

Functions

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```
library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.2.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.1.0    v purrr  0.2.5
## v tibble  2.0.1    v dplyr  0.7.8
## v tidyr   0.8.2    v stringr 1.3.1
## v readr   1.3.1    v forcats 0.3.0

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()

source("R/auto_power.R")

### generate sample speeds from a distribution
nsample <- 10000
meanspeed <- 100 / 3.6 ### mean speed is 100 km/h
meanspeed_reduced <- 80 / 3.6 ### mean speed is 80 km/h
lowered_croll <- 0.015/2

### generate speeds
speeds <- rnorm(mean = meanspeed, sd = meanspeed*0.1, n = nsample)
speeds_reduced <- rnorm(mean = meanspeed_reduced, sd = meanspeed*0.1, n = nsample)

### sampling different cars
possible_cars <- data.frame(mass=c(31000,45000,38000), area = c(25,30,22))

# use model to generate power for the possible cars
possible_cars$power <- auto_power(v=meanspeed, a = possible_cars$area, m=possible_cars$area)

### define probability of each car in the world we created where there's only 3 cars!
possible_cars$prob <- c(0.4, 0.4, 0.2)

summary(speeds)

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##    17.72  25.94   27.78   27.76  29.63   38.53

results <- data.frame(speed=speeds, speeds_reduced = speeds_reduced)

### assign each car an id
possible_cars$row <- seq(from=1, to=nrow(possible_cars))

whichcar <- base::sample(possible_cars$row, size=nsample, prob=possible_cars$prob, replace=TRUE)

### look at the data you generated
head(whichcar)

## [1] 1 1 2 2 2 1
```

```

results$mass <- possible_cars$mass[whichcar]

head(results)

##      speed speeds_reduced  mass
## 1 27.65022      22.64480 31000
## 2 28.70513      19.85413 31000
## 3 29.08887      19.64189 45000
## 4 22.47131      24.19886 45000
## 5 29.48894      24.00588 45000
## 6 28.03306      20.25824 31000

results$area = possible_cars$area[whichcar]

### get the power for all the cars speeds we generated
### rolling_power uses speeds with mean 100 km/h and the lowered rolling coefficient
results$rolling_power = auto_power(a=results$area, v=results$speed, m=results$mass, c_roll = lowered_cr

## Warning in if (v < 0) return(NA): the condition has length > 1 and only the
## first element will be used

### lower_speed power uses a different set of randomly generated speeds (speeds_reduced) and the normal

results$lower_speed_power = auto_power(a=results$area, v=results$speeds_reduced, m=results$mass)

## Warning in if (v < 0) return(NA): the condition has length > 1 and only the
## first element will be used

summary(results$rolling_power)

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
## 72651 149444 176999 182119 209230 390956

summary(results$lower_speed_power)

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
## 67190 146214 173510 178537 205716 381077

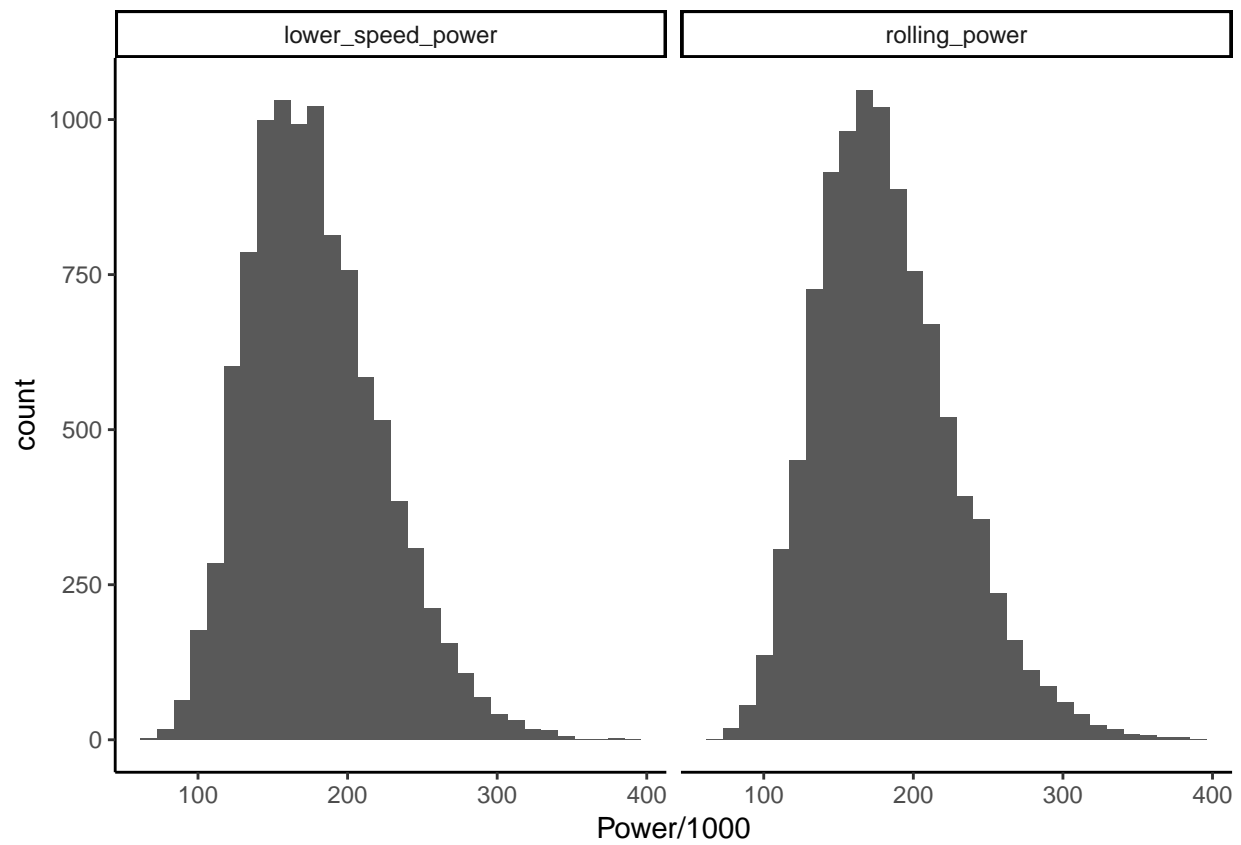
Graphs!!

