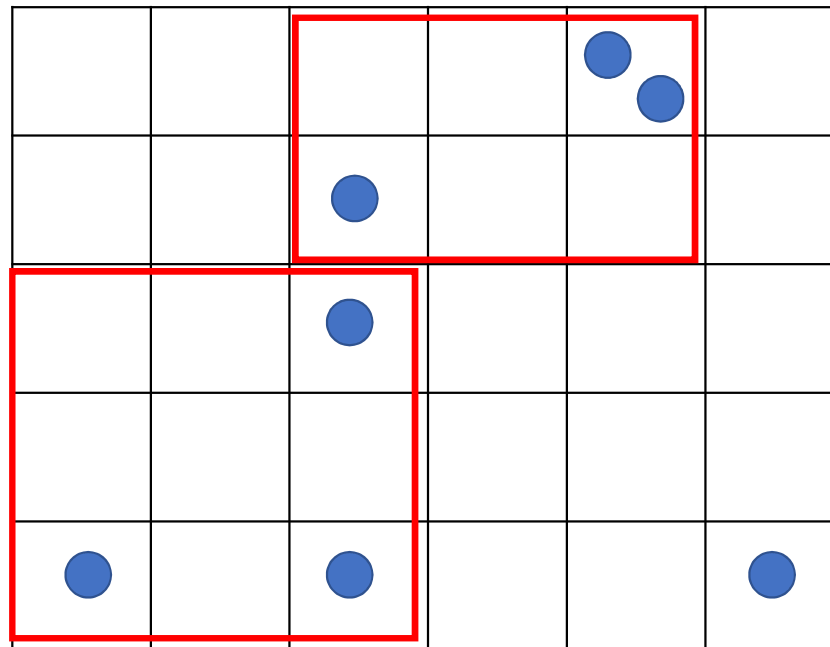


IOI'05 Garden

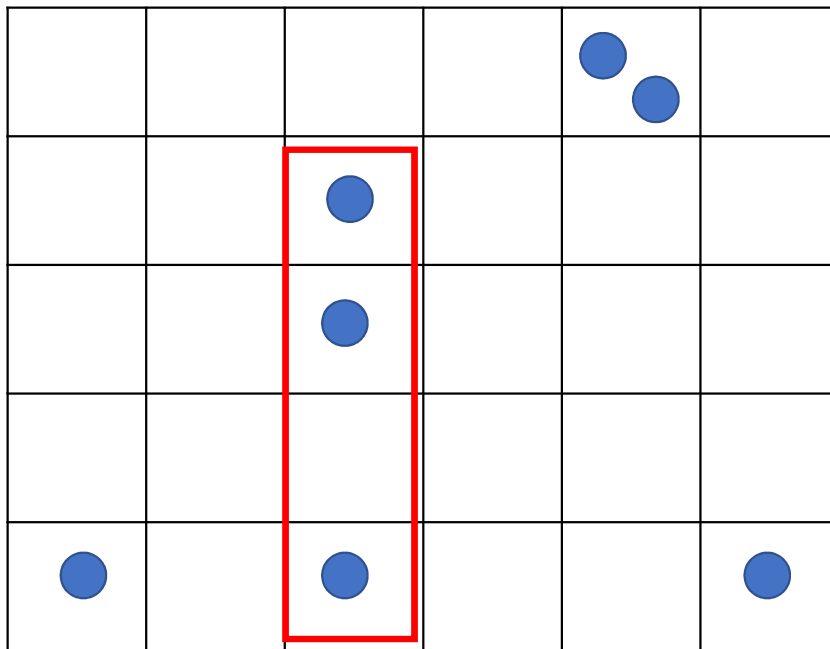
By Fatih Gelgi

Problem



Variation

- Min rectangle with K roses?



Basics: Prefix sums

- Prefix sums in 2D: $r[i][j]$ = roses in the rectangle (1,1)-(i,j)
$$r[i][j] = r[i-1][j] + r[i][j-1] - r[i-1][j-1] + \text{grid}[i][j]$$

0	0	0	0	2	2
0	0	1	1	3	3
0	0	2	2	4	4
0	0	2	2	4	4
1	1	4	4	6	7

time: $O(WL)$

Basics: Prefix sums

- Roses in Rectangle $(y1, x1) (y2, x2) = ?$
 $= r[y2][x2] - r[y1-1][x2] - r[y2][x1-1] + r[y1-1][x1-1]$

0	0	0	0	2	2
0	0	1	1	3	3
0	0	2	2	4	4
0	0	2	2	4	4
1	1	4	4	6	7

time: $O(1)$

Solution: Brute force

- Pick any rectangle: $O(W^2 L^2)$ rectangles each $O(1)$ time

Basics: Sliding window

- $s[y]$ = size of min rectangle with K roses in the area $(1,1)-(y,l)$
Start at $x1=x2=1$

0	0	0	0	2	2
0	0	1	1	3	3
0	0	2	2	4	4
0	0	2	2	4	4
1	1	4	4	6	7

Basics: Sliding window

- $s[y]$ = size of min rectangle with K roses in the area $(1,1)-(y,l)$
If less than K roses in the current window, $x2=x2+1$

0	0	0	0	2	2
0	0	1	1	3	3
0	0	2	2	4	4
0	0	2	2	4	4
1	1	4	4	6	7

Basics: Sliding window







- $s[y]$ = size of min rectangle with K roses in the area $(1,1)-(y,l)$
If more than K roses in the current window, $x1=x1+1$

