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**HW2**

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- 1) This is illogical. Because  $f(n) = O(g(n))$ , then the function  $f(n)$ 's upper bound is  $g(n)$ . And because  $t(n) = O(g(n))$ , the function  $t(n)$ 's upper bound is  $g(n)$ . The totality of information we have tells us the upper bounds of functions  $f(n)$  and  $g(n)$ . This little of information cannot be used to denote  $f(n) = \Omega(t(n))$ , where  $f(n)$ 's lower bound is  $t(n)$ . There is no logical connection between functions  $f(n)$  and  $t(n)$  to examine if one function remains larger, at all times, than the other.

2)

```
1  /**
2   * A method to reverse a singly linked list.
3   */
4  public void reverse() {
5      Node current = this.getFront(); //the first node in a list
6      Node back = null; //the previous node in a list
7      Node forward = head.getNext(); //the next node in the list
8
9      //if the list is empty or the list is of size null
10     if (current == null || current.getNext() == null) {
11     }
12     else {
13         //loop to switch pointers of nodes in the opposite direction
14         while(forward != null) {
15             current.setNext(back);
16             back = current;
17             current = forward;
18             forward = forward.getNext();
19         }
20         //finishing switching the last node in the list
21         current.setNext(back);
22         //setting the head of the list
23         this.setFront(current);
24     }
25 }
```

3)

```
1 public interface intStack {
2     /** A method that determines if the stack is empty. */
3     public boolean empty();
4
5     /** A method that pops the top item on the stack. */
6     public int pop();
7
8     /** A method that peeks at the top item on a stack. */
9     public int peek();
10
11     /** A method that push an item into the stack. */
12     public int push(int item);
13
14     /** A method that will search for an item in the stack. */
15     public int search(int value);
16
17     /** A method that will evaluate a postfix expression.
18      * @param expr The postfix expression.
19      * @return int The evaluation.
20      */
21     public static int postfixExpr(String expr) {
22         myIntStack stack = new myIntStack();
23         int first = 0;
24         int second = 0;
25         int result = 0;
26         char chr;
27
28         for (int j = 0; j < expr.length(); j++) {
29             chr = expr.charAt(j);
30             if (chr != '+' || chr != '-' || chr != '*' || chr != '/') {
31                 stack.push(chr);
32             }
33             else {
34                 first = stack.pop() - 48;
35                 second = stack.pop() - 48;
36                 if (chr == '+') {
37                     result = first + second;
38                 }
39                 else if (chr == '-') {
40                     result = first - second;
41                 }
42                 else if (chr == '*') {
43                     result = first * second;
44                 }
45                 else if (chr == '/') {
46                     result = first / second;
```

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```

47     }
48     stack.push(result);
49 }
50 }
51 return stack.pop();
52 }
53

```

- 4) A)  $2^{h+1} - 1$   
 B)  $2^h$   
 C)  $2^{h+1} - 1 - 2^h = 2^h - 1$   
 D)  $n + 1 = 2^{h+1} \Rightarrow \log_2(n+1) - 1 = h$

5)

```

1  /**
2   * A method to insert a node into a binary tree.
3   * @param key The key of a node.
4   * @param data The data stored on a node.
5   */
6  public void insert(int key, String data) {
7      //if the parent has no children
8      if(this.left == null && this.right == null) {
9          //if the node is to the left direction
10         if(key < this.key) {
11             //make a new node
12             this.left = new Node(key, data);
13         }
14         //if the node is to the right direction
15         if(key > this.key) {
16             //make a new node
17             this.right = new Node(key, data);
18         }
19     }
20     //if the parent has only a left child
21     if(this.left != null && this.right == null) {
22         //if the node is to the left direction
23         if(key < this.key) {
24             //restart from a new node
25             this.left.insert(key, data);
26         }
27         //if the node is to the right direction
28         if(key > this.key) {
29             //make a new node
30             this.right = new Node(key, data);
31         }
32     }
33     //if the parent has only a right child
34     if(this.left == null && this.right != null) {
35         //if the node is to the left direction
36         if(key < this.key) {
37             //make a new node
38             this.left = new Node(key, data);
39         }
40         //if the node is to the right direction
41         if(key > this.key) {
42             //restart from a new node
43             this.right.insert(key, data);
44         }
45     }
46     //if the parent has two children

