## Analysis of ball by ball IPL data from the year 2008-2024

Github: https://github.com/jKunal24/IPL-Data-Analysis-With-S3-and-Spark

Storage: AWS S3

**Environment**: Databricks to use Spark for data processing and handle infrastructure side of things

**Language**: Python ( as interface to use Apache Spark )

<u>Visualization Libraries</u>: Plotly, Matplotlib & Seaborn ( Player-wise, Venue-wise and team-wise stats and insights )

#### **Data Cleaning:**

- Standardizing/Merging team names of the same Franchise with different strings in deliveries file.
  Eg: Royal Challengers Bangalore & Royal Challangers Bengaluru are the same franchise but both strings are used for different matches in the file.
- Standardizing/Merging venue/stadium names of the same stadiums with different strings in Matches file.
- Eg: Feroz Shah Kotla (old name )is the same stadium as Arun Jaitley Stadium, Delhi (new name)
  Zayed Cricket Stadium, Abu Dhabi is same as Sheikh Zayed Stadium

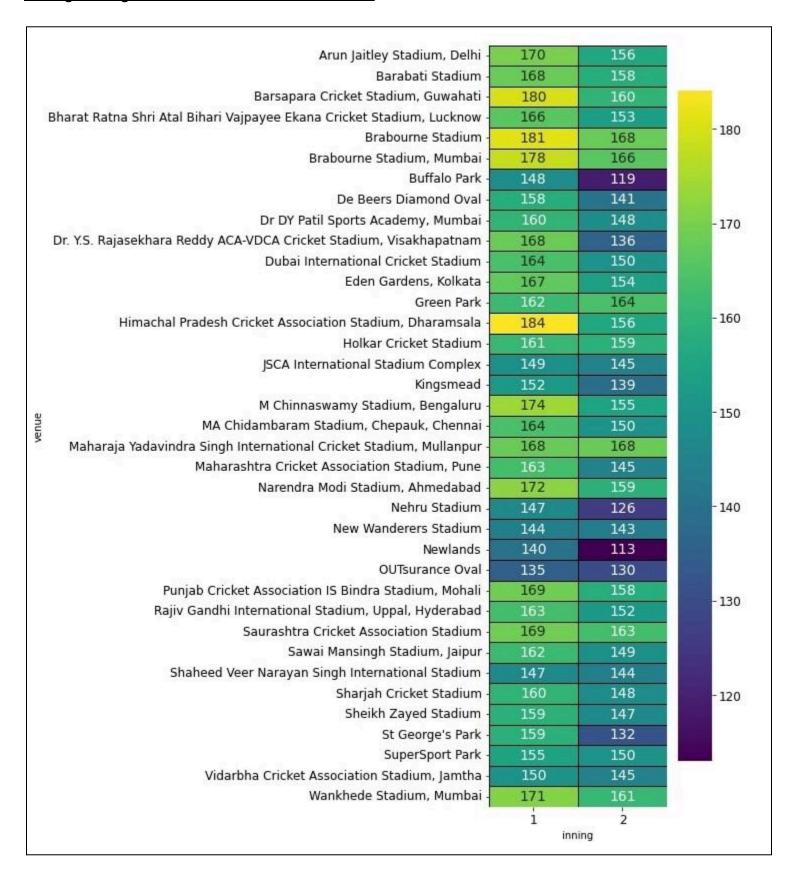
#### Schema:

Used custom schemas with **StuctType** & **Structfield** to avoid datatype errors in while performing transformations and actions.

