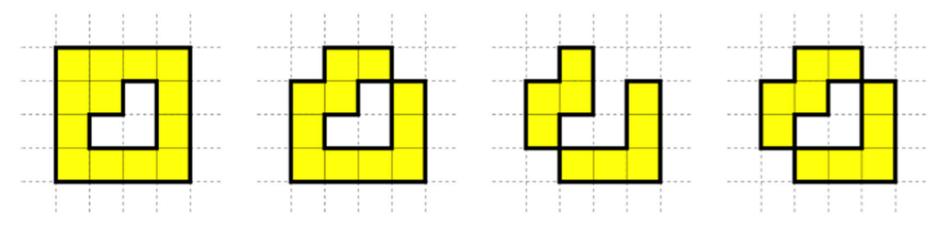
IOI'12 Ideal City

By Fatih Gelgi

Problem

- A path between any two empty cells
- A path between any two non-empty cells



Problem

Distance

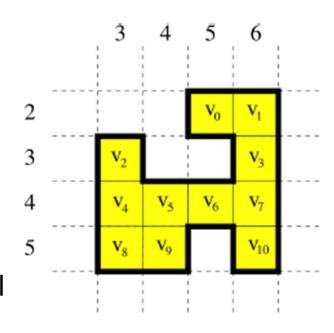
•
$$v_0 = (2, 5), v_1 = (2, 6), v_2 = (3, 3) ...$$

•
$$d(v_1, v_3) = 1$$
, $d(v_1, v_8) = 6$

Objective

 Find the sum of the total distances of all pairs:

$$\sum d(v_i, v_j)$$
, where $0 \le i < j \le N-1$



Problem

Tasks

- Subtask 1 [10%]: N ≤ 200.
- Subtask 2 [20%]: N ≤ 2000.
- Subtask 3 [30%]: N ≤ 100,000, any two non-empty cells i and j such that X[i] = X[j], every cell between them is non-empty too; any two non-empty cells i and j such that Y[i] = Y[j], every cell between them is non-empty too.
- Subtask 4 [40%]: N ≤ 100 000.

Solution: Floyd-Warshall

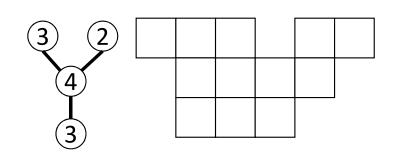
- Straightforward Idea: calculate all pairwise distances
- O(N³)
- Subtask 1: OK

Solution: Breadth First Search

- Iterative Breadth First Search
- Find distances from a vertex v and update the distance sum => O(N)
- Do it for all vertices => O(N^2)
- Subtask 1, 2: OK

Solution: Horizontal / Vertical Node Groups

Horizontal Node group



Answer = sum $\{w(x) * w(y) * d(x,y)\}\$ for all $\{x,y\}$

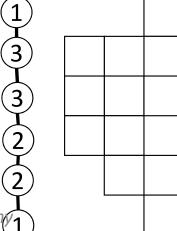
Generate trees => O(N log N)

Total => $O(N^2)$

• Subtask 1, 2, 3: OK

Vertical

Node group



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Solution: Optimization

Observation:

```
sum \{w(x) * w(y) * d(x,y)\} for all \{x,y\}
= S(e)*S'(e) for all edges e
```

O(N log N)

• Subtask 1, 2, 3, 4: OK