New York University Tandon School of Engineering

Computer Science Department
Course Outline for CS-GY 6903-I (15654) and CS-UY 4783-A (16989)

Semester: **Spring 2017 Professor: Giovanni Di Crescenzo**

Time: Tuesday, 6pm-8:30pm EST. Location: 2 MetroTech, room 812

To contact professor: gdc258@nyu.edu

Office hours (with instructor): Tuesday, 5:30pm-6:00pm, 8:30pm-9pm and by

appointment

Course Pre-requisites:

The following pre-requisites are expected from students attending this class:

- 1) some expertise in a programming language, like C, Python, etc.
- 2) some mathematical maturity, in terms of understanding and working with mathematical definitions, concepts, proofs, set theory, elementary number theory and basic probability facts; and
- 3) knowledge of algorithms and basic complexity theory, as obtained from a graduate algorithms class.

Although relevant notions about probability, algorithms, number theory and complexity theory will be provided as part of the class lectures, students are still recommended to take this class after taking a graduate Algorithms class. If not possible, students are strongly encouraged to fill any relevant gaps using web links provided during class lectures as well as e-mail, online or in-person interactions with the instructor. A quick reading of the web content at whichever applicable among the following web links, is strongly recommended:

- 1) Propositional Logic: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Propositional calculus (only "Basic concepts" section), http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Contraposition
- 2) Set Theory: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algebra_of_sets
- 3) Probability: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Probability#Mathematical treatment
- 4) Algorithms: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Big O notation
- 5) Complexity Theory: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/P versus NP problem

Course Description

The last 40+ years have witnessed a revolution in the area of Cryptography, bringing real-life security problems to the attention of a vast research community. This revolution created Modern Cryptography, where researchers started rigorously treating and solving several problems that only a few years before were unknown or seemed impossible to solve. Today Modern Cryptography is a well established mathematical discipline, with strong connections to several older disciplines such as Complexity Theory, Information Theory, Combinatorics, Number Theory, and Coding Theory, and

several applications to real-life problems. This Applied Cryptography class offers a comprehensive introduction to Modern Cryptography, and, specifically, its main problems, formalisms, solutions, and open questions, with a heavy focus on application aspects, including case studies for real-life uses of Modern Cryptography solutions.

Course Objectives

The students will become familiar with the main areas of Modern Cryptography, their main problem statements, the rigorous mathematical approaches used to formalize them, the main algorithmic and protocol techniques to solve them, their applications to real-life problems and many implementation issues in developing these solutions. At the end of the class the diligent student is also expected to be ready to initiate an advanced study or a research/development project on problems in the area, understand and use cryptographic software tools, and select known cryptographic solutions (e.g., algorithms, key lengths, etc.) for a desired application.

Course Structure

Except for textbooks, the course's <u>technical material</u>, including lecture slides and explanation videos, is posted online and available so that students can read or listen to it whenever and as many times it is desired or needed. This material is divided into 12 weeks, and contains, for each of the 12 weeks,

- 1) a **lecture document** (i.e., a PDF file containing between 25 and 40 PowerPoint slides, with pointers to required or recommended textbooks), posted online by Monday of the appropriate week (usually, many weeks in advance); and
- 2) a **lecture video** (i.e., a video recording of the instructor's explanation of the lecture slides), posted together with the lecture document.

The course's **interaction with the instructor and (if any) TAs** is structured as follows. If you are an onsite student, your onsite meeting is at the designated NYU Tandon School of Engineering classroom; if you are an online student, your online meeting is via NYU Classes. On any week, you can:

- 1) attend a weekly **meeting**, usually on Tuesday 6pm EST (but see class schedule below), which will be one of the following:
 - **a.** a **lecture summary, discussion and elaboration**, which assumes the students have already listened to the lecture video, and briefly summarizes the lecture slides, discussing and elaborating on some key topics, especially when they relate to the current homework; or
 - **b.** (most likely:) a detailed **presentation of the current lecture**; attending meetings is not mandatory but may improve your class grade;
- 2) attend an **office hour with the instructor** (usually, on Tuesday 5:30pm-6pm EST or 8:30pm-9pm EST, right before and after the online meeting); in these office hours the instructor will address any questions on the lectures, homework, projects, extra credit and final; attending instructor office hours is not mandatory but students are strongly encouraged to attend and actively participate by posing their questions;
- 3) attend an **office hour with the TA** (usually, on Thursday 8pm-9pm EST but check online for updated hours); in these office hours the TA will address any questions on the lectures, homework, projects, extra credit and final; attending TA office hours is not mandatory but students are strongly encouraged to attend and actively participate by posing their questions.

