

SHODAN for Penetration Testers

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SHODAN for Penetration Testers

- What is SHODAN?
- Basic Operations
- Penetration Testing
- Case Study 1: Cisco Devices
- Case Study 2: Default Passwords
- Case Study 3: Infrastructure Exploitation
- Other Examples
- The Future
- Conclusions

By pen testing, I mean...

- Black/gray/white box testing
- Ethical hacking
- Security auditing
- Vulnerability assessment
- Standards compliance
- Training
- All of the above

SHODAN for Penetration Testers

WHAT IS SHODAN?

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What is SHODAN? (1)

- SHODAN (http://www.shodanhq.com/) is a computer search engine designed by web developer John Matherly (http://twitter.com/achillean)
- While SHODAN is a search engine, it is much different than content search engines like Google, Yahoo or Bing

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What is SHODAN? (2)

- Typical search engines crawl for data on web pages and then index it for searching
- SHODAN interrogates ports and grabs the resulting banners, then indexes the banners (rather than the web content) for searching

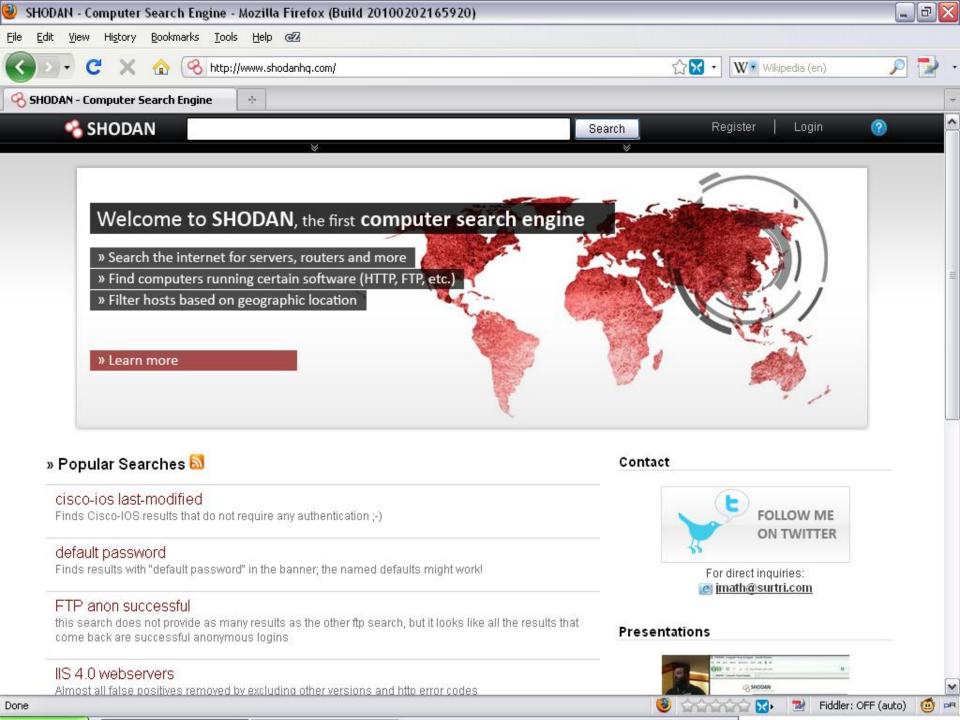
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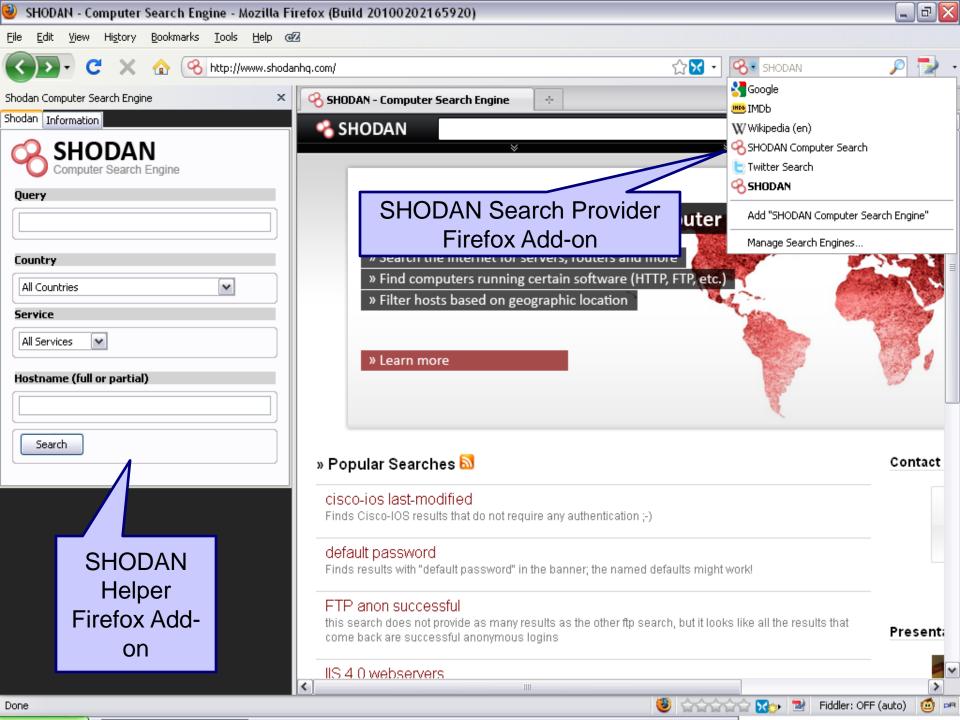
What is SHODAN? (3)

- Rather than to locate specific content on a particular search term, SHODAN is designed to help the user find specific nodes (desktops, servers, routers, switches, etc.) with specific content in their banners
- Optimizing search results requires some basic knowledge of banners

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BASIC OPERATIONS







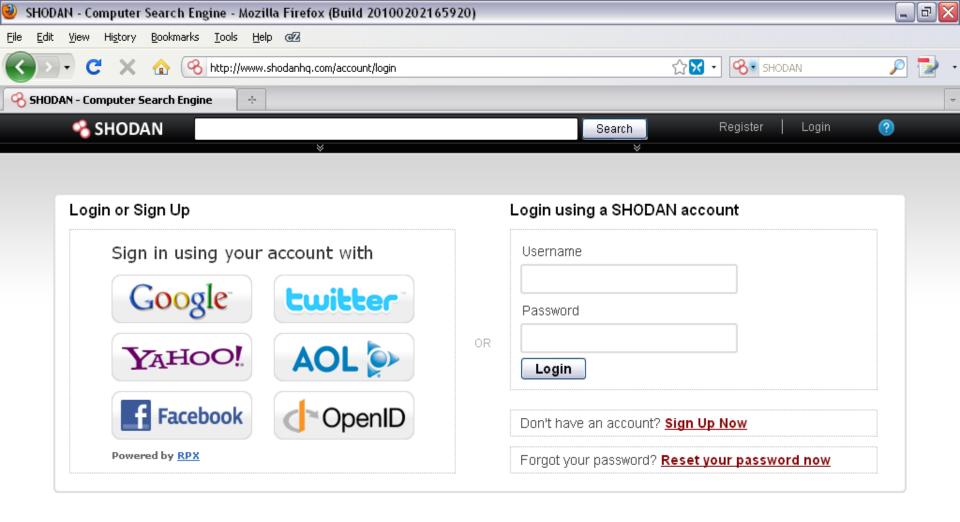
Basic Operations: Search

- Search terms are entered into a text box (seen below)
- Quotation marks can narrow a search
- Boolean operators + and can be used to include and exclude query terms (+ is implicit default)

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Basic Operations: Login

- Create and login using a SHODAN account; or
- Login using one of several other options (Google, Twitter, Yahoo, AOL, Facebook, OpenID
- Login is not required, but country and net filters are not available unless you login
- Export requires you to be logged in

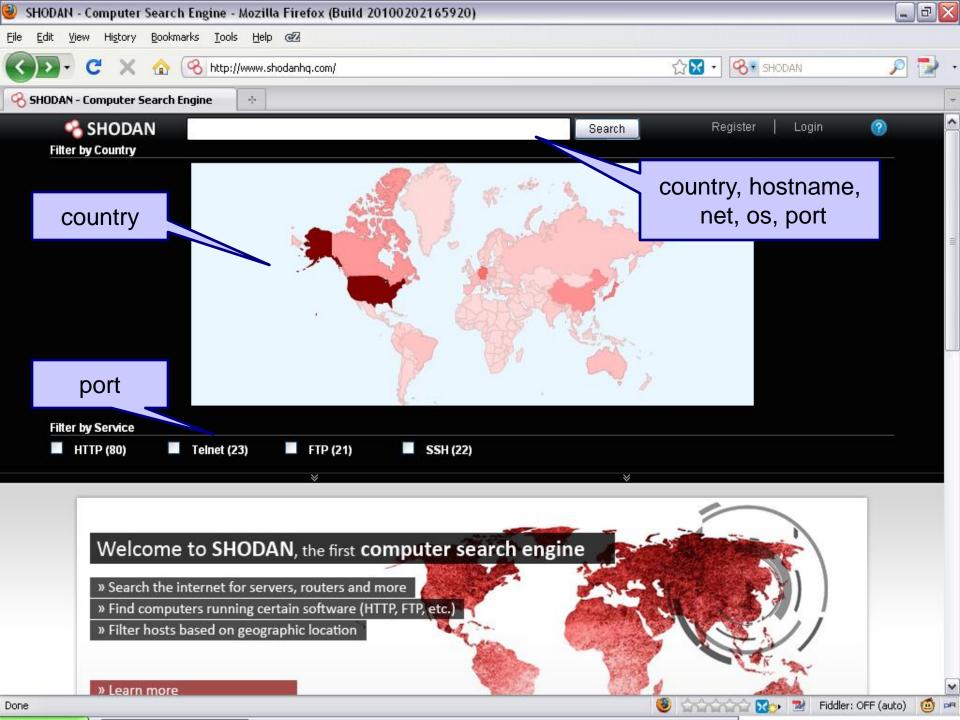


Privacy Policy | Terms of Service @ SHODAN

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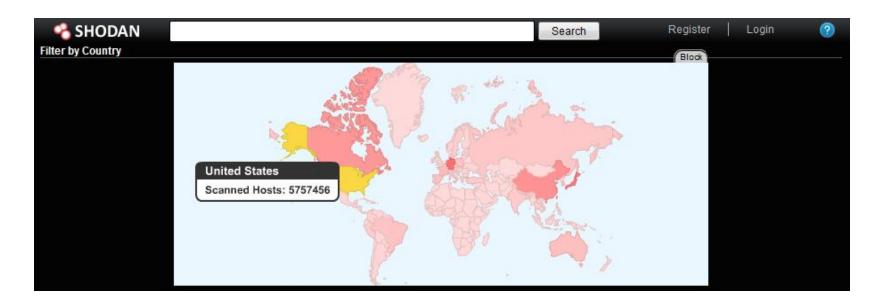
Basic Operations: Filters

