

$$x + 10y = 14 \Rightarrow 60x = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{60}$$

(4)  $U = f(x, y, z)$

$$300 = P \cdot X + 10Y$$

$$\Rightarrow MRS_{xy} = \frac{y}{x} = \frac{P_x}{P_y}$$

$$2x = \frac{1-x}{10} \Rightarrow 10y = 2x \cdot p_x + y =$$

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$$MRS_{xy} = \frac{-\frac{1}{3}x^{\frac{2}{3}}y^{\frac{1}{3}}}{-\frac{1}{3}x^{\frac{1}{3}}y^{\frac{2}{3}}} = \frac{y}{x} = \frac{20}{10} = 4x = Y$$

$$11x + 10y = 100$$

(2)  $U = f(X, Y) = X + Y$

$$MRS_{xy} = \frac{1}{2} < \frac{20}{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 0, y = y^0$$

(3)

$$200 = 20x + 10y$$

$$X = 2Y + 10Y = 100 = 40Y + 10Y$$

$$\Rightarrow Y = b, X = 12$$

11 11

$$U = f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$$

$$\lambda_{10} = 10x + 10y$$

$$MRS_{xy} = \frac{10}{10} = \frac{y}{x} \Rightarrow y = 2x \Rightarrow x = 10, y = 20$$

$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{2000}$

$$x \in \mathbb{R}^n, x = (x_1, \dots, x_n)^T$$

$$y = x^2 \rightarrow y' = 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow |4x+1|^2 = (2000)^2$$

考文

由  $(x, y) = (1500, 4000)$  到  $(10, 20)$

(2)

$$I_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{2} I_{\text{cm}} + \frac{1}{2} I_{\text{cm}} = I_{\text{cm}}$$

$$L' = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 0$$