results_graph <- results %>%
  select(rolling_power, lower_speed_power) %>%
  gather(key = "Scenario", value = "Power" )

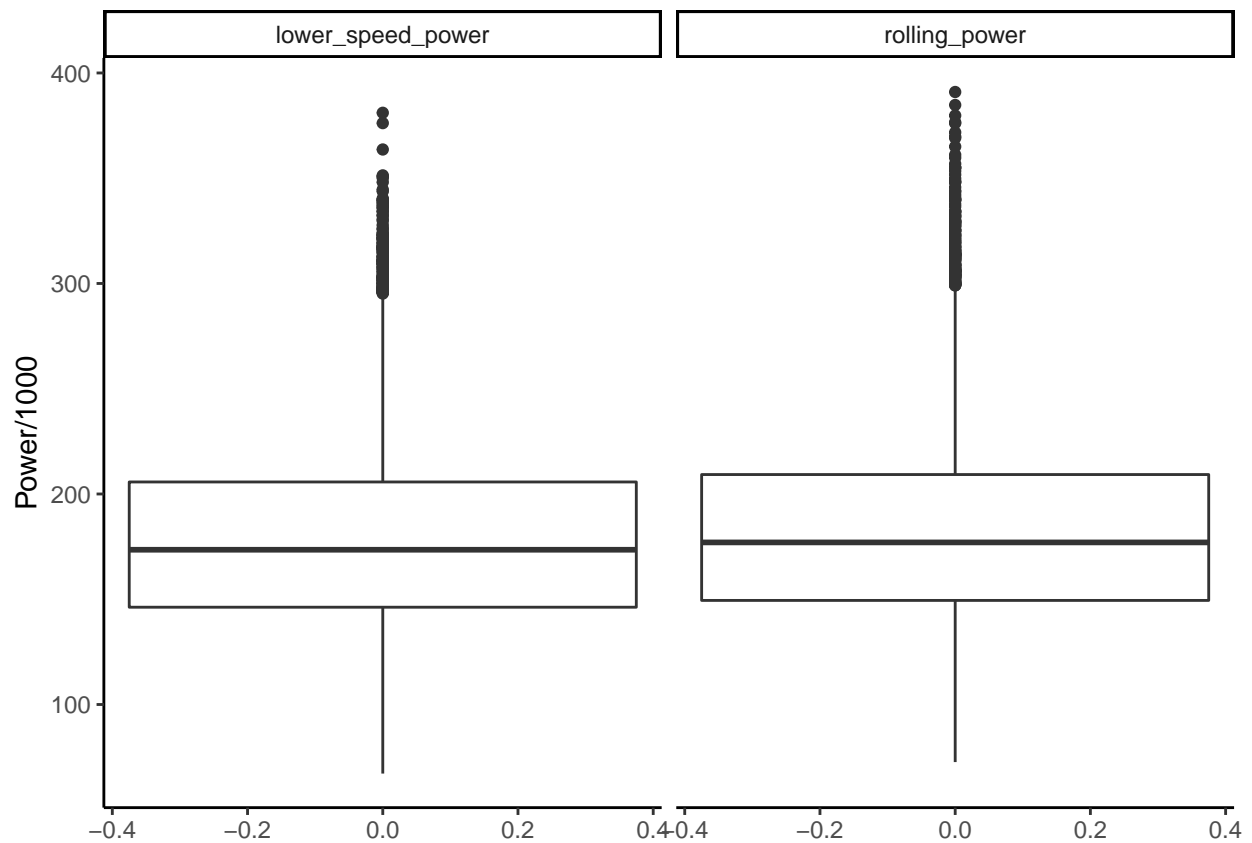
ggplot(results_graph) +
  geom_histogram(aes(x = Power/1000))+
  facet_wrap(~Scenario) +
  theme_classic()

## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.

```



```
ggplot(results_graph) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(y = Power/1000)) +
  facet_wrap(~Scenario) +
  theme_classic()
```



```
mean(results$rolling_power)/1000 ### 182.5571 kW reduced resistance
```

```
## [1] 182.1186
```

```
mean(results$lower_speed_power)/1000 ### 178.4378 kW reduced speed
```

```
## [1] 178.5371
```

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'''
```