

Total No. of Questions : 4]

SEAT No. :

P-5056

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6187]-459

T.E. (IT) (Insem.)

MACHINE LEARNING

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - I) (314443)

Time : 1 Hour]

[Max. Marks : 30

Instructions to the candidates:

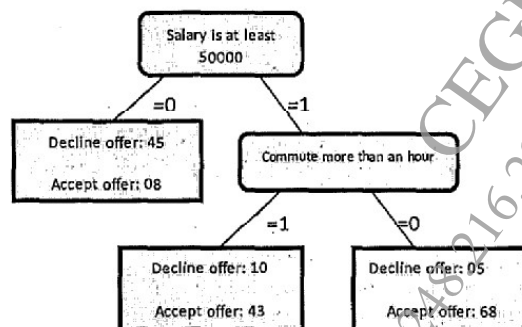
- 1) Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data if necessary.

- Q1)** a) Compare supervised, unsupervised, and semi-supervised learning with examples (CO1). [6]
- b) Explain k-fold Cross Validation technique with example (CO1). [5]
- c) Why dataset splitting is required? State importance of each split in a machine learning model (CO1). [4]

OR

- Q2)** a) Why size of training dataset is more compare to testing dataset? What should be ratio of Training & testing dataset? Explain any one dataset validation techniques. (CO1). [6]
- b) What is the need for dimensionality reduction? Explain the concept of the Curse of Dimensionality (CO1). [5]
- c) State and justify Real life applications of supervised and unsupervised learning. (CO1). [4]

- Q3)** a) Consider the following feature tree. (Positive Class: Decline offer)



P.T.O.

Find :

[6]

- i) Contingency table
 - ii) Recall
 - iii) Precision
 - iv) Accuracy
 - v) False positive rate. (CO2)
- b) What is multiclass classification? Explain One-Vs-one construction method of multi class classifier with suitable example (CO2). [5]
- c) What are advantages and limitations of the Logistic Regression (CO2)? [4]

OR

Q4) a) Consider the following three class confusion matrix :

		Predicated			
		A	B	C	
Actual	A	14	3	3	20
	B	5	15	10	30
	C	2	5	43	50
		21	23	56	100

Calculate per class precision, per class recall, weighted average precision, weighted average recall and accuracy (CO2). [6]

- b) What is Support Vector Machine (SVM)? How does the SVM work (CO2)? [5]
- c) Why do we use Logistic Regression? Explain with suitable example (CO2). [4]

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