#### SOAP and WSDL

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Software Engineering
Programme
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- Understanding WS-\*
- SOAP
- SOAP examples
- WSDL



#### WS-\* Standards











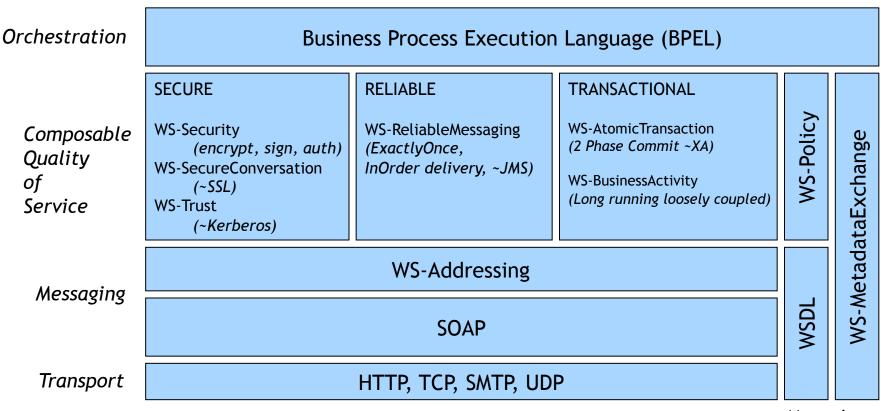






- A set of extensible and composable standards that work together
- Providing a common, standard, interoperable base to implement SOA

# **Key Web Services Standards**



Wire interaction

Metadata

The Web services platform forms a complete framework for open standards enterprise middleware



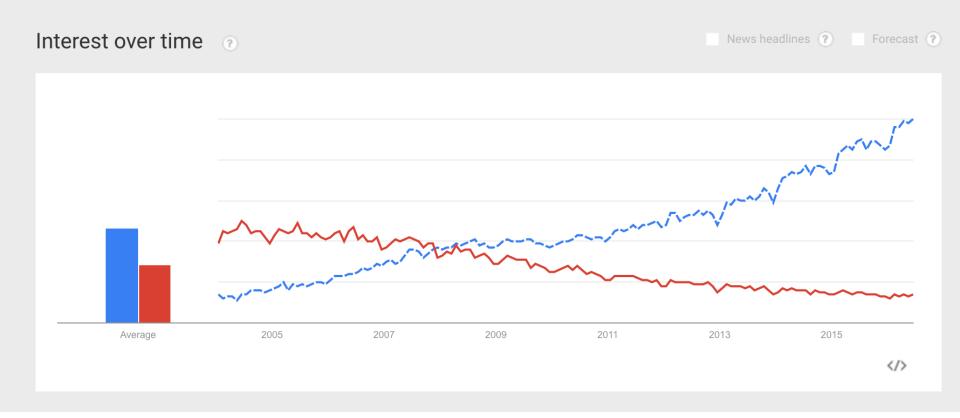
#### Representational state transfer

Protocol

wsdl Search term

+ Add term

Beta: Measuring search interest in *topics* is a beta feature which quickly provides accurate measurements of overall search interest. To measure search interest for a specific *query*, select the "search term" option.





#### HOW STANDARDS PROLIFERATE: (SEE: A/C CHARGERS, CHARACTER ENCODINGS, INSTANT MESSAGING, ETC.)

SITUATION: THERE ARE 14 COMPETING STANDARDS.



500N:

SITUATION: THERE ARE 15 COMPETING STANDARDS.



#### A Sample SOAP Message

```
<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap="http://</pre>
  schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
 <soap:Header/>
 <soap:Body>
  <getProductDetails</pre>
                          xmlns="http://
  warehouse.example.com/ws">
  oductID>827635
  getProductDetails>
 </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

#### A Sample SOAP Message (cont)

```
<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap="http://</pre>
  schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
 <soap:Header/>
 <soap:Body>
  <qetProductDetails xmlns="http://</pre>
  warehouse example.com/ws">
   oductID 827635/
  getProductDetails>
  </soap:Body>
                       The SOAP header provides a space
                       for arbitrary headers to be added to
</soap:Envelope>
                       the message`
```

#### A Sample SOAP Message (cont)