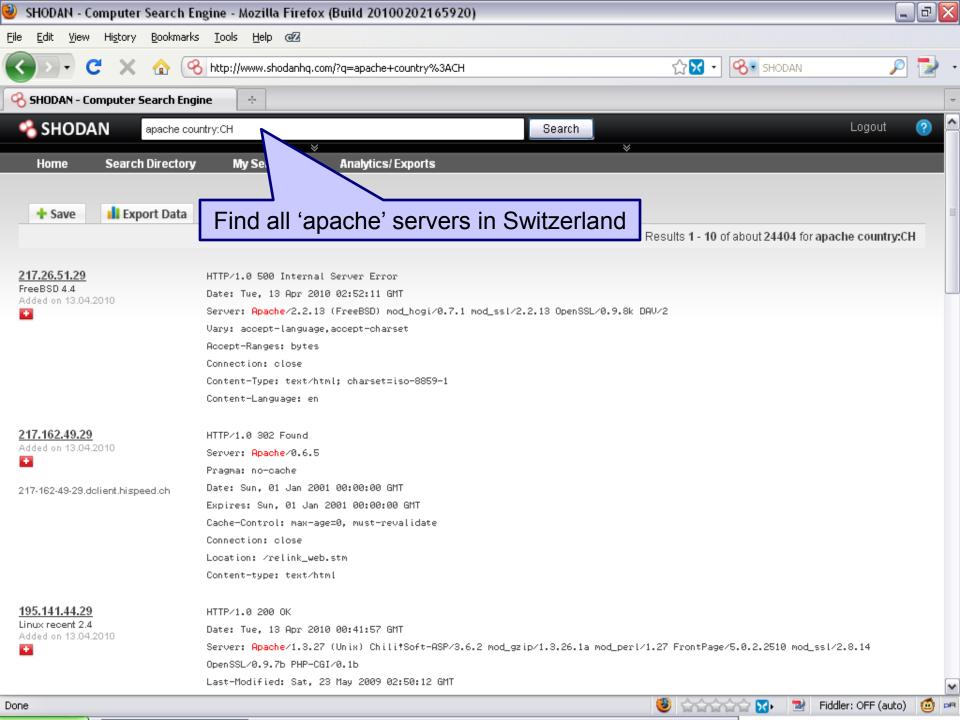
- **country:** filters results by two letter country code
- hostname: filters results by specified text in the hostname or domain
- net: filter results by a specific IP range or subnet
- os: search for specific operating systems
- port: narrow the search for specific services

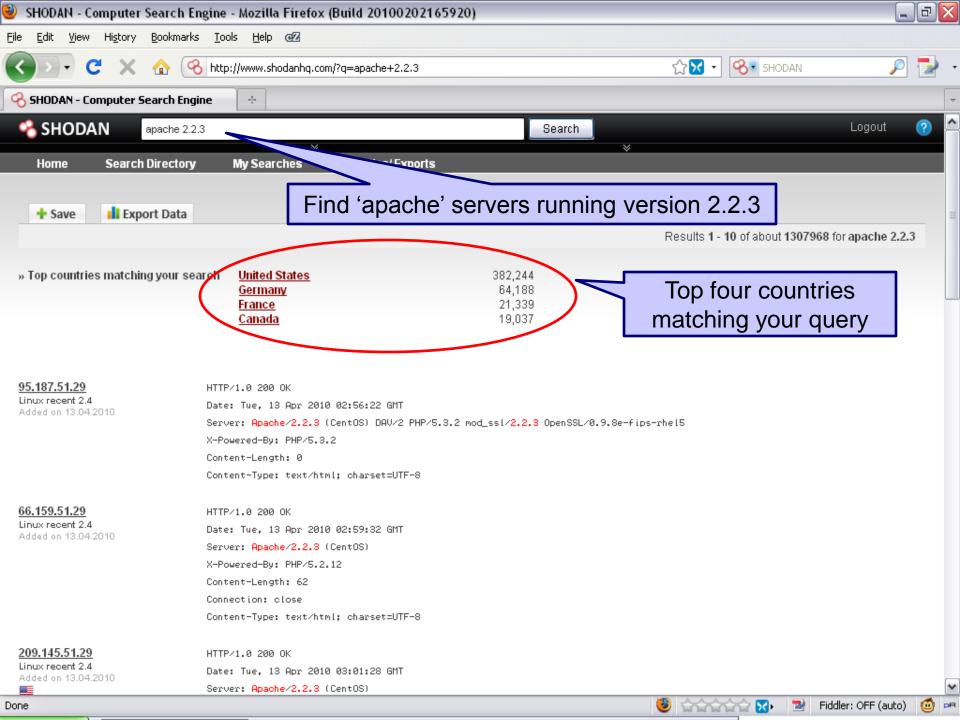


Basic Operations: Country Filter

- Filtering by country can be accomplished by clicking on the country map (available from the drop down menu)
- Mouse over a country for the number of scanned hosts for a particular country



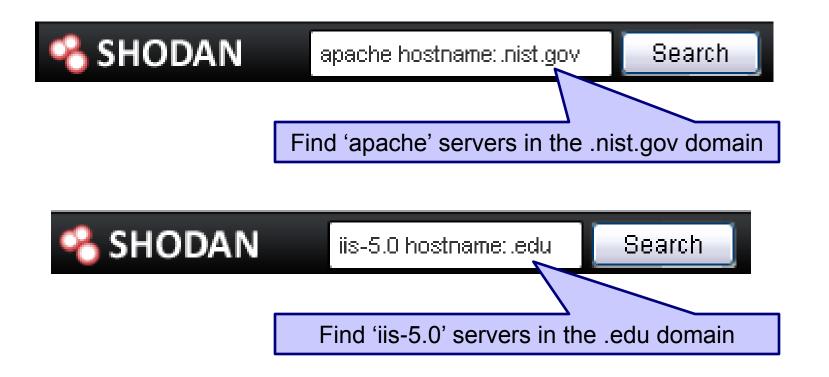




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Basic Operations: Hostname Filter

Search results can be filtered using any portion of a hostname or domain name



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Basic Operations: Net / OS Filters

- The net filter allows you to refine your searches by IP/CIDR notation
- The OS filter allows you to refine searches by operating system

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Basic Operations: Port Filter

- SHODAN can filter your search results by port
- Current collection is limited to ports 21 (FTP), 22 (SSH), 23 (Telnet), and 80 (HTTP), while the overwhelming majority of collection is HTTP
- More ports/services coming (send requests to the developer via Twitter)

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Basic Operations: Searches

- Popular searches are available on the main page
- Logged in users can save searches and share them with other users

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Basic Operations: Export

- SHODAN lets you export up to 1,000 results per credit in XML format
- Credits can be purchased online
- Sample data export file is available

SHODAN for Penetration Testers

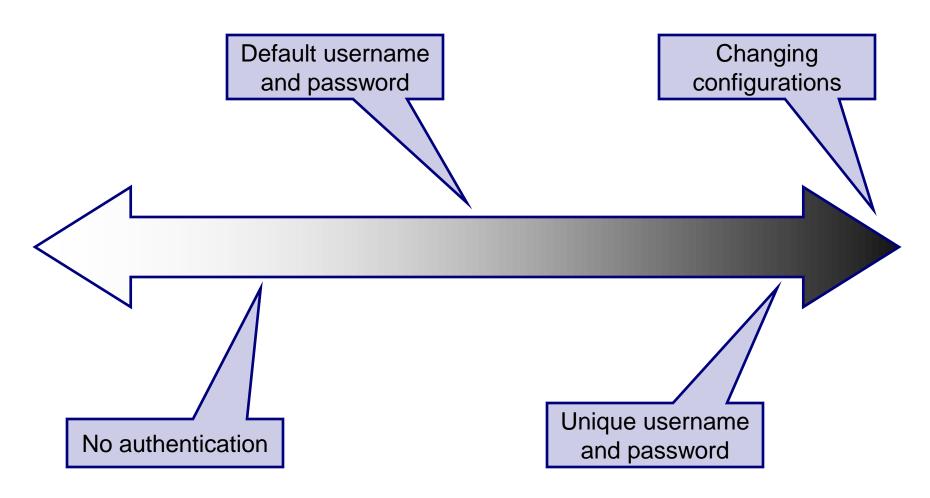
PENETRATION TESTING

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Pen Testing: Ethics (1)

- Is it acceptable under any circumstances to view the configuration of a device that requires no authentication to view?
- What about viewing the configuration of a device using a default username and password?
- What about viewing the configuration of a device using a unique username and password?
- Changing the configuration of any device?







Pen Testing Applications

- Using SHODAN for penetration testing requires some basic knowledge of banners including HTTP status codes
- Banners advertise service and version
- Banners can be spoofed (unlikely?)