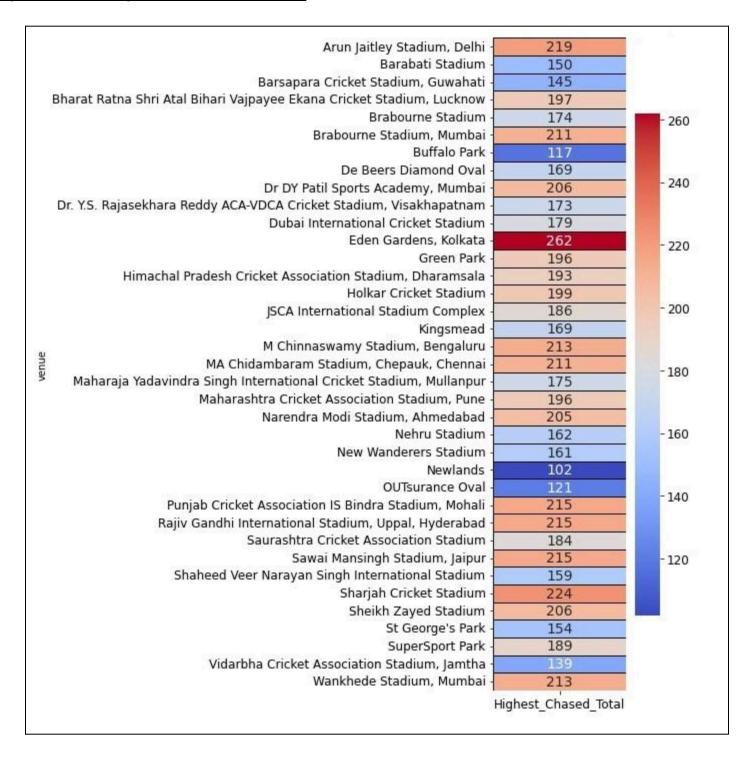
```
ball_by_ball_Schema = StructType([
StructField("match_id",IntegerType(),True),
StructField("inning", IntegerType(), True),
StructField("batting_team", StringType(), True),
StructField("bowling_team", StringType(), True),
StructField("over",IntegerType(),True),
StructField("ball", IntegerType(), True),
StructField("batter",StringType(),True),
StructField("bowler", StringType(), True),
StructField("non_striker",StringType(),True),
StructField("batsman_runs",IntegerType(),True),
StructField("extra_runs", IntegerType(), True),
StructField("total_runs",IntegerType(),True),
StructField("extras_type",StringType(),True),
StructField("is_wicket",IntegerType(),True),
StructField("player_dismissed", StringType(), True),
StructField("dismissal_kind", StringType(), True),
 StructField("fielder",StringType(),True)
```

```
matches_df_Schema = StructType([
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 StructField("season",StringType(),True),
 StructField("city", StringType(), True),
 StructField("date",DateType(),True),
 StructField("match_type",StringType(),True),
 StructField("player_of_match", StringType(), True),
 StructField("venue", StringType(), True),
 StructField("team1",StringType(),True),
 StructField("team2", StringType(), True),
 StructField("toss_winner", StringType(), True),
 StructField("toss_decision",StringType(),True),
 StructField("winner", StringType(), True),
 StructField("result", StringType(), True),
 StructField("result_margin", IntegerType(), True),
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 StructField("target_overs",IntegerType(),True),
 StructField("super_over", StringType(), True),
 StructField("method",StringType(),True),
 StructField("umpire1", StringType(), True),
 StructField("umpire2",StringType(),True)
```

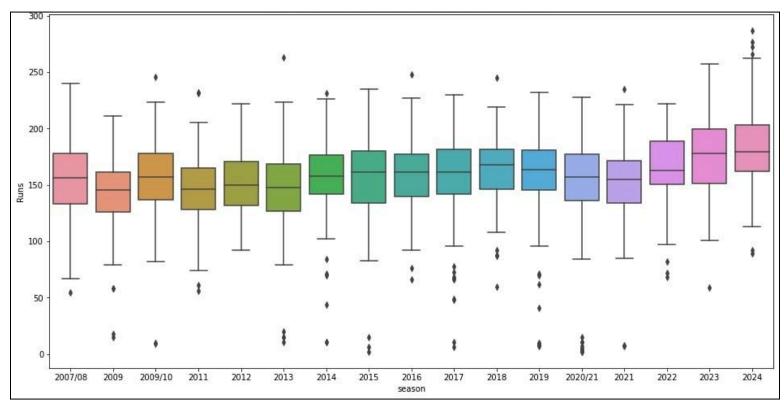
#### Average inning wise score for all venues/stadiums



#### Highest chased target at all venues/stadiums



### Distribution of per Innings Score across all IPL Season



- From the past 4 years the median score is constantly going up which shows the trend of batsmen dominated high scoring games with more than half of the games having per inning score in the 3rd & the 4th quartile in the year 2024.

