edX 15.516x	Key Terms and Usage
Financial Accounting	• A/R:Acconts Receivable.
<ol> <li>Revenue Recognition; Allowance Accounting</li> </ol>	
Old Revenue Recognition Principles Earnings = Revenues – Expenses Old Revenue Recognition Intuition:	<ul> <li>Customer purchases' made on account (i.e. you will receive a payment later</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Earned Earnings process substantially complete</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Collectible Cash collection reasonably assured</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I/S: Revenue is recognized when earned, not received</li> </ul>
Expenses matched to revenues by mat- ching principle <b>Bad Debts</b> Two ways of accounting for bad debts:	- B/S: Asset account impacted
<ul> <li>the direct method: required for income taxes. cons:</li> </ul>	ADA: Allowance for doubtful accounts
<ul> <li>Improper matching of expenses to revenues</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Company provisions for uncollectible A/R</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>More reliable info but less relevant (i.e. less timely)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>the allowance method: two methods</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I/S: Depends on how it changes</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>percentage of sales</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>aging method.</li></ul>	- B/S: Contra-asset account impacted
A/R (net) = A/R (gross) – Allowance for doubtful accounts (ADA) A/R (net) = A/R (gross) - ending ADA	
The BASE equation Beginning balance + Additions - Substractions = Ending Balance	<ul> <li>Future projections for uncollectible A/R</li> </ul>
Example:  Beginning balance (e.g. ADA - allowance	<ul> <li>I/S: Expense recognized as % of sales</li> </ul>
for doutful accounts) + Additions (e.g. bad debt expense a.k.a provision charged to income statement) - Substractions (e.g. write-offs a.k.a amount deemed uncollectible)	- D/S. Increase ADA account by same
= Ending Balance Beginning ADA + Bad Debt Expense - Amounts Written Off = Ending ADA	• Write-off
Allowance Method 2: Aging Method Ratios Involving Receivables	
A/R Turnover = Revenue / Average Accounts Receivable (net) Days receivables = (1 / A/R Turnover) *	riod (i.e. it becomes clear that the
365	
<b>Liability for Return Allowances</b> Allowances for product returns are ve-	- I/S: No impact
ry similar to the Allowance for Doubtful Accounts, except that Allowances for product returns are a liability, whereas Allowance for Doubtful Accounts is a contraasset.	– B/S: Reduce ADA and A/R