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Pen Testing: HTTP Status Codes

Status Code	Description
200 OK	Request succeeded
401 Unauthorized	Request requires authentication
403 Forbidden	Request is denied regardless of authentication

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Pen Testing: Assumptions

- "200 OK" banner results will load without any authentication (at least not initially)
- "401 Unauthorized" banners with Wwwauthenticate indicate a username and password pop-up box (authentication is possible but not yet accomplished, as distinguished from "403 Forbidden")
- Some banners advertise defaults

SHODAN for Penetration Testers

CASE STUDY: CISCO DEVICES

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Case Study: Cisco Devices

Here is a typical "401 Unauthorized" banner when using the simple search term "cisco":

```
HTTP/1.0 401 Unauthorized

Date: Tue, 01 Dec 2009 16:09:46 GMT

Www-authenticate: Basic realm="level_15 or view_access"

Connection: close

Accept-ranges: none

Server: cisco-IOS
```

Take note of the *Www-authenticate* line which indicates the requirement for a username and password



Case Study: Cisco Devices

Now consider an example of a "200 OK" banner which does not include the *Www-authenticate* line:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK

Transfer-encoding: chunked

Accept-ranges: none

Expires: Tue, 08 Jun 1993 06:55:45 GMT

Server: cisco-IOS

Last-modified: Tue, 08 Jun 1993 06:55:45 GMT

Connection: close

Cache-control: no-store, no-cache, must-revalidate

Date: Tue, 08 Jun 1993 06:55:45 GMT

Content-type: text/html
```

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Case Study: Cisco Devices

A comparison of the two banners finds the second banner to include the *Last-modified* line which <u>does not</u> appear when *Www-authenticate* appears:

```
HTTP/1.0 401 Unauthorized

Date: Tue, 01 Dec 2009 16:09:46 GMT

Www-authenticate: Basic realm="level_15 or view_access"

Connection: close

Accept-ranges: none

Server: cisco-IOS
```

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK

Transfer-encoding: chunked

Accept-ranges: none

Expires: Tue, 08 Jun 1993 06:55:45 GMT

Server: cisco-IOS

Last-modified: Tue, 08 Jun 1993 06:55:45 GMT

Connection: close

Cache-control: no-store, no-cache, must-revalidate

Date: Tue, 08 Jun 1993 06:55:45 GMT

Content-type: text/html
```

In fact, among "cisco" results these two lines are more than 99% mutually exclusive

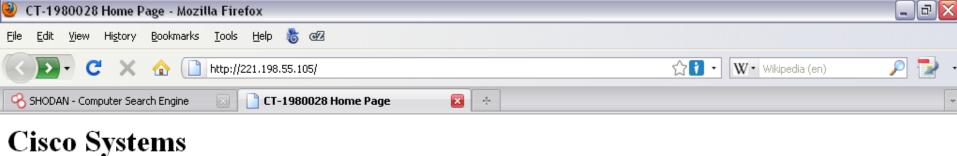
Case Study: Cisco Results

Search	Results
cisco	251,742
cisco-ios	226,184
cisco www-authenticate	225,402
cisco last-modified	4,265
cisco last-modified www-authenticate	56



Case Study: Cisco Results

- This suggests that Cisco "200 OK" banners that include the Last-modified line do not require any authentication (at least not initially)
- The results on the previous slide suggest there are potentially **4,200+** Cisco devices that do not require authentication



Accessing Cisco 1812W "CT-1980028"

Show diagnostic log - display the diagnostic log. Monitor the router - HTML access to the command line interface at level 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15

Show tech-support - display information commonly needed by tech support.

Extended Ping - Send extended ping commands.

OoS Device Manager - Configure and monitor OoS through the web interface.

VPN Device Manager (VDM) - Configure and monitor Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) through the

Surely these HTML links will require some additional authentication...

Help resources

- CCO at www.cisco.com Cisco Connection Online, including the Technical Assistance Center (TAC).
- 2. tac@cisco.com e-mail the TAC.
- 1-800-553-2447 or +1-408-526-7209 phone the TAC.
- cs-html@cisco.com e-mail the HTML interface development group.



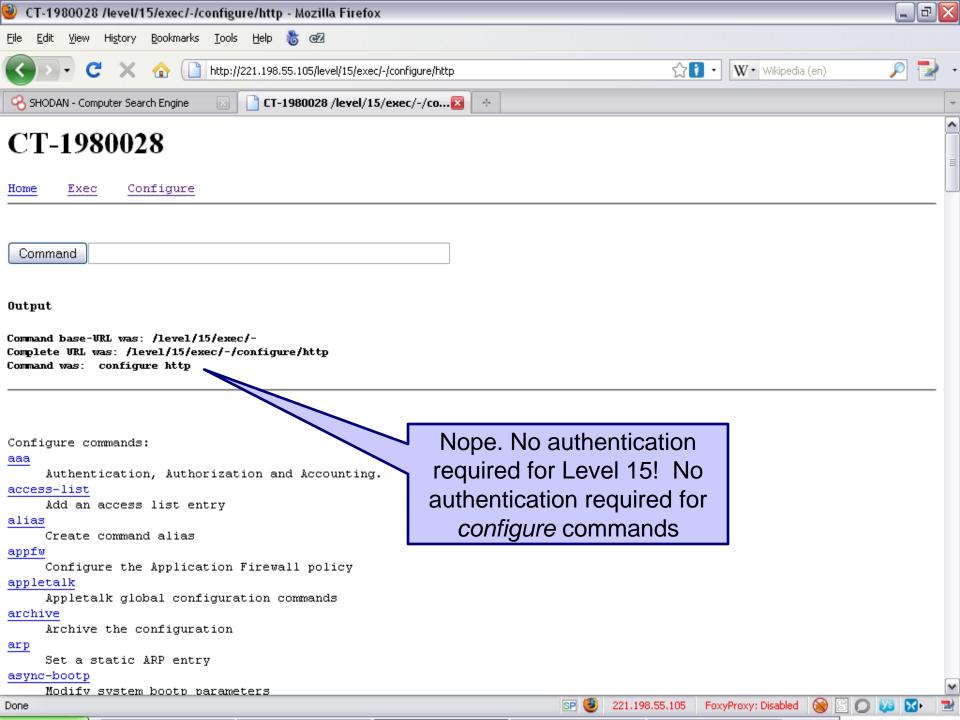


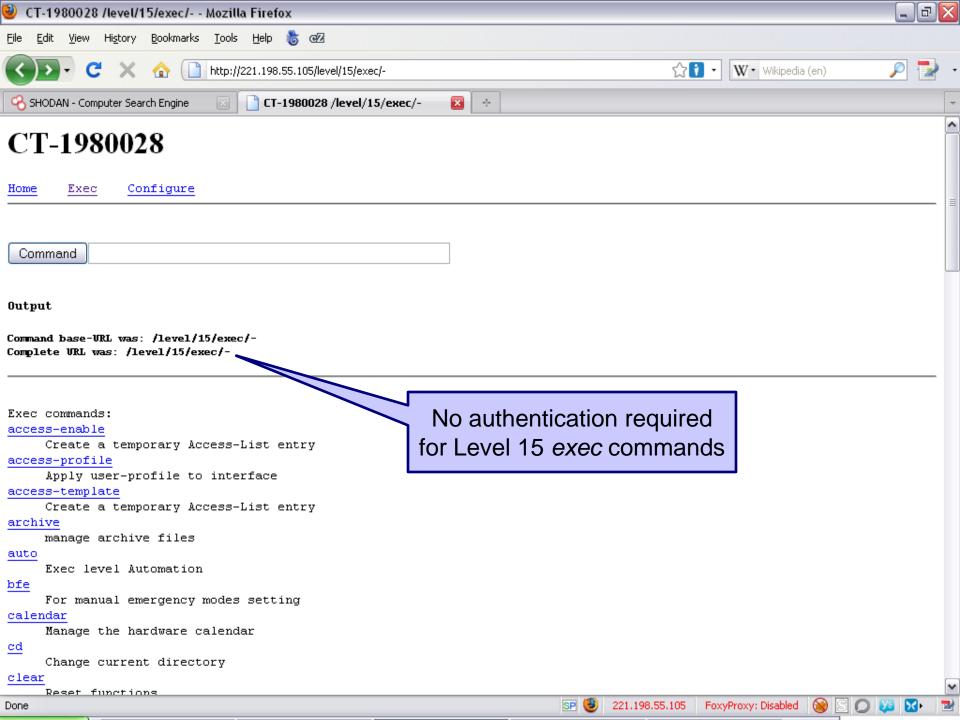












CT-1980028

CT-1980028

Home Exec Configure

Home

Exec

Configure

Command

show running-config

Output

Command base-URL was: /level/15/exec/-

Complete URL was: /level/15/exec/-/show/running-config/CR

Command was: show running-config

Building configuration...