```
<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap="http://</pre>
  schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
 <soap:Header/>
 <soap:Body>
  <getProductDetails</pre>
                           xmlns="http://
  warehouse.example.com/ws">
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  getProductDetails>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

The contents of the SOAP body element can be any valid XML that the parties wish to interchange



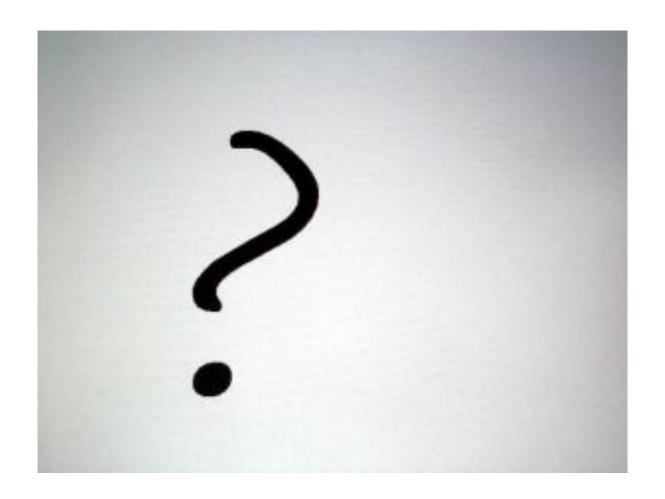
See http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0/

#### **Using SOAP Headers**

- Some simple examples
  - Add a signature to ensure the message isn't modified
  - Add a process identifier to track this message as part of a wider process
  - Add a userid so that end-to-end security can be guaranteed
  - Add a message number so messages can be resent if lost



### What is a service definition?



### What is a service definition?

- What does it do?
- Where is it?
- Who owns and runs it?
- Is it going to be up on Monday?
- What do I have to do to use it?
- How much does it cost?



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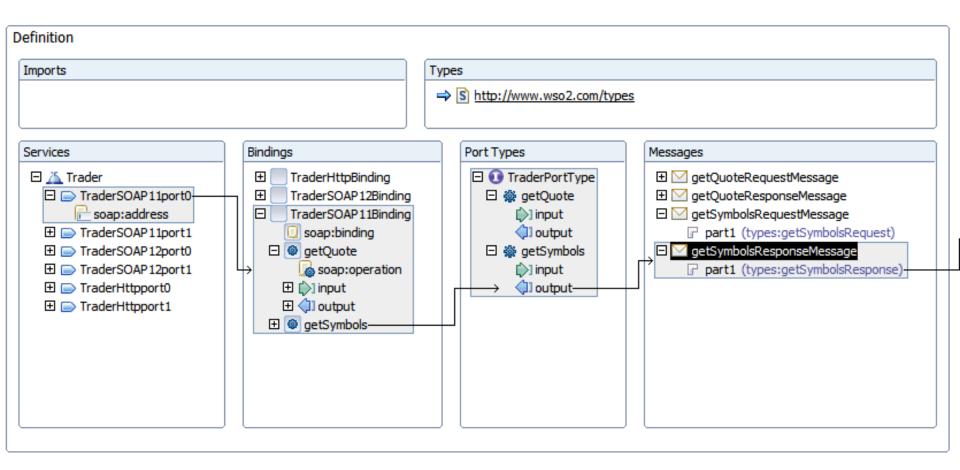


### Abstraction

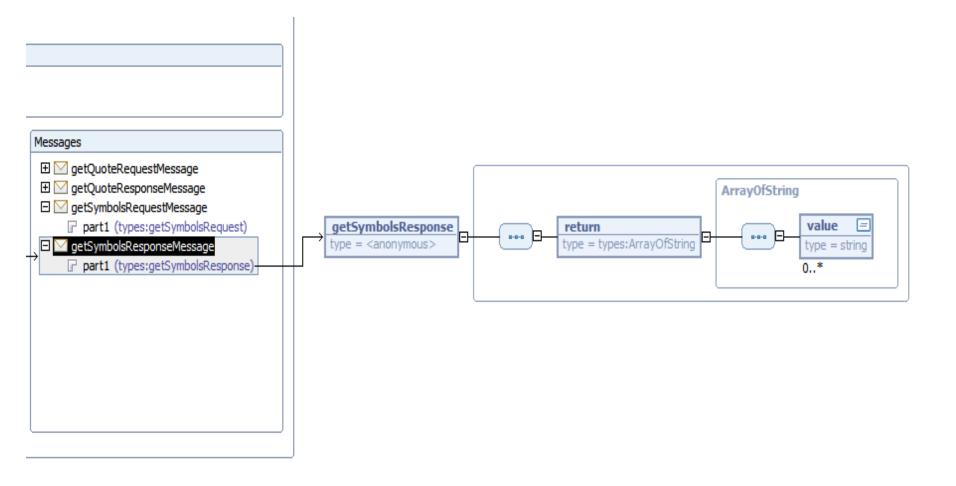
- WSDL splits into:
  - Interface / PortType
    - The abstract interface
  - The Binding
    - The mapping into SOAP or XML/HTTP (or +++)
  - The port
    - The actual endpoint or location