Exact days and times may vary, possibly based on students' feedback. The instructor will send a weekly email to remind students of their expected duties for the week, and including any updates to class duties and/or schedule.

The technical course material is divided into 12 lectures, whose content is detailed below.

- **Lecture 1**: History of cryptography, some background in probability and algorithms, classical cryptography (shift cipher, monoalphabetic substitution cipher, polyalphabetic substitution cipher), encryption with perfect secrecy, one-time pad
- **Lecture 2**: Some background in algorithms and complexity theory, modern cryptography principles, one-way functions, trapdoor functions, hard-core bits, construction of a public-key cryptosystem based on general cryptographic primitives, implementation aspects of computational efficiency and hardness
- **Lecture 3**: Algorithmic number theory, number theory and cryptographic assumptions, Reductions, proofs by reductions, number theory candidates for cryptographic primitives (e.g., factoring and related problems), public-key cryptosystems from number theory problems, key lengths in implemented public-key cryptosystems
- **Lecture 4**: Randomness and pseudo-randomness, pseudo-random generators, functions and permutations
- **Lecture 5**: Symmetric encryption: introduction, security notions, schemes based on pseudorandomness primitives, security proofs, fundamental concepts
- **Lecture 6**: Symmetric encryption: block ciphers (e.g., DES, Triple-DES, AES), substitution/permutation networks, Feistel networks, modes of operations (e.g., ECB, CBC, OFB, Counter), cryptanalysis attacks (e.g., linear, differential, meet-in-the-middle attack) and key lengths
- **Lecture 7**: Message authentication notion and schemes (e.g., CBC-MAC), collision-resistant hashing (MD5, SHA-1, SHA-2, SHA-3, HMAC, Merkle-Hellman), CCA security for symmetric encryption, simultaneous message confidentiality and message integrity, application case study 1: password-based secure computer access
- **Lecture 8**: More number theory candidates for cryptographic primitives (e.g., discrete logarithms, brief discussion of related problems including elliptic curves). Asymmetric encryption: comparison with symmetric encryption, definitions, constructions (e.g., RSA variants, El Gamal), hybrid encryption
- **Lecture 9**: Asymmetric encryption: malleable and homomorphic encryption notion and schemes (e.g., Paillier, brief discussion of various schemes, including Gentry's), additional schemes achieving various security notions in various models (e.g., Cramer-Shoup), identity-based encryption, timed-release encryption
- **Lecture 10**: Digital Signatures, hashing and signing, Hashed RSA, El Gamal and DSA signature schemes, public-key infrastructures, certificates, cryptography in TLS, IPSec and virtual private networks, application case study 2: secure online purchasing
- **Lecture 11**: Key protocols: key transport, key agreement, notions and schemes (e.g., Diffie-Hellman schemes); key management: concepts and lifecycle; code obfuscation, application case study 3: digital rights management; brief discussion of quantum cryptography
- **Lecture 12**: User authentication: password, challenge-response and zero-knowledge protocols; server authentication; application case study 4: secure online banking; digital cash, application case study 5: bitcoin

Readings

The **required** texts for the course are:

- 1) [KL] J. Katz and Y. Lindell, Introduction to Modern Cryptography: Principles and Protocols, Chapman & Hall/CRC Press, 2nd edition (see http://www.cs.umd.edu/~jkatz/imc.html)
- 2) [MOV] A. Menezes, P. Van Oorschot, S. Vanstone, Handbook of Applied Cryptography, CRC Press, August 2001, fully available online at http://www.cacr.math.uwaterloo.ca/hac/)

Note: text (1) contains about 85% of the class material; text (2) contains about 50% of the class material; past cs6903 students typically found it easier to study on lecture slides and to use (1) to strengthen understanding.