Current configuration: 8995 bytes!

version 12.3

service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
service password-encryption!

hostname CT-1980028!

boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker!
logging buffered 51200 warnings!
no aaa new-model

Command

show cdp neighbors

Output

Command base-URL was: /level/15/exec/-

Complete URL was: /level/15/exec/-/show/cdp/neighbors/CR

Command was: show cdp neighbors

```
this[0] = "CN-CNC-VPNHUB-1";

this[1] = "10.97.248.1";

this[2] = "Cisco 3745";

this[3] = "Tunnel0";

this[4] = "Tunnel0";

this[5] = "R S I ";

this[6] = "CN-CNC-VPNHUB-2";

this[7] = "10.65.8.1";

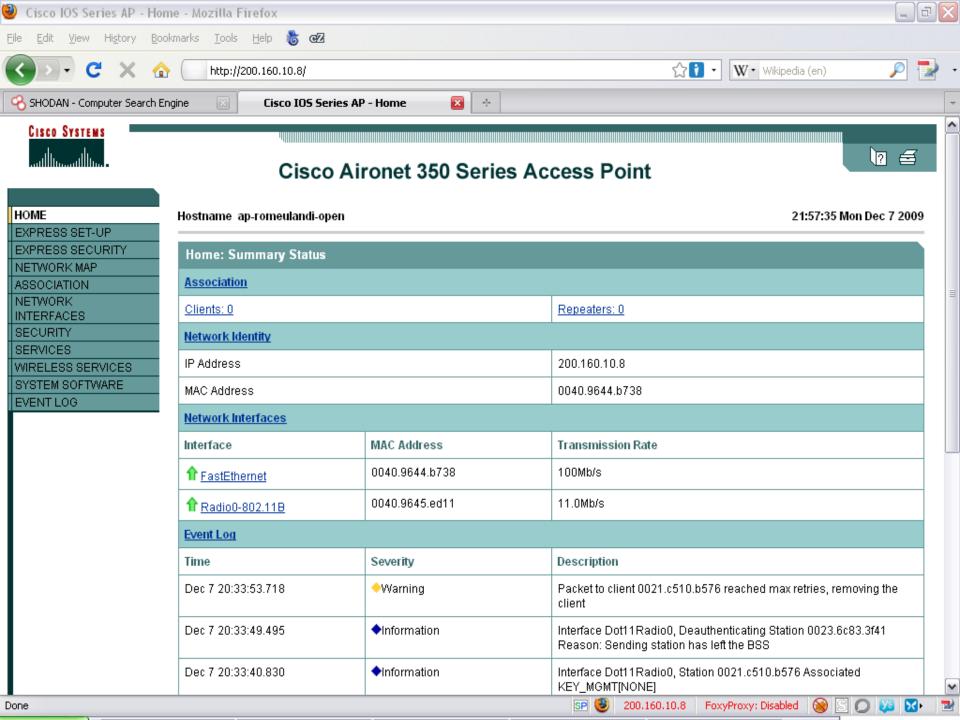
this[8] = "Cisco 3745";

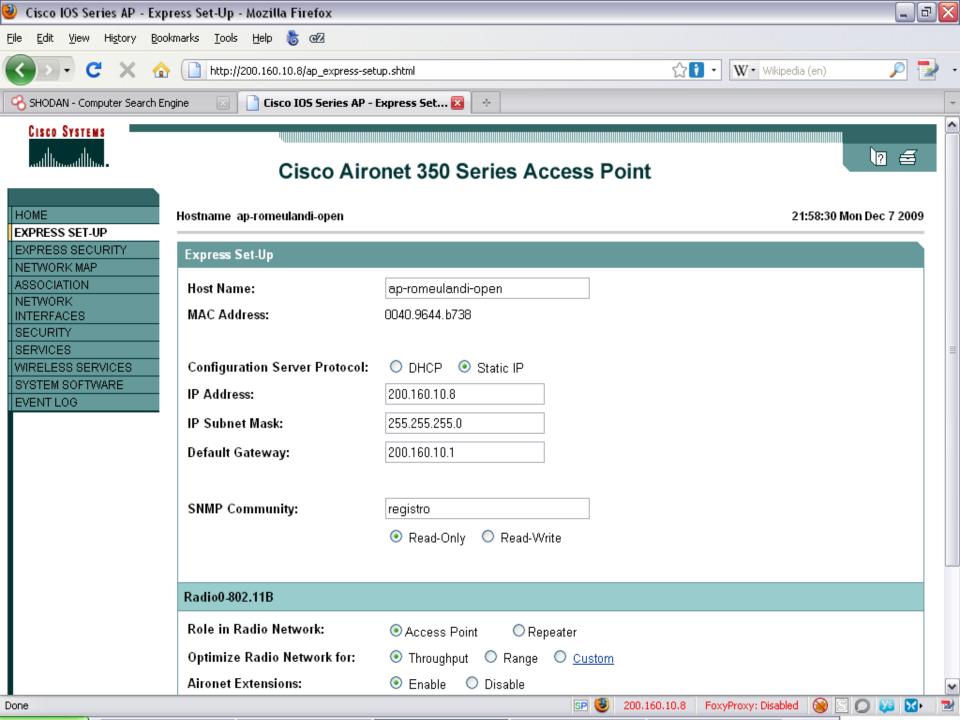
this[9] = "Tunnel1";

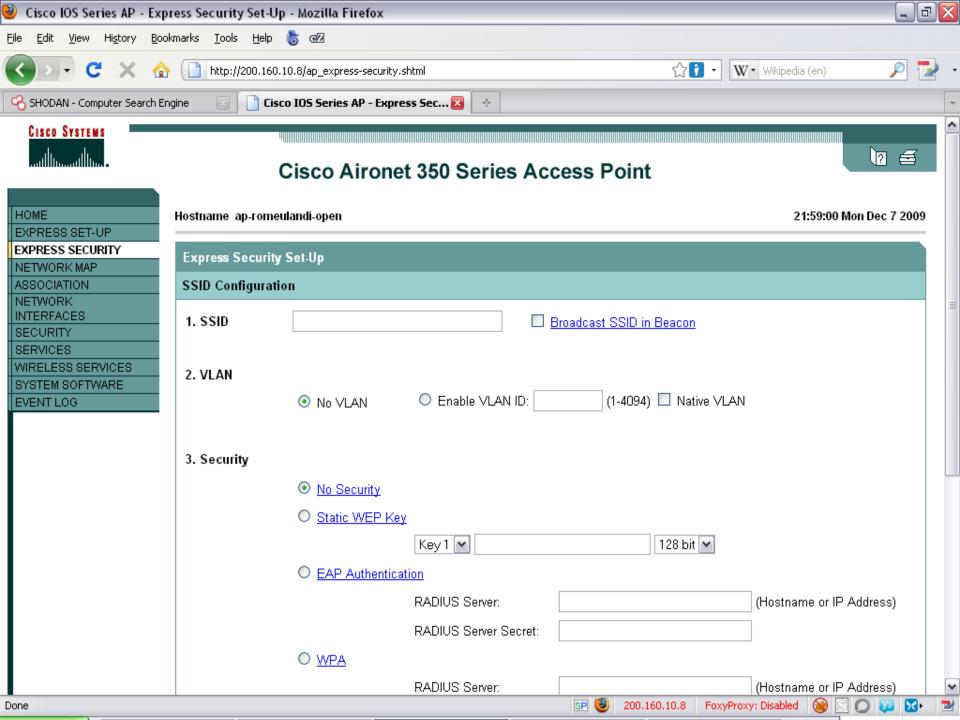
this[10] = "Tunnel1";

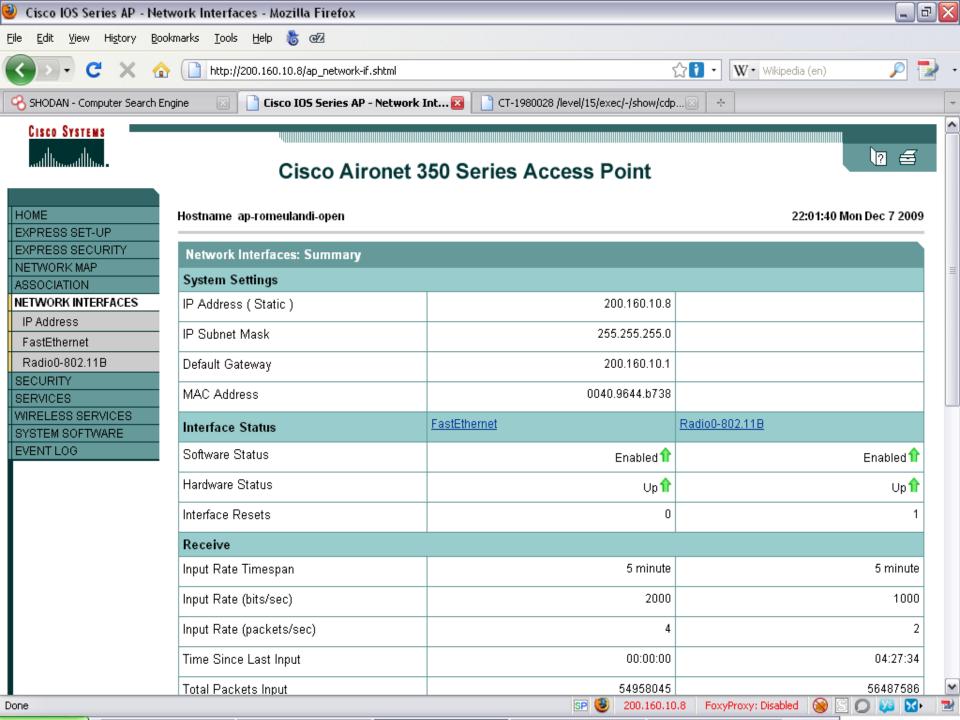
this[11] = "R S I ";
```

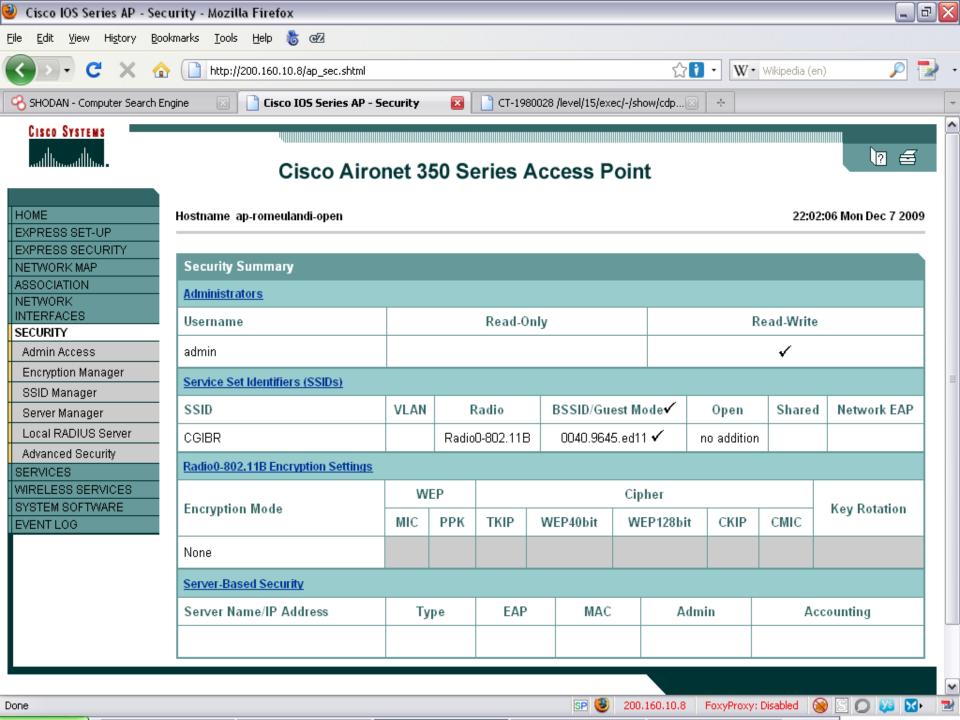
command completed.