#### **Batsman dominated Face-offs**

batter	bowler	Matches	Balls	Runs	Wickets	Batter_SR	Bowler_Ave
DA Warner	SP Narine	16	123	195	2	158.54	97.5
V Kohli	R Ashwin	22	145	179	1	123.45	179
SK Raina	PP Chawla	16	101	175	4	173.27	43.75
RG Sharma	UT Yadav	17	118	170	5	144.07	34
V Kohli	UT Yadav	14	94	166	3	176.6	55.33
V Kohli	A Mishra	15	104	162	3	155.77	54
KL Rahul	DL Chahar	11	99	158	0	159.6	null
V Kohli	DJ Bravo	12	102	157	1	153.92	157
DA Warner	YS Chahal	11	96	156	2	162.5	78
V Kohli	RA Jadeja	19	143	156	3	109.09	52

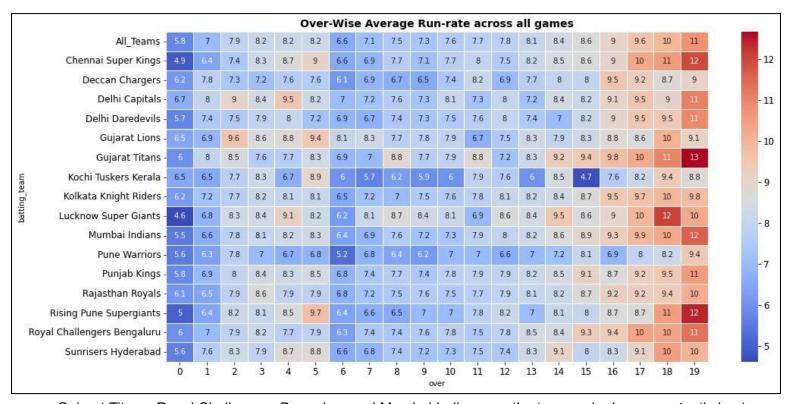
- Interesting contest / one-to-one face-offs between the bat and the ball where the batters have had an upper edge and great success against a particular bowler.
- KL Rahul has scored 158 runs against Deepak Chahar at a whopping Strike rate of 160 and is not even once dismissed by Chahar.

#### **Bowler dominated Face-offs**

batter	bowler	Matches	Balls	Runs	Wickets	Batter_SR	Bowler_Avg
RG Sharma	SP Narine	21	133	142	8	106.77	17.75
RG Sharma	A Mishra	17	91	87	7	95.6	12.43
MS Dhoni	Z Khan	11	42	74	7	176.19	10.57
RR Pant	JJ Bumrah	14	46	55	7	119.57	7.86
AM Rahane	B Kumar	18	117	104	7	88.89	14.86
V Kohli	Sandeep Sharma	16	73	103	7	141.1	14.71
AT Rayudu	MM Sharma	14	49	71	7	144.9	10.14
V Kohli	A Nehra	10	54	60	6	111.11	10
RV Uthappa	R Ashwin	15	94	123	6	130.85	20.5
GJ Maxwell	RA Jadeja	11	51	70	6	137.25	11.67

- Interesting contest / one-to-one face-offs between the bat and the ball where the bowlers have had an upper edge and great success against a particular batsmen.
- Jasprit Bumrah has dismissed Rishab Pant 7 out of 14 times they have been against each other at an impressive average of 7.8.

#### Over-wise average run-rate for all teams



- Gujarat Titans, Royal Challengers Bengaluru and Mumbai Indians are the teams who have constantly kept their run rate above 9 in the death overs which shows that they have picked best of the finishers.
- This visualization also gives insights into how the T20 format has moved more towards a batter dominated format as the difference in run-rate for old ruled out franchises (like Pune, Gujarat and Kochi) is comparatively lower than the ones still contesting in the IPL.

- CSK has the sharpest fall in run-rate after powerplay to 6.9. Sunrisers Hyderabad has struggled in the middle overs as their run-rate is below the average run-rate of all teams in between overs 10-15.
- LSG has performed very well in the middle overs with run-rate constantly above 8 and KKR has not been able to aggressively increase their runs-rate in the death overs as compared to other teams.

