

# XX-XXX Assignment 0

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# 1 Main

## 1.1 Theorems, Lemmas, Definitions, etc

**Theorem 1.1 (Halting).** The Halting Problem is undecidable.

**Lemma 1.2 (Lovasz-Local Lemma).** Let  $A_1, \dots, A_n$  be sequence of events, where each event  $A_i$  is dependent to at most  $d$  other events and  $\Pr[A_i] \leq p$ . Then, if  $4pd \leq 1$ , then there is nonzero probability that none of the events occur.

**Corollary 1.3.** This is a corollary

**Proposition 1.4.** Let  $G = (V, E)$  be an undirected graph. A vertex cover of  $G$  is a subset  $S \subseteq V$  such that for every edge  $(u, v) \in E$ , at least one of  $u$  or  $v$  is in  $S$ . The size of a minimum vertex cover of  $G$  is always at least half the size of a maximum matching in  $G$ .

**Definition 1.5.** A graph  $G = (V, E)$  is a pair where  $V$  is a set of vertices and  $E \subseteq V \times V$  is a set of edges.

**Example 1.5.1.** Consider the graph  $G = (V, E)$  where  $V = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $E = \{(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4), (4, 1)\}$ . This graph forms a cycle of length 4.

**Theorem.** Every connected graph with  $n$  vertices has at least  $n - 1$  edges.

**Lemma.** In any graph, the sum of the degrees of all vertices is equal to twice the number of edges.

**Corollary.** Every graph has an even number of vertices with odd degree.

**Proposition.** A tree with  $n$  vertices has exactly  $n - 1$  edges.

**Definition.** A path in a graph is a sequence of vertices where each adjacent pair in the sequence is connected by an edge.

*Example:* This is a subexample

**Example.** Unnumbered example

**Fact.** This is a fact

**Claim.** This is a claim

**Title**

*tags*

This is an info card where you can put any content with a title and tags.

## 1.2 Operators

**Pr, E, Var**

poly, polylog, dist, tr, cost, proj

Short forms:  $\checkmark$ ,  $\times$ ,  $\epsilon$ ,  $\lambda$ ,  $\varphi$ ,  $\otimes$ ,  $\oplus$ ,  $\nabla$

Number systems:  $\mathbb{Z}$ ,  $\mathbb{N}$ ,  $\mathbb{R}$

## 2 TCS Style Extension

### Satisfiability (SAT)

Decision, NP-complete

Instance: propositional formula  $\varphi$ Question: is  $\varphi$  satisfiable?

## 3 Code

### 3.1 Psuedocode

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**Algorithm 1** An algorithm with caption
 

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```

1:  $y \leftarrow 1$ 
2:  $X \leftarrow x$ 
3:  $N \leftarrow n$ 
4: while  $N \neq 0$  do
5:   if  $N$  is even then
6:      $X \leftarrow X \times X$ 
7:      $N \leftarrow \frac{N}{2}$ 
8:   else if  $N$  is odd then
9:      $y \leftarrow y \times X$ 
10:     $N \leftarrow N - 1$ 
11:   end if
12: end while

```

▷ This is a comment

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### 3.2 Real code

```

class Object:
    def __init__(self, arg):
        self.arg = arg

```