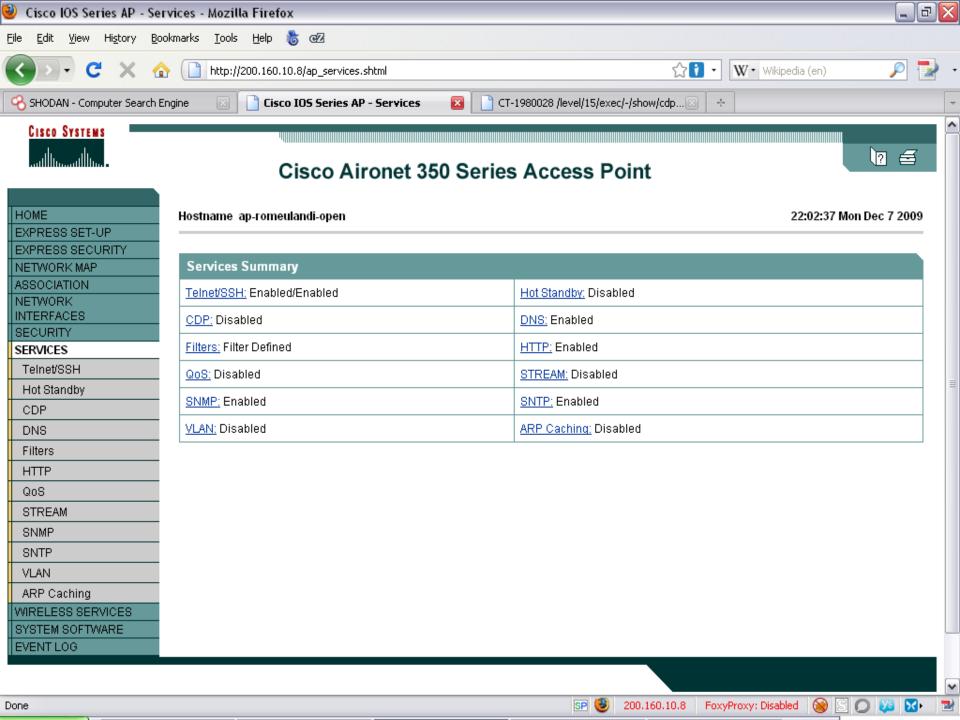


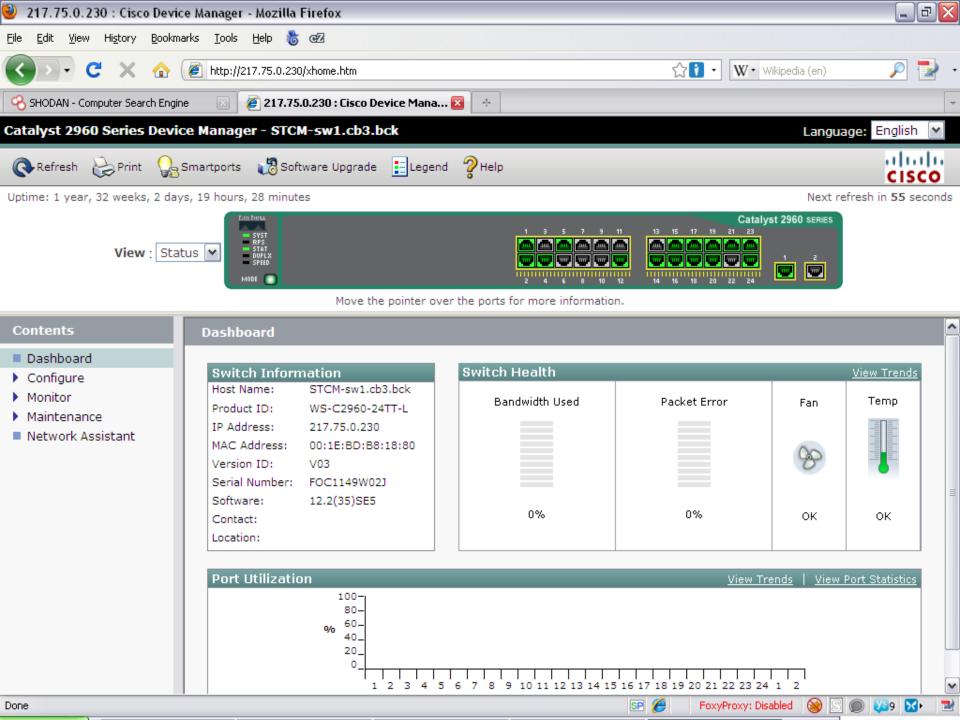


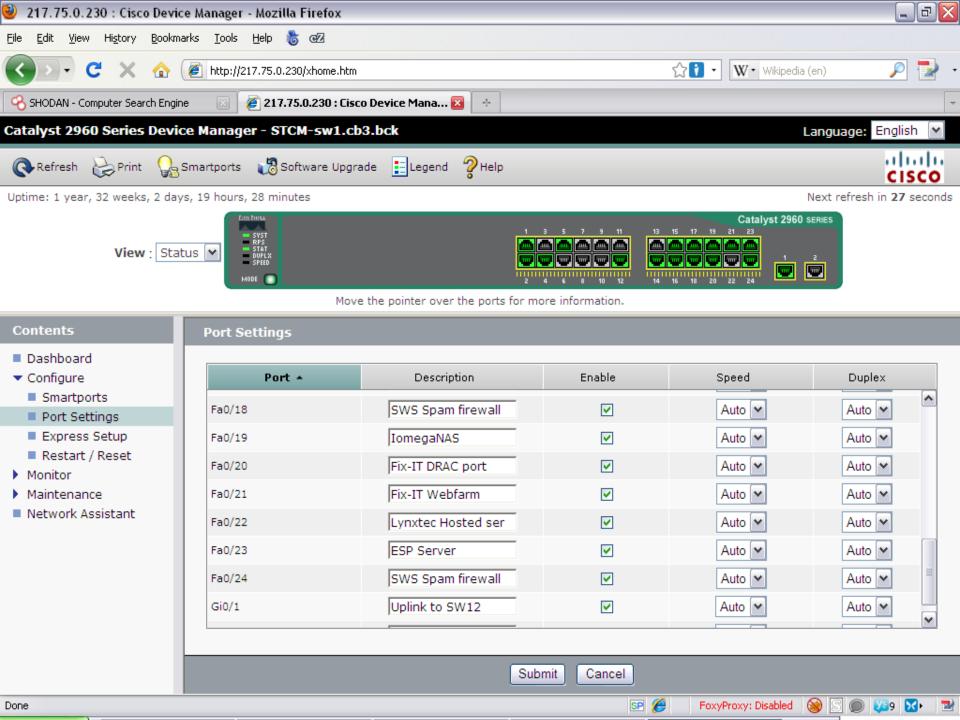


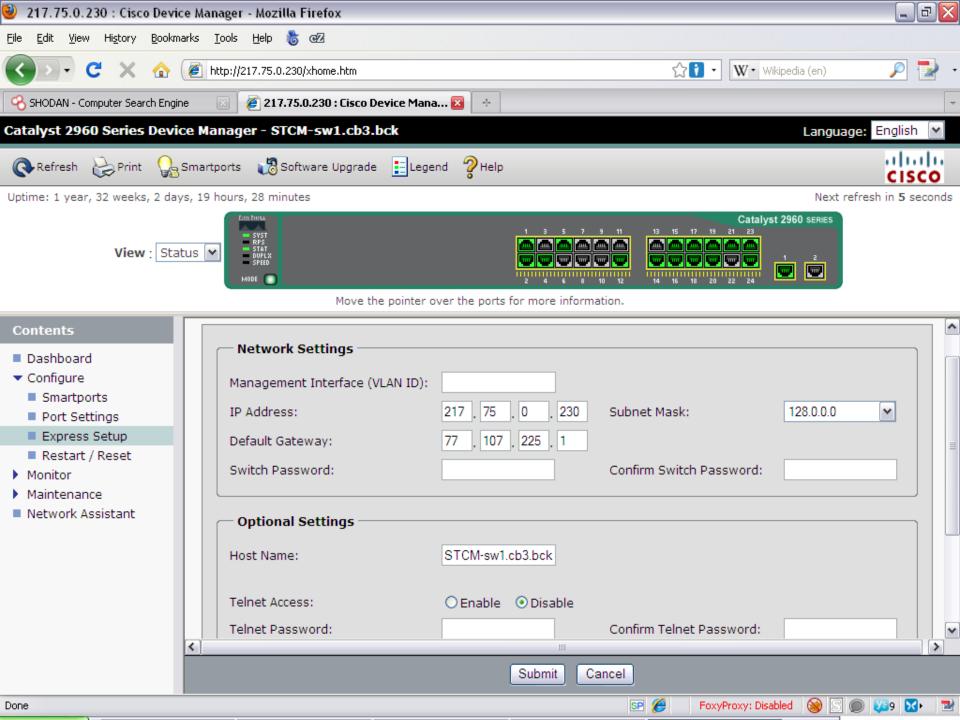


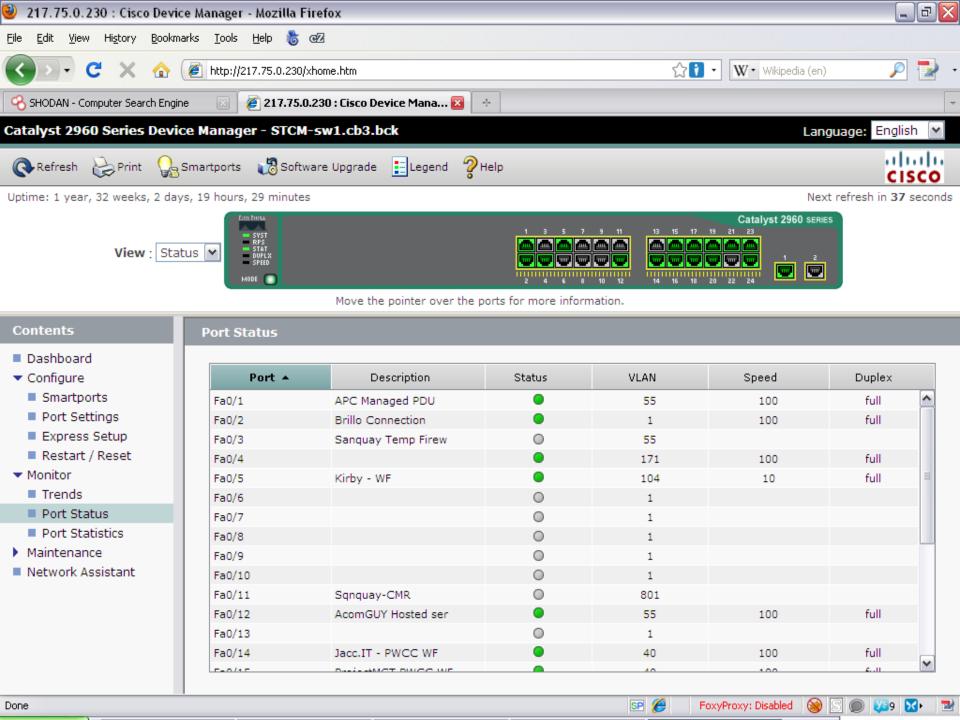


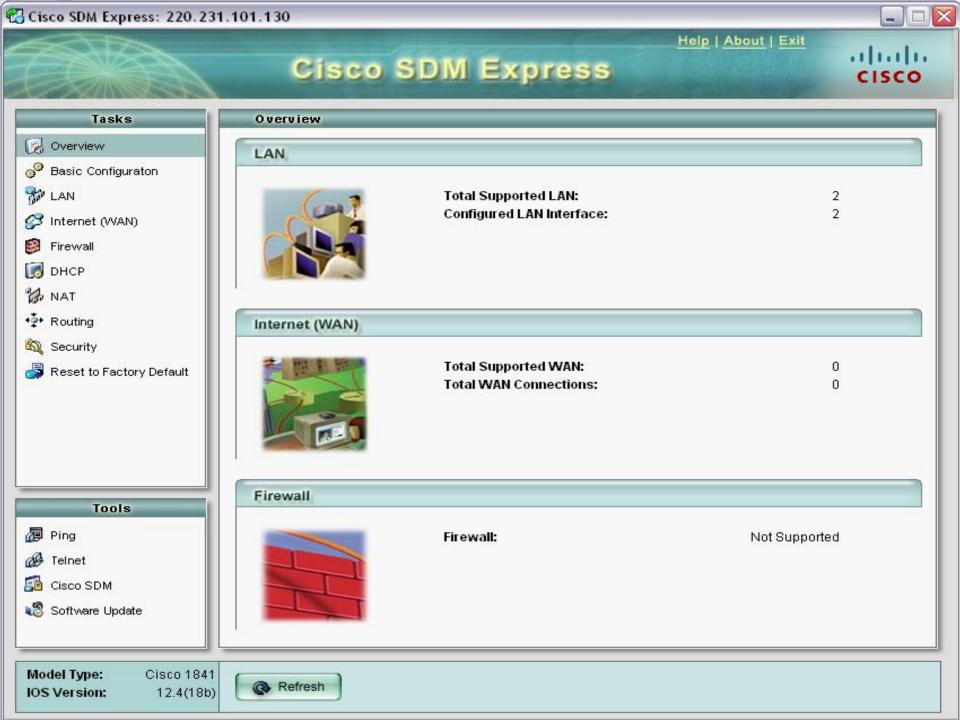


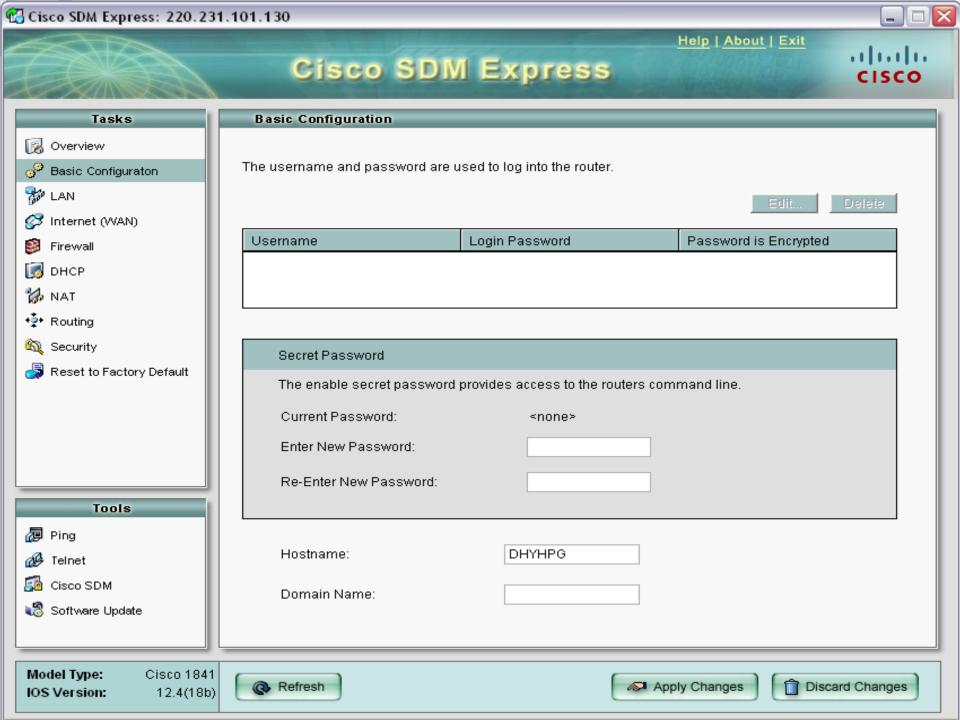


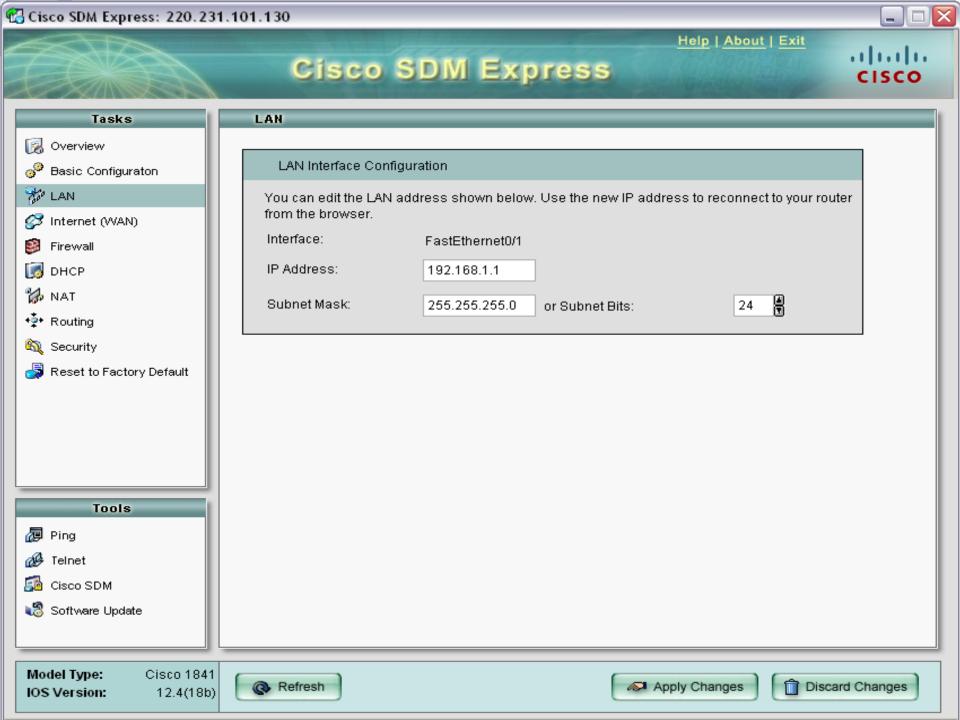


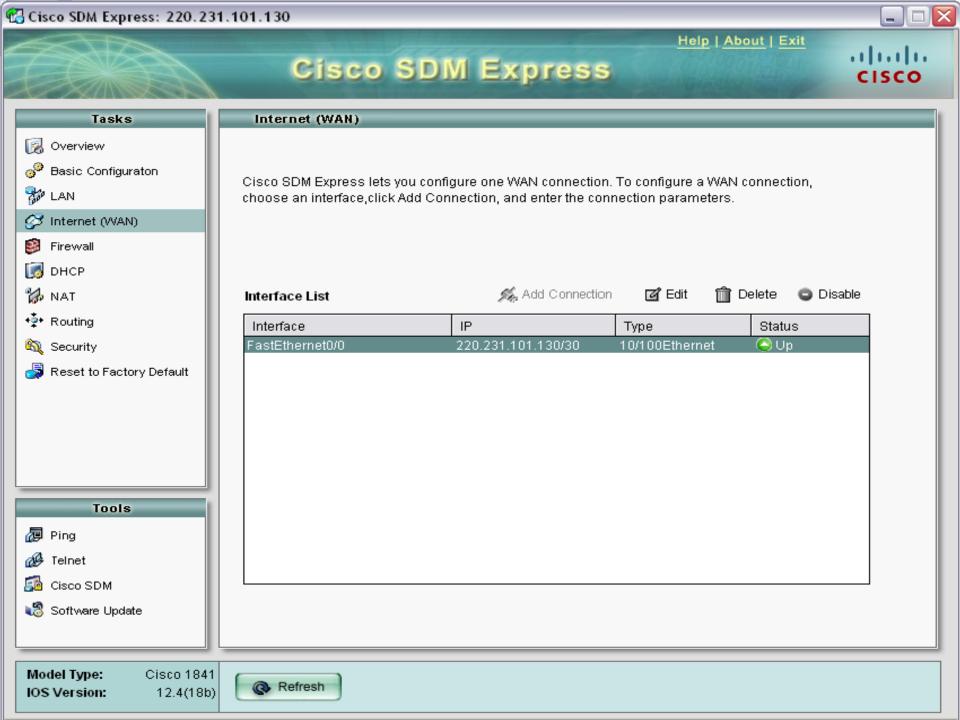


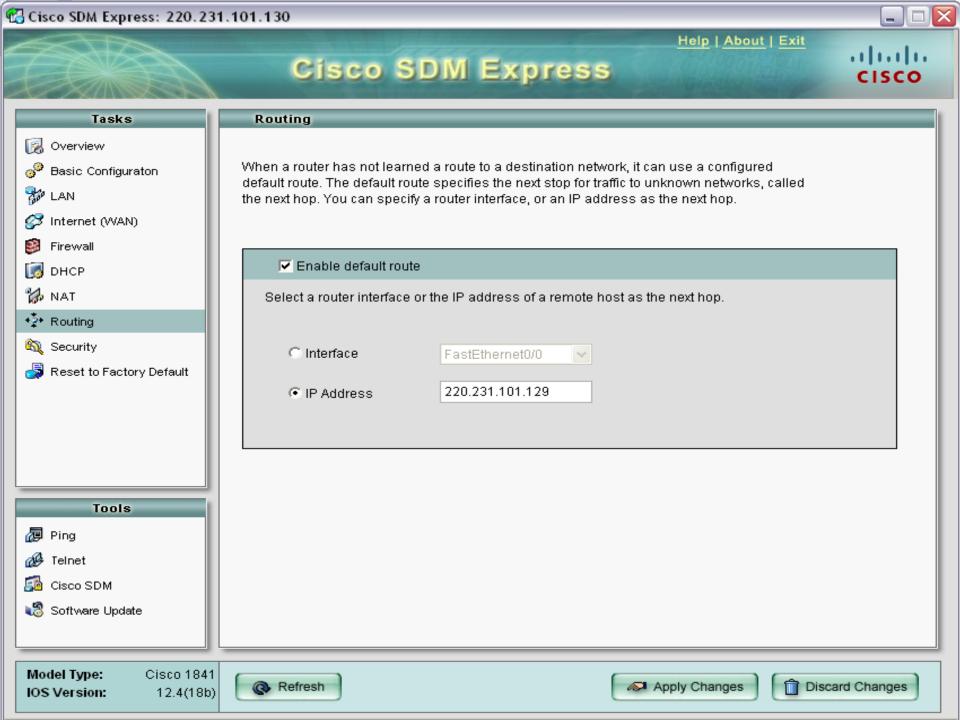


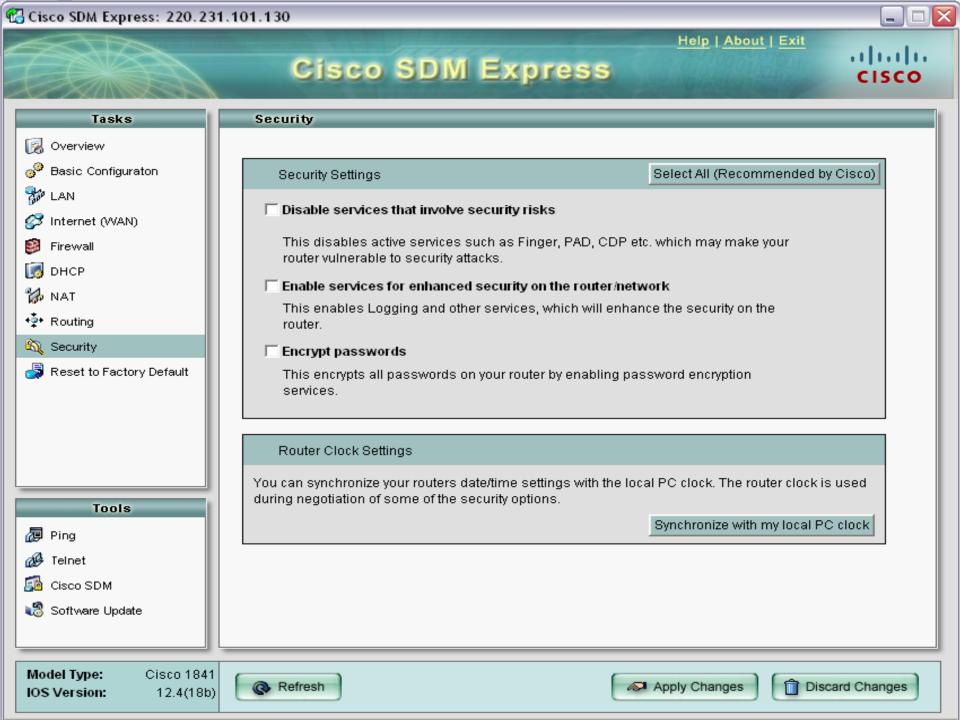












CASE STUDY: DEFAULT PASSWORDS

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Case Study: Default Passwords (1)

- The 'default password' search locates servers that have those words in the banner
- This doesn't suggest that these results will be using the defaults, but since they're advertising the defaults they would potentially be the lowest hanging fruit

