

# Monetary Economics

## Workshop II 2020-21

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October 2021

1. Consider an overlapping generations model where agents live for two periods, with population,  $N_t$  evolving according to  $N_t = (1 + n)N_{t-1}$ . Assume logarithmic utility:  $U_t = \ln C_{1,t} + \ln C_{2,t+1}$ . Each individual born at time  $t$  is endowed with  $A$  units of the economy's single good, which can be consumed or stored. Each unit stored yields  $x > 0$  units of the good in the following period. There are  $\frac{1}{1+n}N_0$  agents who are alive only in period 0 and they are endowed with some amount  $Z$  of the good. Their utility is just  $C_{2,0}$ .
  - (a) Describe the decentralised equilibrium: will member of any generation engage in transactions with members of another generation?
  - (b) Consider the paths where the fraction of agents' endowments that is stored,  $f_t$ , is constant over time (so  $f_t = f$ ). Write the agent's lifetime budget constraint and solve for her choice of  $f$ .
  - (c) Does  $f$  depend on  $x$ ?
  - (d) If  $x < 1 + n$ , is the decentralised equilibrium you obtained above Pareto efficient?
  - (e) Assume that the social planner transferred a fraction  $f$  (that you obtained above) from the young to the old and that this is done every period. How much will people consume when young and when old?
  - (f) What is the effect on welfare of the social planner's transfers?
2. Run the Dynare file 'ecn324LectureExample1.mod' in Dynare (note that Matlab is case-sensitive). This is available on Blackboard.