# **Graphical view of WSDL**



### **WSDL link to Schema**





# WSDL type definitions

```
<wsdl:types>
 <schema>
 <element name="getQuoteRequest">
 </element>
 </schema>
</wsdl:types>
```



# A simple schema

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<schema>
 <complexType name="Person">
  <sequence>
    <element name="Name" type="string"/>
    <element name="Company" type="string"/>
  </sequence>
 </complexType>
 <element name="People" type="tns:Person"/>
</schema>
```

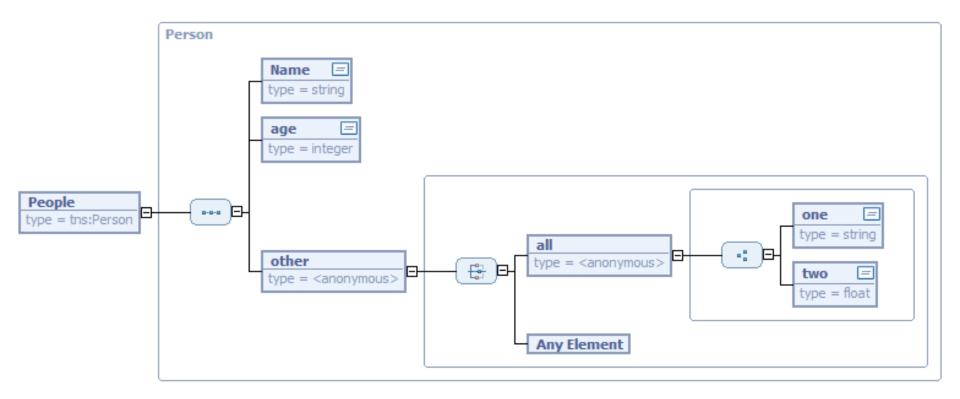


### Schema

- Simple types
  - e.g: integer, decimal, string, short, time, unsignedLong, date, any, hexBinary
- ComplexTypes
  - Named or inline
  - sequence, choice, all
- Multiplicity
  - 0..1,1..1,etc



# Graphically





# Granularity

- Fine-grained
- Are you exposing services or the internals of your application?
- Often the result of taking existing APIs and "service-enabling" them
- Coarse grained
- Generally considered better
- But can be too big
  - Require too much data passed in every request
  - Need to be useful in your enterprise



# **Bottom-up modelling**

- Take existing code and expose as services
- Unlikely to expose re-usable services
  - Because the existing code was designed to be used within the application
- Quick way to get started



# Top-down modelling

- A major undertaking
- Requires a good understanding of the business and business processes
- Various methodologies exist:
  - IBM's SOMA Service Oriented Modeling Architecture
    - Based on a very high level business analysis
    - Refined down to processes and services
  - A simpler approach is BPEL process modeling and evolve the service definitions from the processes
- If this is a long process it may be counter-productive



#### Top down design

High level model (process model, data model)

**Required Services** 

Schemas and WSDL

Java Code (business logic)



# Why Contract First?

- Advantages
  - Agree the external interface
    - Good design principle
    - How Service Oriented Architecture is meant to be
    - Focus the mind on what is most important
  - Improves interoperability
    - WSDL first design leads to much more interop
- Disadvantages
  - Need to know WSDL and Schema syntax!



## Summary

- SOAP was designed to be a simpler alternative to CORBA
- SOAP has good descriptions and tooling
- However, RESTful approaches rapidly disrupting the market