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Case Study: Default Passwords (2)

An example of a 'default password' result:

```
HTTP/1.0 401

Date: Sat, 21 Dec 1996 12:00:00 GMT

Www-authenticate: Basic realm="Default password:1234"

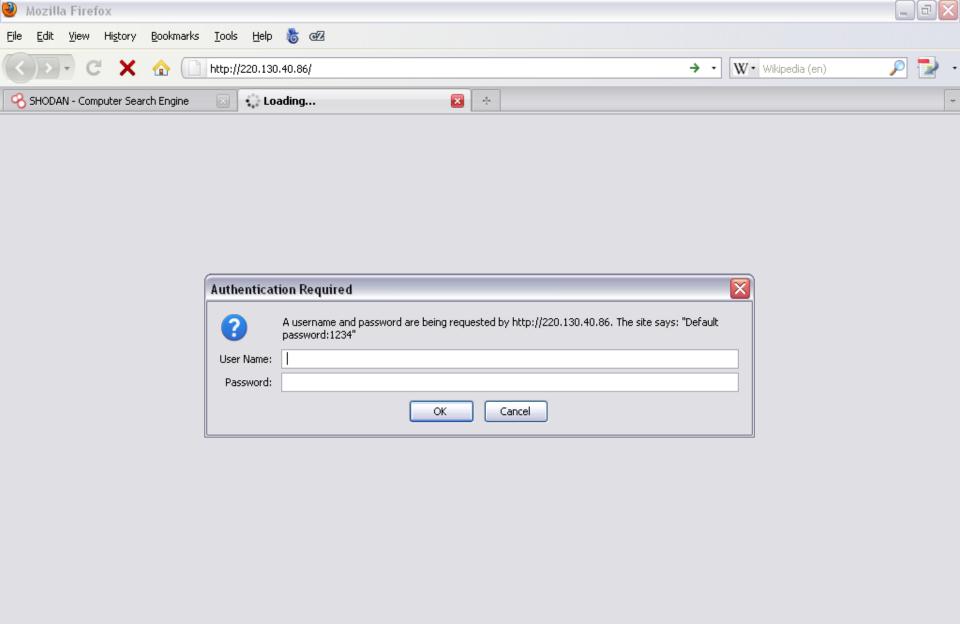
Server: PrintSir WEBPORT 1.1
```

The server line indicates this is likely to be a print server; also note the "401" and *Www-authenticate* which indicates the likelihood of a username and password pop-up box

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Case Study: Default Passwords (3)

- ■This does not suggest that this device is using the default password, but it does mean that it is a possibility
- ■While no username is listed, a null username or "admin" is always a good guess
- And did it work?















CASE STUDY: INFRASTRUCTURE
EXPLOITATION
How to PWN on ISP

Cisco Systems

Accessing Cisco WS-C3750G-12S

Telnet - to the router.

Show interfaces - display the status of the interfaces.

Show diagnostic log - display the diagnostic log.

Monitor the router - HTML access to the command line interface at level 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15

Connectivity test - ping the nameserver.

Show tech-support - display information commonly needed by tech support.

Extended Ping - Send extended ping commands.

Web Console - Manage the Switch through the web interface.

Help resources

- CCO at www.cisco.com Cisco Connection Online, including the Technical Assistance Center (TAC).
- 2. tac@cisco.com e-mail the TAC.
- 1-800-553-2447 or +1-408-526-7209 phone the TAC.
- 4. cs-html@cisco.com e-mail the HTML interface development group.

