#### SOME RESULT

KANG, WEI-HSIANG

# 1. When n=1.

$$f_1(p) = (1-p)^9 + 3p(1-p)^8$$
  

$$g_1(p) = 2p(1-p)^8 + 2p^2(1-p)^7$$
  

$$h_1(p) = 3p^2(1-p)^7$$
  

$$t_1(p) = 2p^3(1-p)^6$$

# Ratios

$$\alpha_1(p) = \frac{g_1(p)}{f_1(p)} = \frac{2pq + 2p^2}{q^2 + 3pq} = \frac{2p}{q(1 + 2p)} = \frac{2p}{(1 - p)(1 + 2p)}$$

$$\beta_1(p) = \frac{h_1(p)}{g_1(p)} = \frac{3p}{2q + 2p} = \frac{3p}{2}$$

$$\gamma_1(p) = \frac{t_1(p)}{h_1(p)} = \frac{2p}{3q}$$
Note:  $q = (1 - p)$ 

## Difference

$$\tilde{\epsilon}_{1}(p) = \alpha_{1}(p) - \beta_{1}(p) = \frac{2p}{q(1+2p)} - \frac{3p}{2} = \frac{4p}{2q(1+2p)} - \frac{3pq(1+2p)}{2q(1+2p)} = \frac{p}{q}(\frac{4-3q-6pq}{2+4p}) = \frac{p}{q}(\frac{6p^{2}-3p+1}{2+4p})$$

$$\tilde{\epsilon}_{1}'(p) = \beta_{1}(p) - \gamma_{1}(p) = \frac{3p}{2} - \frac{2p}{3q} = \frac{9pq-4p}{6q} = \frac{p}{q}\frac{9q-4}{6} = \frac{p}{q}\frac{5-9p}{6}$$

$$\tilde{\epsilon}_{1}(p) + \tilde{\epsilon}_{1}'(p) = \alpha_{1}(p) - \gamma_{1}(p) = \frac{2p}{q(1+2p)} - \frac{2p}{3q} = \frac{6p-2p(1+2p)}{3q(1+2p)} = \frac{6p-2p-4p^{2}}{3q(1+2p)} = \frac{p}{q}\frac{4q}{3(1+2p)}$$
Define  $c_{p} = \frac{q}{p}$ 

$$\epsilon_{1} = c_{p}(\alpha_{1}(p) - \beta_{1}(p)) = \frac{6p^{2}-3p+1}{2+4p}$$

$$\epsilon_{1}' = c_{p}(\beta_{1}(p) - \gamma_{1}(p)) = \frac{5-9p}{6}$$

$$\epsilon_{1}(p) + \epsilon_{1}'(p) = c_{p}(\alpha_{1}(p) - \gamma_{1}(p)) = \frac{4q}{3(1+2p)}$$

### 2. Iterated.

In this section, we shorten the notation of (p), like  $f_k(p)$  denote  $f_k$ 

$$\begin{split} f_{k+1} &= f_k^3 + 6_k^2 g_k + 3 f_k^2 h_k + 9 f_k g_k^2 + 6 f_k g_k h_k + 2 g_k^3 \\ g_{k+1} &= f_k^2 g_k + 4 f_k g_k^2 + 2 f_k^2 h_k + f_k^2 t_k + 8 f_k g_k h_k + 3 g_k^3 + 2 f_k g_k t_k + 2 f_k h_k^2 + 4 g_k^2 h_k \\ h_{k+1} &= f_k g_k^2 + 4 f_k g_k h_k + 2 g_k^3 + 2 f_k g_k t_k + 7 g_k^2 h_k + 3 f_k h_k^2 + 2 g_k^2 t_k + 4 g_k h_k^2 + 2 f_k h_k t_k \\ t_{k+1} &= g_k^3 + 6 g_k^2 h_k + 3 g_k^2 t_k + 9 g_k h_k^2 + 6 g_k h_k t_k + 2 h_k^3 \end{split}$$

