

$\varphi: M \rightarrow N$ coords x^μ on M y^α on N $\varphi \Leftrightarrow y^\alpha(x)$

$S: (0, s)$ tensor $\varphi^*(S)(X_1, \dots, X_s) = S(\varphi_*(X_1), \dots, \varphi_*(X_s))$

$T: (r, 0)$ tensor $\varphi_*(T)(\eta_1, \dots, \eta_r) = T(\varphi^*(\eta_1), \dots, \varphi^*(\eta_r))$

$$\varphi^*(S)_{\mu_1 \dots \mu_s} = \frac{\partial y^{\alpha_1}}{\partial x^{\mu_1}} \dots \frac{\partial y^{\alpha_s}}{\partial x^{\mu_s}} S_{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_s}, \quad \varphi_*(T)^{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_r} = \frac{\partial y^{\alpha_1}}{\partial x^{\mu_1}} \dots \frac{\partial y^{\alpha_r}}{\partial x^{\mu_r}} T^{\mu_1 \dots \mu_r}$$

Diffeomorphisms & Lie derivative

Def $\varphi: M \rightarrow N$ is a diffeomorphism iff it is 1-1, onto, smooth & has a smooth inverse.

$$\dim M = \dim N$$

Def $\varphi: M \rightarrow N$ diffeo $T: (r, s)$ tensor on M . The push-forward of T is $\varphi_*(T)$

where

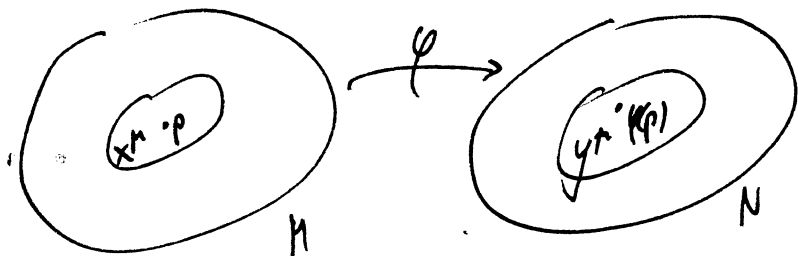
$$\varphi_*(T) \left(\underbrace{\eta_1, \dots, \eta_r}_{T^*_{\varphi(p)}(N)}, \underbrace{X_1, \dots, X_s}_{T_{\varphi(p)}(N)} \right) = T(\varphi^*(\eta_1), \dots, \varphi^*(\eta_r), (\varphi^{-1})_*(X_1), \dots, (\varphi^{-1})_*(X_s))$$

Ex 1. Show that φ_* commutes with contraction and outer products.

$$2. r=s=1. \text{ Show } [(\varphi_*(T))^\mu]_{\varphi(p)} = \left(\frac{\partial y^\mu}{\partial x^\rho} \right)_p \left(\frac{\partial x^\sigma}{\partial y^\nu} \right)_p (T^\nu_\sigma)_p$$

generalize to (r, s) tensor.

Pull-back: $\varphi^* = (\varphi^{-1})_*$



pull back $y^\alpha \Rightarrow$ coord chart y^α near p

Def: $\varphi: M \rightarrow N$ diffeo. The push-forward of a covariant derivative ∇ on M is a cov. deriv.

$$\tilde{\nabla} \text{ on } N \text{ defined by } \tilde{\nabla}_x T = \varphi_* \left(\nabla_{\varphi^*(x)} \varphi^*(T) \right)$$

GR: M, g, F, \dots

$\varphi: M \rightarrow N$ diffeo

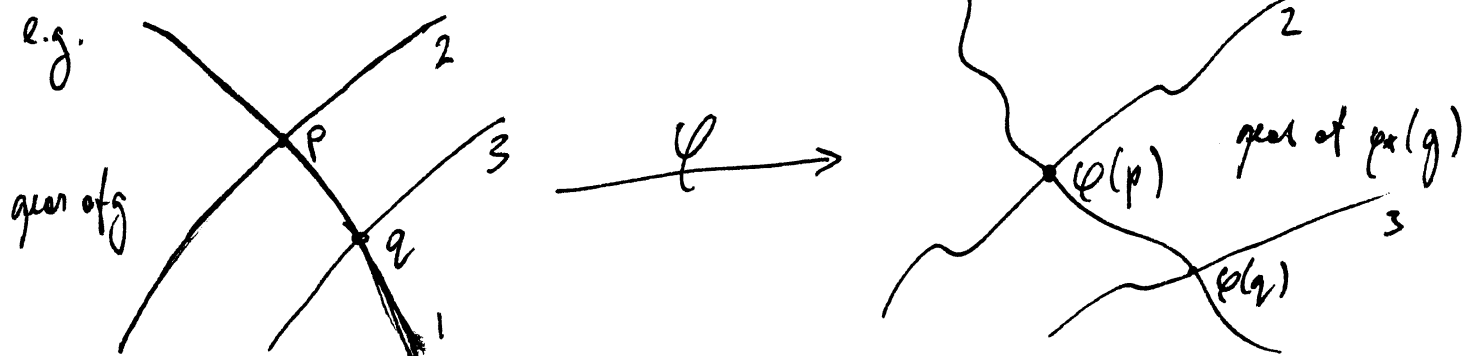
$\Rightarrow (M, g, F, \dots)$ physically indistinguishable from $(N, \varphi_*(g), \varphi_*(F), \dots)$

e.g. metric g has components $g_{\mu\nu}$ w.r.t. $\{e_\mu\}$ for $T_p(M)$

$\Rightarrow \varphi_*(g)$ $g_{\mu\nu}$ $\{\varphi_*(e_\mu)\}$ for $T_{\varphi(p)}(N)$

$N=M$ (M, g, F, \dots) physically indistinguishable from $(M, \varphi_*(g), \varphi_*(F), \dots)$

diffeos \leftrightarrow gauge symmetry of GR



Def A diffeo $M \rightarrow M$ is a symmetry transformation of a tensor field T iff $\varphi_*(T) = T$ everywhere. A sym transform of g_{ab} is an isometry.