Home Exec Configure

Command

Output

Command base-URL was: /level/15/exec/-

Complete URL was:/level/15/exec/-/show/ip/route/CR

Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

Command was: show ip route

```
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
       i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
       ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
       o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is
                                        to network 0.0.0.0
                      is variably subnetted, 10 subnets, 3 masks
D EX
                           [170/28416] via
                                                            2w5d, Vlan401
                           [170/28416] via
                                                         2w5d, Vlan400
D
                           [90/3072] via
                                                         2w5d, Vlan401
                                                        2w5d, Vlan400
                           [90/3072] via
D EX
                           [170/4226816] via
                                                              3w5d, Vlan401
                           [170/4226816] via
                                                          3w5d, Vlan400
D EX
                           [170/3115776] via
                                                              3w5d, Vlan401
                           [170/3115776] via
                                                           3w5d, Vlan400
D EX
           [170/2178816] via
                                              02:01:41, Vlan401
           [170/2178816] via
                                            02:01:41, Vlan400
D EX
                           [170/3072] via
                                                          2w5d, Vlan401
```

[170/3072] via

2w5d, Vlan401

Command base-URL was: /level/15/exec/-

Command

Output

```
Complete URL was:/level/15/exec/-/show/running-config/CR
Command was: show running-config
Building configuration ...
Current configuration: 10374 bytes
! Last configuration change at 06:40:37 EST Tue Apr 6 2010 by
! NVRAM config last updated at 06:40:48 EST Tue Apr 6 2010 by
version 12.2
no service pad
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
hostname
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
                privilege 15 secret 5
username
                privilege 2 secret 5
username
aaa new-model
```

Command

Output

Command base-URL was: /level/15/exec/-

Complete URL was:/level/15/exec/-/show/cdp/neighbors/CR

Command was: show cdp neighbors

Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans Bridge, B - Source Route Bridge S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater, P - Phone

Device ID	Local Intrfce	Holdtme	Capability	Platform	Port ID	
	Gig 1/0/11	173	RSI	CISC07606	Gig 1/6	
	Gig 1/0/12 Gig 1/0/2 Gig 1/0/10	143 155 167	RSI SI SI	WS-C3750G WS-C3750- WS-C3560E	Gig 1/0/1	
	Gig 1/0/9	131	RSI	WS-C3750-	Gig 1/0/1	L

command completed.

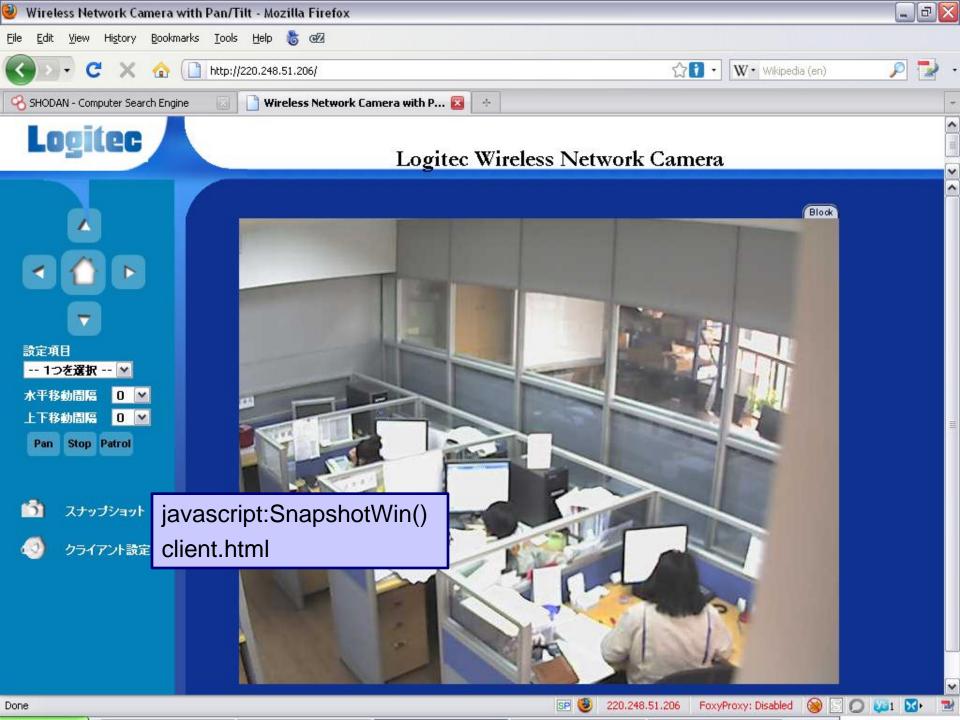
Case Study: How to PWN on ISP

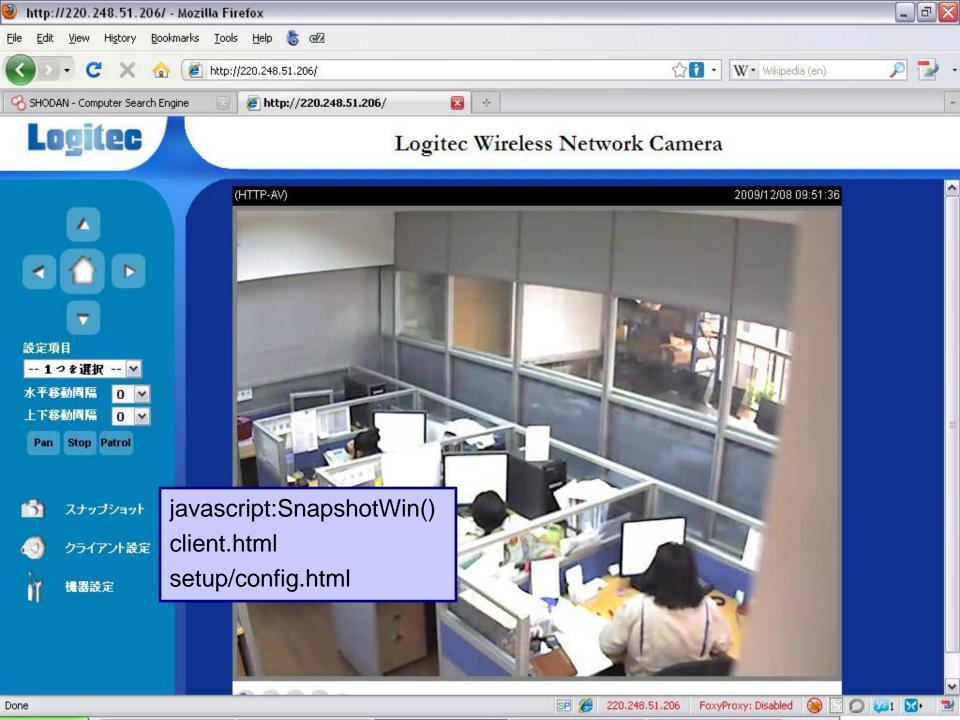
- Two Cisco 3750 infrastructure switches with direct access to Cisco 7606 Router
- VLAN IDs for internal ISP network, hotels, condos, apartments, convention center, public backbone...
- SNMP server IP address and community strings

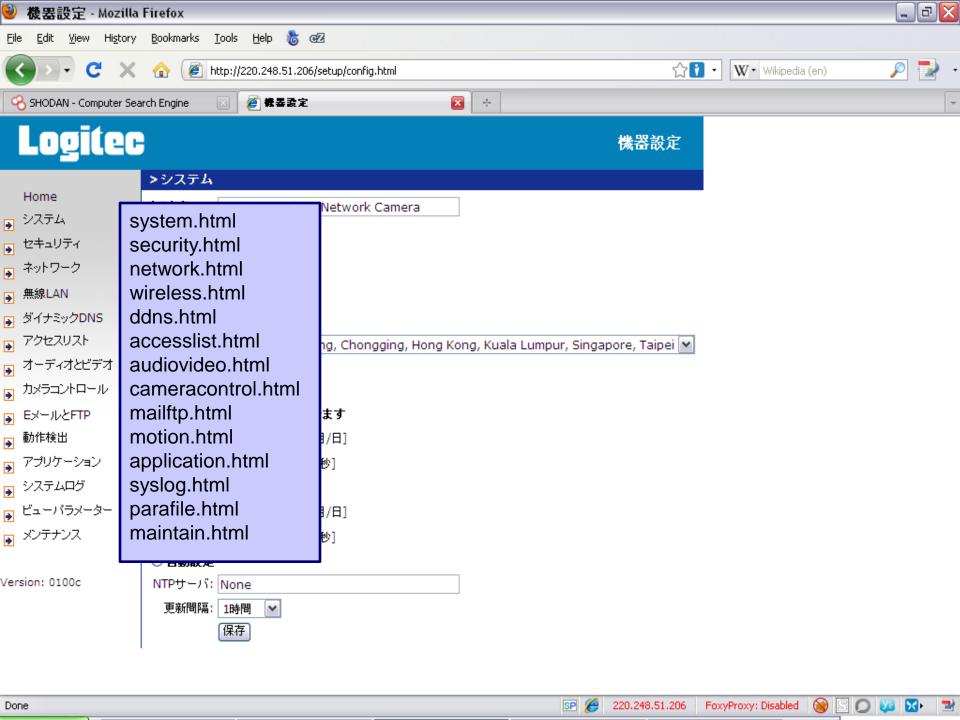
OTHER EXAMPLES

Some general observations...









THE FUTURE

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The Future

- API in the works for program integration
- Summary report for export option
- Software fingerprints
- Collection of HTTPS

CONCLUSIONS



- SHODAN aggregates a significant amount of information that isn't already widely available in an easy to understand format
- Allows for passive vulnerability analysis

Bottom line: SHODAN is a potential gamechanger for pen testers that will help shape the path for future vulnerability assessments

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Authors and add-ons

- John Matherly (http://twitter.com/achillean)
- Gianni Amato (SHODAN Helper)
- sagar38 (SHODAN Search Provider)

QUESTIONS



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