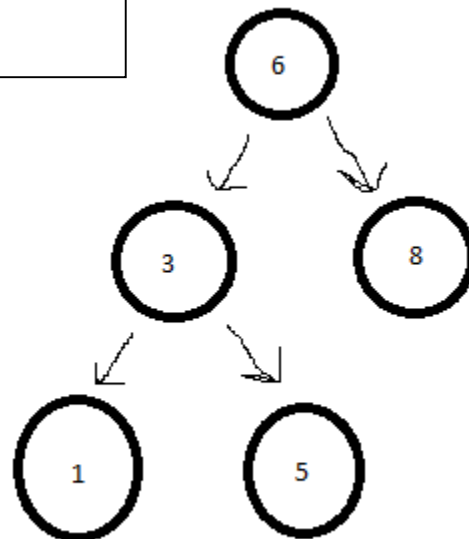
```

```

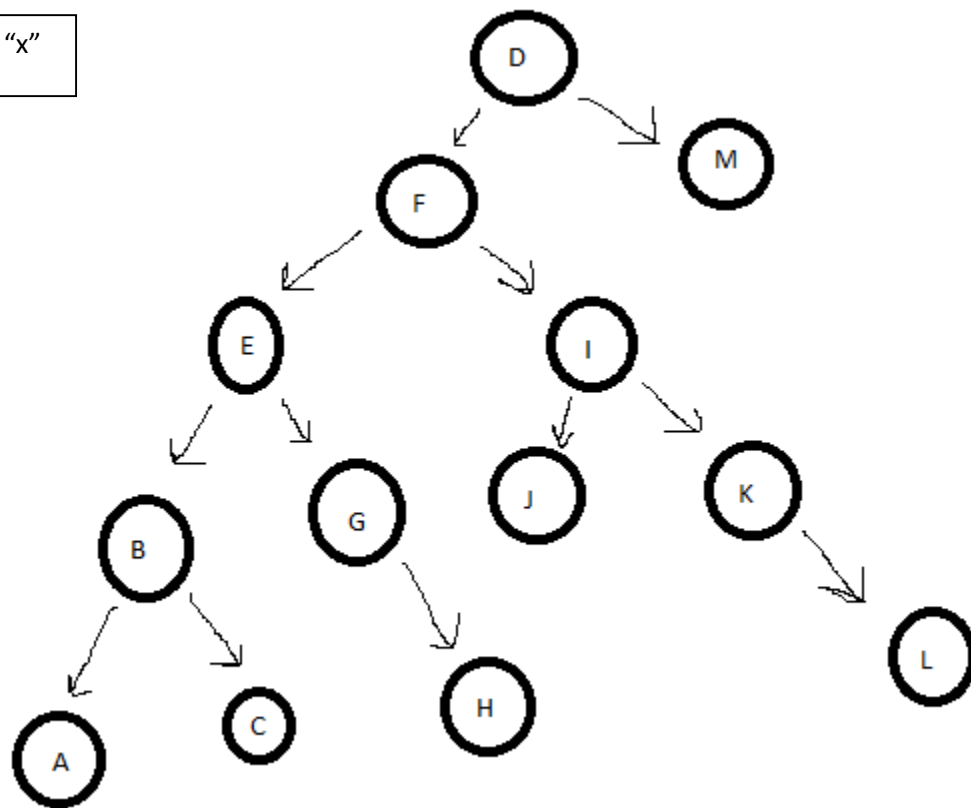
47  if(this.left != null && this.right != null) {
48      //if the node is to the left direction
49      if(key < this.key) {
50          //restart from a new node
51          this.left.insert(key,data);
52      }
53      //if the node is to the right direction
54      if(key > this.key) {
55          //restart from a new node
56          this.right.insert(key, data);
57      }
58  }
59  }

```

6) After inserting the sequence in order.



7a) After deleting "x"



7b) After deleting "E"