Def X vec field. $\varphi_t: M \rightarrow M$ $p \mapsto$ point parameter distance t along curve of X thru p

Can show φ_t is a diffeo.

φ_0 is identity, $\varphi_s \circ \varphi_t = \varphi_{s+t} \therefore \varphi_{-t} = (\varphi_t)^{-1}$

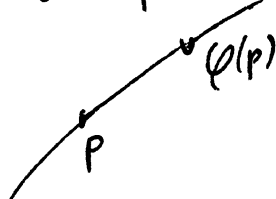
\Rightarrow 1-parameter action group (if φ_t is defined $\forall t \in \mathbb{R} \leftrightarrow$ curves of X are "complete").

Converse: given $\{\varphi_t\}$ define $X \in T_p(M)$ as tangent to curve $\varphi_t(p)$ thru p

\Rightarrow vec field X s.t. curve of $X \rightarrow \varphi_t$.

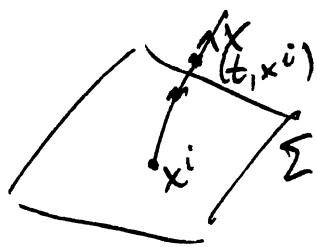
Def the Lie derivative of a tensor field T w.r.t. vec field X is

$$(\mathcal{L}_X T)_p = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{((\varphi_{-t})_* T)_p - T_p}{t}$$



$$\mathcal{L}_X(\alpha S + \beta T) = \alpha \mathcal{L}_X(S) + \beta \mathcal{L}_X(T) \quad (\alpha, \beta \text{ const})$$

Σ : hypersurface, X nowhere parallel to Σ



x^i : coords on Σ

assign coords (t, x^i) to point parameter dist t along curve of X thru pt on Σ with coords x^i

$$\Rightarrow X = \frac{\partial}{\partial t}$$

$$\varphi_t: \underbrace{(t_p, x_p^i)}_{x^r} \mapsto \underbrace{(t_p + t, x_p^i)}_{y^r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial y^r}{\partial x^v} = \delta^r_v$$

$$\left[((\varphi_{-t})_* (T))^{r_1 \dots r_p}_{v_1 \dots v_s} \right]_{\varphi_{-t}(p)} = \left[T^{r_1 \dots r_p}_{v_1 \dots v_s} \right]_q$$

$$\text{Let } q = \varphi_t(p)$$

$$\left[((\varphi_{-t})_* (T))^{r_1 \dots r_p}_{v_1 \dots v_s} \right]_p = \left[T^{r_1 \dots r_p}_{v_1 \dots v_s} \right]_{\varphi_t(p)}$$

p coords (t_p, x_p^i)

$$= T^{r_1 \dots r_p}_{v_1 \dots v_s}(t_p + t, x_p^i)$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_X T)^{r_1 \dots r_p}_{v_1 \dots v_s} \Big|_p = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{t} \left(T^{r_1 \dots r_p}_{v_1 \dots v_s}(t_p + t, x_p^i) - T^{r_1 \dots r_p}_{v_1 \dots v_s}(t_p, x_p^i) \right)$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_X T)^{r_1 \dots r_p}_{v_1 \dots v_s} = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} T^{r_1 \dots r_p}_{v_1 \dots v_s} \right) (t_p, x_p^i)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_X \leftrightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \text{ in this chart}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}_X(S \otimes T) = (\mathcal{L}_X(S)) \otimes T + S \otimes \mathcal{L}_X(T)$$

\mathcal{L}_X commutes with contraction

$$\mathcal{L}_X f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t}(f) = X(f)$$

Y : vec field

$$(\mathcal{L}_X Y)^r = \frac{\partial Y^r}{\partial t}$$

$$X^r = (1, 0, \dots, 0)$$

$$[X, Y]^r = X^s Y^r_{,s} - Y^s X^r_{,s} = \frac{\partial Y^r}{\partial t}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_X Y = [X, Y]$$

$$\boxed{\nabla_X T \rightarrow \nabla T, \mathcal{L}_X T \not\rightarrow \nabla T}$$

$$\text{Ex sheet 3: } (\mathcal{L}_X \omega)_\mu = X^\nu \partial_\nu \omega_\mu + \omega_\nu \partial_\mu X^\nu$$

(in any coordinates)

$$(\mathcal{L}_X \omega)_a = X^b \partial_b \omega_a + \omega_b \partial_a X^b$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_X g)_{\mu\nu} = X^\rho \partial_\rho g_{\mu\nu} + g_{\rho\mu} \partial_\nu X^\rho + g_{\rho\nu} \partial_\mu X^\rho$$