### Ratios

$$\alpha_{n+1} = \alpha_n \frac{B_n}{A_n}, \ \beta_{n+1} = \alpha_n \frac{C_n}{B_n}, \ \gamma_{n+1} = \alpha_n \frac{D_n}{C_n}$$

$$A_n = 1 + 6\alpha_n + 3\alpha_n \beta_n + 9\alpha_n^2 + 6\alpha_n^2 \beta_n + 2\alpha_n^3$$

$$B_n = 1 + 4\alpha_n + 2\beta_n + \beta_n \gamma_n + 8\alpha_n \beta_n + 3\alpha_n^2 + 2\alpha_n \beta_n \gamma_n + 2\alpha_n \beta_n^2 + 4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n$$

$$C_n = 1 + 2\alpha_n + 4\beta_n + 2\beta_n \gamma_n + 7\alpha_n \beta_n + 3\beta_n^2 + 2\alpha_n \beta_n \gamma_n + 4\alpha_n \beta_n^2 + 2\beta_n^2 \gamma_n$$

$$D_n = 1 + 6\beta_n + 3\beta_n \gamma_n + 9\beta_n^2 + 6\beta_n \gamma_n + 2\beta_n^3$$

## Difference

$$\begin{split} \tilde{\epsilon}_{n+1} &= \alpha_{n+1} - \beta_{n+1} = \alpha_n \left( \frac{B_n}{A_n} - \frac{C_n}{B_n} \right) = \frac{\alpha_n}{A_n B_n} \left( B_n^2 - A_n C_n \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{A_n B_n} \left[ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{\epsilon}_n^2 (4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 + 10\alpha_n^3 \beta_n + 2\alpha^2 \beta^2 + 5\alpha^3 + 7\alpha_n^2 \beta_n + \alpha_n \beta_n^2 + 4\alpha_n^2 + 2\alpha_n \beta_n + \alpha_n) + \\ \tilde{\epsilon}_n \tilde{\epsilon}_n' (4\alpha_n^4 \beta_n + 4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 + 10\alpha_n^3 \beta_n + 6\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 + 8\alpha_n^2 \beta_n + 2\alpha_n \beta_n^2 + 2\alpha_n \beta_n) + \\ \tilde{\epsilon}_n'^2 (4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 + 4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 + \alpha_n \beta_n^2) \end{array} \right] \\ \tilde{\epsilon}_{n+1}' &= \beta_{n+1} - \gamma_{n+1} = \alpha_n \left( \frac{C_n}{B_n} - \frac{D_n}{C_n} \right) = \alpha_n \left( \frac{C_n^2 - B_n D_n}{B_n C_n} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{B_n C_n} \left[ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{\epsilon}_n^2 (4\alpha_n \beta_n^4 + 12\alpha_n \beta_n^3 + 13\alpha_n \beta_n^2 + 6\alpha_n \beta_n + \alpha_n) + \\ \tilde{\epsilon}_n \tilde{\epsilon}_n' (4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^3 - 4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 \gamma_n - 8\alpha_n \beta_n^4 + 18\alpha_n \gamma_n^3 + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 + 9\alpha_n \beta_n^2 + \alpha_n^2 \beta_n + 2\alpha_n \beta_n) + \\ \tilde{\epsilon}_n'^2 (4\alpha_n \beta_n^4 + 2\alpha_n \beta_n^3 + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 + \alpha_n \beta_n^2) \end{array} \right] \\ \tilde{\epsilon}_{n+1}' + \tilde{\epsilon}_{n+1}' &= \alpha_{n+1} - \gamma_{n+1} = \alpha_n \left( \frac{B_n}{A_n} - \frac{D_n}{C_n} \right) = \alpha_n \left( \frac{B_n C_n - A_n D_n}{A_n C_n} \right) \\ &= \frac{\alpha_n}{A_n C_n} (2\alpha_n + 1) (\alpha_n^2 + 3\alpha_n \beta_n + 4\alpha_n + 1) \\ &(4\alpha_n \beta_n^2 + 2\alpha_n \beta_n \gamma_n - 2\beta_n^3 - 4\beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 7\alpha_n \beta_n - 6\beta_n^2 - \beta_n \gamma_n + 2\alpha_n - 2\beta_n) \end{split}$$

 $[2\beta_n^2 \tilde{\epsilon}_n + 2\beta_n^2 (\tilde{\epsilon}_n + \tilde{\epsilon}_n') + 2\beta_n \gamma_n \tilde{\epsilon}_n + 6\beta_n \tilde{\epsilon}_n + \beta_n (\tilde{\epsilon}_n + \tilde{\epsilon}_n') + 2\tilde{\epsilon}_n]$ 