## Average No. of wickets taken in different parts of the game (overs: 1-4, 5-8, 9-12, 13-16, 17-20)

	Chennai Super Kings -	0.93	0.97	1.1	1.3	2.3	
	Deccan Chargers -	1.1	0.85	0.95	1.2	2.1	- 2.25
	Delhi Capitals -	0.86	1.1	1	1.4	2.2	
	Delhi Daredevils -	0.9	0.92	1	1.1	2.2	- 2.00
	Gujarat Lions -	1.2	0.6	0.77	0.92	1.9	2.00
	Gujarat Titans -	1	1.2	0.88	1.5	2.4	
	Kochi Tuskers Kerala -	1	0.86	0.79	1.3	1.9	- 1.75
_team	Kolkata Knight Riders	0.81	0.95	1.1	1.3	2.2	
bowling_team	Lucknow Super Giants -	0.77	0.95	1.2	1.4	2.1	-1.50
8	Mumbai Indians -	0.99	0.95	0.97	1.3	2.2	
	Pune Warriors -	8.0	0.83	0.86	1.2	1.8	-1.25
	Punjab Kings -	0.89	0.89	0.95	1.2	2.3	
	Rajasthan Royals -	1.1	0.87	0.93	1.2	2	-1.00
	Rising Pune Supergiants -	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.2	2.5	
Ro	oyal Challengers Bengaluru -	0.93	0.92	1.1	1.2	2.2	- 0.75
	Sunrisers Hyderabad -	0.92	0.89	1	1.3	2.2	
		i	2	3 Overs	4	5	

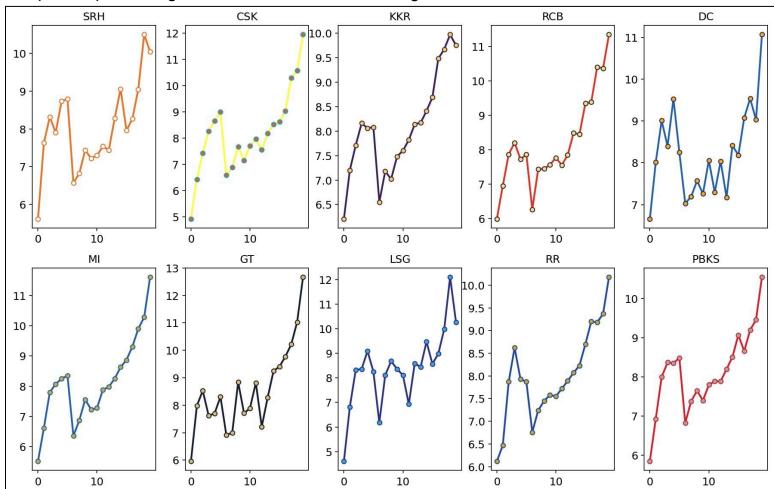
- CSK,GT and PBKS on average have been more effective as a balling unit in the death overs.
- GT,MI and RR on average have been successful in taking at least 1 wicket in the powerplay in every game which helps to slow down the game especially when there are only 2 players outside the 30-yard circle.

## Average No. of wickets lost in different parts of the game (overs: 1-4, 5-8, 9-12, 13-16, 17-20)

	Chennai Super Kings -	0.83	0.8	0.89	1.1	1.8	- 3.0
	Deccan Chargers -	0.81	0.99	1.1	1.2	2.7	
	Delhi Capitals -	1.1	0.86	1.1	1.5	2.1	
	Delhi Daredevils -	1.1	1	0.92	1.3	2	- 2.5
	Gujarat Lions -	0.96	0.97	1.2	1.1	2.5	
	Gujarat Titans -	0.89	0.8	0.87	1.1	1.9	
	Kochi Tuskers Kerala -	1.1	0.87	1	1.3	3	- 2.0
team	Kolkata Knight Riders -	1	0.96	0.98	1.3	2.2	
batting_team	Lucknow Super Giants -	1.1	0.98	0.95	1.5	2	
	Mumbai Indians -	0.93	0.86	1	1.3	2.3	-1.5
	Pune Warriors -	1.1	1	1	1.2	2.5	1.5
	Punjab Kings -	0.92	1.1	1	1.3	2.2	
	Rajasthan Royals -	0.88	0.94	1.1	1.3	2.2	
	Rising Pune Supergiants -	0.97	0.57	0.81	1.2	2.3	-1.0
Ro	oyal Challengers Bengaluru -	0.89	0.95	1	1.2	2.2	
	Sunrisers Hyderabad -	0.8	0.86	0.95	1.2	2.3	
		i	2	3 Overs	4	5	