Optional and **recommended** texts are:

- 1) One among the following two texts:
 - a. [FSK] N. Ferguson, B. Schneier and T. Kohno, Cryptography Engineering: Design, Principles and Practical Applications, Wiley Publishing, Inc., 2010 (this book gives exposure to more cryptography engineering aspects and might be considered a modern follow-up of (1b), the first book that was written on the topic)
 - b. B. Schneier, Applied Cryptography, 2nd edition, J. Wiley and Sons.
- W. Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall.
- 3) Books at http://www.freetechbooks.com/information-security-f52.html

Course requirements

Homework assignments are multiple-choice tests where you are presented a set of 15 questions and are required to choose the correct answer among 4 possible ones. You will also be asked to provide a brief rationale for your answer to these questions. For i=1,...,4, homework hw[i] typically refers to lectures 3i-2, 3i-1, 3i and is due by the end of the week dedicated to Lecture 3i. Time permitting, the instructor may go over hw problem explanations and hw solutions either during the weekly online meeting or through a recorded video made available online or both. Homeworks should be considered (the only) practice problems for your midterm and final exams. Each of your answers will be automatically scored depending on whether it is correct (5 points per answer) or not (0 points); this score should only consider as feedback. For gradebook and class grade purposes, each of your answers receives the max available score if your rationale just shows that you tried to answer it, regardless of whether your solution is correct or not. For more successful practice for midterm and final, the student should answer hw questions as if they were midterm or final questions.

The **projects** consist of solving practical problems (via software implementation) including: (1) the breaking or design of (variations of) a number of known cryptographic primitives (e.g., encryption schemes, authentication schemes, etc.); and (2) designing and implementing privacy and security solutions, based on the cryptography studied in class, as an improvement to a real-life system. In addition to implementation tasks, the projects will require a report possibly including details on software documentation, cryptography design, cryptanalysis, performance analysis, etc. A project will have to be realized by a team of a number of students (to be decided during the class), and comes with a minimal assignment. Any additional work performed by the student(s) will be considered extra credit work. We will have a workshop day where each student will have a chance to present at least one of the projects. Students with the best projects will receive an increase on their class grade. Authorized sources: personal notes, required or recommended textbooks, and other web sources

(only if they are properly quoted and <u>not plagiarized</u>). <u>No collaboration is authorized with students beyond your team, or with parties external to the course</u>. The following collaboration with instructor and TAs is authorized: you can ask via e-mail or during office hours for clarifications on the project problem statement (or about any solutions, after grades have already been posted).

The **midterm** is based on lectures 1-6; you will be given between 6 and 10 questions for which the answers may require writing a brief rationale (i.e., as for homework questions), and you will be given a time limit (i.e., 3 hours) to write your answers. The midterm is a proctored test where you are allowed to inspect your textbook and lecture slides. For more detailed info on authorized (or not) sources, see info posted by the instructor. If the instructor is proctoring your exam (which most likely happens to onsite students but not to online students), you can ask the instructor for clarifications on question statements. No collaboration is authorized with anyone else.

The **final** is based on lectures 7-12; you will be given between 6 and 10 questions for which the answers may require writing a brief rationale (i.e., as for homework questions), and you will be given a time limit (i.e., 3 hours) to write your answers. The final is a proctored test where you are allowed to inspect your textbook and lecture slides. For more detailed info on authorized (or not) sources, see info posted by the instructor. If the instructor is proctoring your exam (which most likely happens to onsite students but not to online students), you can ask the instructor for clarifications on question statements. No collaboration is authorized with anyone else.

The following opportunities for **extra credit** (for which collaboration among students is allowed) will be offered:

- 1) seminar attendance.
- 2) useful feedback provided to the instructor at the end of the semester,
- 3) additional work on projects,
- 4) design/implementation problems,
- 5) advanced topic surveys.
- 6) lecture notes writing.

You can take opportunities 1,2 and no more than one among 3,4,5,6.

All your work (homework, projects, midterm, final, extra credit) should be submitted on NYU Classes, under Tests and Quizzes, or will likely be not evaluated for class grade purposes.

