Maximum N elements

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C++20

C++ 20 Ranges Implementation

```
#include <algorithm> // ranges::partial_sort_copy
#include <ranges> // views::iota, ranges::forward_range, ranges::borrowed_iterator_t
#include <vector> // vector
       * @brief
                     Return a vector of iterators to the n largest elements of the given
 6
                      range.
 8
9
         @tparam R
                      The type of range.
         @param
                      range
                      The input range to find the largest elements in.
12
14
15
                      The number of largest elements to return.
16
         @return Vector containing iterators to the n largest elements of the range.
17
18
     template <std::ranges::forward_range R>
     20
21
22
23
24
25
           // Vector of iterators to the largest n elements
std::vector<iter_t> result(n);
// Lambda function to compare two iterators: dereference them and compare
// their values
26
27
28
29
30
           auto compare = [](iter_t it_a, iter_t it_b) { return *it_a > *it_b; };
// Sort the largest n elements of the input range, and store iterators to
// these elements to the result vector
31
33
           std::ranges::partial_sort_copy(iterators, result, compare);
34
           return result;
35
     }
```

C++ 20 Driver

```
37
      #include <iostream>
38
       int main() {
40
              std::vector<int> v = {10, 12, 8, -5, 8, 3, -2, 1, 9, 12};
41
              size_t n = 4;
             auto max_elems = max_n_elements(v, n);
std::cout << "Largest elements:" << std::endl;
for (auto it : max_elems) {
   auto idx = it - v.begin();
   std::cout << " [" << idx << "]:\t" << *i"</pre>
43
44
46
                                                [" << idx << "]:\t" << *it << std::endl;
47
              }
48
      }
```

```
Largest elements:
[1]: 12
[9]: 12
[0]: 10
[8]: 9
```

C++11

C++ 11 Algorithms Implementation

```
#include <algorithm> // partial_sort_copy
#include <iterator> // forward_iterator_tag
#include <vector> // vector
       /// Range iterator type, to iterate over ranges of iterators
 6
        template <class Iterator>
       struct RangeIterator {
   using value_type = Iterator;
   using reference = const Iterator &;
   using pointer = void;
10
              using difference_type = ptrdiff_t;
11
12
              using iterator_category = std::forward_iterator_tag;
13
              value_type it;
15
              RangeIterator(Iterator it) : it(it) {}
reference operator*() const { return it; };
RangeIterator & Operator++() { return ++it, *this; }
RangeIterator operator++(int) { RangeIterator t = *this; ++it; return t; }
bool operator!=(RangeIterator other) const { return it != other.it; }
bool operator==(RangeIterator other) const { return it == other.it; }
16
18
19
20
21
       };
23
24
25
         * @brief
                            Return a vector of iterators to the n largest elements of the given
26
                            range.
27
28
            @tparam InputIt
29
                            The type of iterator over the input range.
30
                            first
31
32
                            The iterator to the beginning of the input range.
            @param
                            last
33
                            The iterator to the end of the input range.
34
35
            @param
                            The number of largest elements to return.
36
37
38
            @return Vector containing iterators to the n largest elements of the range.
39
        template <class InputIt>
       constexpr std::vector<InputIt>
max_n_elements(InputIt first, InputIt last, size_t n) {
   // An iterator over the iterators over the input range
   using iter_iter_t = RangeIterator<InputIt>;
   // Vector of iterators to the largest n elements
40
41
42
43
44
45
               std::vector<InputIt> result(n);
              /\!/ Lambda function to compare two iterators: dereference them and compare /\!/ their values
46
47
              auto compare = [](InputIt it_a, InputIt it_b) { return *it_a > *it_b; };

// Sort the largest n elements of the input range, and store iterators to

// these elements to the result vector

std::partial_sort_copy(iter_iter_t(first), iter_iter_t(last),
48
49
50
51
52
                                                       std::begin(result), std::end(result)
53
                                                      compare);
54
              return result;
55
       }
```

C++ 11 Driver

```
#include <iostream>

int main() {
    std::vector<int> v = {10, 12, 8, -5, 8, 3, -2, 1, 9, 12};
    size_t n = 4;
    auto max_elems = max_n_elements(v.begin(), v.end(), n);
    std::cout << "Largest elements:" << std::endl;
    for (auto it : max_elems) {
        auto idx = it - v.begin();
        std::cout << "[" << idx << "]:\t" << *it << std::endl;
    }
}</pre>
```

```
Largest elements:
[1]: 12
[9]: 12
[0]: 10
[8]: 9
```