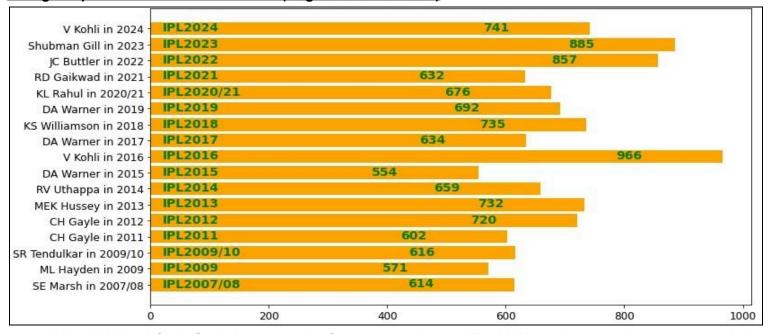
- CSK and GT has the best finishers as they have lost less than 2 wickets on average in the death overs and have also been able to keep run-rate above 10 runs and over.
- KKR ,DC and LSG on average has lost at least 1 wicket in the first 4 overs in all of their games .

### Over( 1 to 20 ) v/s average run-rate for all teams across all games



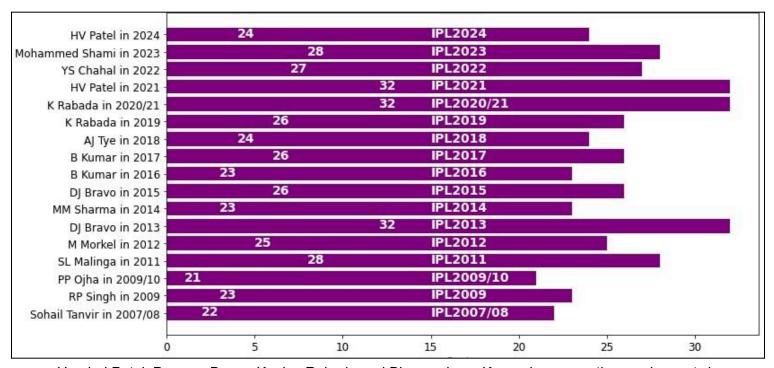
- Sharp fall in run-rate after 5th/6th over indicate an event i.e. the powerplay restrictions being lifted.
- MI and RR have shown continuous and steady rise in run-rate as the game progresses which sets up the platform for the finishers.

### Orange Cap Holders in all IPL Seasons (Highest Run Scorers)



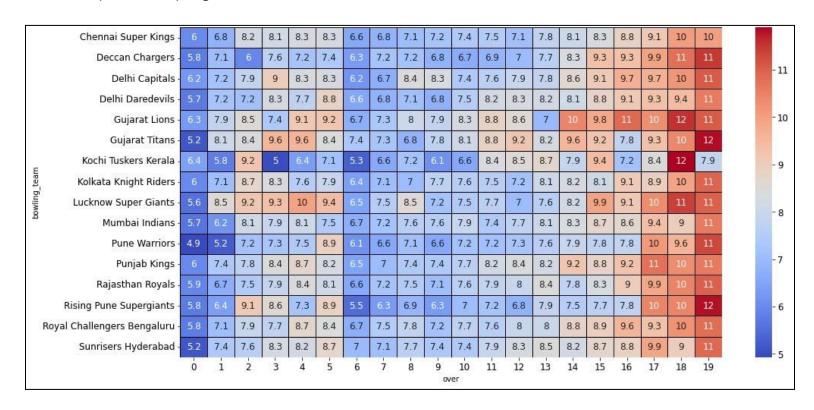
Virat Kohli and Chris Gayle have won the Orange cap twice and David Warner has won the orange cap thrice.