Together with the above authorized (or not) sources and collaboration, this course follows the NYU policy on academic dishonesty, as in https://engineering.nyu.edu/academics/code-of-conduct/academic-dishonesty. Please read and follow this policy very carefully. In addition to this policy, this course's Department asks this and other classes that evidence of disallowed collaboration, plagiarism, or other forms of cheating is punished with https://engineering.nyu.edu/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics-dishonesty. Please read and follow this policy very carefully. In addition to this policy, this course's Department asks this and other classes that evidence of disallowed collaboration, plagiarism, or other forms of cheating is punished with https://engineering.nyu.edu/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics-dishonesty. Please read and follow this policy very carefully. In addition to this policy, this course's Department asks this and other classes that evidence of disallowed collaboration, plagiarism, or other forms of cheating is punished with <a href="https://engineering.nyu.edu/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-code-of-conduct/academics/code-of-code-of-cod

- 1. at the first occurrence, you get a 0 score to the specific assignment and your name is entered on a department list;
- 2. at the second occurrence, regardless of whether the first occurrence happened on this class or a previous one, you get a course grade of F on this class.

Generally, students are very much encouraged to **e-mail** their **technical and non-technical questions** (including class organization, etc.) **to the instructor**; questions can be sent at any time, and an answer would likely appear within 1 or 2 business days. For real-time answers, office hours are more appropriate. For questions to fellow students, the online **forum** is more appropriate. The instructor is also happy to make time for a limited number of one-on-one office hours outside of the designated times. The diligent student is expected to generate a weekly list of unclear technical issues to clarify with the instructor and/or the TA through the above channels.

The student's course grade will be tentatively determined as a weighted average, as follows: class participation (5%), homework (10%), project1 (15%), project2 (20%), midterm (25%), final (25%). Class participation will be measured by the amount of technically interesting questions, answers, and observations that the instructor receives from the student. Weights are tentative and might slightly change (for instance, slightly increasing the weight of the final is possible). Incomplete grades will not be given, unless under exceptional circumstances. Homework submitted later than the publication of the instructor's solutions is not accepted. Homework submitted later than the due date but earlier than the publication of the instructor's solutions is eligible for (small) partial credit that decreases with time. Submitting homework late will always be more convenient than submitting no homework. Submitting homework late will never be more convenient than submitting homework before the due date. The instructor will not drop students' lowest homework score.

The course' schedule and due student activities are summarized below:

Week	Class Events	What's due?
1	Lecture 1, Meeting 1 (Tu, Jan 24)	
2	Lecture 2, Meeting 2 (Tu, Jan 31)	
3	Lecture 3, Meeting 3 (Tu, Feb 7)	HW1 on Lectures 1-3 (Sun, Feb 12)
4	Lecture 4, Meeting 4 (Tu, Feb 14)	
5	Lecture 5, Meeting 5 (Tu, Feb 21)	
6	Lecture 6, Meeting 6 (Tu, Feb 28)	HW2 on Lectures 4-6 (Sat, Mar 4)
7	Midterm exam (Tu, Mar 7)	Project 1 (Sun, Mar 12)
8	Lecture 7, Meeting 7 (Tu, Mar 21)	
9	Lecture 8, Meeting 8 (Tu, Mar 28)	
10	Lecture 9, Meeting 9 (Tu, Apr 4)	HW3 on Lectures 7-9 (Sun, Apr 9)
11	Lecture 10, Meeting 10 (Tu, Apr 11)	
12	Lecture 11, Meeting 11 (Tu, Apr 18)	
13	Lecture 12, Meeting 12 (Tu, Apr 25)	Project 2 (Sun, Apr 30)
14	Workshop: project presentations and final	HW4 on Lectures 10-12 (Sun, May 7)
	review (Tu, May 2)	
15	Reading day (no class, Tu, May 9)	Extra credit (Wed, May 10)
16	Final exam (Tu, May 16)	

Moses Center Statement of Disability

If you are student with a disability who is requesting accommodations, please contact New York University's Moses Center for Students with Disabilities at 212-998-4980 or mosescsd@nyu.edu. You must be registered with CSD to receive accommodations. Information about the Moses Center can be found at www.nyu.edu/csd. The Moses Center is located at 726 Broadway on the 2nd floor.