0	0	0	0	2	2
0	0	1	1	3	3
0	0	2	2	4	4
0	0	2	2	4	4
1	1	4	4	6	7

best = INF

Basics: Sliding window





- $s[y]$ = size of min rectangle with K roses in the area $(1,1)-(y,l)$
If exactly K roses in the current window, update solution and $x1=x1+1$

0	0	0	0	 2	2
0	0	 1	1	3	3
0	0	 2	2	4	4
0	0	2	2	4	4
 1	1	 4	4	6	 7

best = 14

Basics: Sliding window

- $s[y]$ = size of min rectangle with K roses in the area $(1,1)-(y,l)$
If exactly K roses in the current window, update solution and $x1=x1+1$

0	0	0	0	 2	2
0	0	1	1	3	3
0	0	2	2	4	4
0	0	2	2	4	4
 1	1	 4	4	6	 7

best = 12

Basics: Sliding window

- $s[y]$ = size of min rectangle with K roses in the area $(1,1)-(y,l)$

0	0	0	0	2	2
0	0	1	1	3	3
0	0	2	2	4	4
0	0	2	2	4	4
1	1	4	4	6	7

best = 12

Basics: Sliding window

- $s[y]$ = size of min rectangle with K roses in the area $(1,1)-(y,l)$

0	0	0	0	2	2
0	0	1	1	3	3
0	0	2	2	4	4
0	0	2	2	4	4
1	1	4	4	6	7

best = 12

Basics: Sliding window

- $s[y]$ = size of min rectangle with K roses in the area $(1,1)-(y,l)$

0	0	0	0	2	2	best = 12 time = $O(L)$
0	0	1	1	3	3	
0	0	2	2	4	4	
0	0	2	2	4	4	
1	1	4	4	6	7	

Basics: Sliding window

- Generalize the idea:

$s[y1][y2]$ = size of min rectangle with K roses in the area $(y1,1)-(y2,L)$

0	0	0	0	2	2
0	0	1	1	3	3
0	0	2	2	4	4
0	0	2	2	4	4
1	1	4	4	6	7

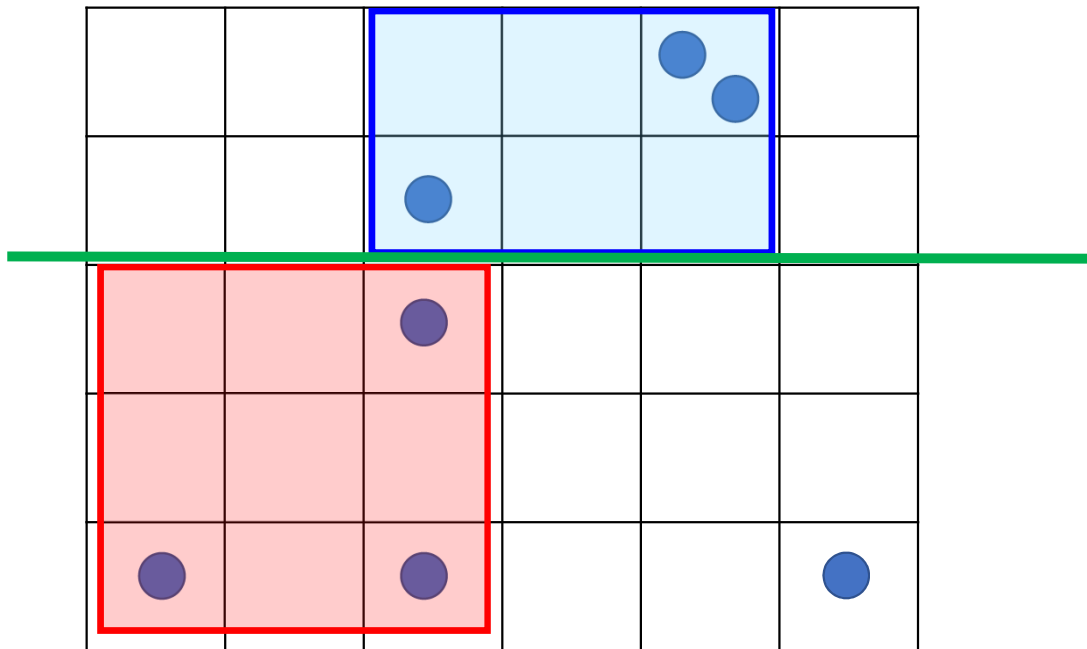
time = $O(L)$

Solution: Sliding window

- Pick any pair (y_1, y_2) : $O(W^2 L)$ – check all horizontal strips or
- Pick any pair (x_1, x_2) : $O(W L^2)$ – check all vertical strips
- Total time $\min\{W^2 L, W L^2\}$

Problem: Two rectangles

- **Observation:** the rectangles can be separated either by a horizontal line or a vertical line



Solution: Sliding window

- Check for all horizontal lines y :

$Sy[i][j]$ = min rectangle with K roses in $(i-j)$ horizontal strip

$ans = \min \{Sy[y_1][y_2]\} + \min \{Sy[y_3][y_4]\}$ where $y_1 \leq y_2 \leq y < y_3 \leq y_4$

- Check for all vertical lines x :

$Sx[i][j]$ = min rectangle with K roses in $(i-j)$ vertical strip

$ans = \min \{Sx[x_1][x_2]\} + \min \{Sx[x_3][x_4]\}$ where $x_1 \leq x_2 \leq x < x_3 \leq x_4$

Time: $O(W^3 + L^3)$