#### Purple Cap Holders in all IPL Seasons( Highest Wicket takers )



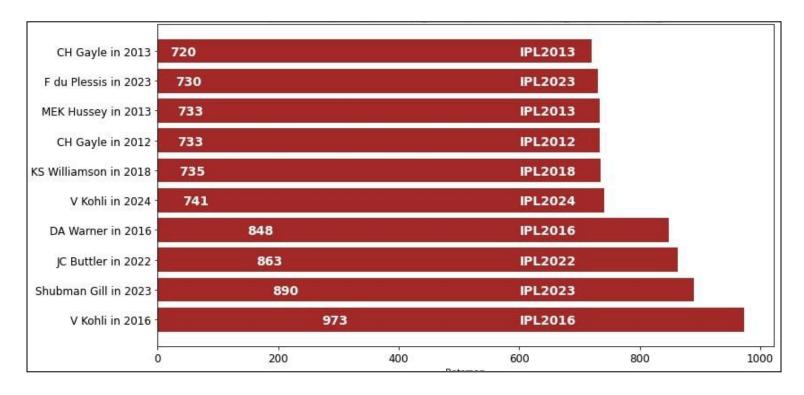
- Harshal Patel, Dwayne Bravo, Kagiso Rabada and Bhuvneshwar Kumar have won the purple cap twice.

### Over-wise (from 1-20) avg runs conceded



 LSG and GT can have better strategies for the powerplay overs as they have conceded lots of runs due to which the batting team has an upper hand and get the much needed momentum.

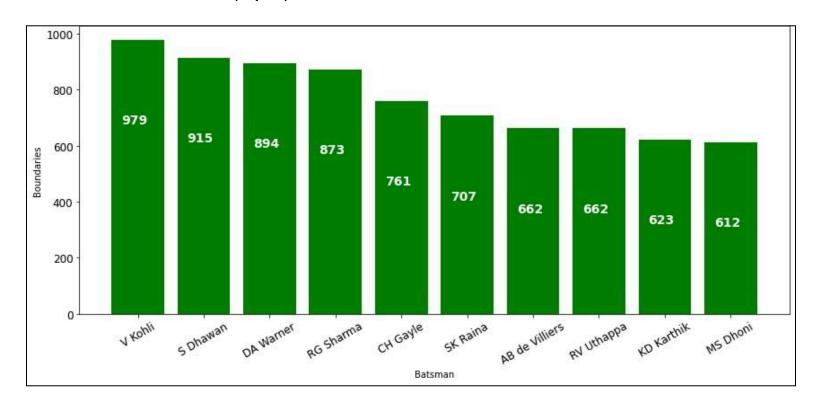
## Most Runs in a Single edition of IPL (Top 10)



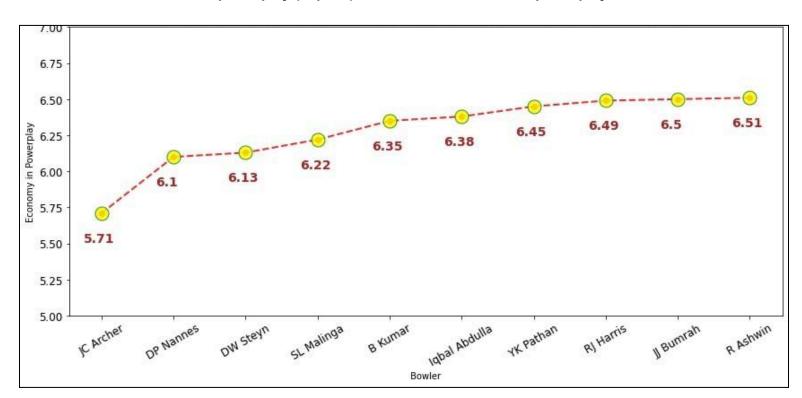
### Most Wickets in a Single edition of IPL (Top 10)



