day d for array G of geysers & output results
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public static void simDay(int d, Geyser[] G, Random r) {
  int k = 0;
  System.out.print("Day " + d + ":");
  for (int i = 0; i < G.length; i++) {</pre>
   if (simDay(G[i], r) != -1) {
      System.out.print((k++ > 0 ? ", " : " ") + G[i].name);
  System.out.println();
```