 $= \frac{\alpha_n}{A_n C_n} (2\alpha_n + 1)(\alpha_n^2 + 3\alpha_n \beta_n + 4\alpha_n + 1)$ 

 $= \frac{\alpha_n}{4C} (2\alpha_n + 1)(\alpha_n^2 + 3\alpha_n\beta_n + 4\alpha_n + 1)$ 

 $[\tilde{\epsilon}_n(2\beta_n^2 + 2\beta_n\gamma_n + 6\beta_n + 2) + (\tilde{\epsilon}_n + \tilde{\epsilon'}_n)(2\beta_n^2 + \beta_n)]$ 

$$A_{n}B_{n} = 8\alpha_{n}^{5}\beta_{n} + 28\alpha_{n}^{4}\beta_{n}^{2} + 4\alpha_{n}^{4}\beta_{n}\gamma_{n} + 12\alpha_{n}^{3}\beta_{n}^{3} + 12\alpha_{n}^{3}\beta_{n}^{2}\gamma_{n}$$

$$+ 6\alpha_{n}^{5} + 70\alpha_{n}^{4}\beta_{n} + 78\alpha_{n}^{3}\beta_{n}^{2} + 20\alpha_{n}^{3}\beta_{n}\gamma_{n} + 6\alpha_{n}^{2}\beta_{n}^{3} + 12\alpha_{n}^{2}\beta_{n}^{2}\gamma_{n}$$

$$+ 35\alpha_{n}^{4} + 133\alpha_{n}^{3}\beta_{n} + 48\alpha_{n}^{2}\beta_{n}^{2} + 21\alpha_{n}^{2}\beta_{n}\gamma_{n} + 3\alpha_{n}\beta_{n}^{2}\gamma_{n}$$

$$+ 56\alpha_{n}^{3} + 88\alpha_{n}^{2}\beta_{n} + 8\alpha_{n}\beta_{n}^{2} + 8\alpha_{n}\beta_{n}\gamma_{n} + 36\alpha_{n}^{2} + 23\alpha_{n}\beta_{n} + \beta_{n}\gamma_{n} + 10\alpha_{n} + 2\beta_{n} + 1$$

