

Alexei Czeskis

[HOME](#)[RESEARCH](#)[TEACHING](#)[PERSONAL](#)[RANDOM](#)

How to encrypt a big file using OpenSSL and someone's public key

The situation

You have a public key for someone, you have a file you want to send them, you want to send it securely.

Can you call them, securely chat with them, or send them an encrypted e-mail?

If you are set up to chat over [OTR](#) with them or to send them an [encrypted e-mail](#), just use that to send your file. It'll be faster. If you can call them, then call them and agree on a symmetric key. Then just use that key to encrypt the file like [this](#). If you can't (or don't want to) do either of those, then you can follow this how-to.

Step 0) Get their public key

The other person needs to send you their public key in .pem format. If they only have it in rsa format (e.g., they use it for ssh), then have them do:

```
openssl rsa -in id_rsa -outform pem > id_rsa.pem  
openssl rsa -in id_rsa -pubout -outform pem > id_rsa.pub.pem
```

Have them send you *id_rsa.pub.pem*

Step 1) Generate a 256 bit (32 byte) random key

```
openssl rand -base64 32 > key.bin
```

Step 2) Encrypt the key

```
openssl rsautl -encrypt -inkey id_rsa.pub.pem -pubin -in key.bin -out key.bin.enc
```

Step 3) Actually Encrypt our large file

```
openssl enc -aes-256-cbc -salt -in SECRET_FILE -out SECRET_FILE.enc -pass  
file:./key.bin
```

Step 4) Send/Decrypt the files

Send the .enc files to the other person and have them do:

```
openssl rsautl -decrypt -inkey id_rsa.pem -in key.bin.enc -out key.bin  
openssl enc -d -aes-256-cbc -in SECRET_FILE.enc -out SECRET_FILE -pass  
file:./key.bin
```

Notes

You should **always** verify the hash of the file with the recipient or sign it with your private key, so the other person knows it actually came from you.

If there is a man-in-the-middle, then he/she could substitute the other person's public key for his/her own and then you're screwed. **Always** verify the other person's public key (take a hash and read it to each other over the phone).