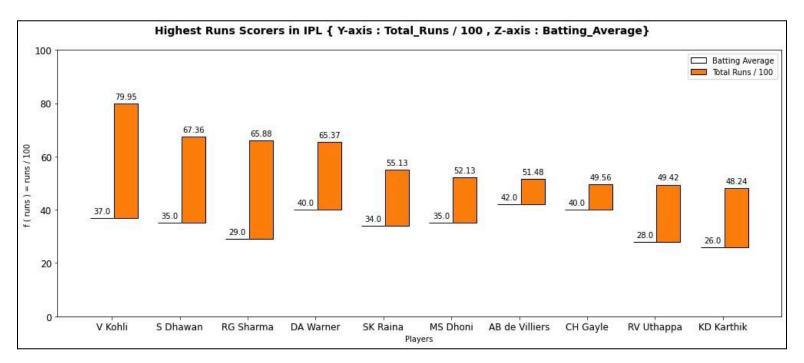
### Most no. of boundaries in IPL (Top 10)

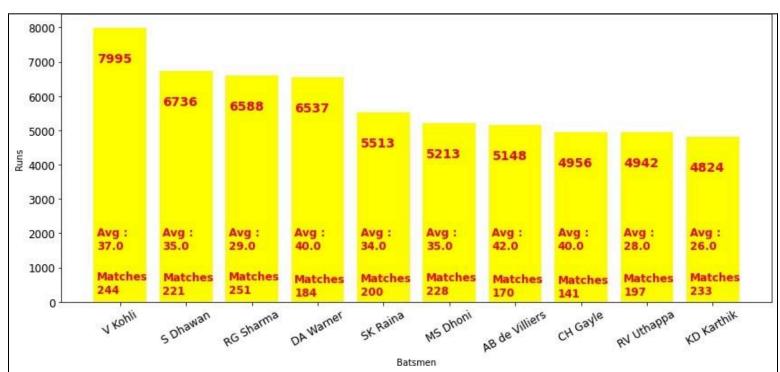


## Most Economical bowlers in powerplay (Top 10) \*\*min 50 overs bowled in powerplay

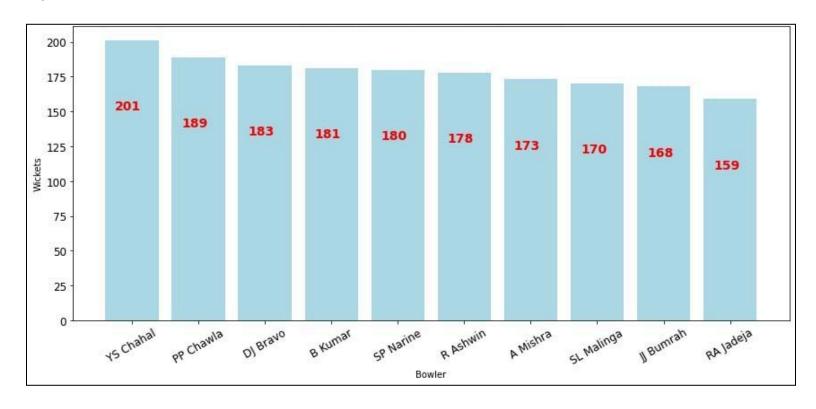


#### Highest run scorers in IPL

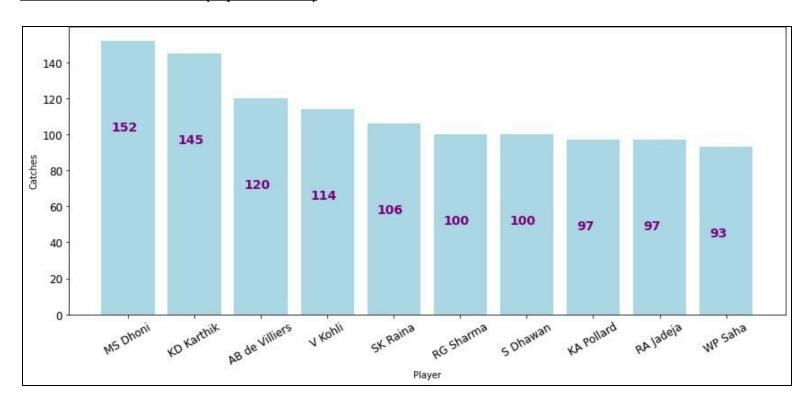




## **Highest wicket takers in IPL (Top 10)**



## Most no. of catches in IPL (Top 10 fielders)



# Most no. of stumpings (Top 10 Wicketkeepers)

