lustec Publishers in ByPI 2000

About Me

Jordan Duabe -- @j4ckofalltrades

- Software Engineer @ Anaqua
- Command-line ninja
- Has one too many MKBs

Agenda

- Intro to PyPI
- Packaging (and Publishing) Flow
- Trusted Publishing

The Python Package Index (PyPI)

What is PyPI

- The official third-party software repository for Python hosted at pypi.org
- aka the Cheese Shop
- Launched in 2003



PyPI Stats

- 525,341 projects
- 5,513,294 releases
- 10,633,210 files
- 797,720 users

TestPyPI

A separate (test) instance of the Python Package Index (PyPI) accessible at test.pypi.org

Packaging (and Publishing) Flow



A sample Python project

- github.com/pypa/sampleproject
- packaging.python.org/tutorials/packagingprojects/
- pypi.org/p/sampleproject

Package structure

```
sampleproject/
    LICENSE
    pyproject.toml
    README.md
    src/
    sampleproject/
    init_.py
    example.py
    tests/
```

Configuration file

```
[build-system]
requires = ["setuptools"]
build-backend = "setuptools.build meta"
[project]
name = "sampleproject"
version = "3.0.0"
description = "A sample Python project"
readme = "README.md"
requires-python = ">=3.8"
license = {file = "LICENSE.txt"}
keywords = ["sample", "setuptools", "development"]
authors = [
  {name = "A. Random Developer", email = "author@example.com" }
maintainers = [
  {name = "A. Great Maintainer", email = "maintainer@example.com" }
```

Generating distribution archives

Built Distribution (wheel)

Source Distribution (sdist)

```
sampleproject-3.0.0
   LICENSE.txt
   门 PKG-INFO
   pyproject.toml
   README.md
   setup.cfq
   ■ src
      sample
         __init__.py
         package_data.dat
         simple.py
      sampleproject.eqq-info
         dependency_links.txt
         entry_points.txt
         门 PKG-INFO
         requires.txt

■ SOURCES.txt

         top_level.txt
   tests
      test_simple.py
```

Uploading the distribution archives

This requires a (1) PyPI account and an (2) API token.

Automation with GitHub Actions

```
jobs:
    pypi-publish:
        name: upload release to PyPI
        runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
        # build distributions

- name: Publish package distributions to PyPI
    uses: pypa/gh-action-pypi-publish@release/v1
    with:
        username: __token__
        password: ${{ secrets.PYPI_API_TOKEN }}
```

Trusted Publishing



Info

GitHub is currently the only OIDC identity provider that is supported.

Publishing with OpenID Connect (OIDC)

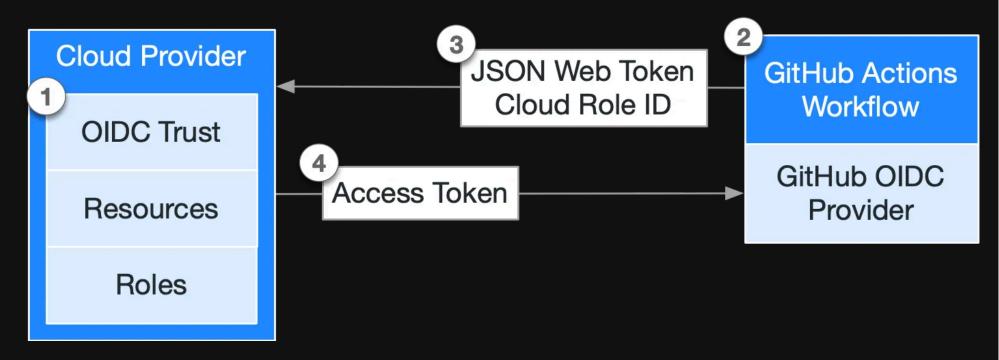


Diagram from OpenID Connect Overview on GitHub

Configuring a Trusted Publisher in PyPl

Add a new publisher
GitHub
Read more about GitHub Actions's OpenID Connect support $\underline{\text{here}}$.
Owner (required)
octo-org
The GitHub organization name or GitHub username that owns the repository
Repository name (required)
sampleproject
The name of the GitHub repository that contains the publishing workflow
Workflow name (required)
release.yml
the filename of the publishing workflow. This file should exist in thegithub/workflows/ directory in the repository configured above.
Environment name (optional)
release
The name of the <u>GitHub Actions environment</u> that the above workflow uses for publishing. This should be configured under the repository's settings. While not required, a dedicated publishing environment is strongly encouraged, especially if your repository has maintainers with commit access who shouldn't have PyPI publishing access.
Add