$$\begin{split} B_n C_n = & 16\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^3 + 8\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 8\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^4 \\ & + 20\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^3 \gamma_n + 4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 \gamma_n^2 + 4\alpha_n \beta_n^4 \gamma_n + 4\alpha_n \beta_n^3 \gamma_n^2 + 40\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 + 6\alpha_n^3 \beta_n \gamma_n + 58\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^3 + 44\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 \gamma_n \\ & + 6\alpha_n \beta_n^4 + 30\alpha_n \beta_n^3 \gamma_n + 6\alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n^2 + 2\beta_n^3 \gamma_n^2 \\ & + 29\alpha_n^3 \beta_n + 101\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 + 18\alpha_n^2 \beta_n \gamma_n + 40\alpha_n \beta_n^3 \\ & + 43\alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 7\beta_n^3 \gamma_n + 2\beta_n^2 \gamma_n^2 + 6\alpha_n^3 + 60\alpha_n^2 \beta_n + 64\alpha_n \beta_n^2 + 14\alpha_n \beta_n \gamma_n + 6\beta_n^3 + 10\beta_n^2 \gamma_n \\ & + 11\alpha_n^2 + 35\alpha_n \beta_n + 11\beta_n^2 + 3\beta_n \gamma_n + 6\alpha_n + 6\beta_n + 1 \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \epsilon_{n+1} &= c_p(\alpha_{n+1} - \beta_{n+1}) = c_p \alpha_n \left( \frac{B_n}{A_n} - \frac{C_n}{B_n} \right) = \frac{c_p \alpha_n}{A_n B_n} \left( B_n^2 - A_n C_n \right) = c_p \tilde{\epsilon}_{n+1} \\ &= \frac{c_p}{A_n B_n} \left[ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{\epsilon}_n^2 (4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 + 10\alpha_n^3 \beta_n + 2\alpha^2 \beta^2 + 5\alpha^3 + 7\alpha_n^2 \beta_n + \alpha_n \beta_n^2 + 4\alpha_n^2 + 2\alpha_n \beta_n + \alpha_n) + \\ \tilde{\epsilon}_n \tilde{\epsilon}_n' (4\alpha_n^4 \beta_n + 4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 + 10\alpha_n^3 \beta_n + 6\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 + 8\alpha_n^2 \beta_n + 2\alpha_n \beta_n^2 + 2\alpha_n \beta_n) + \\ \tilde{\epsilon}_n'^2 (4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 + 4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 + \alpha_n \beta_n^2) \end{array} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{c_p A_n B_n} \left[ \begin{array}{l} \epsilon_n^2 (4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 + 10\alpha_n^3 \beta_n + 2\alpha^2 \beta^2 + 5\alpha^3 + 7\alpha_n^2 \beta_n + \alpha_n \beta_n^2 + 4\alpha_n^2 + 2\alpha_n \beta_n + \alpha_n) + \\ \epsilon_n \epsilon_n' (4\alpha_n^4 \beta_n + 4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 + 10\alpha_n^3 \beta_n + 6\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 + 8\alpha_n^2 \beta_n + 2\alpha_n \beta_n^2 + 2\alpha_n \beta_n) + \\ \epsilon_n'^2 (4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 + 4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 + \alpha_n \beta_n^2) \end{array} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{A_n B_n} \left[ \begin{array}{l} \epsilon_n (4\alpha_n^4 \beta_n^2 - 4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^3 + 10\alpha_n^4 \beta_n - 8\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^3 - 4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 \gamma_n \\ + 5\alpha_n^4 + 2\alpha_n^3 \beta_n - 6\alpha_n^2 \beta_n \gamma_n - \alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 4\alpha_n^3 - 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n - 2\alpha_n \beta_n \gamma_n + \alpha_n^2 - \alpha_n \beta_n) + \\ \epsilon_n' (4\alpha_n^5 \beta_n - 4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 10\alpha_n^4 \beta_n - 8\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^3 - 4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 \gamma_n \\ + 2\alpha_n^3 \beta_n - \alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n - \alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n - \alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^3 - 4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 - 2\alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 - 2\alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 - 2\alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n - \alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 - 2\alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 - 2\alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 - 2\alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n - \alpha_n \beta_n^2$$

$$\begin{split} \epsilon'_{n+1} &= c_p(\beta_{n+1} - \gamma_{n+1}) = c_p \alpha_n \left( \frac{C_n}{B_n} - \frac{D_n}{C_n} \right) = c_p \alpha_n \left( \frac{C_n^2 - B_n D_n}{B_n C_n} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{c_p B_n C_n} \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_n^2 (4\alpha_n \beta_n^4 + 12\alpha_n \beta_n^3 + 13\alpha_n \beta_n^2 + 6\alpha_n \beta_n + \alpha_n) + \\ \epsilon_n \epsilon'_n (4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^3 - 4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 \gamma_n - 8\alpha_n \beta_n^4 + 18\alpha_n \gamma_n^3 + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 + 9\alpha_n \beta_n^2 + \alpha_n^2 \beta_n + 2\alpha_n \beta_n) + \\ \epsilon'_n^2 (4\alpha_n \beta_n^4 + 2\alpha_n \beta_n^3 + 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 + \alpha_n \beta_n^2) \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \frac{1}{B_n C_n} \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_n (4\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^4 - 4\alpha_n \beta_n^3 \gamma_n^2 + 14\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^3 - 12\alpha_n \beta_n^3 \gamma_n - 2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 \gamma_n \\ -12\alpha_n \beta_n^3 - \alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 13\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 - 2\alpha_n \beta_n \gamma_n + 6\alpha_n^2 \beta_n - 4\alpha_n \beta_n^2 + \alpha_n^2 - \alpha_n \beta_n) + \\ \epsilon'_n (4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^3 - 4\alpha_n^3 \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + 14\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^3 - 2\alpha_n \beta_n^3 \gamma_n - 10\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^3 \\ -2\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2 \gamma_n - 7\alpha_n \beta_n^3 - \alpha_n \beta_n^2 \gamma_n + \alpha_n^3 \beta_n + 7\alpha_n^2 \beta_n^2) \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$