JWT (Encoded)

eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.ey
JzdWIiOiIxMjMONTY3ODkwIiwibmFtZSI6Ikpva
G4gRG91IiwiYWRtaW4iOnRydWUsImlhdCI6MTUx
NjIzOTAyMnO.NHVaYe26MbtOYhSKkoKYdFVomg4
i8ZJd8_RU8VNbftc4TSMb4bXP313Y1NWACwyXPGffz5aXH
c61ty1Y2t4SWRqGteragsVdZufDn5BlnJ19pdR_
kdVFUsra2rWKEofkZeIC4yWytE58sMIihvo9H1S
cmmVwBcQP6XETqYdOaSHp1gOa9RdUPDvoXQ5oqy
gTqVtxaDr6wUFKrKItgBMzWIdNZ6y7O9E0DhEPT
bE9rfBo6KTFsHAZnMg4k68CDp2woYIaXbmYTWcv
bzIuHO7_37GT79XdIwkm95QJ7hYC9RiwrV7mesb
Y4PAahERJawnthoOmy942XheVLmGwLMBkQ

JWT (Decoded)

```
"typ": "JWT",
"alg": "RS256",
"x5t": "example-thumbprint",
"kid": "example-key-id"
"jti": "example-id",
"sub": "repo:octo-org/octo-repo:environment:prod",
"environment": "prod",
"aud": "https://github.com/octo-org",
"ref": "refs/heads/main",
"sha": "example-sha",
"repository": "octo-org/octo-repo",
"repository_owner": "octo-org",
"actor id": "12",
"repository visibility": "private",
"repository_id": "74",
"repository_owner_id": "65",
"run_id": "example-run-id",
"run number": "10",
"run_attempt": "2",
"runner_environment": "github-hosted"
"workflow": "example-workflow",
"head_ref": "",
"base ref": "",
"event_name": "workflow_dispatch",
"ref_type": "branch",
"job_workflow_ref": "octo-org/octo-automation/.github/workflows/oidc.yml@refs/heads/main",
"iss": "https://token.actions.githubusercontent.com",
"nbf": 1632492967,
"exp": 1632493867,
"iat": 1632493567
```

Verifying the JWT

The GitHub OIDC provider configuration contains the following information:

- A claims_supported JSON array that lists all supported JWT claims
- A jwks_uri that contains the JSON Web Key
 Set used to verify the JWT

Using Trusted Publishing with GitHub Actions

```
jobs:
    pypi-publish:
    name: upload release to PyPI
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest

+ permissions:
    # IMPORTANT: this permission is mandatory for trusted publishing
    id-token: write
    steps:
        # retrieve your distributions here

- name: Publish package distributions to PyPI
        uses: pypa/gh-action-pypi-publish@release/v1
- with:
        username: __token__
        password: ${{ secrets.PYPI_API_TOKEN }}
```

Putting it all together

📵 Trusted Publisher workflow in action

github.com/j4ckofalltrades/powerline-k8s

Why use Trusted Publishers?

Why use Trusted Publishers?

1. **Usability.** With a trusted publisher, no manual API token management is necessary: configuring the publisher is a one-time action for each project.

Why use Trusted Publishers?

- 1. **Usability.** With a trusted publisher, no manual API token management is necessary: configuring the publisher is a one-time action for each project.
- 2. **Security**. Short-lived (effectively ephemeral) tokens reduces potential damage (if the token gets "leaked") as it expires automatically.

Resources

- PyPI Docs
- PyPA Packaging User Guide
- GitHub Overview of OpenID Connect
- JWT.io

Slides

